**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

**JUNE 30, 2012** 

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS June 30, 2012**

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

FINANCIAL SECTION:	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	3
Statement of Activities	4
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	5
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	6
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	7
Notes to Financial Statements	8
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Fund (General)	18
Combining Schedules	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	19
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	20



An Independent CPA Firm

Board of Supervisors
County of San Bernardino
County of San Bernardino Special
District Bloomington Park and
Recreation District

#### Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the County of San Bernardino Special District Bloomington Park and Recreation District (the "District"), a component unit of the County of San Bernardino, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the States Controller's Minimum Audit Requirement for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the County of San Bernardino Special District County Bloomington Park and Recreation District as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

Management has omitted Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Board of Supervisors
County of San Bernardino
County of San Bernardino Special
District Bloomington Park and
Recreation District

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

David L. Gruber and Associates, Inc.

Daud L'Inuber and Associates, Inc Huntington Beach, California

December 5, 2012

## COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICTS BLOOMINGTON PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT Statement of Net Assets

#### June 30, 2012

<u>Assets</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,042,131
Special assessments receivable	786
Taxes receivable	8,147
Due from other governments	650,000
Capital assets, net of depreciation	4,267,947
Total Assets	5,969,011
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	6,269
Salaries and benefits payable	5,116
Due to other funds of the County	2,616
Retention payable	4,150
Compensated absences payable	8,840
Total Liabilities	26,991
Net assets	
Invested in capital assets	4,267,947
Restricted for:	
Community parks and maintenance areas	1,674,073
Total net assets	\$ 5,942,020

## COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICTS BLOOMINGTON PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT Statement of Activities

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Expenses	
Salaries and benefits	172,290
Services and supplies	302,392
Depreciation	60,521_
Total Program Expenses	535,203
Program Revenues	
Net Program Expense	(535,203)
General Revenues	
Property taxes	251,544
Other taxes	3,906
Investment earnings	4,181
Service fees	5,628
Other revenue	39
Transfers from other County funds	506,438
Total general revenues	771,736
Change in net assets	236,533
Net assets at beginning of year	5,705,487
Net assets at end of year	\$ 5,942,020

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	Special	Captial Projects		
	Revenue Fund	Fund		
			Other Non	
		Kessler Park	Major	Total
		Ball Field	Governmental	Governmental
	General (SSD)	(CNJ)	Funds	Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 207,898	778,497	55,736	1,042,131
Special assessments receivable	786			786
Taxes receivable	8,147			8,147
Due from other governments	650,000			650,000
Total assets	866,831	778,497	55,736	1,701,064
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	6,269			6,269
Salaries and benefits payable	5,116			5,116
Due to other funds of the County	929	1,160	527	2,616
Retention payable			4,150	4,150
Total liabilities	12,314	1,160	4,677	18,151
Fund balances:				
Restricted for:				
Community parks and maintenance areas	854,517	777,337	51,059	1,682,913
Total Fund Balances	854,517	777,337	51,059	1,682,913
Track Link it is a sund Donal Data and	¢ 966 921	779 407	55 726	1 701 064
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 866,831	778,497	55,736	1,701,064
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds  Amounts reported for governmental activities in the assets are different because:	e statement of net			\$ 1,682,913
Capital assets used in governemental activities at therefore, are not reported in the funds.	re not financial res	sources and,		4,267,947
Compensated absences payable are not due and	payable in the cur	rent period		
and, therefore, are not reported in the government				
Compensated absences payable				(8,840)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities				\$ 5,942,020

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Specia Revenue F		Captial Projects Fund		
	General (S	SSD)	Kessler Park Ball Field (CNJ)	Other Non Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 251,	544			251,544
Other taxes	3,	906	-		3,906
Investment earnings	1,	144	2,845	192	4,181
Service fees	5,0	628			5,628
Other revenue		39		<u> </u>	39
Total Revenues	262,2	261	2,845	192	265,298
Expenditures					
Salaries and benefits	171,	631			171,631
Services and supplies	183,	322			183,822
Capital outlay:					
Improvements on land		-	530,213	81,368	611,581
Structures and improvements		-		19,752	19,752
Equipment	6,2	269	- 12 - 12 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13 - 13		6,269
Total Expenditures	361,7	722	530,213	101,120	993,055
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(99,4	<u>461</u> )	(527,368)	(100,928)	(727,757)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers from other County funds			506,438		506,438
Transfer in	15,0	000		60,000	75,000
Transfer out	(60,0			(15,000)	(75,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(45,0	)00)	506,438	45,000	506,438
Net Change in Fund Balance	(144,4	161)	(20,930)	(55,928)	(221,319)
Fund Balance - beginning	998,9	978	798,267	106,987	1,904,232
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 854,5	517	777,337	51,059	1,682,913

