COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICTS COUNTY SERVICE AREA No. 70 ZONE P-6 - EL MIRAGE PARK

REPORT ON AUDIT

JUNE 30, 2009

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Board of Supervisors
County of San Bernardino
County of San Bernardino Special
District County Service Area
No. 70 - Zone P-6 - El Mirage Park

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 - Zone P-6 - El Mirage Park (CSA), a component unit of the County of San Bernardino, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the CSA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the CSA's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirement for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 - Zone P-6 - El Mirage Park, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

The budgetary comparison information on page 17 is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

MEMBERS

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The County of San Bernardino Special District County Service Area No. 70 - Zone P-6 - El Mirage Park has not presented the *Management's Discussion and Analysis* that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

Rogers, Anderson, Malody & Scott, UP

November 15, 2009



County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone P-6 - El Mirage Park Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2009

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,215
Interest receivable	139
Taxes receivable	1,308
Capital assets, net of depreciation	 343,320
Total Assets	 372,982
LIABILITIES	
Salaries and benefits payable	1,624
Calalies and benefits payable	 1,024
Total Liabilities	1,624
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	343,320
Unrestricted	 28,038
T 1 N 1 N 1	
Total Net Assets	\$ 371,358

County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone P-6 - El Mirage Park Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

EXPENSES Salaries and benefits Services and supplies Intergovernmental Depreciation Total Program Expenses	\$	25,390 22,449 101,049 12,774 161,662
PROGRAM REVENUES Charges for services State assistance Total Program Revenues		32,577 80,000 112,577
Net Program Expense	-	(49,085)
GENERAL REVENUES Property taxes Investment earnings Other Total General Revenues		(605) 2,592 420 2,407
Change in Net Assets		(46,678)
Net Assets - beginning		418,036
Net Assets - ending	\$	371,358

County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone P-6 - El Mirage Park Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2009

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND			
ACCETC	General (SYP)		Park Improvement (CWO)		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Taxes receivable		25,365 139 1,308	\$	2,850 - -	\$	28,215 139 1,308
Total Assets	\$	26,812	\$	2,850	\$_	29,662
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Salaries and benefits payable Total Liabilities	\$	1,624 1,624	\$	-	\$	1,624 1,624
Fund Balances: Unreserved:						
Undesignated		25,188		2,850	-	28,038
Total Fund Balances		25,188	-	2,850		28,038
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	26,812	\$	2,850		
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net assets (Exhibit "A") are different because:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.						343,320
Net Assets of Governmental Activities					\$	371,358

County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone P-6 - El Mirage Park Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUND		CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND		
		General (SYP)	Imp	Park provement (CWO)	Total ernmental Funds
REVENUES Property taxes Special assessments State assistance Investment earnings Other		(605) 32,577 80,000 1,371 420	\$	- - - 1,221 -	\$ (605) 32,577 80,000 2,592 420
Total Revenues		113,763		1,221	 114,984
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries and benefits Services and supplies		25,390 22,449		-	25,390 22,449
Intergovernmental Capital outlay:		101,049		-	101,049
Improvements to land				44,139	 44,139
Total Expenditures		148,888		44,139	 193,027
Net Change in Fund Balances		(35,125)		(42,918)	(78,043)
Fund Balances - beginning		60,313		45,768	 106,081
Fund Balances - ending	\$	25,188	\$	2,850	\$ 28,038

County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone P-6 - El Mirage Park Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (78,043)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$44,139) exceeded depreciation expense (\$12,774) in the current period.	 31,365
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (46,678)

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting entity

The County Service Area (CSA) No. 70 - Zone P-6 was established by an act of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Bernardino (the County) on October 15, 1990 under Section 4700 of the State Health & Safety Code to approve a special tax, not to exceed \$9.00 per parcel, for park and recreation services to the community of El Mirage.

The CSA is a component unit of the County of San Bernardino and is governed by the actions of the County Board of Supervisors.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the accounts of the County Service Area No. 70 - Zone P-6 of the County of San Bernardino and are not intended to present the financial position of the County taken as a whole.

Because the CSA meets the reporting entity criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the CSA's financial statements have also been included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County as a "component unit" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (e.g., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the reporting entity. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Currently, the CSA does not have any proprietary or fiduciary fund types. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *special revenue fund* labeled "General" is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *capital projects fund* labeled "Park Improvements" is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Deposits and investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (e.g., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (e.g., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Currently, the CSA does not have any business-type activities.

Property taxes

Secured property taxes are levied in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent with penalties on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are due on March 1st and become delinquent with penalties on August 31st.

Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories, if any, are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (for improvements to land and structures and equipment) and have an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Structures with an initial cost of \$100,000 are considered capital assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	40 - 60
Structures and improvements	5 - 40
Equipment and vehicles	4 - 15

Fund equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Stewardship, compliance and accountability

A. Budgetary information

In accordance with provisions of Section 29000 - 29143 of the Government code of the State of California, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the District prepares and adopts a budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year.

