

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Oscar Valdez, Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY CALIFORNIA 1853



Supervisor Robert Lovingood, Chair	First District
Supervisor Janice Rutherford	Second District
Supervisor James Ramos	Third District
Supervisor Curt Hagman, Vice Chair	Fourth District
Supervisor Josie Gonzales	Fifth District

Gary McBride – Chief Executive Officer

Prepared by the Office of the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector
Oscar Valdez, Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2017

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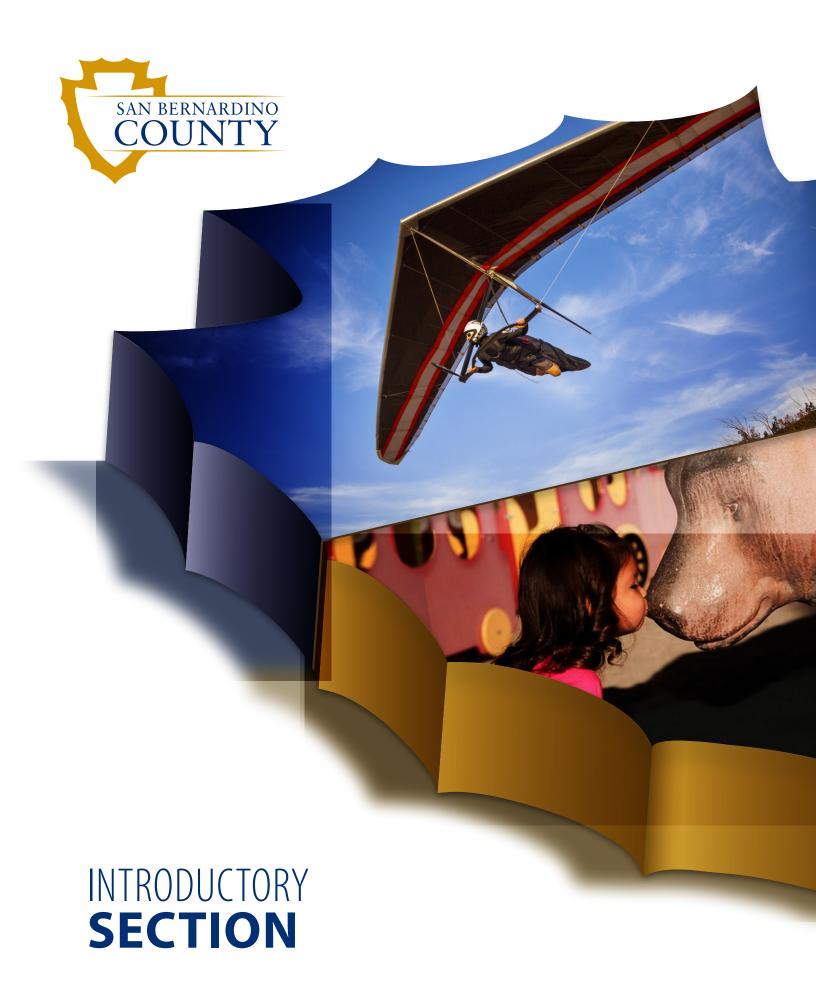
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AUDITOR-CONTROLLER/ TREASURER/TAX COLLECTOR

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Matt Brown

Assistant Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector

John Johnson

Assistant Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector

December 22, 2017

HONORABLE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO

County Government Center 385 North Arrowhead Avenue San Bernardino, CA 92415-0110

Honorable Board Members:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County of San Bernardino for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, is submitted herewith in compliance with Section 25253 of the California Government Code and Article V, Section 8, of the County of San Bernardino Charter.

The accompanying Basic Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The responsibility to ensure the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of its presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County of San Bernardino (County). We believe the data is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of County operations, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a full understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

The County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget 2 CFR 200 Part 200 - Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Information related to the single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, schedule of findings and questioned costs, and the independent auditor's report on compliance and internal control are published separately from this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements. MD&A complements this transmittal letter and should be read in conjunction with it.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The County of San Bernardino, located in Southern California, was established by an act of the State Legislature on April 26, 1853, forming the County from parts of Los Angeles, San Diego, and Mariposa Counties. The County is a charter law county divided into five supervisorial districts on the basis of population. The County encompasses an area of over 20,160 square miles and includes 24 incorporated cities. In terms of land area, it is the largest county in the contiguous United States. The County is also one of the fastest growing areas in the nation and is the fifth most populous of the 58 counties in California.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES - Continued

The County provides a wide range of services to its residents, including police protection, criminal prosecution, medical and health services, education, senior citizen assistance, roads, library services, support for judicial institutions, airport services, cultural and environmental services, parks, and a variety of public assistance programs. Special districts and county service areas provide services to remote geographical areas and rapidly growing communities. These services include fire protection, parks, flood control, water, sewer, sanitation, street lighting, and roads.

The accompanying Basic Financial Statements include all County organizations and entities, functions, and activities for which the County Board of Supervisors is financially accountable. Also included are numerous self-governed school and special district funds for which the County acts as depository. The financial reporting for these entities, which are not governed by and act independently of the County of San Bernardino, is limited to reporting, as Investment and Private-Purpose Trust Funds, the total amount of cash, investments, and other assets collected for, disbursed by, and held for these entities.

INTERNAL AND BUDGETARY CONTROLS

The County's internal accounting control system exists to provide reasonable – but not absolute – assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss or unauthorized disposition, and to provide reliable records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets because the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits to be derived. The Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector's Auditor Division actively participates in evaluating and improving the internal accounting control system.

As a recipient of Federal and State financial awards, the County is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to assure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to public assistance programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and internal audit staff.

The County uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for its Governmental Funds. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance operations of the year. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term obligations, which is recognized when payment is due. The accrual basis of accounting is used for all Proprietary Fund Types and the Fiduciary Funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and become measurable and expenses are recorded when they are incurred.

The objective of budgetary control is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the County's Board of Supervisors. Budgets are adopted for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Project Funds. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is maintained at the appropriation unit level. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to assure effective budgetary control. Purchase orders and contracts are reviewed and a determination is made that valid and sufficient appropriations exist for payment of ordered goods and services. Encumbrances outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations expire at year end and encumbrances outstanding at that time are included within restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance, as appropriate.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The County has successfully undertaken several key programs and projects during the last fiscal year. These, along with other programs and projects that will be undertaken in the upcoming year, include the following:

• The County has allocated funds towards improving security at County Facilities. This includes immediate improvements to facilities, such as expanded security guard services, upgraded security cameras and key card access installations undertaken by departments. \$2.7 million has been allocated in the capital program to conduct security assessments of County facilities, develop security policies and procedures and provide training, and develop design standards for security equipment. An additional \$1.1 million in security-related projects will also be implemented in 2017-18.

MAJOR INITIATIVES - Continued

- Implementation of the County's upgraded enterprise permitting system, EZ-Online Permitting System (Accela), occurred in 2017-18. The system includes a shared database, precise digital maps, and satellite images of land data that are linked to the County's GIS database. It also provides field staff with remote real-time access to the database, streamlines permitting processes across various departments in the County and offers customers and the public access to a web portal to manage and monitor applications, permits, and development-related information online.
- The Workforce Development Department budget includes \$15.9 million for training and employment services
 programs projected to serve 70,000 customers. Services offered include career counseling, job placement,
 and youth and adult employment training. The Workforce Development Department also expects to offer
 resources to over 200 businesses to help them grow and avert potential layoffs.
- The implementation of the County's new Enterprise Financial Management System began in May 2016 with the first phase and successfully completed in October 2017. The first phase deployment included the core financial accounting modules, supplier relationship management and procurement, human capital management, reporting, and data warehouse capabilities. The next phase including the extended functionalities of the core financial accounting modules and other module enhancements have already commenced in 2017-18.
- County Fire is assuming fire, rescue, Emergency Medical Services (EMS), and prevention responsibilities
 within the City of Upland (\$11.7 million) as a result of pending annexation in 2017-18. This continued
 expansion of a regional approach will provide a more effective and efficient delivery of fire services for
 County residents.
- The Department of Behavioral Health is expanding Mental Health Services Act programs, notably in the following areas: \$3.5 million for expanded adult residential treatment services to support the transition of clients from hospitalization to less costly and less restrictive residential placement facilitating reintegration into the community; \$7.0 million for contracted children services programs to support expanded early intervention and mental health services for children; and \$19.5 million for contracted services to support the operations of crisis stabilization and crisis residential facilities constructed with SB82 grant funds through the California Health Facility Finance Agency (CHFFA).

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Overview

San Bernardino's economy is clearly in its expansion phase. Each of the major sectors is showing continued growth and this is continuing into 2017. Importantly, major taxable revenue streams are now exceeding their former records on an inflation adjusted basis.

Industry and Employment

San Bernardino County is experiencing strong employment growth. During the Great Recession (2008-2011), the County lost 68,000 jobs. However from 2012-2016, it added 119,600 positions. The County thus had 727,100 jobs in 2016, 51,800 more than in its 2007 pre-recession peak of 675,300. Its 2016 growth was 17,000 positions (2.4%). In 2017, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics has the County starting the year up at 3.2%. If that continues, it will add an estimated 23,300 jobs to reach a new high of 750,400. The unemployment is down from a high of 13.5% in 2010 to 5.9% in 2017. In comparison, the state-wide unemployment rate is 5.4% and U.S. unemployment rate is 4.3%.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK - Continued

Among economic base sectors driving San Bernardino County's economy, logistics activity led the County's job growth. In 2016, the sector added 4,500 new jobs following a gain of 7,200 the prior year. In 2016, it created 26.5% of the County's 17,000 new jobs. This sector is being driven by the strong growth of Southern California's economy, expanding port activity which is headed for its third highest year, and e-commerce that is expanding at 15.0% compounded each year and is largely being conducted in Southern California through fulfillment centers in the County. Manufacturing growth added to San Bernardino County's economic base in 2016, adding 1,400 new jobs, an 8.2% share of the employment expansion. Both these sectors have median pay levels of \$45,000 to \$55,000 in 2017.

Health care and social assistance was San Bernardino County's other major sector. In 2016, the group added 3,900 workers, a 22.9% share of growth. The County's population growth and falling share of medically uninsured drove this fact. The sector's median pay is just over \$60,000 in 2017.

Housing

In second quarter 2017, the median priced home in San Bernardino County sold for \$308,000, up 7% from the prior year. This followed increases of 8.7% in 2016. Homebuyers are finding San Bernardino County very affordable compared to other Southern California areas. The current data showed that 51% of its families could afford the prices of its bottom 50% of homes, making it the Southern California's most affordable county compared to Riverside (39%), Orange (21%) and Los Angeles (28%) counties. With housing beginning to recover and industrial building continuing, the County's construction sector gained 1,100 jobs in 2016, a 6.5% share of total growth for all business sectors. The sector pays \$45,000 to \$55,000 in 2017.

Retail

Important to the funding of local government, San Bernardino County's retail sales increased 4.8% in 2016 with total taxable sales reaching a record \$37.0 billion. That was 18.2% above the prior high in 2006 (\$31.3 billion) and approximately above the 17.2% rise in prices from 2006-2016 indicating that the purchasing power of sales taxes now exceeds its 2006 record level.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Long-term financial planning is a strategic process that provides the information needed to establish multi-year budget solutions, and financial policies that address the needs of the County and its residents while maintaining fiscal strength. The County maintains a five-year financial forecast that projects ongoing discretionary revenues and expenditures of the General Fund. This forecast establishes a framework for use in decision making by highlighting significant issues that must be addressed to maintain a structurally balanced budget. This forecast assists the County in understanding the fiscal challenges ahead and the need to establish priorities.

The County's five year financial forecast identifies key factors that affect the County's fiscal outlook. This includes changes in major revenue streams such as property tax, and changes in costs due to retirement assumptions, Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs) with employee groups, and impacts from the State budget.

The County has established several general fund reserves for long-term financial planning purposes. This includes a general purpose reserve which holds funds to protect the County from unforeseen increases in expenditures or reductions in revenues, or other extraordinary events which could adversely impact the fiscal health of the County. Specific purpose reserves are created to meet identified future obligations and to fund capital projects.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING - Continued

The County's five-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is reviewed annually and revised to reflect current circumstances and opportunities. This review identifies needed capital projects, estimates capital requirements, coordinates their necessary financing and timing, and estimates operational expenses of the project subsequent to completion. The County allocates base funding in the amount of \$12.0 million annually for maintenance and non-major projects.

In recent years, the County cash funded \$483.2 million to the major capital projects detailed below:

- Construction of a new on-site medical office building at Arrowhead Regional Medical Center. This project was completed in September 2010 at a cost of \$25.0 million.
- Construction of a new High Desert Government Center (HDGC) in Hesperia. The project was completed in October 2010 at a cost of \$29.2 million.
- Construction of the new Central Valley Juvenile Detention and Assessment Center. This project was completed in February 2011 at a cost of \$63.6 million.
- Remodel of the HDGC to add a Public Safety Operations Center for the High Desert (HD PSOC). The
 project was completed in May 2013 at a cost of \$15.0 million.
- 800 MHz Upgrade Project. This project will upgrade the aging 800 MHz radio system. The total adjusted estimated cost is \$158.2 million with an estimated project duration of 7 years. \$150.0 million has been funded through 2017-18.
- Expansion of the High Desert Detention Center (formerly known as the Adelanto Adult Detention Center) to increase capacity from 706 to 2,074 beds. The County received a grant award from the State to fund \$100.0 million of this project. The County's share of costs was approximately \$41.9 million and was cash funded in 2010-11 and 2012-13. Construction commenced December 2010 and concluded January 2014.
- In 2012-13, the Board of Supervisors approved \$1.3 million to design, expand and remodel the existing Sheriff's Crime Lab located at 200 S. Lena Road in San Bernardino. \$15.7 was funded in 2013-14 for a total cost of \$17.0 million for construction of this project. The total project cost was \$15.5 million; a total savings of \$1.5 million under budget.
- In past years, the County had planned to construct a new government center building in downtown San Bernardino to provide additional space and replace buildings beyond their useful life. As an alternative to new construction, the County purchased newer existing buildings at prices lower than replacement cost; and is in the process of seismically retrofitting and modernizing certain existing buildings; and demolishing older facilities. \$142.8 million has been funded to date and \$49.0 million has been expended or encumbered.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Fund Balance and Reserve Policy

The County has established a number of General Fund reserves for a variety of purposes. On June 28, 2011, the Board of Supervisors revised the County policy that provides guidelines and goals for reserve levels. This revision calls for a general purpose reserve targeted at 20% of locally funded appropriation built up with one-time sources until the established target is achieved. This general purpose reserve is designed to protect the County from unforeseen increases in expenditures or reductions in revenues and other extraordinary events which could adversely impact its financial condition.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES - Continued

County policy also includes provisions for the creation of Specific Purpose reserves. Specific Purpose reserves are created to meet identified future obligations and to fund capital projects. The County may redirect funds in any Specific Purpose reserve for another purpose. Specific Purpose reserves are categorized as either Committed or Assigned Fund Balance in the County's Fund Balance and Reserve Policy.

County policy also requires the establishment of a contingency account targeted at 1.5% of locally funded appropriation. This mandatory contingency account is designed to accommodate unanticipated operational changes, legislative impacts, or other economic events affecting the County's operations which could not reasonably have been foreseen at the time the budget was prepared. In addition to the mandatory contingency account, the County has two other types of contingencies:

<u>Contingency for Uncertainties</u> represents unallocated financing available from current year sources (both ongoing and one-time) that has not been set aside or contributed to reserves.

Ongoing Set-Aside Contingencies represent ongoing sources of financing that have been targeted for future ongoing program needs. The County has no Ongoing Set-Aside Contingencies in the 2017-18 Adopted Budget.

Investment Policy

The County Treasurer's investment policy allows for the purchase of a variety of securities with limitations as to exposure, maturity, and ratings, which vary with each security type. The composition of the portfolio will change over time as existing investments mature or are sold, and as new investments are made. The Pool provides monthly reporting of its assets by sector, duration, fair value, and other features to both the Treasury Oversight Committee, who reviews investment policy, and the County Board of Supervisors, who reviews and approves investment policy.

The County's investment policy does not allow investments in derivative instruments in the Treasury Pool. None of the securities held by the County Pool are considered structured notes that incorporate "derivative" features, i.e., interest rates tied to alternative indices, formulas, or other pricing features. Derivative securities exclude traditional floating rate securities tied to indices such as LIBOR, T-Bills, Fed Funds, etc., and federal agency or corporate securities with traditional call features. In addition, the County Pool does not invest in, nor has it ever invested in, "inverse floaters". The County's investment policy places a 10% portfolio limit on reverse repurchase agreements, therefore limiting leverage.

The County believes that the County Pool is prudently invested and that investments therein are scheduled to mature at the times and in the amounts that are necessary to meet the County's expenditures and other schedule withdrawals. The County Pool does not include investments of the Deferred Compensation program or the County Employees' Retirement Association, which are separately managed. The County utilizes a Countywide banking program with two major banks, referred to as "Consolidated Banking", which accelerates the collection and deposit of monies by participating departments into the County Treasury, making them readily available for investment.

Debt Management Policy

The County's debt management policy minimizes the amount of outstanding debt necessary to fulfill its infrastructure and economic development responsibilities, while maintaining its ability to incur present and future debt at minimal interest rates. The County's debt policy provides the following general guidelines: 1) Debt will not be used to finance ongoing operational costs. However, debt may be used where economically efficient, to reduce or eliminate current long-term operational liabilities; 2) Whenever possible, the County shall pursue alternative sources of funding when cost effective in order to minimize the level of debt; and 3) Whenever practical, voter approval on the method of debt shall be utilized.

The County maintains a Debt Advisory Committee (DAC) with the responsibility for oversight and review of all debt policy and debt issuance activities. DAC makes recommendations to the Board of Supervisors regarding appropriate actions on debt matters.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The County's financial statements have been audited by Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP, Certified Public Accountants and independent auditors. The independent auditors have issued an unmodified (clean) opinion on the County's basic financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2017. The Independent Auditors' Report is included in the Financial Section, which is an integral part of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT AND AWARDS

Financial Reporting Certificate of Achievement: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of San Bernardino for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the twenty-ninth consecutive year that the County received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, the contents of which must conform to certificate program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Popular Financial Reporting Award: The County of San Bernardino also received the GFOA's Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting for its Popular Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the eleventh consecutive year that the County has received this prestigious award. In order to receive this award, a government unit must publish a Popular Annual Financial Report, the contents of which must conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability, and reader appeal.

Budget Presentation Award: The County received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2016. In order to receive this award, a government unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, operations guide, financial plan, and communication device.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and its timely issuance is the result of a concentrated, dedicated, and coordinated effort by the entire Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector staff. I would like to acknowledge the special efforts of the General Accounting, Internal Audits, and Management Services sections, and of our independent auditors, Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP, for their assistance in the report preparation. I would also like to thank all County departments who have participated in its preparation.