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Government Funds	\$ (221,319)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$519,032) exceeded depreciation expense (\$60,521) in the current year.	458,511
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Increase in compensated absences payable	(659)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 236,533

#### RECREATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

#### Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the County of San Bernardino Special District Bloomington Park and Recreation District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Bloomington Park and Recreation District (the "District") was established by an act of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Bernardino (the County) on July 19, 1972. The District maintains two community parks, an equestrian area, sports fields, and a community center.

The District is a component unit of the County of San Bernardino and is governed by the actions of the County Board of Supervisors.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the accounts of the Bloomington Park and Recreation District of the County of San Bernardino and are not intended to present the financial position of the Count taken as a whole.

Because the CSA meets the reporting entity criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the CSA's financial statements have also been included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County as a "component unit" for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

#### Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (e.g., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the reporting entity. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Currently, the CSA does not have a proprietary or fiduciary fund types. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICTS BLOOMINGTON PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statements presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

The *special revenue fund* labeled "General" is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contribution, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for us, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## AND RECREATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Deposits and Investments**

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

#### Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (e.g., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (e.g., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Currently, the CSA does not have any business-type activities.

#### **Property Taxes**

Secured property taxes are levied in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent with penalties on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are due on March 1 and become delinquent with penalties on August 31.

#### **Inventories and prepaid items**

Inventories, if any, are valued at cost using the fist-in/first-out method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (for improvements to land and structures and equipment) and have an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Structures with an initial cost of \$100,000 are considered capital assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvement are capitalized as projects are constructed.

#### RECREATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Capital assets (continued)

Property, plant and equipment of the government is depreciated using straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure Structure and improvements	40-60 5-40
Equipment and vehicles	4-15

#### **Employee compensated absences**

Accumulated vacation, holiday benefits, sick pay and compensatory time are recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits are earned. Compensated absence liabilities are recorded as a current liability. The District is not obligated to pay for unused sick leave if an employee terminates or retires.

Compensated absences activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	
Compensated absences	\$ 8,181	7,067	6,409	\$	8,840

#### **Fund equity**

The CSA follow the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which the resources can be used:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance: Amounts cannot be spent because they are: (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Due to the nature or form of the resources, they generally cannot be expected to be converted into cash or a spendable form.
- Restricted Fund Balance: Amounts are restricted by external parties, i.e., creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws/regulations of other governments or restricted by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Committed Fund Balance: Amounts can only be used for a specific purpose pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the Board of Supervisors). The formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, however, the amount may be determined in the subsequent period. These are self-imposed limitations on available resources. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same level of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. These committed amounts would be approved and adopted by formal action of the Board.

#### RECREATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Fund equity (continued)

- Assigned Fund Balance: Amounts are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The intent will be expressed by the body or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority, i.e. the County Administrative Office. The County Administrative Office will assign fund balance for specific departmental projects through the use of the respective department's general fund savings. Such projects would not normally be feasible for the department without reserving funding over a multiple year period.
- Unassigned Fund Balance: The General Fund, as the principal operating fund, often has net resources in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the four categories already described. Therefore, in order to calculate unassigned fund balance, total fund balance less nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned equals unassigned fund balance. This amount is available for any purpose and will be placed in either the General Purpose Reserve, General Fund Mandatory Contingencies or the General Fund Uncertainties Contingencies until allocated for a specific purpose by the Board, by a four-fifths vote.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. It is the County's policy to consider committed amounts as being reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Stewardship, compliance and accountability

#### A. Budgetary information

In accordance with provisions of section 29000-29143 of the Government code of the State of California, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the CSA prepares and adopts a budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year.