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is the object level and the sub-object level for fixed assets within each fund.

Amendments or transfers of appropriations between funds or departments must be approved by the Board. Transfers at the sub-object level or cost center level may be done at the discretion of the Special District's Administration Department head. Any deficiency of budgeted revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided for in the County Budget Act.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitment will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

NOTE 2: CASH AND DEPOSITS

Cash and cash equivalents includes the cash balance of monies deposited with the County Treasurer which are pooled and invested for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to the District's account based upon the District's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period. Cash and cash equivalents are shown at the fair value as of June 30, 2009.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their investment policy and disclosures related to investment credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and custodial credit risk, as required by GASB Statement No. 40.

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

Covernmental activities	Beginning	Λ al al iki a .a a	Dalations	Ending
Governmental activities:	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress	\$ 20,939	\$ -	\$ (20,939)	\$ -
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	20,939		(20,939)	
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Improvements to land	134,536	65,078	-	199,614
Structures and improvements	301,834	-		301,834
Total capital assets, being depreciated	436,370	65,078		501,448
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Improvements to land	(45,911)	(5,139)	-	(51,050)
Structures and improvements	(99,443)	(7,635)	-	(107,078)
Total accumulated depreciation	(145,354)	(12,774)	-	(158,128)
Total capital assets, being	204.040	52.204		242.200
depreciated, net	291,016	52,304		343,320
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 311,955	\$ 52,304	\$ (20,939)	\$ 343,320

NOTE 4:

RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (the Plan) operating under the California County Employees' Retirement Act of 1937 (1937 Act). It provides retirement death, and disability benefits to members. Although legally established as a single employer plan, the City of Big Bear Lake, California State Association of Counties, South Coast Air Quality Management District (AQMD), San Bernardino Associated Governments (SANBAG), Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO), San Bernardino County Law Library, Barstow Fire Protection District, Hesperia Parks and Recreation, San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA), City of Chino Hills, Crest Forest Fire District, Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District (MDAQMD), California Electronic Recording Transaction Authority (CERTNA), Inland Valley Development Agency (IVDA), San Bernardino International Airport Authority (SBIAA), and the Superior Courts were later included, along with the County of San Bernardino (the County), and are collectively referred to as the "Participating Members." The plan is governed by the San Bernardino Board of Retirement under the 1937 Act. Employees become eligible for membership on their first day of regular employment and become fully vested after 5 years. SBCERA issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Board of Retirement, 348 W Hospitality Lane - 3rd floor, San Bernardino, California 92415-0014.

Fiduciary Responsibility

SBCERA is controlled by its own board, the Retirement Board, which acts as a fiduciary agent for the accounting and control of member and employee contributions and investment income. SBCERA publishes its own Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and receives a separate independent audit. SBCERA is also a legally separate entity from the County and not a component unit. For these reasons, the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report excludes SBCERA pension trust fund as of June 30, 2009.

Funding Policy

Participating members are required by statute (Sections 31621, 31621.6 and 31639.25 of the California Government Code) to contribute a percentage of covered salary based on certain actuarial assumptions and their age at entry to the Plan. Employee contribution rates vary according to age and classification (general or safety). General members are required to contribute 7.68% - 12.96% and safety members 9.85% - 15.29% of their annual covered salaries, of which the County pays approximately 7%. County of San Bernardino employer contribution rates are as follows: County General 11.25%, County Safety 24.46%. All employers combined are required to contribute 13.95% of the current year covered payroll. For 2009, the County's annual pension cost of \$200,300,000 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions. Employee contribution rates are established and may be amended pursuant to Articles 6 and 6.8 of the 1937 Act. Employer rates are determined pursuant to Section 31453 of the 1937 Act.

NOTE 4: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

The County's annual pension cost and prepaid asset, computed in accordance with GASB 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, for the year ended June 30, 2009, were as follows (in thousands):

Annual Required Contribution (County fiscal year basis)	\$ 200,300
Interest on Pension Assets	(7,834)
Adjustment to the Annual Required Contribution	51,805
Annual Pension Cost	244,271
Annual Contributions Made	200,300
Increase/(Decrease) in Pension Assets	(43,971)
Pension Assets, Beginning of Year	813,716
Pension Assets, End of Year	\$ 769,745

The following table shows the County's required contributions and percentage contributed for the current year and two preceding years:

Annual Contributions	Made
(in thousands)	

		(111 (110				
Year Ended June 30,	SBCERA County			Percentage Contributed		
2007	\$	239,857	\$	194,130	100%	
2008	\$	241,721	\$	203,712	100%	
2009	\$	246,232	\$	200,300	100%	

The County, along with the AQMD, issued Pension Refunding Bonds (the Bonds) in November 1995 with an aggregate amount of \$420,527,000. These Bonds were issued to allow the County and the AQMD to refinance each of their unfunded accrued actuarial liabilities with respect to retirement benefits for their respective employees. The Bonds are the obligations of the employers participating in the Plan, and the assets of the Plan do not secure the Bonds. The County's portion of the bond issuance was \$386,266,000. The outstanding liability at June 30, 2009 is \$430,784,000.