Respectfully submitted,

Oscar Valdez

Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector

San Bernardino County

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO DIRECTORY OF COUNTY OFFICIALS

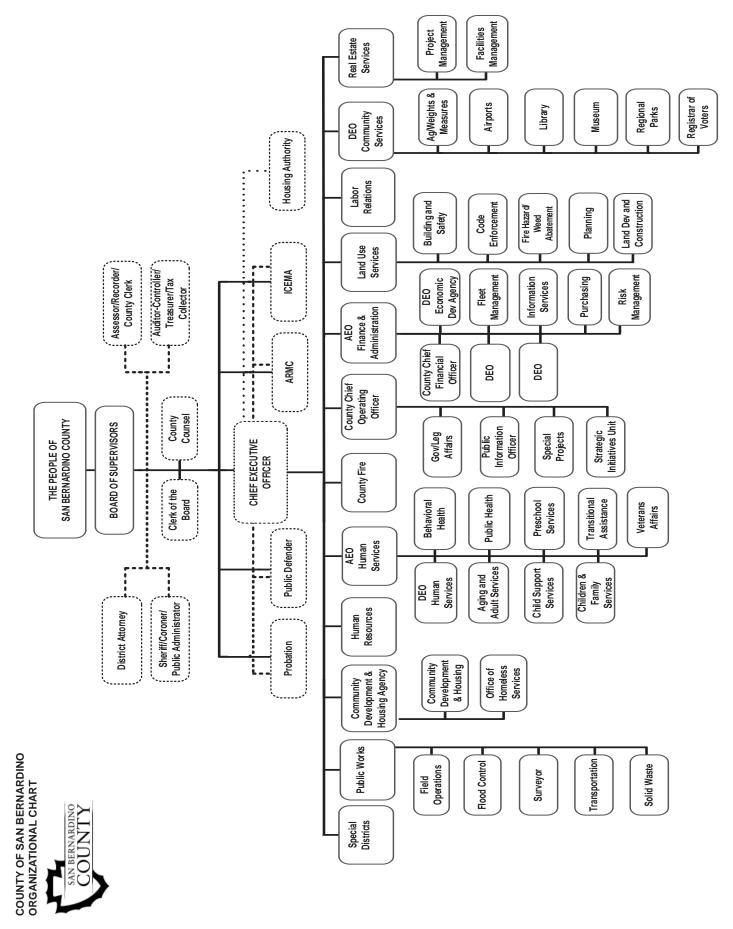
ELECTED OFFICES

COUNTY SUPERVISOR, FIRST DISTRICT (CHAIR)	ROBERT A. LOVINGOOD
COUNTY SUPERVISOR, SECOND DISTRICT	JANICE RUTHERFORD
COUNTY SUPERVISOR, THIRD DISTRICT	JAMES RAMOS
COUNTY SUPERVISOR, FOURTH DISTRICT (VICE CHAIR)	CURT HAGMAN
COUNTY SUPERVISOR, FIFTH DISTRICT	JOSIE GONZALES
ASSESSOR/RECORDER/COUNTY CLERK	BOB DUTTON
AUDITOR-CONTROLLER/TREASURER/TAX COLLECTOR	OSCAR VALDEZ
DISTRICT ATTORNEY	MICHAEL A. RAMOS
SHERIFF/CORONER/PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR	JOHN McMAHON
SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS	TED ALEJANDRE

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO DIRECTORY OF COUNTY OFFICIALS

APPOINTED

AGING AND ADULT SERVICES	SHARON NEVINS
AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER/SEALER	ROBERTA Y. WILLHITE
AIRPORTS	JAMES E. JENKINS
ARROWHEAD REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	WILLIAM L. GILBERT
BEHAVIORAL HEALTH	VERONICA KELLEY
BOARD OF RETIREMENT	GARY A. AMELIO
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER	GARY McBRIDE
CHILD SUPPORT SERVICES	MARIE GIRULAT
CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES	MARLENE HAGEN
CLERK OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS	LAURA H. WELCH
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	DENA FUENTES
COUNTY COUNSEL	MICHELLE BLAKEMORE
COUNTY LIBRARIAN	MICHAEL JIMENEZ
COUNTY MUSEUM	MELISSA RUSSO
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AGENCY	REG JAVIER
FACILITIES MANAGEMENT	TERRY W. THOMPSON
FIRE DEPARTMENT/FIRE WARDEN	MARK HARTWIG
FLEET MANAGEMENT	RON LINDSEY
HOUSING AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY	DENA FUENTES
HOUSING AUTHORITY	MARIA RAZO
HUMAN RESOURCES (INTERIM)	
HUMAN SERVICES	CaSONYA THOMAS
NFORMATION SERVICES	JENNIFER HILBER
NLAND COUNTIES EMERGENCY MEDICAL AGENCY	TOM LYNCH
LAND USE SERVICES	TOM HUDSON
LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS	JOSH CANDELARIA
PRESCHOOL SERVICES	DIANA ALEXANDER
PROBATION	MICHELLE SCRAY BROWN
PUBLIC DEFENDER	PHYLLIS K. MORRIS
PUBLIC HEALTH	TRUDY RAYMUNDO
PUBLIC WORKS	KEVIN BLAKESLEE
PURCHASING	LAURIE ROZKO
REAL ESTATE SERVICES	TERRY W. THOMPSON
REGIONAL PARKS	BEAHTA DAVIS
REGISTRAR OF VOTERS	MICHAEL J. SCARPELLO
RISK MANAGEMENT	LEANNA WILLIAMS
SPECIAL DISTRICTS	
TRANSITIONAL ASSISTANCE DEPARTMENT	GILBERT RAMOS
VETERANS' AFFAIRS	FRANK GUEVARA
WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT	REG IAVIER





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

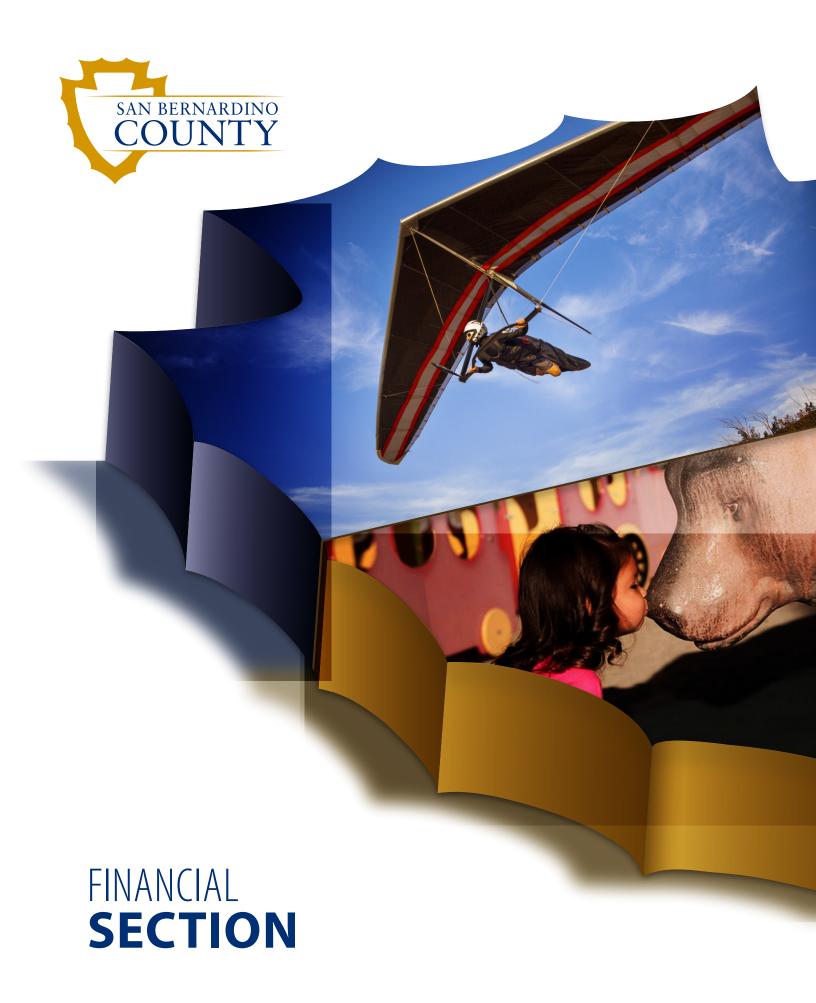
County of San Bernardino California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO











INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors County of San Bernardino, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of San Bernardino, California (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the County of San Bernardino Consolidated Fire Districts, the County of San Bernardino Redevelopment Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund, and the Housing Authority of the County of San Bernardino, which collectively represent the following percentages of assets, net position/fund balances and revenues as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017:

		Net Position/		
Opinion Units	Assets	Fund Balances	Revenues	
Governmental Activities	3%	-1%	6%	
Business-Type Activities	12%	20%	14%	
Housing Authority Enterprise Fund (Major Fund)	100%	100%	100%	
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	2%	0%	2%	

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those entities, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the County adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – An Amendment of GASB Statements No.* 67, *No.* 68 and *No.* 73, as of July 1, 2016. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 17 – 33, the schedule of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of the County's contributions, the schedules of changes in the Housing Authority's net pension liability and related ratios, the schedule of the Housing Authority's contributions, and the schedule of funding progress - HACSB on pages 129 - 133 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

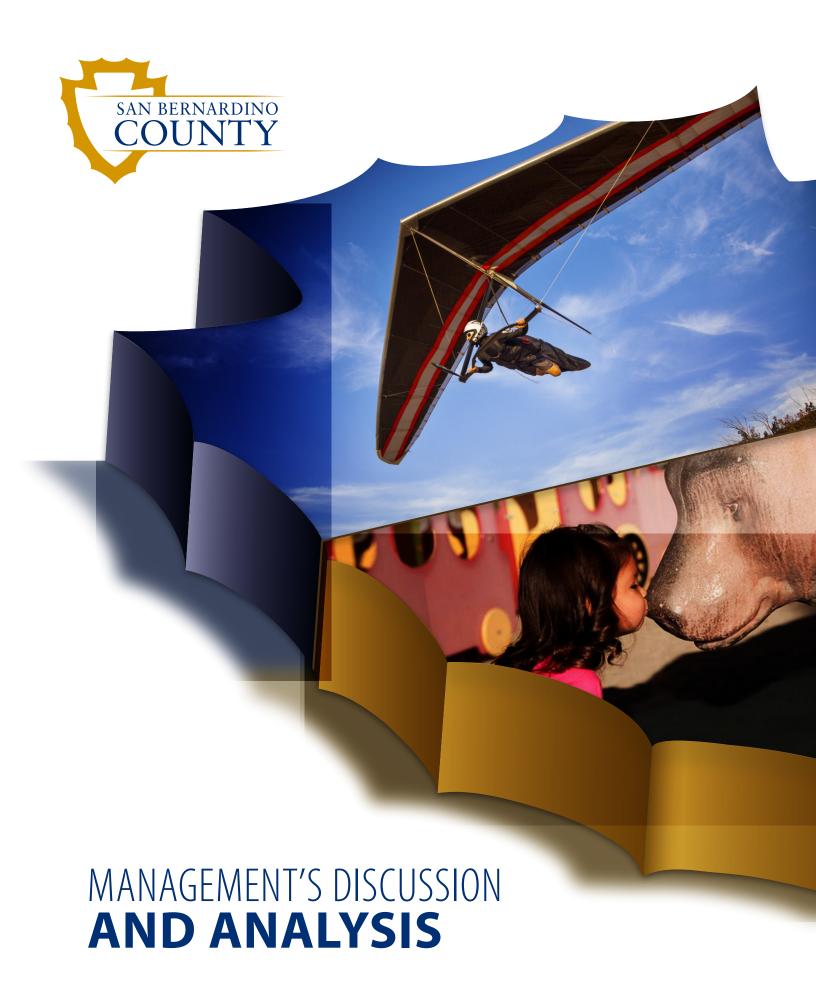
The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2017, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Vavrinik, Trine, Day & Co. UP Rancho Cucamonga, California

December 22, 2017





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

This section of the County's annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the County's Basic Financial Statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Amounts in thousands)

- The County's total net position increased by \$415,478. The net increase is attributable to the \$322,235 increase in governmental activities net position and the \$93,243 increase in business-type activities net position.
- As of June 30, 2017, the County governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$2,044,715, an increase of \$157,797 in comparison with the prior year. Amounts available for spending include restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances; these totaled \$1,998,650, or 97.7% of the ending fund balance. Of this amount, \$1,182,355 is restricted by law or externally imposed requirements, and \$295,051 is committed for specific purposes.
- At the end of the fiscal year, amounts available for spending for the General Fund totaled \$1,006,693, or 41.9% of total General Fund expenditures. This is a decrease of \$917 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the County's total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) increased by \$38,556 in comparison with the prior year. (See further detail on page 30.)
- At the end of the fiscal year, the County's total long-term obligations increased by \$393,178 in comparison with the prior year. (See further detail on page 31.)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components; 1) **Government-Wide** Financial Statements; 2) **Fund** Financial Statements and 3) **Notes** to the Basic Financial Statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include *all* assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the County using the *accrual basis* of *accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The <u>statement of net position</u> presents information on all County assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>statement of activities</u> presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollectible taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these Government-Wide financial statements distinguish between the functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or part of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The County's governmental activities include General Government, Public Protection, Public Ways and Facilities, Health and Sanitation, Public Assistance, Education, Recreation and Cultural Services. The County's business-type activities include Medical Center, Water, Sewer, Sanitation Facilities, Waste Systems Division, Housing Authority, Museum Gift Shop, and Regional Parks Snack Bar Operations.

Component units are blended in the basic financial statements and consist of legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. They share substantially the same board as the County and provide services entirely to the County. The following component units have been blended into the basic financial statements: Fire Protection Districts, Flood Control District, Park and Recreation Districts, County Service Areas, Inland Empire Public Facilities Corporation, San Bernardino County Financing Authority, Housing Authority of the County of San Bernardino, and various Joint Powers Authorities (JPAs).

The Government-Wide financial statements also include a discretely presented component unit, FIRST 5 of San Bernardino County. FIRST 5 is a discretely presented component unit as its governing body is not substantially the same as that of the County and FIRST 5 does not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the County but rather to the citizenry.

The Government-Wide financial statements can be found on pages 36-37 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds*.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-Wide financial statements. However, unlike the Government-Wide financial statements, Governmental Fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a county's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-Wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County reports thirty-two individual governmental funds including two major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements located in a separate section in this report.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 40-42 of this report.

Proprietary funds include two types of funds, enterprise and internal service. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Enterprise funds are used to account for the Medical Center, Water, Sewer, Sanitation, Waste Systems Division, Museum Gift Shop, Housing Authority, and Regional Parks Snack Bar Operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its printing services, central mail services, surplus property, telecommunication services, computer operations including application development, fleet management, self-insured worker's compensation, public liabilities, and flood control. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the Government-Wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-Wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Medical Center, Waste Systems Division, and the Housing Authority are considered to be major enterprise funds of the County. The County's six internal service fund activities are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in this report. Data from the other enterprise funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements located in a separate section of this report.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 44-49 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the primary government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the Government-Wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support County programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 50-51 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund financial statements. The notes can be found on pages 53-127 of this report.

Supplemental Information

The Supplemental Information section of this report contains the combining statements and budgetary comparison schedules. This section provides additional information to the users of these financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

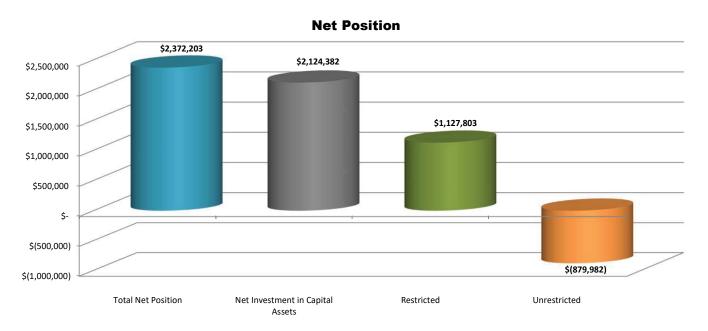
As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2,372,203 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

	Govern Activ		Busines Activ	, .	Total			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Current and other assets	\$ 2,724,686	\$ 2,522,175	\$ 697,664	\$ 576,390	\$ 3,422,350	\$ 3,098,565		
Capital assets	1,961,705	1,902,387	603,056	623,818	2,564,761	2,526,205		
Total assets	4,686,391	4,424,562	1,300,720	1,200,208	5,987,111	5,624,770		
Deferred outflows of resources	827,604	462,115	123,429	75,580	951,033	537,695		
Current and other liabilities	266,164	233,492	76,645	91,140	342,809	324,632		
Long-term liabilities	2,969,685	2,652,640	896,630	820,497	3,866,315	3,473,137		
Total liabilities	3,235,849	2,886,132	973,275	911,637	4,209,124	3,797,769		
Deferred inflows of resources	317,023	361,657	39,794	46,314	356,817	407,971		
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital								
assets	1,919,224	1,843,897	205,158	202,941	2,124,382	2,046,838		
Restricted	1,046,820	942,150	80,983	74,990	1,127,803	1,017,140		
Unrestricted	(1,004,921)	(1,147,159)	124,939	39,906	(879,982)	(1,107,253)		
Total Net Position	\$ 1,961,123	\$ 1,638,888	\$ 411,080	\$ 317,837	\$ 2,372,203	\$ 1,956,725		

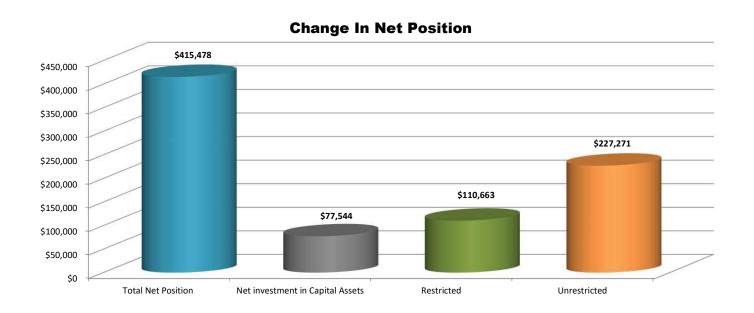
The largest portion of the County's net position of \$2,124,382 reflects investment in capital assets (e.g. land, land use rights, structures and improvements, equipment and software, and infrastructure); as well as capital-related deferred outflows of resources less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position of \$1,127,803 represents another significant portion of County net position. This amount contains external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws and regulation of other governments, and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions and enabling legislation.

The final component of net position is unrestricted net position. Unrestricted net position represent resources that the County may use to meet its current and ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The overall unrestricted net position balance increased by \$227,271 primarily as the result of an overall increase in current assets.



The County's total net position increased by \$415,478 (\$322,235 increase in governmental activities plus \$93,243 increase in business-type activities) indicating that the County generated revenue sufficient to cover the cost of operations during the current fiscal year.



The following table illustrates the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities.

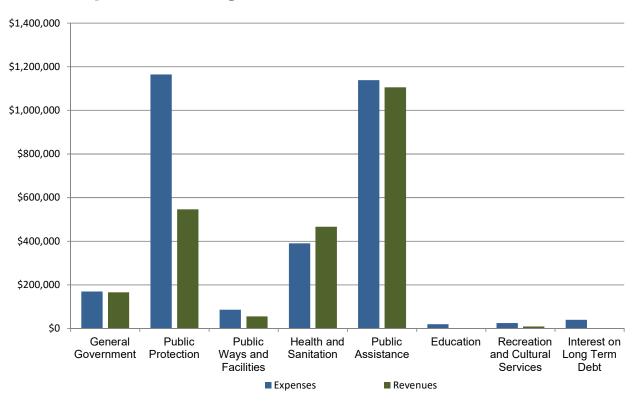
	Governmental Activities				Busine Acti	ss-Ty _l vities	pe	Total				
2		2017		2016		2017		2016		2017		2016
Revenues:												
Program Revenues	Φ.	475.000	Φ.	44E E06	Φ.	E00.0E0	æ	EE 4 007	Ф	1.056.051	Φ.	4 000 262
Charges for Services Operating Grants/Contributions	\$	475,999 1,866,958	\$	445,526 1,791,745	\$	580,952 202,470	\$	554,837 186,445	\$	1,056,951 2,069,428	\$	1,000,363 1,978,190
Capital Grants/Contributions		8,047		484		19,316		19,186		27,363		19,670
General Revenue		0,047		404		19,510		13,100		21,303		19,070
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes		664,059		617,923		3,105		2,981		667,164		620,904
Public Safety Tax		174,648		164,993		-		2,001		174,648		164,993
Sales Taxes		28,019		43,595		_		_		28,019		43,595
Other Taxes		20,125		20,743		_		_		20,125		20,743
Unrestricted Revenues from Use		,		,						,		
of Money and Property		48,663		42,739		1,263		3,155		49,926		45,894
Miscellaneous		70,077		69,822		10,132		4,536		80,209		74,358
Gains on Sale of Capital Assets		3,781		11,676		329		671		4,110		12,347
Total Revenues		3,360,376		3,209,246		817,567		771,811		4,177,943		3,981,057
Expenses:												
General Government		169,368		158,981						169,368		158,981
Public Protection		1,164,533		1,054,075		-		-		1,164,533		1,054,075
Public Ways and Facilities		86.017		81.902				_		86,017		81,902
Health and Sanitation		390,442		338,910		_		_		390,442		338,910
Public Assistance		1,138,660		1,079,575		_		_		1,138,660		1,079,575
Education		20.010		19,424		_		_		20.010		19,424
Recreation and Cultural Services		24,984		24,505		-		_		24,984		24,505
Interest on Long Term Debt		39,447		42,744		-		-		39,447		42,744
Medical Center		· -		-		535,515		507,668		535,515		507,668
Waste Systems		-		-		62,075		60,717		62,075		60,717
Housing Authority		-		-		114,722		105,876		114,722		105,876
Water, Sewer, and Sanitation		-		-		16,745		20,804		16,745		20,804
Others		-	_			47		67		47	_	67
Total Expenses		3,033,461		2,800,116		729,104		695,132		3,762,565		3,495,248
Excess (Deficiency) before Transfers		326,915		409,130		88,463		76,679		415,378		485,809
Transfers		(4,680)		(19,728)		4,780		19,628		100_		(100)
Change in Net Position		322,235		389,402		93,243		96,307		415,478		485,709
Net Position Beginning of Year		1,638,888		1,249,486		317,837		221,530		1,956,725		1,471,016
Net Position End of Year	\$	1,961,123	\$	1,638,888	\$	411,080	\$	317,837	\$	2,372,203	\$	1,956,725
	_		=		_		_		_		_	

Governmental Activities increased the County's net position from \$1,638,888 to \$1,961,123. The overall increase in net position is due to one-time and ongoing revenues exceeding related expenses.

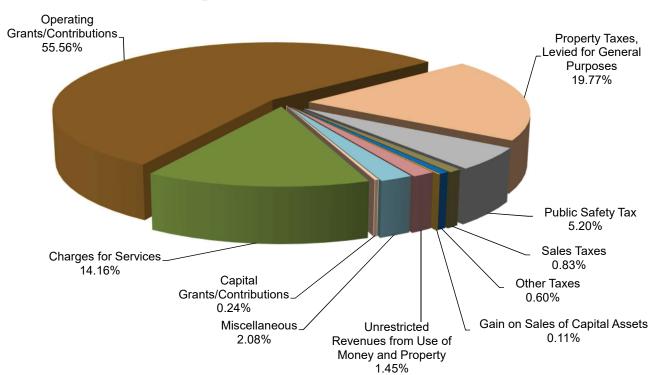
Total revenues of County governmental activities increased primarily due to increases in property tax revenues, charges for services, and operating grants/contributions such as contributions for Medi-Cal inpatient services, the Medi-Cal Managed Care Program, and other state and federal support.

Program expenses for County governmental activities increased as a result of increases in Public Protection, Health and Sanitation, and Public Assistance expenses. Public Protection expenses increased primarily as the result of negotiated salary increases, the net addition of positions to the Sheriff's Department, and increased retirement contribution requirements. The increase in Health and Sanitation expenditures was primarily associated with the Medi-Cal 2020 Waiver and the shift towards outpatient, primary and preventative care. The increase in Public Assistance expenses was primarily due to increases in expenses related to the provision of financial assistance to adoptive children and children in foster care and negotiated salary increases.

Expenses and Program Revenues-Governmental Activities



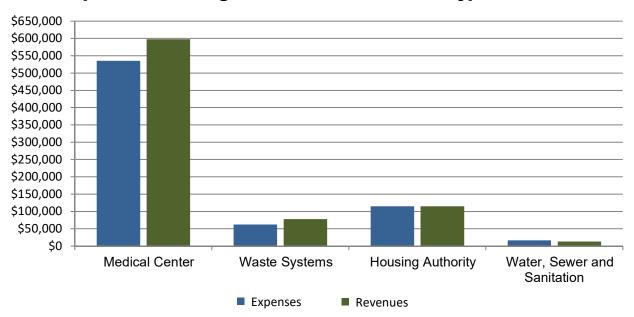
Revenues by Source-Governmental Activities



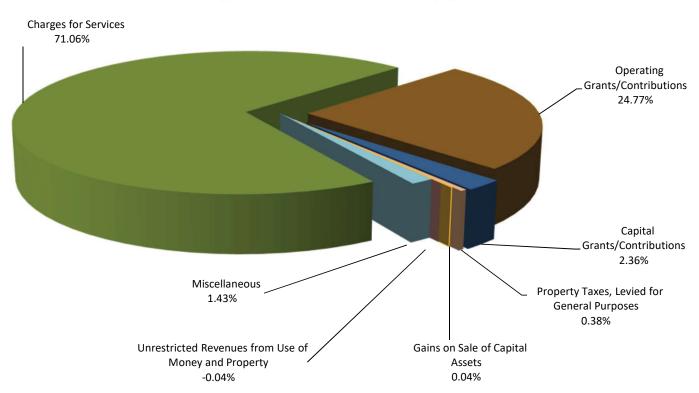
Business-type Activities increased the County's net position from \$317,837 to \$411,080. This is primarily due to the Medical Center receiving additional revenues during the current fiscal year.