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is the object level and the sub-object level for fixed assets within each fund.

Amendments or transfers of appropriations between funs or departments must be approved by the Board. Transfers at the sub-object level or cost center level may be done at the discretion of the Special District's Administration Department head. Any deficiency of budgeted revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided for in the County Budget Act.

#### RECREATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

#### Note 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Stewardship, compliance and accountability (continued)

#### B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitment will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

#### Note 2: CASH AND DEPOSITS

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash balance of monies deposited with the County Treasurer which are pooled and invested for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to the CSA's account based upon the CSA's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period. Cash and cash equivalents are shown at the fair value as of June 30, 2012.

See the County of San Bernardino's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for details of their investment policy and disclosures related to investment credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and custodial credit risk, as required by GASB Statement No. 40.

#### Note 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012 was as follows:

Governmental activities:		ginning alance		Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	G-17					20101100
Land	\$	92,750	\$		\$	\$ 92,750
Construction in progress		2,812,560		226,961	(103,746)	2,935,775
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:		2,905,310		226,961	(103,746)	3,028,525
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Improvements to land		871,589		389,548	-	1,261,137
Structures and improvements		1,175,487				1,175,487
Vehicles		43,432		6,269		49,701
Equipment		7,100				7,100
Total capital assets, being depreciated:		2,097,608		395,817		2,493,425
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Improvements to land		(763,435)		(19,719)	-	(783, 154)
Structures and improvements		(395,671)		(34,501)		(430,172)
Vehicles		(33,864)		(5,828)		(39,692)
Equipment		(512)		(473)		(985)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,193,482)	11 17	(60,521)		(1,254,003)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		904,126		335,296		1,239,422
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	3,809,436	\$	562,257	\$ (103,746)	\$ 4,267,947

#### RECREATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 4: RETIREMENT PLAN

#### **Plan Description**

The San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan (the Plan) operating under the California County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 (the 1937 Act). It provides retirement, death and disability benefits to members. Although legally established as a single employer plan, the City of Big Bear Lake, California State Association of Counties, South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD), San Bernardino Associated Governments (SANBAG), Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO), San Bernardino County Law Library, Barstow Fire Protection District, Hesperia Recreation and Park District, SBCERA, City of Chino Hills, Crest Forest Fire Protection District, Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District (MDAQMD), California Electronic Recording Transaction Network Authority (CERTNA), Inland Valley Development Agency (IVDA), San Bernardino International Airport Authority (SBIAA), the San Bernardino County Superior Court, Inland Library system (ILS), Rim of the World Recreation and Park District (RIM-REC), Department of Water and Power for the City of Big Bear Lake and Crestline Sanitation District were later included, along with the County, and are collectively referred to as the "Plan Sponsors" or "employers". The plan is governed by the SBCERA Board of Retirement under the 1937 Act. Employees become eligible for membership on their first day of regular employment and become fully vested after 5 years of service credit.

SBCERA issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Board of retirement, 348 W Hospitality Lane - 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, San Bernardino, California 92415-0014.

#### Fiduciary Responsibility

SBCERA is controlled by its own board, the Board of Retirement, which acts as a fiduciary agent for the accounting and control of employer and employee contributions and investment income. SBCERA publishes its own Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and receives a separate independent audit. SBCERA is also a legally separate entity from the County and not a component unit.

#### **Funding Policy**

Participating members are required by statute (Sections 31621.6 and 31639.25 of the California Government Code) to contribute a percentage of covered salary based on certain actuarial assumptions and their age at entry to the Plan. Employee contribution rates vary according to age and classification (general or safety). Members are required to contribute 7.42% - 12.95% for general members and 9.54% - 15.32% for safety members (refundable rates), of their annual covered salary of which the County pays approximately 7% (for certain employee units). County of San Bernardino employer contribution rates are as follows: County General 14.50%, County Safety 30.89%. All employers combined are required to contribute an average 17.85% of the current year covered payroll. Employee contribution rates are established and may be amended pursuant to Articles 6 and 6.8 of the 1937 Act. Employer rates are determined pursuant to Sections 31453 and 31454 of the 1937 Act.