On June 24, 2004, the County issued its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 A (Fixed Rate Bonds), its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 B (Auction Rate Bonds), and its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 C (Index Bonds) in respective aggregate principal amounts of \$189,070,000, \$149,825,000 and \$125,000,000. The Bonds were issued to finance the County's share of the unfunded accrued actuarial liability of the SBCERA. In April 2008, the County refunded all of the 2004 Series B. The outstanding liability at June 30, 2009 is \$301,595,000.

In April 2008, the County of San Bernardino issued its \$160,900,000 in Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds (POB), Series 2008 (the Series 2008 Bonds). The outstanding liability at June 30, 2009 is \$158,889,000.

NOTE 5: FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS

From time to time the CSA may receive funds from various Federal and State agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantors cannot be determined at this time, although the CSA expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 6: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County has self-insurance programs for public liability, property damage, unemployment insurance, employee dental insurance, hospital and medical malpractice liability, and workers' compensation claims. Public liability claims are self-insured for up to \$2 million per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage over the Self-Insured Retention (SIR) up to \$50 million is provided through a Risk Pool Agreement with California State Association of Counties (CSAC) Excess Insurance Authority (EIA) Liability Program II. Workers' compensation claims are self-insured up to \$5 million per occurrence, and covered by Arch Ins. Co. for up to \$3 million for employer's liability, and up to statutory limits for workers' compensation per occurrence. Property damage claims are insured on an occurrence basis over a \$25 thousand deductible, and insured with several insurers like Lexington Ins. Co., Affiliated FM, and Lloyd's of London, among others.

The County supplements its self-insurance for medical malpractice claims with Zurich Ins. Co., which provides annual coverage on a per claim basis with an SIR of \$2 million for each claim. Maximum coverage under the policy is \$25 million in limits per claim provided by Illinois Union Ins. Co.

All public officials and County employees are insured under a blanket Comprehensive Disappearance, Destruction, and Dishonesty policy covering County monies and securities, with National Union Fire Ins. Co. of Pittsburgh with a \$100 thousand deductible, and excess limits up to \$10 million per occurrence.

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in Risk Management except for unemployment insurance, and employee dental insurance, which are accounted for in the General Fund. The IBNR (Incurred But Not Reported) and IBNS (Incurred But Not Settled) liabilities stated on Risk Management's balance sheet are based upon the results of actuarial studies, and include amounts for allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liabilities for these claims are reported using a discounted rate of 2.75%. It is the Risk Management's practice to obtain actuarial studies on an annual basis.

The total claims liability of \$149.9 million reported at June 30, 2009 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

NOTE 6:

RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Changes in the claims liability amount in fiscal years 2008 and 2009 were:

				Cur	rent Year				
		Beg	ginning of	Cla	ims and				
Fiscal Year		Changes			Claims	End	d of Fiscal		
		L	iability.	lity in Estimates		Р	ayments	Yea	r Liability
	Fiscal Year	(in thousands)		al Year (in thousands)		(in t	housands)	(in t	housands)
	2007-08	\$	129,683	\$	51,702	\$	(32,064)	\$	149,321
	2008-09	\$	149,321	\$	32,909	\$	(32,289)	\$	149,941

NOTE 7:

CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2009, in the opinion of the CSA Administration, there are no outstanding matters, which would have a significant effect on the financial position of the CSA.

Required Supplementary Information County of San Bernardino Special Districts County Service Area No. 70 - Zone P-6 - El Mirage Park Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Fund (General) For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Special Revenue Fund			
	General (SYP)			
				Variance with Final Budget
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			7 101001	(110941110)
Property taxes	\$ 1,167	\$ 1,167	\$ (605)	\$ (1,772)
Special assessments	30,829	30,829	32,577	1,748
State assistance	-	-	80,000	80,000
Investment earnings	1,200	1,200	1,371	171
Other	83,868	83,868	420	(83,448)
Total Revenues	117,064	117,064	113,763	(3,301)
EXPENDITURES				
Salaries and benefits	19,705	24,705	25,390	(685)
Services and supplies	30,577	25,577	22,449	3,128
Intergovernmental	101,049	101,049	101,049	_
Reserves and contingencies	26,947	26,947		26,947
Total Expenditures	178,278	178,278	148,888	29,390
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (61,214)	\$ (61,214)	(35,125)	\$ 26,089
Fund Balance - beginning		-	60,313	
Fund Balance - ending			\$ 25,188	