The following table shows actual revenues, expenses, and results of operations for the current fiscal year:

Expenses and Program Revenues-Business-Type Activities



Revenues by Source-Business-Type Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF COUNTY FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The governmental activities functions are contained in the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Project, Permanent, and Internal Service Funds. Included in these funds are the special districts governed by the Board of Supervisors. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

On June 30, 2017, the County's governmental funds reported a total fund balance of \$2,044,715, an increase of \$157,797 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 57.8% of the total fund balance, \$1,182,355, constitutes restricted fund balance, which is restricted by external parties. The remaining fund balance is comprised of a nonspendable amount of \$46,065; committed amounts of \$295,051, which are committed for specific purposes; assigned amounts of \$249,330 set-aside for specific purposes; and an unassigned amount of \$271,914, representing the residual net resources of the General Fund available for spending.

The most significant restricted amounts in the governmental funds include \$187,626 for the Mental Health Services Act, \$138,500 for Health Services Realignment, \$120,045 for Flood Control, and \$97,924 for Social Services Realignment.

The County reports the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund as major governmental funds.

General Fund: The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. On June 30, 2017, the total fund balance was \$1,050,636, a decrease of \$6,022 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 41.4% or \$435,337 of the total fund balance constitutes restricted fund balance. The remaining fund balance is made up of \$43,943 of nonspendable amounts; \$295,051 of committed amounts, including \$32,075 for debt service, \$31,000 for the County Buildings and Retrofit Project, \$27,106 for the Valley Dispatch Center Reserve, and \$26,644 for asset replacement; assigned amounts including \$4,391 primarily for automated systems development; and \$271,914 in unassigned amounts available for spending.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unrestricted fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unrestricted fund balance represents 23.8% of total fund expenditures; while total fund balance represents 43.7%.

Capital Improvement Fund: The Capital Improvement Fund accounts for the County's major capital acquisition and construction projects. On June 30, 2017, the total fund balance of the Capital Improvement Fund was \$241,172. The capital improvement fund had an increase of \$105,837, primarily as the result of significantly increased contributions for maintenance and upgrades of County facilities.

Revenues for total governmental funds totaled \$3,344,596 in fiscal year 2016-17, representing a \$161,923 increase from the prior year.

The following table presents the amount of revenues from various sources as well as the changes from the prior year:

		Fiscal Year 2016-17			Over (Under) Fiscal Year 2015-16		
Revenues		Amount	Percent of Total	Amount Changed		Percent	
Taxes	\$	891,168	27%	\$	41,769	5%	
Licenses, Permits and Franchises		26,731	1%		1,572	6%	
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		14,326	0%		2,330	19%	
Revenues From Use of Money and Property		44,417	1%		(3,215)	-7%	
Aid From Other Governmental Agencies		1,871,165	56%		83,691	5%	
Charges for Current Services		434,218	13%		31,025	8%	
Other Revenues		62,571	2%		1,251	2%	
Total Revenues	\$	3,344,596	100%	\$	158,423		

The County's three major funding sources: taxes, aid from other governmental agencies, and charges for current services, constitute 96% of all revenues.

Tax revenues increased by \$41,769 mainly due to continued increase in assessed valuation of properties within the County and the Proposition 172 half-cent sales tax.

Aid from other Governmental Agencies increased by \$83,691 primarily due to the Medi-Cal 2020 Waiver in new federal funding which shifted the focus away from hospital-based and inpatient care, towards outpatient, primary and preventative care.

Charges for Current Services increased by \$31,025 primarily as a result of an increase in law enforcement contract revenues and fire protection services.

The following table presents expenditures of governmental funds by function compared to prior year amounts:

	Fiscal Year 2016-17			Over (Under) Fiscal Year 2015-16		
			Percent	Amount		
Expenditures	Amount		of Total	Changed		Percent
Current:						
Licenses, Permits and Franchises	\$	151,379	5%	\$	2,219	1%
Public Protection		1,121,754	35%		69,383	7%
Public Ways and Facilities		72,848	2%		10,556	17%
Health and Sanitation		392,447	12%		39,666	11%
Public Assistance		1,148,941	36%		18,077	2%
Education		19,388	1%		1,148	6%
Recreation and Cultural Services		20,475	1%		755	4%
Debt Service:						
Principal		102,499	3%		(9,253)	-8%
Interest and Fiscal Charges		17,247	1%		(3,196)	-16%
Bond Issuance Costs		-	0%		(187)	-100%
Capital Outlay		140,905	4%		19,996	17%
Total Expenditures	\$	3,187,883	100%	\$	149,164	

Total County governmental funds expenditures increased by \$149,164 from the prior year.

Public Protection expenditures increased by \$69,383 primarily as the result of negotiated salary increases, due the Safety MOU approved in early 2017, and increased retirement contribution requirements.

Public Assistance expenditures increased by \$18,077 primarily due to increases in expenditures related to the provision of financial assistance to adoptive children and children in foster care and negotiated salary increases.

Health and Sanitation expenditures increased by \$39,666 is associated with the Medi-Cal 2020 Waiver and the shift towards outpatient, primary and preventative care.

Other financing sources and uses are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

	Fiscal Year 2016-17	Over (Unde Year 20	•
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		Amount	
Governmental Funds	Amount	Changed	Percent
Transfers Out	\$ (395,117)	\$ (92,224)	30%
Transfers In	391,807	90,422	30%
Refunding Debt Issued	-	(27,870)	-100%
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	-	27,870	-100%
Insurance Recoveries	-	(3,916)	-100%
Sale of Capital Assets	4,394	(10,817)	-71%
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	\$ 1,084	\$ (16,535)	

The following table illustrates the changes in fund balances for governmental funds:

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

		nds	-	
Licenses, Permits and Franchises	General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	\$ 2,671,790	\$ 5,500	\$ 667,306	\$ 3,344,596
Expenditures	(2,404,883)	(78,876)	(704,124)	(3,187,883)
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	266,907	(73,376)	(36,818)	156,713
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(272,929)	179,213	94,800	1,084
Net Changes In Fund Balance	(6,022)	105,837	57,982	157,797
Fund Balance, Beginning	1,056,658	135,335	694,925	1,886,918
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 1,050,636	\$ 241,172	\$ 752,907	\$ 2,044,715

In fiscal year 2016-17, the fund balance of total governmental funds increased by \$157,797. This increase is the result of a continued trend of revenues exceeding associated expenditures, with notable increases seen in tax revenue, aid from other governments, and charges for current services.

Proprietary funds: County proprietary funds provide the same type of format found in the Business-Type Activities financial statements, but in more detail.

The following table shows actual revenues, expenses, and results of operations for the current fiscal year:

		Business-Typ Enterprise			
		Waste		Total Nonmajor	
	Medical	Systems	Housing	Enterprise	Enterprise
	Center	Division	Authority	Funds	Funds
Licenses, Permits and Franchises	ф 470.00E	ф	¢.	c	ф 470.00E
Net Patient Care and Services	\$ 473,065	\$ - 66,950	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 473,065
Charges for Current Services	40.007	•	17,354	12,862	97,166
Other	10,287 483,352	<u>10,721</u> 77,671	96,883	12,862	117,891 688,122
Total Operating Revenues	403,332	77,071	114,237	12,002	000,122
Operating Expenses					
Professional Services	52,762	32,169	-	2,744	87,675
Salaries and Employee Benefits	253,740	7,033	14,737	6,074	281,584
Services and Supplies	176,156	20,757	90,388	4,166	291,467
Depreciation and Amortization	23,805	2,116	5,966	2,938	34,825
Other	6,401	-	1,567	597	8,565
Total Operating Expenses	512,864	62,075	112,658	16,519	704,116
Operating Income (Loss)	(29,512)	15,596	1,579	(3,657)	(15,994)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Interest Revenue	(51)	855	256	203	1,263
Interest Expense	(22,651)	-	(2,064)	(235)	(24,950)
Tax Revenue	-	_	-	3,105	`3,105 [°]
Grant Revenue	95,188	78	_	34	95,300
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	, -	_	329	(4)	325
Other Nonoperating Revenues	184	7,970	640	1,338	10,132
Other Nonoperating Expenses	_	-	-	(34)	(34)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	72,670	8,903	(839)	4,407	85,141
Change in Net Position Before Contributions					
and Transfers	43,158	24,499	740	750	69,147
Capital Contributions	18,826	_	462	28	19,316
Transfers Out	(10,148)	(2,153)	_	(104)	(12,405)
Transfers In	16,913	100	100	72	17,185
Change in Net Position	68,749	22,446	1,302	746	93,243
Net Position, Beginning	42,081	101,335	80,444	93,977	317,837
Net Position, Ending	\$ 110,830	\$ 123,781	\$ 81,746	\$ 94,723	\$ 411,080

The net increase of \$93,243 in net position was primarily due to the Medical Center receiving additional revenue, specifically revenue for the Medi-Cal Managed Care Program which emphasizes primary and preventive care and is administered by the California Department of Health Care Services.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund final expenditure budget differs from the original budget by approximately 0.2%. A net increase in appropriations of \$4,668 was approved during the fiscal year. The significant components of this net increase are summarized below:

General

- On December 6, 2016, the Board adopted a budget amendment to decrease General Fund Contingencies by \$65,900 primarily due to a shift in Discretionary General Funding amounts to County General Fund Reserves as well as costs resulting from changes in employee MOU and compensation agreements and costs related to capital improvement projects.
- On March 7, 2017, the Board adopted a budget amendment to increase General Fund transfers by \$57,300 to the Capital Improvement Fund for the Land Acquisition at Chino Airport Project pursuant to a judgment settlement on inverse condemnation litigation.

Public Assistance

• On December 6, 2016, the Board adopted a budget amendment which increased the Human Services Department's budget by \$2,900 primarily to fund the addition of 45 new positions within the Children and Family Services Department to provide increased child welfare services due to caseload growth.

Public Protection

 On March 7, 2017, the Board adopted a budget amendment which increased the Probation Department's budget by \$10,400 primarily to fund transfers to the Capital Improvement Fund for costs related to the 157-175 Civic Center Building Seismic Retrofit and Remodel project and the Barstow Probation Building Acquisition and Improvements project.

During the current fiscal year, the Health and Sanitation, Public Protection and Public Assistance functions accounted for the largest expenditure variances of \$156,549, \$58,823, and \$54,807 respectively between the final budget and actual expenditures. The Public Protection variance was primarily the result of the actual salary expenditures that were less than final budgeted amounts. The Health and Sanitation variance is primarily the result of the matching reimbursement received by the Health Administrator budget unit for intergovernmental transfers to cover the required local match for various healthcare programs from the State on behalf of the Medical Center. The Public Assistance variance is primarily due to the County taking a conservative approach in budgeting for the highest potential expenditures in the Human Services Department's budget across many social services programs.

The total difference of \$156,397 between estimated revenues and actual revenues was caused by the receipt of aid from other governments and taxes exceeding estimates; offset by a negative variance in charges for current services. These differences are primarily due to increases in the following: State revenues associated with Medi-Cal 2020 Waiver, Sales Taxes, and Property Taxes.

The General fund budget to actual statement can be found on page 42 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The County's total capital assets and related deferred outflows of resources for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017, amounted to \$2,564,761, and \$20,312, respectively. The County's total related debt used to acquire those assets as of June 30, 2017, amounted to \$460,691. This investment in capital assets less any related debt includes land, land use rights, improvements to land, structures and improvements, equipment and software, development-in-progress, and infrastructure, less bonds and capital leases payable related to those assets.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year includes the following:

- Structures and Improvements increased approximately \$57,860, due to the addition of the Sheriff's Crime
 Lab in the amount of \$14,414, 303 building remodel in the amount of \$6,685 and the Sheriff's Aviation
 relocation in the amount of \$8,761. The remaining amount was the result of the completion of a variety
 of structure and improvement projects.
- Development in Progress (DIP) increased approximately \$17,162 due to an increase related to the following large projects: \$3,513 for a Residential Housing Project, \$2,451 for campus improvements at the Government Center, \$4,157 for the Enterprise Financial Management System and \$4,832 for preliminary space programming.
- The Flood Control Fund has various flood control channel facilities under construction with a DIP value of \$49,075. The flood control facilities are primarily comprised of the Cactus Basin projects in the amount of \$25,042; Oro Grande Wash project in the amount of \$2,754; Hesperia Detention Basin project in the amount of \$3,290; and the Francis Street Storm Drain project for \$3,794.
- Infrastructure increased approximately \$27,671 due to the completion of the following Flood Control projects: the Cucamonga Basin #6 project for \$12,216; the San Timoteo Creek project for \$7,683; and the Yucca Loma Bridge project for \$3,402.
- Equipment and Software increased approximately \$32,679. The primary increase consists of licensed vehicles totaling \$10,255, computer equipment totaling \$5,721, and law enforcement equipment totaling \$10,021 which includes the addition of 4 Sheriff helicopters.

Capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-1	ype Activities	т	otal	Increase/ (decrease)
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	Percent of Change
Land	\$ 130,818	\$ 126,913	\$ 32,796	\$ 32,554	\$ 163,614	\$ 159,467	2.60%
Land Use Rights (non-amortizable)	23,835	23,869	351	351	24,186	24,220	-0.14%
Land Use Rights (amortizable)	123	123	1,109	1,109	1,232	1,232	0.00%
Development in Progress	268,963	250,687	13,805	14,919	282,768	265,606	6.46%
Improvements other than Buildings	273,799	258,563	269,153	264,076	542,952	522,639	3.89%
Structures and Improvements	1,063,536	1,009,731	758,813	754,758	1,822,349	1,764,489	3.28%
Infrastructure	1,384,369	1,356,698	-	-	1,384,369	1,356,698	2.04%
Equipment and Software	411,921	385,656	182,090	178,353	594,011	564,009	5.32%
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(1,595,659)	(1,509,853)	(655,061)	(622,302)	(2,250,720)	(2,132,155)	5.56%
Total	\$ 1,961,705	\$ 1,902,387	\$ 603,056	\$ 623,818	\$ 2,564,761	\$ 2,526,205	1.53%

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found on Note 8 on pages 82-83 of this report.

The County's infrastructure assets are recorded in the Government-Wide financial statements at historical cost except for those assets installed prior to fiscal year 2001, whereby the County determined cost based on standard and normal costing techniques, according to GASB 34.

Long-term Debt and Obligations

Long-term obligations of the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

	 Governme	ntal A	activities	 Business-1	ype /	Activities	 To	otal		Increase/ (decrease) Percent of
	 2017		2016	 2017		2016	 2017		2016	Change
Certificates of Participation, Net	\$ -	\$	6,205	\$ 380,782	\$	402,936	\$ 380,782	\$	409,141	-6.93%
General Obligation Bonds	-		-	335		515	335		515	-34.95%
Revenue Bonds, Net	289,805		323,169	-		-	289,805		323,169	-10.32%
Other Bonds and Notes	417,864		458,223	32,338		35,131	450,202		493,354	-8.75%
Compensated Absences	181,803		171,670	20,993		19,545	202,796		191,215	6.06%
Termination Benefits Payable	72		101	15		15	87		116	-25.00%
Capital Lease Obligations	-		-	3,962		4,192	3,962		4,192	-5.49%
Other Long-Term Liabilities	-		-	62,088		10,435	62,088		10,435	495.00%
Pollution Remediation Obligations	-		-	65,015		62,878	65,015		62,878	3.40%
Estimated Liability for										
Litigation and Self-Insured Claims	246,495		236,695	-		-	246,495		236,695	4.14%
Estimated Liability for Closure /										
Postclosure Care Cost	-		-	96,369		102,418	96,369		102,418	-5.91%
Net Other Postemployment Benefit										
Obligation for Housing Authority	-		-	3,837		4,042	3,837		4,042	-5.07%
Net Pension Liability	 1,833,646		1,456,577	230,896		178,390	2,064,542		1,634,967	26.27%
Total	\$ 2,969,685	\$	2,652,640	\$ 896,630	\$	820,497	\$ 3,866,315	\$	3,473,137	11.32%

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 11 on pages 86-97 of this report.

The County's major long-term obligations activity during the fiscal year is as follows: reduction in long-term debt of certificates of participation, bonds and notes, and capital leases totaling \$105,285, reduction in liability for closure/postclosure care cost of \$6,049; offset by increase in net pension liabilities of \$429,575 and increase in pollution remediation obligation of \$2,137.

A significant portion of the revenue bonds are the Pension Obligation Bonds (1995) totaling \$275,755 with an AA rating from Standard & Poor's that were issued by the San Bernardino Financing Authority. Included in long-term debt are also the Pension Obligation Bonds (2004) totaling \$172,250 with an AA- rating from Standard & Poor's and the Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds (2008) totaling \$153,895 with an AA rating from Standard & Poor's.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND BUDGETING

The Board of Supervisors adopted the County's final budget on June 13, 2017. The budget plan does not use reserves to fund ongoing costs and there is limited use of one-time sources to fund operating costs.

The General Fund spending authority totals \$3.1 billion and is funded by departmental revenues, Countywide discretionary revenues, and other financing sources.

As of June 30, 2017, the County's General Fund projects a cumulative structural surplus of \$108.1 million over the next five fiscal years. However, it will be necessary to exercise fiscal caution over the upcoming period due to several significant projected costs not currently funded in the ongoing budget plan, including staffing of the expanded High Desert Detention Center, projected increases in Memoranda of Understanding and Retirement costs, as well as substantial projected costs, including the discontinuance of the In-Home Supportive Services Maintenance of Effort program, and post-implementation support for the Enterprise Financial System.

In addition, the County's fiscal planning efforts are presented with major challenges in year 2017-18 and beyond. These challenges include fiscal uncertainty inherent in the State budget process, sales tax volatility and projected increases in retirement costs.

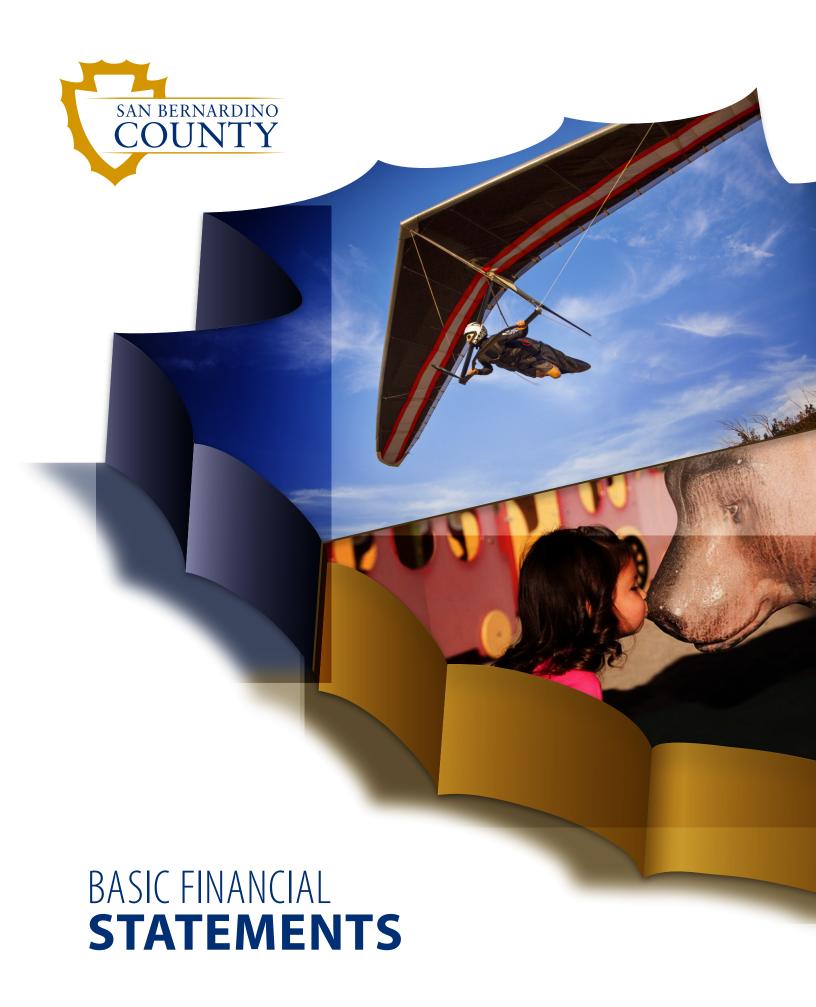
The County has also identified the following critical areas to be addressed in 2017-18 in order to prevent unnecessary costs and risks:

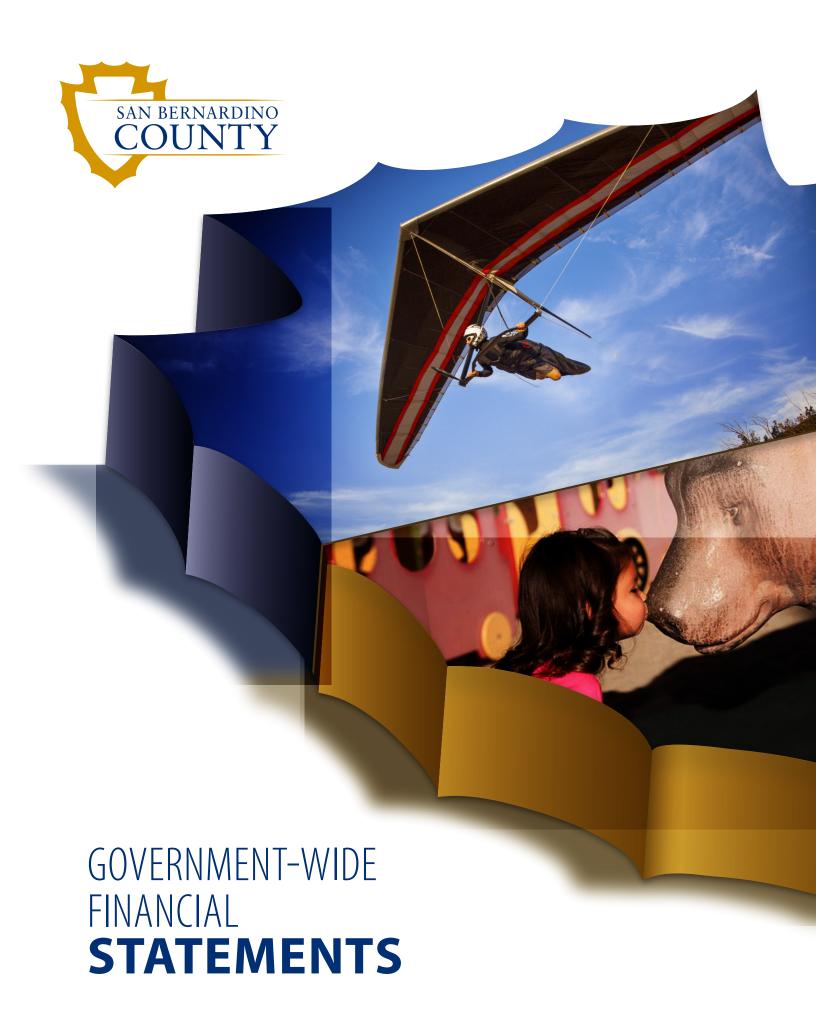
- Funding increased costs to maintain current service levels
- Setting aside funds to mitigate potential impacts from the State
- Continuing investment in facilities, infrastructure and operating systems
- Maintaining fiscal responsibility through contribution to reserves of \$64.6 million

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or separate reports of the County's component units, or if you need any additional financial information, contact the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector's Office, 268 W. Hospitality Lane, County of San Bernardino, California, 92415-0018.