The County's annual pension cost and prepaid asset, computed in accordance with GASB 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, for the year ended June 30, 2012, were as follows (in thousands):

#### RECREATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

#### Note 4: RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Annual Required Contribution (County fiscal year basis)	\$ 229,169
Interest on Pension Assets	(55,733)
Adjustment to the Annual Required Contribution	73,086
Annual Pension Cost	246,522
Annual Contributions Made	229,169
Increase/(Decrease) in Pension Assets	(17,353)
Pension Assets, Beginning of Year	719,134
Pension Assets, End of Year	\$ 701,781

The following table shows the County's required contribution and percentage contributed for the current year and two preceding years:

### Annual Contributions Made (in thousands)

Year Ended			Percentage
June 30,	<b>SBCERA</b>	County	Contributed
2010	\$ 243,773	\$ 197,097	100%
2011	258,128	213,311	100%
2012	278,091	229,169	100%

The County, along with the SCAQMD, issued Pension Refunding Bonds (Bonds) in November 1995 with an aggregate amount of \$420,527,000. These Bonds were issued to allow the County and the SCAQMD to refinance each of their unfunded accrued actuarial liabilities with respect to retirement benefits for their respective employees. The Bonds are the obligations of the employers participating in the Plan and the assets of the Plan do not secure the Bonds. The County's portion of the bond issuance was \$386,266,000.

On June 24, 2004, the County issued its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 A (Fixed Rate Bonds), its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 B (Auction Rate Bonds), and its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 C (Index Bonds) in a respective aggregate principal amounts of \$189,070,000, \$149,825,000, and \$125,000,000. The Bonds were issued to finance the County's share of the unfunded accrued actuarial liability of the SBCERA. In April 2008, the County refunded all of the 2004 Series B.

In April 2008, the County of San Bernardino issued its \$160,900,000 in Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds (POB), Series 2008 (Series 2008 Bonds).

#### Note 5: FEDERAL AND STATE GRANTS

From time to time the District may receive funds from various Federal and State agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantors cannot be determined at this time, although the CSA expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### RECREATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

#### Note 6: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County has self-insurance programs for public liability, property damage, unemployment insurance, employee dental insurance, hospital and medical malpractice liability, and workers' compensation claims. Public liability claims are self-insured for up to \$2.5 million per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage over the Self-Insured Retention (SIR) up to \$100 million is provided through a combination of insurance policies as recommended by Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., Broker of Record, as follows: Primary Liability coverage \$25 million excess of \$2.5 million self-insured retention with Starr Indemnity & Liability Co.; Excess Liability coverage of \$10 million, excess of \$25 million with Allied World Assurance Co.; and

Excess Liability coverage \$15 million, excess of \$35 million with Great American Insurance Company of New York. In addition, Ironshore Specialty Ins. Co. provides excess liability coverage of \$10 million, excess of \$50 million; Allied World Assurance Co. provides \$15 million, excess of \$60 million; and Arch Insurance Co. provides \$25 million in excess of \$75 million. Workers' compensation claims are self-insured up to \$10 million per occurrence, and covered by Arch Ins. Co. for up to \$3 million for employer's liability, and up to statutory limits for workers' compensation per occurrence. Property damage claims are insured on an occurrence basis over a \$25 thousand deductible, and insured with several insurers like Lexington Ins. Co., Affiliated FM, and Lloyd's of London, among others.

The County supplements its self-insurance for medical malpractice claims with a \$10 million policy with Illinois Union Ins. Co., which provides annual coverage on a claim made form basis with a SIR of \$2 million for each claim. Additional coverage of \$15 million, excess of \$10 million is provided by Steadfast Ins. Co. All public officials and County employees are insured under a blanket Comprehensive Disappearance, Destruction, and Dishonesty policy covering County monies and securities, with National Union Fire Ins. Co. of Pittsburgh with a \$100 thousand deductible, and excess limits up to \$10 million per occurrence.

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in Risk Management except for unemployment insurance, and employee dental insurance, which are accounted for in the General Fund. The IBNR (Incurred But Not Reported) and IBNS (Incurred But Not Settled) liabilities stated on Risk Management's balance sheet are based upon the results of actuarial studies, and include amounts for allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liabilities for these claims are reported using a discounted rate of 0.493%. It is Risk Management's practice to obtain actuarial studies on an annual basis.