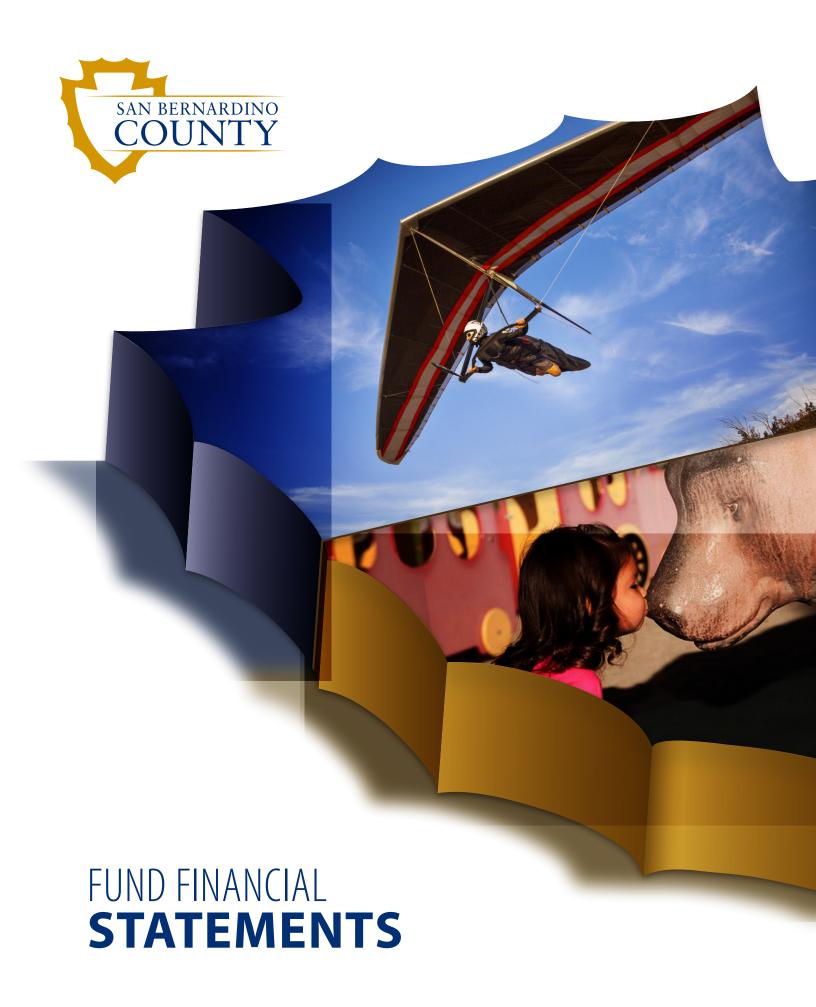
	P	RIMARY GOVERNMEN	т	COMPONENT UNIT
	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	FIRST 5 SAN BERNARDINO
ASSETS				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTE 4)	\$ 2,105,420	\$ 426,880	\$ 2,532,300	\$ 84,379
INVESTMENTS (NOTE 4) ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET (NOTE 5)	1,627 9,244	- 49,506	1,627 58,750	-
TAXES RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	41,119	146	41,265	-
INTEREST RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	25,714	305	26,019	241
LOANS RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	38,589	6,081	44,670	-
OTHER RECEIVABLES, NET (NOTE 5)	13,274	34,181	47,455	-
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS (NOTE 5) INTERNAL BALANCES (NOTE 6)	371,230 14,059	62,372	433,602 30	2,782
LAND HELD FOR RESALE	50,038	(14,029)	50,038	-
INVENTORIES	5,505	2,797	8,302	-
PREPAID ITEMS	7,063	8,032	15,095	3
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (NOTE 4 & 7) CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:	41,804	121,393	163,197	-
LAND (NOTE 8)	130,818	32,796	163,614	-
LAND USE RIGHTS (NOTE 8)	23,835	351	24,186	-
DEVELOPMENT IN PROGRESS (NOTE 8) CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:	268,963	13,805	282,768	-
LAND USE RIGHTS (NOTE 8) STRUCTURES, IMPROVEMENTS, AND INFRASTRUCTURE (NOTE 8)	123	1,109 1,027,966	1,232	130
EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE (NOTE 8)	2,721,704 411,921	182,090	3,749,670 594,011	14
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION (NOTE 8)	(1,595,659)	(655,061)	(2,250,720)	(55)
TOTAL ASSETS	4,686,391	1,300,720	5,987,111	87,494
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTE 9)	827,604	123,429	951,033	1,017
LIABILITIES				
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND CURRENT LIABILITIES	96,265	41,723	137,988	43
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	93,156	16,040	109,196	118
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS	30,269	3,900	34,169	4,075
INTEREST PAYABLE	7,946	11,950	19,896	-
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS (NOTE 10) NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:	38,528	3,032	41,560	-
PORTION DUE PAYABLE IN ONE YEAR:				
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	107,430	12,791	120,221	1
TERMINATION BENEFITS PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	24	15	39	-
COPS, BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	104,462	24,639	129,101	-
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (NOTES 11 & 12) OTHER LONG TERM LIABILITIES (NOTE 11)	-	1,679 57,015	1,679 57,015	-
POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS (NOTE 11)	-	4,569	4,569	-
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR CLOSURES/POST-CLOSURE		,,,,,,	,,	
CARE COSTS (NOTES 11 & 13)	-	1,823	1,823	-
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED				
CLAIMS (NOTES 11 & 14)	53,772	-	53,772	-
PORTION DUE OR PAYABLE AFTER ONE YEAR: COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	74,373	8,202	82,575	179
TERMINATION BENEFITS PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	48		48	-
COPS, BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE, NET (NOTE 11)	603,207	388,816	992,023	-
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (NOTES 11 & 12)	-	2,283	2,283	-
OTHER LONG TERM LIABILITIES (NOTE 11)	-	5,073	5,073	-
POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS (NOTE 11) ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR CLOSURE/POST-CLOSURE	-	60,446	60,446	-
CARE COSTS (NOTES 11 & 13)	_	94,546	94,546	_
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED				
CLAIMS (NOTES 11 & 14) NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OBLIGATION	192,723	-	192,723	-
FOR HOUSING AUTHORITY (NOTE 20)	=	3,837	3,837	-
NET PENSION LIABILITY (NOTE 19)	1,833,646	230,896	2,064,542	2,184
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,235,849	973,275	4,209,124	6,600
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTE 16)	317,023	39,794	356,817	411
NET POSITION NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS DESCRIPTION OF THE POSITION OF	1,919,224	205,158	2,124,382	90
RESTRICTED FOR: GRANTS AND OTHER COUNTY PROGRAMS (NOTE 1)	1,045,108		1,045,108	
GRANTS AND OTHER COUNTY PROGRAMS (NOTE 1) PERPETUAL CARE - NONEXPENDABLE	1,045,108	-	1,045,108	- -
DEBT SERVICE	- 1,712	40,741	40,741	-
LANDFILL CLOSURE	-	30,161	30,161	-
HOUSING PROGRAMS	-	10,081	10,081	-
UNRESTRICTED	(1,004,921)	124,939	(879,982)	81,410
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,961,123	\$ 411,080	\$ 2,372,203	\$ 81,500

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

						•	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	LNI	COMPONENT UNIT
			PROGRAM REVENUES			NET (E)	NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	IND CHANGES IN NE	T POSITION
	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	FIRST 5 SAN BERNARDINO
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS				 					
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	ı								
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 169,368	\$ 155,023	\$ 10,117	\$ 2	966	\$ (3,232)	. ↔	\$ (3,232)	€
PUBLIC PROTECTION	1,164,533	278,441	267,910	0	1	(618,182)	•	(618,182)	•
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES	86,017	6,209	42,414	4	7,051	(30,343)		(30,343)	•
HEALTH AND SANITATION	390,442	23,516	442,958	88 9		76,032	•	76,032	•
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	1,138,660	2,891	1,102,910	2 ;		(32,859)		(32,859)	•
EDUCATION PERSONAL AND CHILDRAN OFFICE	20,010	1,114	23	234		(18,662)	•	(18,662)	•
RECREATION AND COLLURAL SERVICES INTEREST ON LONG TERM DEBT	24,964 39,447	0,000	4			(15,764) (39,447)		(13,784) (39,447)	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	3,033,461	475,999	1,866,958	88	8,047	(682,457)	'	(682,457)	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:									
MEDICAL CENTER	535,515	473,065	105,475	5.	18,826	•	61,851	61,851	•
WASTE SYSTEMS	62,075	77,671	78	78	- 787		15,674	15,674	•
WATER SEWER AND SANITATION	16.745	12.778	0,00	34	102 28		(3.905)	(3.905)	
OTHERS	47	84	,	. '	'	•	37	37	•
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	729,104	580,952	202,470	 o	19,316		73,634	73,634	'
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 3,762,565	\$ 1,056,951	\$ 2,069,428	\$ 8	27,363	(682,457)	73,634	(608,823)	'
COMPONENT UNIT				 					
FIRST 5 SAN BERNARDINO	\$ 17,277	· •	\$ 21,132	 		1			3,855
	GENERAL REVENUES:	JES:							
	PROPERTY TAXE	PROPERTY TAXES, LEVIED FOR GENERAL PURPOSES	ERAL PURPOSES			664,059	3,105	667,164	•
	PUBLIC SAFETY TAX	TAX				174,648	•	174,648	•
	SALES TAXES					28,019	•	28,019	•
	OTHER TAXES					20,125	•	20,125	•
	REVENUES FROM	REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	ND PROPERTY			48,663	1,263	49,926	403
	MISCELLANEOUS					70,07	10,132	80,209	44
	GAIN ON SALE O	GAIN ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS				3,781	329	4,110	•
	TRANSFERS (NOTE 6)	(9 ≡				(4,680)	4,780	100	•
	TOTAL GENERA	TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AND TRANSFERS	RANSFERS			1,004,692	19,609	1,024,301	447
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	T POSITION				322,235	93,243	415,478	4,302
	NET POSITION - BEGINNING	GINNING				1,638,888	317,837	1,956,725	77,198
	NET POSITION - ENDING	DING				\$ 1,961,123	\$ 411,080	\$ 2,372,203	\$ 81,500

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.







	GEN	NERAL FUND	CAPITAL ROVEMENT FUND	NO GOVE	TOTAL DNMAJOR ERNMENTAL FUNDS	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS			 				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTE 4)	\$	851,041	\$ 196,428	\$	718,973	\$	1,766,442
INVESTMENTS (NOTE 4)			-		1,627		1,627
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET (NOTE 5)		3,450	-		2,432		5,882
TAXES RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)		33,635	-		7,484		41,119
INTEREST RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)		23,893	329		1,492		25,714
LOANS RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)		37,645	-		944 409		38,589
OTHER RECEIVABLES (NOTE 5)		12,857	4 600				13,266
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS (NOTE 6)		27,362	4,600		21,633		53,595
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS (NOTE 5)		288,947 549	223 47,827		80,815 1,662		369,985 50,038
LAND HELD FOR RESALE INVENTORIES		1,269	41,021		73		1,342
PREPAID ITEMS		1,715	-		337		2,052
INTERFUND RECEIVABLE (NOTE 6)		3,124	-		15,815		18,939
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (NOTES 4 & 7)		25,460	-		16,344		41,804
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,310,947	\$ 249,407	\$	870,040	\$	2,430,394
			·				
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES:	_					_	
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	47,407	\$ 6,272	\$	35,426	\$	89,105
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE		74,081			16,240		90,321
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS (NOTE 6)		23,910	376		33,161		57,447
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		25,027			5,235		30,262
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS (NOTE 10)		13,792	1,258		14,478		29,528
INTERFUND PAYABLE (NOTE 6)					2,968		2,968
TOTAL LIABILITIES		184,217	7,906		107,508		299,631
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTE 16)		76,094	 329		9,625		86,048
FUND BALANCES (NOTE 17):							
NONSPENDABLE		43,943	_		2,122		46,065
RESTRICTED		435,337	42,891		704,127		1,182,355
COMMITTED		295,051	42,031		704,127		295,051
ASSIGNED		4,391	198,281		46,658		249,330
UNASSIGNED		271,914	130,201				271,914
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,050,636	 241,172		752,907		2,044,715
TOTAL TOND BALANCES		1,030,030	 241,172		132,301		2,044,713
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF							
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,310,947	\$ 249,407	\$	870,040		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different due to the following (Note 2):							
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore not reported in the funds.	١,						1,909,305
Receivables that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures are deferred in							
the governmental funds.							86,048
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of general services, telecommunication services, computer operations, fleet management, risk management and flood control equipment to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the internal service funds are							
included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.							105,409
Interest payable on long-term debt							(7,946)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and deferred amounts or refunding are applicable to future periods and therefore are not reported in the funds.	1						493,455
Long-term liabilities, including net pension liability, bonds payables, and related items,							
are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore not reported in the funds.							(2,669,863)
Net position of governmental activities (page 36)						\$	1,961,123

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES				
TAXES	\$ 742,386	\$ -	\$ 148,782	\$ 891,168 26,731
LICENSES, PERMITS, AND FRANCHISES FINES, FORFEITURES, AND PENALTIES	25,162 5,306	-	1,569 9,020	14,326
REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	35,605	5	8,807	44,417
AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES	1,523,872	711	346,582	1,871,165
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES	320,119	-	114,099	434,218
OTHER REVENUES	19,340	4,784	38,447	62,571
TOTAL REVENUES	2,671,790	5,500	667,306	3,344,596
EXPENDITURES				
CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT	145,439	1,066	4,874	151,379
PUBLIC PROTECTION	891,099	1,000	230,655	1,121,754
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES	2,715	-	70,133	72,848
HEALTH AND SANITATION	250,867	-	141,580	392,447
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	1,062,836	-	86,105	1,148,941
EDUCATION	2,954	_	16,434	19,388
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES DEBT SERVICE:	12,998	-	7,477	20,475
PRINCIPAL	7,565	_	94,934	102,499
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES	932	_	16,315	17,247
CAPITAL OUTLAY	27,478	77,810	35,617	140,905
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,404,883	78,876	704,124	3,187,883
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	266,907	(73,376)	(36,818)	156,713
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6)	(305,089)	(2,378)	(87,650)	(395,117)
TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6)	30,130	181,591	180,086	391,807
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	2,030		2,364	4,394
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(272,929)	179,213	94,800	1,084
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	(6,022)	105,837	57,982	157,797
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1,056,658	135,335	694,925	1,886,918
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 1,050,636	\$ 241,172	\$ 752,907	\$ 2,044,715
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL				\$ 157,797
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense: Expenditures for general capital assets, infrastructure and other related capital asset adjustments			\$ 149,549	
Less current year depreciation/amortization expense.			(93,260)	
Less current year program expenses related to capital assets adjustments.			(8,614)	47,675
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of general service group, telecommunication service, computer operations, fleet management services, risk management, and flood control equipment.				
The net revenues of the internal service fund is reported within governmental activities.				2,194
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.				11,390
Expenses in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund.				(31,923)
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense:				
Expenditures for pension contributions			263,639	
Less current year pension expense.			(230,513)	33,126
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds, report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt				
and related items.				101,976
Changes in net position of governmental activities (page 37)				\$ 322,235

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON A BUDGETARY BASIS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

REVENUES FINAL ACTUAL MOUNTS FINAL BUDGET TAXES \$ 710,796 \$ 728,682 \$ 742,386 \$ 13,700 LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES \$ 25,678 \$ 24,348 25,162 814 FINES, FORDETITURES AND PENALTIES \$ 5,966 \$ 5,306 (650) REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY 34,143 37,644 355,605 (2,039) AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES 1234,512 126,6987 320,119 (122,634) OTHER REVENUES 18,393 2,515,393 2,671,700 367,397 TOTAL REVENUES 2,439,593 2,515,393 2,671,700 366,397 CEVENOTURES 2,439,593 2,515,393 2,671,700 366,397 CEVENOTURES 2,500,300 2,515,393 2,671,700 366,397 CURRENT: 2,000,446 181,523 145,274 36,249 PUBLIC POTOECTION 924,979 952,312 893,489 36,249 PUBLIC POTOECTION 391,177 413,066 256,517 156,549 PUBLIC ASSIST			BUDGETE	о амо	UNTS			VARIA	ANCE WITH
TAXES \$ 710.796 \$ 728.682 \$ 742.386 \$ 13.704		0				ACTU	AL AMOUNTS	FINA	L BUDGET
CICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES 28.678 24.348 25.162 814 FINES, FORFEITURES NO PENALITIES 5.926 5.956 5.906 (50.00) REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY 34.143 37.644 35.605 (20.39) AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES 1.234.512 1.256.987 1.523.872 268.885 CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES 412.445 442.753 320.119 (122.634) OTHER REVENUES 18.333 19.023 19.340 317 TOTAL REVENUES 2.439.593 2.515.393 2.671.790 156.397 EXPENDITURES 2.439.593 2.515.393 2.671.790 156.399 58.823 PUBLIC PROTECTION 2.449.69 2.768 2.768 2.768 2.768 PUBLIC PROTECTION 3.9197 4.130.60 2.655.171 150.549 PUBLIC PROTECTION 3.9197 4.130.60 2.655.171 150.549 PUBLIC PROTECTION 3.9197 3.190 1.080.002 3.400 PUBLIC PROTECTION 3.9197 3.190 1.080.002 3.400 PUBLIC PROTECTION 3.9197 3.190 1.080.002 3.900 PUBLIC PROTECTION 3.9197 3.910 1.090.002 3.910 PUBLIC PROTECTION 3.9197 3.910 3.910 EXERCISE ADDITION 3.9197 3.910 3.910 EXERCISE ADDITION 3.9197 3.910 3.910 EXERCISE ADDITION 3.9197 3.910 3.910 EXERCISE FOR EXPENDITURES 2.730.492 2.735.160 2.414.969 3.900 EXERCISE FOR ADDITION 3.910 3.910 EXERCISE FOR ADDITION 3.910 3.910 EXERCISE OUT (NOTE 6) 3.920 3.910 EXERCISE FOR ADDITION 3.910 3.910 EXERCISE FOR ADDITION 3.910 3.910 EXERCISE ADDITION 3.910 3.910 EXERCISE ADDITION 3.910 3.910 EXERCISE ADDITION 3.910 3.	REVENUES								
FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES	TAXES	\$	710,796	\$	728,682	\$	742,386	\$	13,704
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY 34,143 37,644 35,605 (2,039) AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES 1,226,815 1,226,815 1,226,815 1,228,	LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES		23,678		24,348		25,162		814
ADD FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES 1,234,512 1,256,987 1,523,872 266,885 1,245,500 1,242,634 1,245,500 1,242,634 1,242,635 3,20,119 (102,634) 1,242,634 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633 1,242,633,633 1,242,633,633 1,242,633,633 1,242,633,633 1,242,633,633 1,242,633,633 1,242,633,633 1,242,633,633 1,242,633,633 1,242,633,633 1,242,633,633 1,242,633,633 1,242,633,633 1,243,633,633 1,243,633,633 1,243,633,633 1,243,633,633 1,243,633,633 1,243,633,633,633,633,633,633,633,633,633,6	FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES		5,926		5,956		5,306		(650)
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES									
OTHER REVENUES 18,393 19,023 19,340 317 TOTAL REVENUES 2,439,593 2,515,393 2,671,790 156,397 EXPENDITURES CURRENT: STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF T			, ,						,
TOTAL REVENUES 2,439,593 2,515,393 2,671,790 156,397 EXPENDITURES CURRENT: 36,249 36,241 36,244 36,249 36,241 36,241 36,241 36,241 36,241 36,241 36,241 36,			,		,		,		, , ,
EXPENDITURES CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT 240,446 181,523 145,274 36,249 90,24,979 952,312 893,489 58,823 90,24,979 952,312 893,489 58,823 90,24,979 952,312 893,489 58,823 90,24,979 90,2312 893,489 58,823 90,241,40 90,24,40 90,24,979 90,2312 893,489 58,823 90,241,40 90,24,40 90,2	OTHER REVENUES		18,393		19,023		19,340		317
CURRENT: 240,446 181,523 145,274 36,249 GENERAL GOVERNMENT 240,446 181,523 145,274 36,249 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES 3,359 2,803 2,768 35 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES 3,359 2,803 2,768 35 HEALTH AND SANITATION 31,177 413,066 256,517 156,549 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 1,108,491 1,117,659 1,063,052 54,807 EDUCATION 3,196 3,196 2,975 221 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES 13,507 14,239 13,180 1,059 DEBT SERVICE: 7,565 7,565 7,565 7 5 7 PRINCIPAL 7,565 7,565 7,565 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 6 7 6 6 7 6 8 7 0 2,921 6,875 6 6 7 6	TOTAL REVENUES		2,439,593		2,515,393		2,671,790		156,397
GENERAL GOVERNMENT 240,446 181,523 145,274 36,249 PUBLIC PROTECTION 924,979 952,312 893,489 58,823 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES 3,359 2,803 2,768 35 HEALTH AND SANITATION 391,177 413,066 256,517 156,549 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 1,108,491 1,117,859 1,063,052 54,807 EDUCATION 3,196 3,196 2,975 221 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES 13,507 14,239 13,180 1,059 DEBT SERVICE: 7,005 6,505 7,565	EXPENDITURES								
PUBLIC PROTECTION 924,979 952,312 893,489 58,823 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES 3,359 2,803 2,768 35 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 1,108,491 1,117,859 1,083,052 54,807 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 1,108,491 1,117,859 1,083,052 54,807 EDUCATION 3,196 3,196 2,975 221 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES 13,507 14,239 13,180 1,059 DEBT SERVICE: 7,565									
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES 3,359 2,803 2,768 35 HEALTH AND SANITATION 391,177 413,066 256,517 156,549 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 1,108,491 1,178,595 1,063,052 54,807 EDUCATION 3,196 3,196 2,975 221 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES 13,507 14,239 13,180 1,059 DEBT SERVICE: 19 10 1,108,491 1,178,595 1,565 2,975 221 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES 13,507 14,239 13,180 1,059 1,059 DEBT SERVICE: 17,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 1,565 1,052 1,059			-, -						,
HEALTH AND SANITATION 391,177 413,066 256,517 156,549 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 1,108,491 1,117,859 1,063,052 54,807 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 3,196 3,196 2,975 221 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES 13,507 14,239 13,180 1,059 DEBT SERVICE: 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 - PRINCIPAL 7,005 6,505 932 5,573 5,675 CAPITAL OUTLAY 30,767 36,092 29,217 6,875 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,730,492 2,735,160 2,414,969 320,191 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (290,899) (219,767) 256,821 476,588 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6) 38,203 38,204 30,130 (14,968) SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS 650 650 2,030 1,380 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) (199,100) (292,466) (272,929) 19,537			. ,				,		,
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 1,108,491 1,117,859 1,063,052 54,807 EDUCATION 3,196 3,196 2,975 221 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES 13,507 14,239 13,180 1,059 DEBT SERVICE: 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 - PRINCIPAL 7,005 6,505 932 5,73 5,75 5,75 5 - <td></td> <td></td> <td>-,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td>			-,				,		
EDUCATION RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES 3,196 3,196 2,975 221 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES 13,507 14,239 13,180 1,059 DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 - INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES 7,005 6,505 932 5,573 5,875 CAPITAL OUTLAY 30,767 36,092 29,217 6,875 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,730,492 2,735,160 2,414,969 320,191 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (290,899) (219,767) 256,821 476,588 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6) (237,953) (338,214) (305,089) 33,125 TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6) 38,203 45,098 30,130 (14,968) SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS 650 650 2,030 1,380 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) (199,100) (292,466) (272,929) 19,537 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (489,999) (512,			,						,
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES 13,507 14,239 13,180 1,059 DEBT SERVICE:			, ,						,
DEBT SERVICE: 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 932 5,573 5,675 7,565 7,565 7,565 932 5,573 5,675 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 7,565 6,875 7,565 6,875 7,565 6,875 7,565 6,875 6,875 7,565 6,875 7,565 6,875 7,565 6,875 7,565 6,875 7,565 6,875 7,565 6,875 7,565 6,875 7,565 6,875 7,565 6,875 7,565 6,875 2,014 9,014 9,014 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019 9,019			,				,		
PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES 7,565 7,565 7,565 932 5,573 CAPITAL OUTLAY 30,767 36,092 29,217 6,875 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,730,492 2,735,160 2,414,969 320,191 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (290,899) (219,767) 256,821 476,588 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6) (237,953) (338,214) (305,089) 33,125 TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6) 38,203 45,098 30,130 (14,968) SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS 650 650 2,030 1,380 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) (199,100) (292,466) (272,929) 19,537 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (489,999) (512,233) (16,108) 496,125 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 1,012,947 1,012,947 1,012,947 -			13,507		14,239		13,180		1,059
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES			7 565		7 565		7 565		_
CAPITAL OUTLAY 30,767 36,092 29,217 6,875 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,730,492 2,735,160 2,414,969 320,191 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (290,899) (219,767) 256,821 476,588 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6) (237,953) (338,214) (305,089) 33,125 TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6) 38,203 45,098 30,130 (14,968) SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS 650 650 2,030 1,380 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) (199,100) (292,466) (272,929) 19,537 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (489,999) (512,233) (16,108) 496,125 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 1,012,947 1,012,947 1,012,947 1,012,947 -									5 573
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 2,730,492 2,735,160 2,414,969 320,191 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (290,899) (219,767) 256,821 476,588 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6) (237,953) (338,214) (305,089) 33,125 TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6) 38,203 45,098 30,130 (14,968) SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS 650 650 2,030 1,380 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) (199,100) (292,466) (272,929) 19,537 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (489,999) (512,233) (16,108) 496,125 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 1,012,947 1,012,947 1,012,947 1,012,947 -					,				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (290,899) (219,767) 256,821 476,588 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6) (237,953) (338,214) (305,089) (33,125 TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6) (38,203 (45,098 (303,030) (14,968) (45,098 (45,098 (45,098 (45,098 (45,098 (45,098 (46,098) (512,233) (16,108) (19,100) (19,100) (19,100) (19,100) (10,100) (,		,				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6) (237,953) (338,214) (305,089) 33,125 TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6) 38,203 45,098 30,130 (14,968) SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS 650 650 2,030 1,380 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) (199,100) (292,466) (272,929) 19,537 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (489,999) (512,233) (16,108) 496,125 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 1,012,947 1,012,947 1,012,947 -	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,730,492		2,735,160		2,414,969		320,191
TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6) (237,953) (338,214) (305,089) 33,125 TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6) 38,203 45,098 30,130 (14,968) SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS 650 650 2,030 1,380 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) (199,100) (292,466) (272,929) 19,537 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (489,999) (512,233) (16,108) 496,125 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 1,012,947 1,012,947 1,012,947 -	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(290,899)		(219,767)		256,821		476,588
TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6) (237,953) (338,214) (305,089) 33,125 TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6) 38,203 45,098 30,130 (14,968) SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS 650 650 2,030 1,380 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) (199,100) (292,466) (272,929) 19,537 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (489,999) (512,233) (16,108) 496,125 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 1,012,947 1,012,947 1,012,947 -	OTHER FINANCING SOLIRCES (USES)								
TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6) 38,203 45,098 30,130 (14,968) SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS 650 650 2,030 1,380 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) (199,100) (292,466) (272,929) 19,537 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (489,999) (512,233) (16,108) 496,125 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 1,012,947 1,012,947 1,012,947 -			(237 953)		(338 214)		(305 089)		33 125
SALE OF CAPITÀL ASSETS 650 650 2,030 1,380 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES) (199,100) (292,466) (272,929) 19,537 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (489,999) (512,233) (16,108) 496,125 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 1,012,947 1,012,947 1,012,947 -									,
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (489,999) (512,233) (16,108) 496,125 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 1,012,947 1,012,947 1,012,947 -	,		,		,				
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 1,012,947 1,012,947 -	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)		(199,100)		(292,466)		(272,929)		19,537
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(489,999)		(512,233)		(16,108)		496,125
FUND BALANCES, ENDING \$ 522,948 \$ 500,714 \$ 996,839 \$ 496,125	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,012,947		1,012,947		1,012,947		
	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	522,948	\$	500,714	\$	996,839	\$	496,125

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -

	В	USINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIE	S -
		ENTERPRISE FUNDS	
	MEDICAL CENTER 6/30/2017	WASTE SYSTEMS DIVISION 6/30/2017	HOUSING AUTHORITY 9/30/2016
			0.00.2010
ASSETS CHIRDENIT ASSETS:			
CURRENT ASSETS: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTE 4)	\$ 239,707	\$ 119,522	\$ 25,892
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET (NOTE 5)	φ 235,767 35,693	10,308	1,723
INTEREST RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	292	-	13
LOANS RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	-	-	190
OTHER RECEIVABLES, NET (NOTE 5)	4,701	1,234	-
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS (NOTE 6)	2,300	153	-
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS (NOTE 5)	60,209	1,750	413
INVENTORIES	2,368	-	395
PREPAID ITEMS	3,498	111	1,020
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTES 4 & 7)	19,021	61,324	11,367
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	367,789	194,402	41,013
MONOUPPENT ACCETS.			
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			E 001
LOANS RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5) OTHER RECEIVABLES (NOTE 5)	-	24,200	5,891 3,863
PREPAID ITEMS		141	3,262
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (NOTES 4 & 7)	29,681	171	5,202
CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:	20,00.		
LAND (NOTE 8)	_	17,736	11,199
LAND USE RIGHTS (NOTE 8)	_	93	-
DEVELOPMENT IN PROGRESS (NOTE 8)	1,760	5,972	472
CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:			
LAND USE RIGHTS (NOTE 8)	-	105	-
STRUCTURE, IMPROVEMENTS, AND INFRASTRUCTURE (NOTE 8)	574,042	176,758	190,054
EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE (NOTE 8)	176,534	1,075	3,029
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION (NOTE 8)	(392,779)	(117,975)	(99,019)
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	389,238	108,105	118,751
TOTAL ASSETS	757,027	302,507	159,764
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTES 9 & 19)	117,541	3,382	2,506
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			,,,,,
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND CURRENT LIABILITIES	32,775	5,407	2,971
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	15,491	548	-
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS (NOTE 6)	239	191	-
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		3,689	-
INTEREST PAYABLE	8,253	-	3,641
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS (NOTE 10)	-	1,257	1,756
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	12,205	522	64
TERMINATION BENEFITS PAYABLE (NOTE 11) BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	15 23,630	-	703
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (NOTES 11 & 12)	1,679		703
OTHER LONG TERM LIABILITIES, DUE IN ONE YEAR (NOTE 11)	57,015		
POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS (NOTE 11)	57,013	4,569	_
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR CLOSURES/POST-CLOSURE CARE		4,000	
COSTS (NOTES 11 & 13)	_	1,823	-
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	151,302	18,006	9,135
TO THE OUT THE PROPERTY OF THE			
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:			
INTERFUND PAYABLE (NOTE 6)	-	-	15,510
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	6,938	486	778
BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	357,152	-	30,188
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (NOTES 11 & 12)	2,283	-	-
OTHER LONG TERM LIABILITIES (NOTE 11)	4,484	-	589
POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS (NOTE 11)	-	60,446	-
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR CLOSURE/POST-CLOSURE CARE		0.4.5.4.0	
COSTS (NOTES 11 & 13)	-	94,546	-
NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OBLIGATION FOR HOUSING AUTHORITY (NOTE 20)			2 027
` ,	203,926	6,946	3,837 20,024
NET PENSION LIABILITY (NOTE 19)			
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	574,783	162,424	70,926
TOTAL LIABILITIES	726,085	180,430	80,061
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTES 16 & 19)	37,653	1,678	463
NET DOCITION			
NET POSITION	/E 000\	00.704	74.044
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	(5,668)	83,764	74,844
RESTRICTED FOR: DEBT SERVICE	40,741		
LANDFILL CLOSURE COSTS	40,741	30,161	-
HOUSING PROGRAMS	-	-	10,081
UNRESTRICTED	75,757	9,856	(3,179)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 110,830	\$ 123,781	\$ 81,746
TO MENET FOOTION	Ψ 110,030	ψ 123,701	Ψ 01,740

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)	BUSINESS- TYP	E ACTIVITIES -	GOVERNMENTAL
	ENTERPRIS	SE FUNDS	ACTIVITIES
	TOTAL NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS 6/30/2017	TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS 6/30/2017
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTE 4)	\$ 41,759	\$ 426,880	\$ 338,978
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET (NOTE 5) TAXES RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	1,782 146	49,506 146	3,362
INTEREST RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	-	305	-
LOANS RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	-	190	-
OTHER RECEIVABLES, NET (NOTE 5)	183	6,118	8
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS (NOTE 6)	52	2,505	4,019
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS (NOTE 5) INVENTORIES	34	62,372 2,797	1,245 4,163
PREPAID ITEMS	-	4,629	5,300
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTES 4 & 7)	-	91,712	-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	43,956	647,160	357,075
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			
LOANS RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	-	5,891	-
OTHER RECEIVABLES (NOTE 5)	-	28,063	-
PREPAID ITEMS	-	3,403	-
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (NOTES 4 & 7) CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:	-	29,681	-
LAND (NOTE 8)	3,861	32,796	894
LAND USE RIGHTS (NOTE 8)	258	351	-
DEVELOPMENT IN PROGRESS (NOTE 8)	5,601	13,805	4,975
CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:			
LAND USE RIGHTS (NOTE 8) STRUCTURE, IMPROVEMENTS, AND INFRASTRUCTURE (NOTE 8)	1,004 87,112	1,109 1,027,966	14.843
EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE (NOTE 8)	1,452	182,090	121,575
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION (NOTE 8)	(45,288)	(655,061)	(89,887)
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	54,000	670,094	52,400
TOTAL ASSETS	97,956	1 217 254	409,475
TOTAL ASSETS	97,950	1,317,254	409,475
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTES 9 & 19)		123,429	27,773
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND CURRENT LIABILITIES	570	41,723	7,160
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE DUE TO OTHER FUNDS (NOTE 6)	1 133	16,040 563	2,835 2,079
DUE TO OTHER FONDS (NOTE 0) DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS	211	3,900	2,079
INTEREST PAYABLE	56	11,950	-
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS (NOTE 10)	19	3,032	9,289
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	-	12,791	3,597
TERMINATION BENEFITS PAYABLE (NOTE 11) BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	306	15 24,639	-
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (NOTES 11 & 12)	-	1,679	-
OTHER LONG TERM LIABILITIES, DUE IN ONE YEAR (NOTE 11)	-	57,015	-
POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS (NOTE 11)	-	4,569	-
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR CLOSURES/POST-CLOSURE CARE COSTS (NOTES 11 & 13)		1,823	
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED	_	1,025	_
CLAIMS (NOTES 11 & 14)	-	-	53,772
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,296	179,739	78,739
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES: INTERFUND PAYABLE (NOTE 6)	461	15,971	
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	401	8,202	4,060
BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	1,476	388,816	-
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (NOTES 11 & 12)	-	2,283	-
OTHER LONG TERM LIABILITIES (NOTE 11) POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS (NOTE 11)	-	5,073 60,446	-
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR CLOSURE/POST-CLOSURE CARE	-	00,440	-
COSTS (NOTES 11 & 13)	-	94,546	-
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED			
CLAIMS (NOTES 11 & 14)	-	-	192,723
NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OBLIGATION FOR HOUSING AUTHORITY (NOTE 20)	_	3,837	_
NET PENSION LIABILITY (NOTE 19)	-	230,896	45,670
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	1,937	810,070	242,453
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,233	989,809	321,192
	3,233		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTES 16 & 19)		39,794	10,647
NET POSITION	50.015	005.455	50 465
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	52,218	205,158	52,400
RESTRICTED FOR: DEBT SERVICE	_	40,741	_
LANDFILL CLOSURE COSTS	-	30,161	-
HOUSING PROGRAMS	-	10,081	-
UNRESTRICTED	42,505	124,939	53,009
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 94,723	\$ 411,080	\$ 105,409

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	ENTERFRISE FUNDS					
	MEDICAL CENTER 6/30/2017		WASTE SYSTEM DIVISION 6/30/2017		HOUSING AUTHORITY 9/30/2016	
OPERATING REVENUES:						
NET PATIENT CARE AND SERVICE	\$	473,065	\$	-	\$	-
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES		-		66,950		17,354
OTHER		10,287		10,721		96,883
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		483,352		77,671		114,237
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES		52,762		32,169		-
SALARIES AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		253,740		7,033		14,737
SERVICES AND SUPPLIES		176,156		20,757		90,388
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION		23,805		2,116		5,966
OTHER		6,401				1,567
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		512,864		62,075		112,658
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(29,512)		15,596		1,579
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
INTEREST REVENUE		(51)		855		256
INTEREST EXPENSE		(22,651)		-		(2,064)
GRANT REVENUE		95,188		78		-
GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		-		-		329
OTHER NONOPERATING REVENUES		184		7,970		640
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		72,670		8,903		(839)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		43,158		24,499		740
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		18,826		_		462
TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6)		(10,148)		(2,153)		-
TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6)		16,913		100		100
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		68,749		22,446		1,302
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING		42,081		101,335		80,444
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	110,830	\$	123,781	\$	81,746

The notes to the basic financial statement are an integral part of the statement.

	BUSINESS-T ENTERF	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
	TOTAL NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS 6/30/2017	TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS 6/30/2017	
OPERATING REVENUES: NET PATIENT CARE AND SERVICE CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER	\$ 12,862 	\$ 473,065 97,166 117,891	\$ - 219,064 	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	12,862	688,122	219,064	
OPERATING EXPENSES: PROFESSIONAL SERVICES SALARIES AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS SELF-INSURED CLAIMS SERVICES AND SUPPLIES DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION OTHER	2,744 6,074 - 4,166 2,938 597	281,584	31,206 50,172 71,655 58,453 12,363 1,025	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	16,519	704,116	224,874	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(3,657) (15,994)	(5,810)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): INTEREST REVENUE INTEREST EXPENSE TAX REVENUE GRANT REVENUE GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS OTHER NONOPERATING REVENUES OTHER NONOPERATING EXPENSES	203 (235 3,105 34 (4 1,338 (34) (24,950) 3,105 95,300) 325 10,132	1,838 (8) - 66 1,430 6,048	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	4,407	85,141	9,374	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	750	69,147	3,564	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6) TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6) CHANGE IN NET POSITION	28 (104 72 746	(12,405)	(2,260) 890 2,194	
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING	93,977	317,837	103,215	
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 94,723		\$ 105,409	
		= =====================================		

The notes to the basic financial statement are an integral part of the statement.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

		ENTERPRISE FUNDS			
	CAL CENTER /30/2017	D	E SYSTEMS IVISION 30/2017	Αl	OUSING JTHORITY J/30/2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	 				
CASH RECEIVED FROM PATIENT CARE AND SERVICES CASH RECEIVED FROM OPERATING GRANT FOR HOUSING CASH PAYMENTS FOR HOUSING ASSISTANCE	\$ 472,248 - -	\$	80,955 - -	\$	19,866 95,424 (76,762)
CASH PAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS OF GOODS AND SERVICES CASH PAYMENTS TO EMPLOYEES FOR SERVICES	(202,445) (256,512)		(48,271) (7,187)		(15,674) (10,694)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 13,291		25,497		12,160
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
GRANTS RECEIVED TRANSFERS RECEIVED	118,545 16,913		78 100		100
TRANSFERS PAID	 (10,148)		(2,153)		-
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 125,310		(1,975)		100
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF CAPITAL ASSETS CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	(4,727) 18,826		(3,038)		(2,246) 462
PRINCIPAL PAID ON CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS	(2,319)		-		402
PRINCIPAL PAID ON BONDS AND NOTES	(22,154)		-		(883)
INTEREST PAID ON BONDS AND NOTES PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	 (20,828)		<u> </u>		(1,706) 927
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 (31,202)		(3,038)		(3,446)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	(51)		855		248
INVESTMENTS ACTIVITY, NET	 8,612		-		(6,217)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	 8,561		855	-	(5,969)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	115,960		21,339		2,845
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 172,449		159,507		34,414
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	 288,409	\$	180,846	\$	37,259
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (29,512)	\$	15,596	\$	1,579
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE) RELATED TO OPERATING ACTIVITIES	23,805		2,116 7,970		5,966 640
CHANGES IN ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS:					
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS	(16,119) 11,374		(908) 3,115		1,489
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS	(26,543)		(347)		92
OTHER RECEIVABLES	18,650		1,109		(1,551)
INVENTORIES PREPAID ITEMS	50 (1,234)		- 119		(83) (1,288)
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES	34,229		98		890
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	524		103		-
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	(171)		(335)		-
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS ADVANCES FROM OTHERS	-		715 315		383
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE	1,366		17		65
OTHER NON-CASH ITEMS	 (3,128)		(4,186)		3,978
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 13,291	\$	25,497	\$	12,160
NONCASH CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
LEASE PURCHASE OF CAPITAL ASSETS DECREASE IN INTERFUND PAYABLE - PRINCIPAL FORGIVEN BY LENDER (ECD)	\$ 2,089	\$	-	\$	- (740)
	BREAKING	OWN OF CAS	H AND CASH EQ	UIVAI FNT	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS	\$ 239,707 48,702	\$	119,522 61,324	\$	25,892 11,367
TOTAL	\$ 288,409	\$	180,846	\$	37,259