The total claims liability of \$167 million reported at June 30, 2012 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

#### RECREATION DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

Note 6: RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Changes in the claims liability amount in fiscal years 2011 and 2012 were:

		<b>Current Year</b>			
	Beginning of	Claims and	<b>Current Year</b>		
	Fiscal Year	Changes in	Claim	<b>End of Fiscal</b>	
	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year Liability (in thousands)	
Fiscal Year	(in thousands)	(in thousands)	(in thousands)		
2010-11	\$ 145,394	\$ 40,832	\$ (35,275)	\$ 150,591	
2011-12	\$ 150,591	\$ 58,008	\$ (42,010)	\$ 166,589	

#### Note 7: PROPOSITION 111 APPROPRIATION LIMITS

Proposition 111, which added Article XIIIB to the State Constitution, established limited on budget appropriations in order to restrict government spending. We have reviewed the proceeds of taxes received by the District during the 2010-2011 fiscal year, and have found the revenue to be within the guidelines established by Proposition 111.

#### Note 8: TRANSFERS IN/OUT

Interfund transfers are transactions used to close out a fund, reimburse an operating fund, and transfer cash between operating funds and capital projects funds. At June 30, 2012 the CSA made the following interfund transfer in and out:

	Transfer In:					
Transfer out:		General (SSD)		ccer Field (CAR)		Total
Bloomington Education Center (CAQ)	\$	15,000	\$		\$	15,000
General (SSD)				60,000		60,000
					\$	75,000

#### **Note 9: CONTINGENCIES**

As of June 30, 2012, in the opinion of the CSA Administration, there are no outstanding matters, which would have a significant effect on the financial position of the CSA.

#### Note 10: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 5, 2012, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that there are no transactions that will have a significant impact on the CSA.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO SPECIAL DISTRICTS BLOOMINGTON PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Fund (General) For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Special Revenue Fund				
	General (SSD)				
		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variances with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$	267,078	252,152	251,544	(608)
Other taxes		509	509	3,906	3,397
State assistance		1,293,452	2,790		(2,790)
Investment earnings		2,200	1,345	1,144	(201)
Service fees		1,000	5,629	5,628	(1)
Other revenue			39	39	
Total Revenues		1,564,239	262,464	262,261	(203)
Expenditures					
Salaries and benefits		171,631	171,631	171,631	
Services and supplies		180,226	198,586	183,822	14,764
Capital outlay:					
Equipment		40,000	6,281	6,269	12
Reserves and contingencies	_	227,516	252,052		252,052
Total Expenditures		619,373	628,550	361,722	266,828
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		944,866	(366,086)	(99,461)	(267,031)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfer in		77,500	77,500	15,000	(62,500)
Transfer out	_	(1,370,952)	(60,000)	(60,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,293,452)	17,500	(45,000)	(62,500)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(348,586)	(348,586)	(144,461)	(329,531)
Fund Balance - beginning				998,978	
Fund Balance - ending				854,517	

#### Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	Captial I		
			Total
	Bloomington	Nonmajor	
	Education	Soccer Field	Governmental
	Center (CAC	(CAR)	Funds (see
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,83	7 25,899	55,736
Total assets	\$ 29,83	7 25,899	55,736
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities:			
Retentions payable		4,150	4,150
Due to other funds of the County	52'	7	527
Total liabilities	52′	4,150	4,677
Fund balances:			
Assigned	29,310	21,749	51,059
Total Fund Balances	29,310	21,749	51,059
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 29,837	25,899	55,736

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Captial Pro			
	Bloomington Education Center (CAQ)	Soccer Field (CAR)	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues				
Investment earnings	\$ 74	118	192	
Total Revenues	74	118	192	
Expenditures Capital outlay: Improvements on land		81,368	81,368	
Structures and improvements	19,752	-	19,752	
Total Expenditures	19,752	81,368	101,120	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(19,678)	(81,250)	(100,928)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer in Transfer out	(15,000)	60,000	60,000 (15,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(15,000)	60,000	45,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(34,678)	(21,250)	(55,928)	
Fund Balance - beginning	63,988	42,999	106,987	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 29,310	21,749	51,059	