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

TEAN ENDED GONE GO, 2017 (IN THIS GEARDS)	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS			GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
	ENTERP	NONMAJOR RISE FUNDS 60/2017	EN	TOTAL TERPRISE FUNDS	INTER	NAL SERVICE FUNDS 6/30/2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: CASH RECEIVED FROM PATIENT CARE AND SERVICES CASH RECEIVED FROM OPERATING GRANT FOR HOUSING CASH PAYMENTS FOR HOUSING ASSISTANCE CASH RECEIVED FROM OTHER FUNDS FOR INTERNAL SERVICES CASH PAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS OF GOODS AND SERVICES	\$	14,628	\$	587,697 95,424 (76,762) - (273,924)	\$	230,092
CASH PAYMENTS TO EMPLOYEES FOR SERVICES		(7,534) (6,074)		(280,467)		(171,397) (49,595)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		1,020		51,968		9,100
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: TAXES RECEIVED GRANTS RECEIVED INTERFUND LOAN REPAYMENT INTEREST PAID ON INTERFUND LOAN INTERFUND LOAN ADVANCED TRANSFERS RECEIVED		3,155 34 - - - 72		3,155 118,657 - - - 17,185		66 (894) (8) 894 890
TRANSFERS PAID		(147)		(12,448)		(2,260)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		3,114		126,549		(1,312)
ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF CAPITAL ASSETS CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS PRINCIPAL PAID ON CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS PRINCIPAL PAID ON BONDS AND NOTES INTEREST PAID ON BONDS AND NOTES PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		(2,565) 28 - (244) (234)		(12,576) 19,316 (2,319) (23,281) (22,768) 927		(17,138) - - - - 416
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(3,015)		(40,701)		(16,722)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		203		1,255		1,838
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		203		3,650		1,838
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,322		141,466		(7,096)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		40,437		406,807		346,074
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	41,759	\$	548,273	\$	338,978
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	\$	(3,657)	\$	(15,994)	\$	(5,810)
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE) RELATED TO OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2,938 1,304		34,825 9,914		12,363 7,058
CHANGES IN ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		448		(15,090) 14,489		(3,285) (1,632)
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS OTHER RECEIVABLES		13 -		(26,785) 18,208		(138) 29
INVENTORIES PREPAID ITEMS ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		2 - (135) - -		(31) (2,403) 35,082 627 (506)		(286) (3,740) (14,382) 226
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS ADVANCES FROM OTHERS COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED CLAIMS OTHER NON-CASH ITEMS		106 1 - -		821 699 1,448 - (3,336)		7 9,019 385 9,800 (514)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	1,020	\$	51,968	\$	9,100
NONCASH CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		· ·		·		
LEASE PURCHASE OF CAPITAL ASSETS DECREASE IN INTERFUND PAYABLE - PRINCIPAL FORGIVEN BY LENDER (ECD)	\$	-	\$	2,089 (740)	\$	-
		BREAKDO	WN OF CAS	SH AND CASH EQ	UIVALENTS	<u> </u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS	\$	41,759 -	\$	426,880 121,393	\$	338,978
TOTAL	\$	41,759	\$	548,273	\$	338,978

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

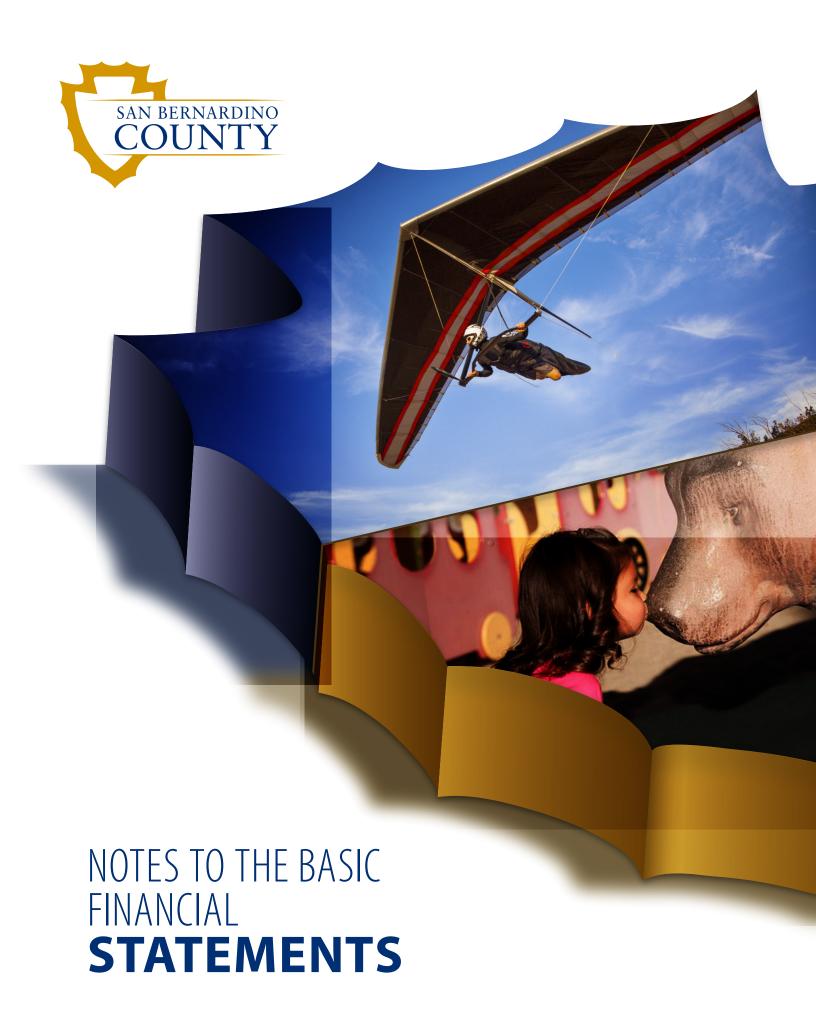
	INVESTMENT TRUST FUND		PRIVATE- PURPOSE TRUST FUND		AGENCY	
ASSETS	_					
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTE 4)	\$	3,404,527	\$	3,489	\$	600,359
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET		-		-		18,172
TAXES RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		-		-		153,656
LAND HELD FOR RESALE		-		- 15,555		16,359
PREPAID ITEMS		-		609		-
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		_		7,515		_
EQUIPMENT		_		16		_
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION EQUIPMENT		_		(16)		_
TOTAL ASSETS		3,404,527		27,168	\$	788,546
LIABILITIES:						
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		<u>-</u>		89	\$	788,546
INTEREST PAYABLE		-		1,476	,	-
BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE				,		
DUE IN ONE YEAR		-		1,982		-
DUE AFTER ONE YEAR		-		80,068		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		83,615	\$	788,546
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		709		
		_				
NET POSITION						
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) HELD IN TRUST	\$	3,404,527	\$	(57,156)		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	INVESTMENT TRUST FUND	PRIVATE- PURPOSE TRUST FUND		
ADDITIONS:				
CONTRIBUTIONS:				
CONTRIBUTIONS ON POOLED INVESTMENTS	\$ 11,188,809	\$ -		
REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PROPERTY TAX TRUST FUND	-	8,502		
OTHER REVENUES	-	242		
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	11,188,809	8,744		
INTEREST AND INVESTMENT REVENUE:				
NET DECREASE IN FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS	(10,034)	-		
INTEREST INCOME ON CASH AND SECURITIES	22,969	29		
TOTAL INTEREST AND INVESTMENT REVENUES	12,935	29		
TOTAL ADDITIONS	11,201,744	8,773		
DEDUCTIONS:				
DISTRIBUTION FROM POOLED INVESTMENTS	10,887,701	-		
DISTRIBUTION AND OBLIGATION RETIREMENTS	-	12,231		
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		137		
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	10,887,701	12,368		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	314,043	(3,595)		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) HELD IN TRUST, BEGINNING	3,090,484	(53,561)		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) HELD IN TRUST, ENDING	\$ 3,404,527	\$ (57,156)		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.





(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The County of San Bernardino (County), which was established by an act of the State Legislature on April 26, 1853, is a legal subdivision of the State of California charged with governmental powers. The County's powers are exercised through a five-member Board of Supervisors (Board) which, as the governing body of the County, is responsible for the legislative and executive control of the County. As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County (the primary government) and its component units.

Blended Component Units

Because of their relationship with the County and the nature of their operations, blended component units are, in substance, part of the County's operations and, accordingly, the activities of these component units are combined, or blended, with the activities of the County for purposes of reporting in the accompanying basic financial statements. The basis for blending the component units is that their governing bodies are substantially the same as the County's Board and their operational or financial relationships with the County.

While each of these component units is legally separate from the County, the County has financial benefit or burden and/or fiscal dependence for these entities, and potential exclusion would result in misleading financial reporting of the County. Financial accountability is demonstrated by the County's Board acting as the governing board for each of the component units.

The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity:

- Fire Protection District Established per Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) Resolution 2986/2989 (adopted on January 16, 2008), effective July 1, 2008. Services provided include fire management, ambulance billing, fire prevention, hazardous materials, household hazardous waste, and the Office of Emergency Services. The district is included in the reporting entity because it has the same governing board and management as the County.
- Flood Control District Established under Chapter 73 of the 1939 Statutes for the State of California.
 The District maintains and constructs flood control channels, basins, storm drains and dams in six
 geographical zones within the County. The District is included in the reporting entity because it has
 the same governing board and management as the County.
- Park and Recreation Districts Responsible for the operation and maintenance of parks and improvement zones located throughout the County. The Districts are included in the reporting entity because they have the same governing board and management as the County.
- County Service Areas Established to provide specific services to distinct geographical areas within
 the County. Services include, but are not limited to, management and maintenance of streetlights,
 roads, sanitation collection systems and water distribution systems. The County Service Areas are
 included in the reporting entity because they have the same governing board and management as
 the County.
- Various Joint Powers Authorities (JPAs) Includes In Home Support Services (IHSS), Inland Counties
 Emergency Medical Agency (ICEMA), and San Bernardino County Industrial Development Authority
 (COIDA). With the exception of ICEMA, separate financial statements are not available for these
 JPAs. The JPAs are included in the reporting entity because they have the same governing board
 and management as the County.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Inland Empire Public Facilities Corporation (IEPFC) A nonprofit public benefit corporation, formed on May 30, 1986, to serve the County by financing, refinancing, acquiring, constructing, improving, leasing and selling buildings, building improvements, equipment, land, land improvements, and any other real or personal property for the benefit of residents of the County. The Corporation is included in the reporting entity because it has the same governing board as the County, and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship with the County.
- San Bernardino County Financing Authority (SBCFA) Created pursuant to a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement dated May 16, 1966 as amended on July 1, 1982, and May 1, 1983, as amended and restated on March 27, 1989, and as amended on February 15, 1994. SBCFA provides financing for public capital improvements for the County, to acquire such public capital improvements, and to purchase certain underlying obligations issued by or on behalf of the County. The Authority is included in the reporting entity because it has the same governing board as the County, and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship with the County.
- Housing Authority of the County of San Bernardino (HACSB) a public agency established in 1941, whose primary goal is to provide decent housing in a suitable living environment for families that cannot afford standard private housing such as economically disadvantaged or elderly individuals. It accomplishes this goal through various federal, state and other funded programs. The HACSB is included in the reporting entity because they have the same governing board and management as the County. The Authority has a September 30th year-end and the information incorporated into the County's financial statements is from September 30, 2016. Since it was determined that a common fiscal year-end is impractical, the County incorporates financial statements for the HACSB's fiscal year ending during the County's fiscal year in accordance with GASB 14, Financial Reporting Entity.

Additional detailed financial information, including separately issued financial statements (except as noted above) of the County's component units, can be obtained from the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector's Office at 268 W. Hospitality Lane, San Bernardino, CA 92415-0018.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

FIRST 5 San Bernardino, formerly known as the Children and Families First Commission, was formed in 1998 under the California Health and Safety Code - Section 130100, Chapter 29 of Title 1 of the San Bernardino County Code, and the California Children and Families First Act of 1998. The Commission was created for the purpose of promoting, supporting and improving the early development of children from the prenatal stage to five years of age and is funded by allocations of California Proposition 10 Tobacco Tax. FIRST 5 is a discretely presented component unit because its governing body is not substantially the same as the County's governing body, it does not provide services entirely or exclusively to the County, and the County has the ability to impose its will by appointing all of the Commissioners who serve at the pleasure of the San Bernardino County Board of Supervisors.

Additional detailed financial information, including separately issued financial statements can be obtained from First 5 San Bernardino's Office at 735 E. Carnegie Drive, Suite 150, San Bernardino, CA 92408.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The basic financial statements consist of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the basic financial statements.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the primary government, the County, and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and inter-governmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expenses of the appropriate functions. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipient for goods or services offered by the program and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund group classification – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in separate columns. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the County that are not accounted for through other funds. For the County, the General Fund includes such activities as General Government, Public Protection, Public Ways and Facilities, Health and Sanitation, Public Assistance, Education, and Recreation and Cultural Services.
- The Capital Improvement Fund accounts for construction, rehabilitation, and repair projects for numerous facilities and structures administered by the Project Management Division. The fund is primarily financed by transfers from the general fund.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

County Medical Center accounts for the operation of Arrowhead Regional Medical Center inpatient and
outpatient care operations, including emergency room services and indigent care to County residents.
The fund is financed primarily by patient care services. Separately issued financial statements for the
County Medical Center can be obtained from the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector's Office at
268 W. Hospitality Lane, San Bernardino, CA 92415-0018.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Waste Systems Division accounts for refuse disposal services provided to the public by five landfill sites.
 The waste disposal program is financed by funds derived from gate fees at the San Bernardino Valley landfill sites and from land use fees charged to property owners in both the mountain and desert areas.
- HACSB accounts for the activities of the Authority, a blended component unit of the County. HACSB provides various types of housing assistance to low and moderate income residents of San Bernardino County. HACSB's fiscal year-end was September 30, 2016.

The County reports the following additional fund types in the fund financial statements:

- Internal Service Funds account for central services group that provides services to other departments or
 agencies of the County on a cost reimbursement basis. Central services group includes printing services,
 surplus property, central mail, telecommunication services, computer operations, fleet management, risk
 management, and flood control equipment operations.
- The *Investment Trust Fund* accounts for the pooled investments of numerous self-governed school and special districts for which cash and investments are held by the County Treasurer. The financial reporting for these governmental entities, which are independent of the County, is limited to the total amount of cash and investments and other assets, and the related fiduciary responsibility of the County for disbursements of these assets. Activities of the school districts and special districts are administered by their own separate elected boards and are independent of the County Board of Supervisors. The County Auditor-Controller makes disbursements upon the request of the responsible school and self-governed district officers. The County Board of Supervisors has no effective authority to govern, manage, approve budgets, assume financial responsibility, establish revenue limits, or to appropriate surplus funds available in these entities. Therefore, these entities are fiscally independent of the County.
- The Private Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the San Bernardino Redevelopment Successor Agency (Successor Agency) which operates under the auspices of a legislatively formed Oversight Board comprised of representatives of the local agencies that serve the redevelopment project area. The Oversight Board, in its fiduciary capacity, has authority over the operations and the timely dissolution of the former Redevelopment Agency (RDA). It is tasked with fulfilling the obligations of the former RDA, and is also responsible for revenue collection, maintaining necessary bond reserves and disposing of excess property. The Successor Agency issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Successor Agency, 385 North Arrowhead Ave, 3rd Floor, San Bernardino, CA 92415-0043.
- The *Agency Funds* are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds primarily account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity pending transfer or distribution to individuals, private organizations, other governmental agencies, or other funds.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary funds financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and sales taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable, earned, spendable and available. In the fund financial statements, property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which they are levied, provided they are due and collected within sixty days after fiscal year-end. Property taxes are recorded as deferred inflows of resources when not received within sixty days after fiscal year-end. In the government-wide financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue when levied regardless of when the cash is collected. Sales taxes, interest, and charges for services are accrued when their receipt occurs within sixty days after the end of the accounting period, and recognized as revenue.

The County considers items available if received within 9 months of year end, for voluntary non-exchange transactions such as federal and state grants and government-mandated non-exchange transactions. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County reports items as deferred inflows of resources when all eligibility requirements are met except for timing requirements or resources recognized as assets that do not meet the availability criterion for recognition as revenue in governmental funds.

Proprietary funds are used to account for business-type activities, which are financed mainly by fees and charges to users of the services provided by the funds' operations. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds include all Trust and Agency Funds, which account for assets held in a trustee or an agency capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the County considers all pooled investments and other highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

(b) Investments

The County's pooled investments are governed by the California Government Code (CGC) and the County's Investment Policy. These approved investments include U.S. Government Treasury and Agency securities, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, CD's, medium term notes, mutual funds, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements as authorized by the CGC Sections 53601, 53635 and 53638 that limit the investments to certain maximum percentages by investment type in the pool.

The County's pooled investments and securities are reported at fair value. The County intends to either hold investments until maturity or until market values equal or exceed cost. The value of the various investments will fluctuate on a daily basis as a result of a multitude of factors, including generally prevailing interest rates and other economic conditions. Certain money market investments and investment contracts are recorded at cost.

The County categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

(c) Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale are assets acquired and held with the intent of sale, and are recorded at the lower of cost or market, until such time as there is an event which would indicate an agreed-upon sales price. It is not the intent of the County to hold these assets for gain or profit.

(d) Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories, which consist principally of materials and supplies held for consumption, are valued at cost (first-in, first-out basis) for governmental fund types and at an amount which approximates the lower of average cost or market for proprietary fund types. Inventories of the governmental and business-type activities are accounted for as expenses when the inventory items are consumed. In the governmental fund financial statements, reported inventories are offset with nonspendable fund balance because these amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items and accounted for as expenses when consumed rather than purchased in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(e) Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflows of resources has a positive effect on net position, similar to assets, and a deferred inflows of resources has a negative effect on net position, similar to liabilities. The County has certain items, which qualify for reporting as deferred outflows of resources (Note 9 and Note 19) and deferred inflows of resources (Note 16 and Note 19).

(f) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, structures and improvements, equipment, software, land use rights including easement/right-of-way, and infrastructure assets (roadways, bridges, roadway signage, guardrails, drainage systems, traffic lights, dams, and flood control), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. These capital assets have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or developed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value (an entry price) at the date of donation.

The capitalization threshold for the County is \$5,000 (amount not rounded) except for the following assets:

- Structures and Infrastructure: \$100,000 (amount not rounded)
- Internally generated software: \$100,000 (amount not rounded)
- Easements/right-of-way: \$10,000 (amount not rounded)

Structures and improvements, equipment, software and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Infrastructure
 Structures and improvements
 Equipment and software
 10 to 100 years
 Up to 45 years
 5 to 15 years

Certain intangible assets with contractual, legal, regulatory, or any other factors, which limit the useful lives of those assets, are amortized in accordance with such factors or provisions.

(g) Employee Compensated Absences

Compensated employee absences (vacation, compensatory time off, annual leave, perfect attendance leave, and sick leave) are accrued as an expense and liability in the proprietary funds when incurred. In the governmental funds, only those amounts that are due and payable at year-end are accrued. Compensated employee absences that exceed this amount represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

(h) Termination Benefits

The County offered monetary incentives to hasten employee voluntary termination of services. Termination benefits are different in nature than salaries and benefits, including post employment benefits. Accordingly, a liability for termination benefits is accrued and presented separately from the salaries and benefits (Note 11).

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Pollution Remediation Obligations

The County estimates pollution remediation outlays to remediate the effects of a pollution event in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those outlays include remedial investigation, site assessment, corrective measures feasibility studies, remediation work, equipment and monitoring of the polluted site (Note 11).

(j) Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized in the period issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

(k) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan administered by the San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA) and the Housing Authority's agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SBCERA and CalPERS. For this purpose, employer and employee contributions are recognized in the period the related salaries are earned and become measurable pursuant to formal commitments, statutory or contractual requirement, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms, and investments are reported at fair value.

(I) Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "Due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "Interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Interfund receivables, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by the corresponding fund balance classification to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/ expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

(m) Net Position/Fund Balances

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, and capital-related deferred outflows of resources into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation, capital-related deferred inflows of resources, and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets as well as any premium or discount paid on debt reduce the balance in this category.
- Restricted Net Position

 This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulation of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Examples of restricted net position include federal and state grants that are restricted by grant agreements for specific purposes and restricted cash set aside for debt service payments.
- Unrestricted Net Position This category represents the net position, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

At June 30, 2017, the County reported restricted net position of \$1,046,820 in the Governmental Activities restricted for the following purposes:

Restricted for:	 Amount
Grants and Other County Programs:	 _
State Realignment Funds	\$ 419,555
Teeter Plan	14,204
Other Grants and Programs	611,349
Perpetual Care - Nonexpendable	 1,712
	\$ 1,046,820

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as (1) Nonspendable Fund Balance, (2) Restricted Fund Balance, (3) Committed Fund Balance, (4) Assigned Fund Balance, and (5) Unassigned Fund Balance. These components of fund balance are reported primarily to indicate the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraint on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent (Note 17).

- Nonspendable Fund Balance: Amounts cannot be spent because they are: (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Due to the nature or form of the resources, they generally cannot be expected to be converted into cash or a spendable form.
- Restricted Fund Balance: Amounts are restricted by external parties, i.e., creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws/regulations of other governments or restricted by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- 3) Committed Fund Balance: Amounts can only be used for a specific purpose pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the Board of Supervisors). The formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, however, the amount may be determined in the subsequent period. These are self-imposed limitations on available resources. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same level of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. These committed amounts would be approved and adopted by formal action of the Board.
- 4) Assigned Fund Balance: Amounts are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The intent will be expressed by the body or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority, i.e. the County Administrative Office. The County Administrative Office will assign fund balance for specific departmental projects through the use of the respective department's general fund savings.
- 5) Unassigned Fund Balance: The General Fund, as the principal operating fund, often has net resources in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the four categories already described. Therefore, in order to calculate unassigned fund balance, total fund balance less nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned equals unassigned fund balance. This amount is available for any purpose and will be placed in either the General Purpose Reserve, General Fund Mandatory Contingencies or the General Fund Uncertainties Contingencies until allocated for a specific purpose by the Board, by a four-fifths vote. Negative equity in all other governmental funds is reflected as unassigned.

The County Board of Supervisors establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. The County also uses budget and finance policy to authorize the assignment of fund balance, which is done through adoption of the budget and subsequent budget amendments throughout the year.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then followed by unrestricted resources; committed, assigned and unassigned, as they are needed.

(n) Fund Balance Policy

The objective of the County's fund balance and reserve policy is to ensure the County of San Bernardino maintains a minimum level of unassigned fund balance designated as general purpose reserve to meet seasonal cash flow shortfalls, revenue shortfalls, unanticipated expenditures, economic downturns or effects of local disasters. The policy also addresses the circumstances under which unassigned fund balance can be "spent down" and how the unassigned fund balance will be replenished if it falls below the established minimum.

General Purpose Reserve and Mandatory Contingencies Reserve

The County has established an unassigned fund balance designated as General Purpose Reserve for the general fund targeted at 20% of locally funded appropriations based on the adopted budget. Locally funded appropriations are those funded by countywide discretionary revenues such as unrestricted property tax, sales tax, interest income, and other revenues not linked to specific programs and those funded by ongoing operating transfers in.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The unassigned fund balance designated as General Purpose Reserve is built up with one-time sources until the established target is achieved. In the event the locally funded appropriations decline from the previous fiscal year, the General Purpose Reserve shall have no downward adjustments. Increases to the General Purpose Reserve generally are only made once at the beginning of the fiscal year.

The County also maintains a Mandatory Contingencies Reserve set at a minimum of 1.5% of locally funded appropriations based on adopted budget. The amount needed to fund the Mandatory Contingencies Reserve for the succeeding fiscal year will be categorized as unassigned fund balance. In the event the locally funded appropriation declines from the previous fiscal year, the Mandatory Contingencies shall have no downward adjustments. Increases to the Mandatory Contingencies generally are only made once at the beginning of the fiscal year.

The remaining unassigned fund balance amount not allocated to the General Purpose Reserve or Mandatory Contingencies will be included in Uncertainties Contingencies Reserve.

Fund Balance Spend Down and Replenishment Procedure

Use of unassigned fund balance will be limited to nonrecurring expenditures, debt reduction, one-time capital costs or emergency situations (such as economic conditions or natural disasters). The County generally will use the Uncertainties Contingencies Reserve first, then the Mandatory Contingencies and finally the General Purpose Reserve allocation when using the unassigned fund balance.

The County recognizes that unforeseen events may cause the use of unassigned fund balance which will result in it falling below the established minimum. However, if this occurs, or is expected to occur within the five year planning cycle, the budget balancing strategies will be invoked to determine corrective actions. When necessary, the following budget balancing strategies will be used in order of priority:

- 1) Seek other revenue opportunities, including new service fees or increase to existing fees:
- 2) Reduce expenditures through improved productivity;
- 3) Reduce or eliminate services;
- 4) Reduce employee salaries and benefits.

A planned draw down of unassigned fund balance generally should not exceed 3% of locally funded appropriation in a given fiscal year. Generally before the unassigned fund balance can be withdrawn below the target, a replenishment plan must be adopted. For withdrawals, as soon as economic conditions have recovered, one-time sources will be used to replenish reserves before using for one-time, non-emergency expenses. The unassigned fund balance shall be built up with one-time sources until the established target is achieved/ replenished.

As of June 30, 2017, the County's General Purposes Reserve is \$97,124 which is included in the Unassigned Fund Balance as determined by the Fund Balance Policy.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(o) Property Taxes

The County levies, collects, and apportions property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within the County, including school and special districts. Property taxes are determined by applying approved rates to the assessed values of properties. The total 2016-17 taxable assessed valuation of the County of San Bernardino was \$200,360,174.

Article XIIIA of the State of California Constitution limits the property tax levy to support general government services of the various taxing jurisdictions to \$1.00 per \$100.00 of assessed value. Taxes levied to service voter-approved debt prior to June 30, 1978 are excluded from this limitation. Secured property taxes are levied in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent with penalties after December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are due on the March 1 lien date and become delinquent with penalties after August 31. The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than land and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on the property being taxed.

The County apportions property tax according to the Teeter Plan, which is an alternate property tax distribution procedure authorized by the California Legislature in 1949. Generally, the Teeter Plan provides for a property tax distribution procedure by which secured roll taxes are distributed based on the tax levy, rather than on the basis of actual tax collections, for agencies that elect to participate in the Teeter Plan (including the County General Fund). Under the Teeter Plan, the County advances each participant an amount equal to the participant's Teeter Secured Levy (adjusted at year end for corrections to the assessment roll) that remains unpaid at the end of the fiscal year. In return, the County General Fund receives all future delinquent tax payments, penalties and interest. The County bears the risk of loss on the delinquent property taxes but benefits from the penalties and interest associated with these delinquent taxes when they are paid. Under the Teeter Plan, the County is also required to establish a tax loss reserve fund to cover losses that may occur as a result of sales of tax-defaulted properties.

(p) Use of Estimates

The presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(q) Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

During fiscal year 2017, the County adopted the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements:

GASB 74 – Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74 – Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The County has implemented this Statement as of July 1, 2016, except for the Housing Authority, due to its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2015. The adoption of this statement did not have an impact on the financial statements.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

GASB 77 - Tax Abatement Disclosures

In August 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 77 – *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. The objective of this Statement is to provide financial statement users with essential information about the nature and magnitude of the reduction in tax revenues through tax abatement programs. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The County has implemented this Statement as of July 1, 2016, except for the Housing Authority, due to its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2015. It was determined that the County did not have any material items that are subject to the provisions of this Statement as of June 30, 2017.

GASB 78 – Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans

In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*. The objective of this Statement is to address a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The County has implemented this Statement as of July 1, 2016, except for the Housing Authority, due to its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2015. The adoption of this statement did not have an impact on the financial statements.

GASB 80 – Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14)

In January 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units — an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The County has implemented this Statement as of July 1, 2016, except for the Housing Authority, due to its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2015. The adoption of this statement did not have an impact on the financial statements.

GASB 82 – Pension Issues (an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73)

In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 82, Pension Issues. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to GASB 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASBs 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes. and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. The County adopted both parts of this statement, except for the Housing Authority, due to its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2015. The implementation required restatement of the previously reported covered-employee payroll to covered payroll in required supplementary information.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from those reported for governmental funds in the balance sheet. The following provides a reconciliation of those differences:

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	G 	Total overnmental Funds (Page 40)	A	Long-term Assets and Liabilities (1)	F	Internal Service Funds (2) Page 45)	Eli	iminations_	N	tatement of et Position Totals (Page 36)
Assets:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,766,442	\$	-	\$	338,978	\$	-	\$	2,105,420
Investments		1,627		-				-		1,627
Accounts Receivable - Net		5,882		_		3,362		_		9,244
Taxes Receivable		41,119		_		-		_		41,119
Interest Receivable		25,714		_		_		_		25,714
Loans Receivable		38,589		_		_		_		38,589
Other Receivables		13,266		_		8		_		13,274
Due from Other Funds		53,595				4,019		(57,614)		10,214
Due from Other Governments		369,985		_		1,245		(37,014)		371,230
Internal Balances		309,903		-		1,245		14,059		14,059
		- - 020		-		-		14,059		
Land Held for Resale		50,038		-		4 400		-		50,038
Inventories		1,342		-		4,163		(000)		5,505
Prepaid Items		2,052		-		5,300		(289)		7,063
Interfund Receivable		18,939		-		-		(18,939)		
Restricted Cash and Investments		41,804		-		-		-		41,804
Land		-		129,924		894		-		130,818
Land Use Rights - Not Amortized		-		23,835		-		-		23,835
Development In Progress		-		263,988		4,975		-		268,963
Land Use Rights - Amortized		-		123		-				123
Structures, Improvements, and Infrastructure		-		2,706,861		14,843		-		2,721,704
Equipment and Software		-		290,346		121,575		-		411,921
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization		-		(1,505,772)		(89,887)		-		(1,595,659)
Total Assets		2,430,394		1,909,305		409,475		(62,783)		4,686,391
		, ,		, ,				(, , , , , , ,		, ,
Deferred Outflows of Resources:										
Deferred Amounts on Refunding		-		2,167		-		-		2,167
Pensions		-		797,664		27,773				825,437
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources				799,831		27,773				827,604
Total Access and Buffered										
Total Assets and Deferred	¢	2 420 204	\$	2 700 126	Ф	127 210	œ	(62 702)	Ф	E E12 00E
Outflows of Resources		2,430,394	Ψ	2,709,136	\$	437,248	\$	(62,783)	\$	5,513,995
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance/Net Position										
Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	\$	89,105	\$	_	\$	7,160	\$	_	\$	96,265
Salaries and Benefits Payable	Ψ	90,321	Ψ	_	Ψ	2,835	Ψ	_	Ψ	93,156
Due to Other Funds		57,447		_		2,033		(59,526)		33,130
Due to Other Governments		30,262		-		2,019		(39,320)		30,269
		30,202		7,946		_ ′		-		,
Interest Payable		20 520		7,940				(200)		7,946
Advances from Others		29,528		-		9,289		(289)		38,528
Interfund Payable		2,968		-		-		(2,968)		-
Compensated Absences Payable		-		174,146		7,657		-		181,803
Termination Benefits Payable		-		72		-		-		72
Bonds and Notes Payable		-		751,094		-		-		751,094
Premium		-		395		-		-		395
Discount		-		(43,820)		-		-		(43,820)
Estimated Liability for Litigation and Self-Insured										
Claims		-		-		246,495		-		246,495
Net Pension Liability		-		1,787,976		45,670		-		1,833,646
Total Liabilities		299,631		2,677,809		321,192		(62,783)		3,235,849
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable Revenues		86,048		(86,048)		-		-		-
Deferred Amounts on Refunding		-		216		-		-		216
Pensions		-		306,160		10,647		-		316,807
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		86,048		220,328		10,647		-		317,023
Fund Balance/Net Position		2,044,715		(189,001)		105,409				1,961,123
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources										
and Fund Balance/Net Position	\$	2,430,394	\$	2,709,136	\$	437,248	\$	(62,783)	\$	5,513,995

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(1)	Capital assets used in governmental activities that are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Land Land Use Rights - not being amortized Development in Progress Land Use Rights - being amortized Structures, Improvements, and Infrastructure Equipment and Software Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 129,924 23,835 263,988 123 2,706,861 290,346 (1,505,772)	\$	1,909,305
(1)	Receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and are therefore deferred in the governmental funds.	\$ 86,048	\$	86,048
(1)	Interest Payable		\$	(7,946)
(1)	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are applicable to future periods and therefore are not reported in the funds. Deferred Outflows of Resources - Deferred Amounts on Refunding Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources - Deferred Amounts on Refunding Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions	\$ 2,167 797,664 (216) (306,160)	\$	493,455
(1)	Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, that are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated Absences Payable Termination Benefits Payable Bonds and Notes Payable Premium Discount Net Pension Liability	\$ (174,146) (72) (751,094) (395) 43,820 (1,787,976)	_\$	(2,669,863)
(2)	Internal service funds that are used by management to charge the costs of general services, telecommunication services, computer operations, fleet management, risk management, and flood control equipment to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.		\$	105,409

- (1) GASB 34 Conversion Entries
- (2) Internal Service Funds reported as part of Governmental Activities

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

(a) Budgetary Information

In accordance with the provisions of Section 29000 – 29144 and 30200 of the Government Code of the State of California, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and adopts the final budget no later than October 2, for each fiscal year. Budgets are adopted for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, certain Debt Service Funds, and certain Capital Projects Funds. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, except that current year encumbrances are budgeted as expenditures.

Annual budgets are not adopted for the following funds: Pension Obligation Bonds Debt Service, Joint Powers Authorities Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds, and Permanent Funds.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

The legal level of budgetary control is maintained at the object level for general expenditures and sub-object level for capital assets within departments. However, presentation of the basic financial statements at the legal level of control is not feasible due to excessive length. Because of the large volume of detail, the budget and the actual statements have been aggregated by function. The County does prepare a separate final budget document at the object and sub-object level that is available to the public by the office of the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector.

Amendments or transfers of appropriations between funds or departments must be approved by the Board. Throughout the year, supplemental appropriations may be necessary and are normally financed by unanticipated revenues. These must also be approved by the Board. Amendments or transfers of appropriations between object code levels within the same department may be approved by the Board or the County Administrative Office. Transfers at the sub-object code level or cost center level may be done at the discretion of the department head. Any deficiency of the budgeted revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided in the County Budget Act.

(b) Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis

The annual County Budget is prepared, approved and adopted in accordance with provisions of the County Budget Act. In preparing the budget, the County utilizes a basis of accounting which is different from the basis prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The accompanying General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual on a Budgetary Basis presents a comparison of the legally adopted budget and the actual data on a budgetary basis.

The following adjustments are necessary to provide a meaningful comparison of the actual results of operations with the budget:

	Ge	eneral Fund
Fund balance - budgetary basis	\$	996,839
Outstanding encumbrances for budgeted funds		53,797
Fund balance - GAAP basis	\$	1,050,636

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments include the cash balances of substantially all funds which are pooled (the "pool") and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities. The pool is not registered as an investment company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Included also are cash and investments held by certain joint powers and certain public agencies authorities and cash held by various trustee financial institutions in accordance with the California Government Code.

State law requires that all operating monies of the County, school districts, and certain special districts be held by the County Treasurer. The net position value associated with legally mandated external participants in the asset pool was \$3,137,871 at June 30, 2017.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2017, the fair value of the County investment pool was \$6.0 billion. Approximately 14% of the County pool is attributable to the County General Fund, with the remainder of the balance comprised of other county funds, component units, school districts and special districts. Additionally, as of June 30, 2017, \$266,656 of the amounts deposited in the County pool was attributable to depositors who are not required to, but choose to, invest in the County pool. These include independent special districts, State Trial Court, and other governmental agencies. The deposits held for both involuntary and voluntary external participants are reported in the Investment Trust Fund.

The fair value of the pool is determined monthly, and depends on, among other factors, the maturities and types of investments and general market conditions. The fair value of each participant's position including both voluntary and involuntary participants is the same as the value of the pool share. The method used to determine participants' equity withdrawn is based on the daily average book value of the participants' percentage participation in the pool.

The County has not produced or provided any letters of credit or legal binding guarantees as supplemental support of the pool values during the year ended at June 30, 2017. The pool provides monthly reporting to both The Treasury Oversight Committee who reviews investment policy and the County Board of Supervisors who reviews and approves investment policy.

The County does not pool its external participants' investments separately from the County pool. The average rate of return on investments during fiscal year 2016-17 was 0.97%.

A summary of the total cash and investments as of June 30, 2017 is as follows:

			Fair	Interest Rate	Maturity	Average Maturity
Investment Type	 Cost	_	Value	Range	Range A	(days)
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 673,369	\$	674,162	0.89% - 2.10%	08/31/17 - 01/31/22	897
U.S. Government Agencies	1,667,532		1,664,110	0.73% - 1.62%	07/14/17 - 05/08/20	417
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	1,433,001		1,432,646	0.66% - 1.50%	07/03/17 - 06/28/18	142
Commercial Paper	1,116,186		1,117,822	0.93% - 1.49%	07/03/17 - 12/29/17	55
Medium-Term Notes	85,004		84,746	0.82% - 1.87%	01/12/18 - 02/06/20	524
Insured Placement Service Accounts	50,000		50,000	0.45%	07/01/17	1
JPA Investment Pools	192,000		192,000	1.09%	07/01/17	1
Money Market Mutual Funds	2,000		2,000	0.53% - 0.82%	07/01/17	1
Supranational Securities	 833,798		830,009	0.94% - 1.90%	07/19/17 - 05/12/20	561
Total County's Pooled Investments	6,052,890		6,047,495			
Investments Held Outside County Pool:						
U.S. Government Agencies	5,988		6,194	0.88%	05/21/18	165
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	4,751		4,751	6.31%	07/27/28	4,045
State and Local Municipal Bonds	41,234		39,650	4.00% - 5.75%	7/1/2017 - 1/1/2040	1,756
Money Market Mutual Funds	81,732		81,732	N/A	N/A	N/A
U.S. Treasury Securities	14,711		18,737	7.63%	11/15/22	1,964
Local Agency Investment Fund	10,335		10,335	0.60%	N/A	N/A
Total Investments Held Outside County Pool	158,751		161,399			
Total Investments	\$ 6,211,641		6,208,894			
Cash in Bank:						
Cash Equivalents and Demand Deposits (County)			561,575			
Cash Equivalents and Demand Deposits (HACSB)			26,924			
Total Cash in Bank			588,499			
Total Cash and Investments		\$	6,797,393			

A Includes HACSB with 9/30/2016 year end (some range(s) are prior to 6/30/2017).

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the authorized investment types per California Government Code (CGC), along with their respective requirements and restrictions per the CGC and the County Investment Pool Policy:

	Maxim	um Maturity	Maximur	n % of Pool	Maxim	um % Per Issuer	Minimum	Rating A, B
		Investment		Investment		Investment		Investment
Investment Type	CGC	Policy	CGC	Policy	CGC	Policy	CGC	Policy ^C
U.S. Treasury Securities	5 years	5 years	None	None	None	None	None	None
U.S. Government Agencies	5 years	5 years	None	None	None	None	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	3 years	30%	30%	None	5%	None	A-1, A- by 2 CRA
Collateralized Certificates of Deposit	5 years	1 year	None	10%	None	None	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	180 days	40%	30%	30%	100MM, 5% [□]	None	A-1 by 2 CRA
Commercial Paper	270 days	270 days	40%	40%	10%	5%	A-1, A	A-1 by 2 CRA
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	180 days	None	40%	None	None	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days ^E	92 days ^E	20%	10%	None	None	None ^F	None ^F
Municipal Debt	5 years	5 years	None	10%	None	None	None	AAA by 2 CRA
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	3 years	30%	10%	None	100MM, 5% [□]	Α	A- by 2 CRA
Insured Placement Service Accounts	5 years	Immediate liquidity	30%	5%	None	50MM, 100MM ^G	None	Not applicable
JPA Investment Pools	Not applicable	Immediate liquidity	None	5%	None	200MM	None	AAAm
Money Market Mutual Funds	Not applicable	Immediate liquidity	20%	15%	None	10%	AAAm by 2 CRA	AAAm by 2 CRA
Supranational Securities	5 years	5 years	30%	30%	None	None	AA	AA

Footnote:

Fair Value Measurements

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 — Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the County has the ability to access.

Level 2 — Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 — Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Unobservable inputs reflect the County's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the County's own data.

A Minimum credit rating categories are without regard to ratings modifiers (+/-). Short-term rating appears before long-term rating.

^B Standard & Poor's Ratings (quoted) or its equivalent nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) rating or better.

^C The County uses the credit ratings issued by the following credit rating agencies (CRA): Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, Moody's Investors Service, and Fitch Ratings.

 $^{^{\}rm D}$ Maximum \$100MM par value of any one issuer, subject to 5% overall corporate issuer limit.

E May exceed 92 days if the agreement includes a written codicil guaranteeing a minimum earning or spread for the entire period between the sale and final maturity dates of the same security.

^F Must have held the securities used for the agreements for at least 30 days.

G FICA accounts balances are fully covered by FDIC insurance. Term deposits are not permitted. Maximum \$50MM per selected depository institution. Maximum \$100MM per placement service.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The asset's level within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The determination of what constitutes observable requires judgment by the County's management. County management considers observable data to be that market data, which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable, and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by multiple independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market. The categorization of an investment within the hierarchy is based upon the relative observability of the inputs to its fair value measurement and does not necessarily correspond to County management's perceived risk of that investment.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The County's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

Deposits and withdrawals in governmental investment pools, such as LAIF and JPA Investment Pools, guaranteed investment agreements and insured placement service accounts are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the fair value of the County's proportionate share in these types of investments is an uncategorized input not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input.

The following is a description of the valuation methods and assumptions used by the County to estimate the fair value of its investments. There have been no changes in the methods and assumptions used at June 30, 2016. The methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. County management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The County treasury pool's asset market prices are derived from closing bid prices as of the last business day of the month as supplied by Interactive Data, Bloomberg or Telerate. Where prices are not available from generally recognized sources, the securities are priced using a yield-based matrix system to arrive at an estimated market value. Prices that fall between data points are interpolated. Non-negotiable FDIC-insured bank certificates of deposit are priced at par. When available, quoted prices are used to determine fair value. When quoted prices in active markets are available, investments are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

For investments classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the County's custodians generally use a multi-dimensional relational model. Inputs to their pricing models are based on observable market inputs in active markets. The inputs to the pricing models are typically benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads and benchmark securities, among others.

Investments classified at Level 3 represent securities that are entirely owned by the County and have not traded publicly. The securities are priced using a yield-based matrix system to arrive at an estimated market value. Prices that fall between data points are interpolated.

The valuation of 2a7 Money Market Mutual funds held by the pool is at one-dollar net asset value (NAV) per share. The total fair value of these at June 30, 2017 was \$2,000, with \$0 unfunded commitments. The redemption frequency is daily and redemption notice period of intra-daily. This type of investment primarily invests in short term U.S Treasury and government securities (including repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and government agency securities).

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The valuation of 2a7 Money Market Mutual funds held outside the pool is at one-dollar net asset value (NAV) per share. The total fair value of these at June 30, 2017 was \$81,732, with \$0 unfunded commitments. The redemption frequency is daily and redemption notice period of intra-daily. This type of investment primarily invests in short term U.S Treasury, government securities (including repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and government agency securities), agency mortgage-backed securities, and short term high quality municipal obligations that provide income exempt from federal and California state income tax and federal alternative minimum tax.

As of June 30, 2017, the County has the following recurring fair value measurements:

			Fair Value Measurements Using						
Investments by Fair Value Level	Balance at June 30, 2017		Activ Ider	ted Prices in e Markets for itical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservab Inputs (Level 3)		
County's Pooled Investment:									
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$	674,162	\$	674,162	\$	-	\$	-	
U.S. Government Agencies		1,664,110		24,955		1,639,155		-	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		1,432,646		-		1,432,646		-	
Commercial Paper		1,117,822		-		1,117,822		-	
Medium-Term Notes		84,746		-		84,746		-	
Supranational Securities		830,009		-		780,327		49,682	
Total County's Pooled Investments by Fair Value Level		5,803,495	\$	699,117	\$	5,054,696	\$	49,682	
Investments Held Outside County Pool by Fair Value Level:									
U.S. Government Agencies		6,194	\$	-	\$	6,194	\$	-	
State and Local Municipal Bonds		39,650		-		39,650		-	
U.S. Treasury Securities		18,737		_		18,737		_	
Total Investments Held Outside County Pool by Fair Value Level		64,581	\$	-	\$	64,581	\$	-	
Uncategorized Investments									
Uncategorized Investments Held in County's Pool:									
Insured Placement Service Accounts		50,000							
JPA Investment Pools		192,000							
Total Uncategorized Investments Held in County's Pool		242,000							
Uncategorized Investments Held Outside County's Pool:									
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		4,751							
Local Agency Investment Fund		10,335							
Total Uncategorized Investments Held Outside County's Pool		15,086							
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV)									
County's Pooled Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV):									
Money Market Mutual Funds		2,000							
Investments Held Outside County Pool Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV):									
Money Market Mutual Funds		81,732							
Total Investments	\$	6,208,894							

Investments authorized by debt agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the trust agreements, created in connection with the issuance of debt (see Note 11) rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code. Certificates of Participation, Pension Obligation Bond and Revenue Bond indentures specify the types of securities in which proceeds may be invested as well as any related insurance, collateral, or minimum credit rating requirements. Although requirements may vary between debt issues, money market funds are all required to be investment grade. Guaranteed investment contracts are required to be acceptable to the municipal bond insurer. The fair value of investments is based on the valuation provided by trustee banks.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investment credit risk

Investment credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. Generally accepted accounting principles require the disclosure of credit quality ratings for investments in debt securities as well as investments in external investment pools, money market funds, and other pooled investments of fixed income securities.

California Law and San Bernardino County Treasury Pool Investment Policy (where more restrictive) place limitations on the purchase of investments in the County Pool. Purchases of commercial paper, banker's acceptances, and negotiable certificates of deposit are restricted to issuers rated in the top three long-term letter ratings by a minimum of two of three nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO's). For an issuer of short-term debt, the rating must be no less than A-1 (S&P), P-1 (Moody's), or F-1 (Fitch) while an issuer of medium-term corporate notes must have a minimum letter rating of "A". Purchases of Supranational issuer securities must have a minimum long-term letter rating of "AA" from one NRSRO. Municipal notes and bonds and money market mutual funds must have a minimum letter rating of "AAA" from two of three NRSRO's (if rated). JPA Pools must have a minimum letter rating of "AAA" from one NRSRO. (Letter ratings are stated without regard to ratings modifiers +/-) Limits are also placed on the maximum percentage investment by sector and by individual issuer (see schedule).

As of June 30, 2017, all investments held by the County Pool were within policy limits.

				Maximum	Individual	
	S&P	Moody's	Fitch	Allowed %	Issuer	Weighted %
Investment Type	Rating *	Rating *	Rating *	of Portfolio	Limitations	of Pool
U.S. Treasury Securities	NA NA	NA	NA	None	None	11.14%
U.S. Government Agencies	A-1+	P-1	NR	None	None	0.41%
U.S. Government Agencies	AA+	Aaa	AAA	None	None	17.19%
U.S. Government Agencies	AA+	Aaa	NR	None	None	9.91%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	A-1+	P-1	F1+	30%	5%	15.42%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	A-1+	P-1	AA-	30%	5%	0.83%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	A-1	P-1	F1+	30%	5%	6.20%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	AA-	Aa3	AA-	30%	5%	0.41%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	A+	A1	F1+	30%	5%	0.83%
Commercial Paper	A-1+	P-1	F1	40%	5%	4.08%
Commercial Paper	A-1+	P-1	F1+	40%	5%	1.82%
Commercial Paper	A-1	P-1	F1	40%	5%	7.32%
Commercial Paper	A-1	P-1	F1+	40%	5%	5.28%
Medium-Term Notes	AAA	Aaa	AA+	10%	100MM, 5%	0.99%
Medium-Term Notes	AA	Aa2	AA-	10%	100MM, 5%	0.41%
Insured Placement Service Accounts	NR	NR	NR	5%	50MM, 100MM	0.83%
JPA Investment Pools	AAAm	NR	NR	5%	200MM	3.17%
Money Market Mutual Funds	AAAm	Aaa	AAA	15%	10%	0.02%
Money Market Mutual Funds	AAAm	Aaa	NR	15%	10%	0.02%
Supranational Securities	AAA	Aaa	AAA	30%	None	12.98%
Supranational Securities	A-1+	P-1	F1+	30%	None	0.74%

^{*} NA = Not Applicable, NR = Not Rated

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The County's investments held outside County Pool were rated as of June 30, 2017 as follows:

		Moody's		Weighted % of
Investment Type	S&P Rating *	Rating *	Fitch Rating *	Investments
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	BBB	Ba1	NR	2.94%
Local Agency Investment Fund (HACSB)	NR	NR	NR	6.40%
Municipal Bonds	Α	NR	NR	0.98%
Municipal Bonds	AA	Aa1	AA	0.84%
Municipal Bonds	AA	Aa2	AA	0.39%
Municipal Bonds	AA	Aa2	NR	0.56%
Municipal Bonds	AA	Aa3	NR	2.55%
Municipal Bonds	AA-	Aa3	AA-	3.16%
Municipal Bonds	AA-	A1	AA	2.08%
Municipal Bonds	AA+	Aa1	AA+	3.53%
Municipal Bonds	AA+	Aaa	NR	0.52%
Municipal Bonds	AAA	Aaa	AAA	3.88%
Municipal Bonds	AAA	Aaa	NR	2.57%
Municipal Bonds	AAA	Aa1	AA+	2.12%
Municipal Bonds	AAA	Aa2	NR	0.64%
Municipal Bonds	NR	NR	NR	0.75%
Mutual Funds	AAA	Aaa	NR	14.05%
Mutual Funds	AAA	Aaa	AAA	4.66%
Mutual Funds	NR	NR	NR	31.93%
U.S. Government Agencies	AA+	Aaa	AAA	3.84%
U.S. Treasury Securities	NA	NA	NA	11.61%

^{*} NA = Not Applicable, NR = Not Rated

Concentration of credit risk

An increased risk of loss occurs as more investments are acquired from one issuer (i.e. lack of diversification). This results in a *concentration of credit risk*.

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of investments by amount and issuer that represent five-percent or more of total investments held. This requirement excludes investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the United States Government, investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

As of June 30, 2017, the following issuers represented more than five-percent of the County's Pooled Investment balance:

Issuer	Fair Value	% of Portfolio
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	\$ 624,064	10.02%
International Bank of Reconstruction and Development	606,780	9.74%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp (FHLMC)	407,033	6.54%
Federal National Mortgage Assoc (FNMA)	363,925	5.84%

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rates could adversely affect an investment's fair value. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the interest rate risk associated with that investment.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that *interest rate risk* be disclosed using a minimum of one of five approved methods, which are: segmented time distribution, specific identification, weighted average maturity, duration, and simulated model.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The County manages its exposure to interest rate risk by carefully matching cash flows and maturing positions to meet expenditures, limiting 40% of the County Pool to maturities of one year or less, and by maintaining an overall Duration-to-Maturity of 1.5 years or less. Modified Duration, which the County uses, is a measure of a fixed income's cash flow using present values, weighted for cash flows as a percentage of the investments full price. The modified duration of the total pooled investment at June 30, 2017 is 0.84 years. Effective Duration makes assumptions based on current market conditions regarding the most likely timing and amounts of variable cash flows arising from such investments as callable bonds. Duration-to-Maturity assumes that all securities in the portfolio, including callable and floating rate notes, are held to final maturity.

California Law and where more restrictive, the San Bernardino County Pool Investment Policy, place limitations on the maximum maturity of investments to be purchased by sector (see schedule). As of June 30, 2017, all investments held by the County Pool were within policy limits.

A summary of County pooled investments for Maturity Range, Limits, and Modified Duration is as follows:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity Range (days)	Maturity Limits	Modified Duration (years)
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 674,162	62 - 1,676	1,825 days	2.38
U.S. Government Agencies	1,664,110	14 - 1,043	1,825 days	1.12
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	1,432,646	3 - 363	1,095 days	0.38
Commercial Paper	1,117,822	3 - 182	270 days	0.14
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	84,746	196 - 951	1,095 days	1.41
Insured Placement Service Accounts	50,000	1	Immediate liquidity	0.01
JPA Investment Pools	192,000	1	Immediate liquidity	0.01
Money Market Mutual Funds	2,000	1	Immediate liquidity	0.01
Supranational Securities	 830,009	19 - 1,047	1,825 days	1.51
Total County's Pooled Investments	\$ 6,047,495			

Weighted average maturity of the investments held outside the County Pool, as of June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Fair	Weighted Average
Investment Type	 Value	Maturity (Years)
U.S. Government Agencies	\$ 6,194	0.89
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	4,751	11.08
State and Local Municipal Bonds	39,650	4.81
Money Market Mutual Funds	81,732	0.01
U.S. Treasury Securities	18,737	5.38
Local Agency Investment Fund	 10,335	0.00
Total Investments Held Outside County Pool	\$ 161,399	

Custodial credit risk

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits exists when, in the event of a depository financial institution failure, a government may be unable to recover deposits, or recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the disclosure of deposits into a financial institution that are not covered by FDIC depository insurance and that are uncollateralized.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

California Law requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure County deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$588,499 and the corresponding bank balance was \$588,209, of which both balances include \$180,000 in a certain negotiable order of withdrawal account. The difference of \$290 was primarily due to outstanding warrants, wires and deposits in transit. Of the bank balances, \$1,750 was insured by FDIC depository insurance and the remainder was collateralized, as required by California Government Code Section 53652.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments exists when, in the event of a failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

In order to limit *Custodial Credit Risk for Investments*, San Bernardino County Pool Investment Policy requires that all investments and investment collateral be transacted on a delivery-vs-payment basis with a third-party custodian and registered in the County's name. All counterparties to repurchase agreements must sign a SIFMA Global Master Repurchase Agreement and/or Tri-Party Repurchase Agreement before engaging in repurchase agreement transactions.

As of June 30, 2017, Cash and Investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Discretely

	Total Governmental Activities		Total iness-type ctivities	Total Fiduciary Funds		Pr	esented mponent Unit	Total		
Cash and Investments	\$	2,107,047	\$ 426,880	\$	4,008,375	\$	84,379	\$	6,626,681	
Restricted Cash and Investments		41,804	121,393		7,515		-		170,712	
Total Cash and Investments	\$	2,148,851	\$ 548,273	\$	4,015,890	\$	84,379	\$	6,797,393	

The following represents a condensed statement of net position and changes in net position for the Treasurer's investment pool as of June 30, 2017:

Statement of Net Position	
Equity of internal pool participants	\$ 2,642,968
Equity of external pool participants:	
Voluntary	266,656
Involuntary	3,137,871
Total Net Position held for pool participants	\$ 6,047,495
Statement of Changes in Net Position	
Net Position at July 1, 2016	\$ 5,682,728
Net change in investments by pool participants	364,767
Net Position at June 30, 2017	\$ 6,047,495

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year-end of major individual funds, nonmajor funds, and internal service funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	А	ccounts	Taxes	ı	nterest	Loans	Re	Other ceivables	From Other	Total ernmental ctivities
General Fund	\$	3,450	\$ 33,635	\$	23,893	\$ 37,645	\$	12,857	\$ 288,947	\$ 400,427
Capital Improvement Fund		-	-		329	-		-	223	552
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		2,440	7,484		1,492	944		409	80,815	93,584
Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		(8)	-		-	-		-	-	(8)
Internal Service Funds		3,362				-		8	1,245	4,615
Total Governmental Activities Receivables	\$	9,244	\$ 41,119	\$	25,714	\$ 38,589	\$	13,274	\$ 371,230	\$ 499,170
Business-Type Activities:	_ A	ccounts	Taxes	<u>lı</u>	nterest	Loans	Re	Other ceivables	From Other	I Business-
Medical Center	\$	187,688	\$ -	\$	292	\$ -	\$	4,701	\$ 60,209	\$ 252,890
Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		(151,995)	-		-	-		-	-	(151,995)
Waste Systems Division		10,882	-		-	-		25,595	1,750	38,227
Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		(574)	-		-	-		(161)	-	(735)
Housing Authority		1,910	-		13	6,081		3,863	413	12,280
Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		(187)	-		-	-		-	-	(187)
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		1,782	146			 -		183	 -	 2,111
Total Business-Type Activities Receivables	\$	49 506	\$ 146	\$	305	\$ 6.081	\$	34 181	\$ 62 372	\$ 152 591

Due From Other Governments

At June 30, 2017, the Governmental Funds accrued \$369,985 of receivables from other governments, of which, \$281,112 was due from the State of California. Of the amount owed by the State, \$108,053 was for health care services, \$69,113 was for public social services, \$29,263 was for motor vehicle license fees and sales tax monies, and the remaining \$74,683 was for other services. The remaining amount of \$88,873 was due from the federal government and other governmental agencies.

Loans Receivable

The loans receivable balance in the Governmental Activities is \$38,589, of this amount, \$18,462 represents the receivable under the Teeter Plan, \$944 is due from other various agencies, \$13,357 represents a County loan to the Adelanto Successor Agency, and \$5,826 represents a County loan to the County Redevelopment Successor Agency. The loans receivable balance in the Business-Type Activities is \$6,081, this amount represents various loans and note agreements with related parties of the HACSB.

Interest Receivable

Of the \$25,714 interest receivable reported in the Governmental Activities column of the statement of net position, \$19,941 is due from the Adelanto City Redevelopment Successor Agency.

Other Receivables

The \$13,274 other receivables in the Governmental Activities column of the statement of net position are accrued for amounts due to the County that do not specifically relate to one of the above receivable accounts. This amount is primarily due to delinquent penalties, redemption penalties and redemption interest related to receivable under the Teeter Plan. The other receivables in the Business-Type Activities total \$34,181. The majority of the \$25,434 reported in the Waste Systems Division represents insurance recoveries related to the Mid-Valley Landfill Perchlorate pollution remediation activities.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statements to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities. Internal balances that are residual amounts due between the governmental and business-type activities are not subject to elimination.

Due To/From Other Funds at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Improvement Funds Medical Center Waste Systems Internal Service Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	\$ 26,575 75 186 119 358 49 27,362
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Improvement Funds Waste Systems Internal Service Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	18,283 2,530 297 45 399 79 21,633
Capital Improvement Funds	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Internal Service Funds	580 2,831 1,189 4,600
Medical Center	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,268 32 2,300
Waste Systems	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Internal Service Funds	47 106 153
Internal Service Funds	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Improvement Funds Medical Center Waste Systems Housing Authority* Internal Service Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	2,727 1,146 4 53 27 30 27 5 4,019
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	General Fund	52 52
	Total	\$ 60,119

^{*} This transaction occurred in June 2017. As such, this amount was only reported as receivable in the Internal Service Fund and not included in the HACSB Fund due to its fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

The amount due from Nonmajor Governmental Funds to the General Fund primarily due to transfers and payments for services provided to other governmental funds.

Interfund Receivable/Payable at June 30, 2017 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amou	unt
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	\$	2,913 211
			3,124
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Housing Authority		55 15,510
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		250
			15,815
	Total	\$	18,939

These amounts represent noncurrent interfund loans (advances) between funds and blended component units of the County for the purpose of financing cash flow needs. Interfund loans are expected to be repaid within a reasonable period of time. The \$15,510 is an amount loaned from the Economic and Community Development to the Housing Authority for a variety of housing related projects.

Transfers To/From Other Funds for the year ended June 30, 2017 reflect funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various County operations and re-allocations of special revenues. The following schedule briefly summarizes the County's transfer activity:

Transfers In/Out

(a) Between Governmental and Business-type Activities:

Transfer Out	Transfer In	Amount	
General Fund	Medical Center Waste Systems	\$	16,913 100 17,013 *
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		72 72
Medical Center	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Improvement Funds		10,147 1 10,148
Waste Systems	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		2,153 2,153
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		104 104
	Total	\$	29,490

^{*} In June 2016, the Housing Authority received a transfer of \$100 which was reported as transfer-out in the General Fund in Fiscal Year 2016 and as transfer-in in the HACSB Fund in Fiscal Year 2017 due to its fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) Between Funds within the Governmental or Business-type Activities (1):

Transfer Out	Transfer In	Amoun		
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Improvement Funds Internal Service Funds	\$	136,815 150,371 890 288,076	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Improvement Funds		27,752 28,607 31,219 87,578	
Capital Improvement Funds	General Fund		2,378 2,378	
Internal Service Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		2,260 2,260	
	Total	\$	380,292	

(1) These transfers were eliminated in the consolidation, by column, for the Governmental and Business-type Activities.

Amounts transferred from the Nonmajor Governmental Funds to the General Fund are primarily the results of \$20,400 of the tobacco settlement agreement for debt service of the Medical Center.

Amounts transferred from the General Fund to the Medical Center are the results of year-end budgeted transfers including the Medical Center's debt service payments.

Amounts transferred from the General Fund to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds are the results of the joint power authorities' debt service payments, the pension obligation bond debt service payments, various capital improvement projects, and the Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment Program.

Amounts transferred from the Medical Center and the Internal Service Funds to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds are the results of their share of the pension obligation bond debt service payments.

Amounts transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Improvement Fund are mainly for various capital improvement projects.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 7 - RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents of \$163,197 are restricted by legal or contractual requirements at June 30, 2017 and are comprised of the following:

Governmental Activities

General Fund:

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$25,460 represent funds held by a trustee, which are restricted for electronic benefits payments.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

Flood Control District: Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$15,859 consists of \$3,223 being restricted for debt service payments and \$12,636 for unexpended proceeds and interest thereon received for and restricted by settlement agreements for flood control improvements in addition to amounts withheld for retainage related to ongoing construction projects. Of this amount, \$12,064 is restricted for construction of Cactus Basin 4 and 5 and \$572 is for construction contract retainage. Construction contract retainage is required to be maintained until the work is completed and approved.

Joint Powers Authorities:

Restricted cash of \$485 represents funds held by a trustee, which are restricted for a special mandatory redemption of the Courthouse revenue bonds to occur on December 1, 2017, pursuant to the Trust Indenture.

Business-Type Activities

Medical Center:

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$48,702 represent funds held by a trustee, which are restricted for debt service payments.

Waste System Division:

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$61,324 consists of \$59,751 set aside for groundwater detection, treatment and remediation, and for State mandated site closure, maintenance costs, and corrective action as required by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle) formerly California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB), \$870 represents customer deposits, and the remaining \$703 represents site clean up.

Housing Authority:

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$11,367 represent deposits to lender required replacement reserve and impound accounts, insurance reserve, security deposit and residual receipt accounts.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 8 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

Primary Government

		Beginning Balance		Additions	De	eletions		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets, non-depreciable/non-amortizable: Land	\$	126,913	\$	3,962	\$	57	\$	130,818
Land Use Rights	Ψ	23,869	Ψ	579	Ψ	613	Ψ	23,835
Development in progress		250,687		99,866		81,590		268,963
Total capital assets,non-depreciable/non-amortizable		401,469		104,407		82,260		423,616
Capital Assets, depreciable/amortizable:								
Land Use Rights		123		-		-		123
Improvements other than Buildings		258,563		15,382		146		273,799
Structures and Improvements		1,009,731		56,998		3,193		1,063,536
Infrastructure Equipment and Software		1,356,698 385,656		27,724 45,108		53		1,384,369
			_			18,843		411,921
Total capital assets, depreciable/amortizable		3,010,771		145,212		22,235		3,133,748
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for :								
Land Use Rights		123		-		-		123
Improvements other than Buildings		147,689		9,598		145		157,142
Structures and Improvements		330,417		32,250		1,614		361,053
Infrastructure Equipment and Software		767,147		30,090 33,685		34 18,024		797,203
• •		264,477						280,138
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		1,509,853	_	105,623		19,817		1,595,659
Total capital assets, depreciable/amortizable, net		1,500,918	_	39,589		2,418		1,538,089
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	1,902,387	\$	143,996	\$	84,678	\$	1,961,705
Business-type Activities								
Capital assets, non-depreciable/non-amortizable:								
Land	\$	32,554	\$	271	\$	29	\$	32,796
Land Use Rights		351		-		-		351
Development in progress		14,919		7,018		8,132	-	13,805
Total capital assets,non-depreciable/non-amortizable		47,824		7,289		8,161		46,952
Capital Assets, depreciable/amortizable:								
Land Use Rights		1,109		-		-		1,109
Improvements other than Buildings		264,076		5,118		41		269,153
Structures and Improvements		754,758		4,172		117		758,813
Equipment and Software		178,353		5,817		2,080		182,090
Total capital assets, depreciable/amortizable		1,198,296		15,107		2,238	-	1,211,165
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for :								
Land Use Rights		105		-		-		105
Improvements other than Buildings		147,012		4,595		36		151,571
Structures and Improvements		329,833		21,423		71		351,185
Equipment and Software		145,352	_	8,924		2,076		152,200
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		622,302	_	34,942		2,183		655,061
Total capital assets, depreciable/amortizable, net		575,994	_	(19,835)		55		556,104
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	623,818	\$	(12,546)	\$	8,216	\$	603,056

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation

Depreciation expense is charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government Public Protection Public Ways and Facilities Health and Sanitation Public Assistance Education Recreation and Cultural Services	\$ 21,394 48,973 26,236 1,467 2,856 817 3,880
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 105,623
Depreciation expense and related adjustment are charged to business-type functions as follows:	
Medical Center Waste Systems Division Housing Authority * Special Districts	\$ 23,805 2,116 6,083 2,938
Total depreciation and related expense - business type activities	\$ 34,942

Development in Progress

Development in Progress consists of the following projects:	Gov A	Business-Type Activities		
Medical Center Projects	\$	-	\$	1,760
Waste Systems Division Projects		-		5,972
Housing Authority		-		472
Special Districts		-		5,601
800 MHz Replacement Project		60,975		-
Transportation Projects		56,255		-
Flood Control Projects		49,290		-
Space Programming		8,550		-
Residential Housing		7,751		-
West Valley Detention Center - ADA Improvements		6,513		-
Crisis Residential Housing		3,362		-
Campus Improvements		3,246		-
Apple Valley Library		2,319		-
Other County Projects		70,702		-
Total	\$	268,963	\$	13,805

^{*} Of this amount, depreciation expense is \$5,966

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 9 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The County recognized deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements. These items are a consumption of net position by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period. The County has two items that are reportable on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position: from changes in the net pension liability, and charges on refunding that result from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price.

The balances as of June 30, 2017 of deferred outflows of resources are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Ending Balance
Deferred Outflows related to Pensions	\$ 825,437
Deferred Charges on Refunding:	
Other Bonds and Notes	
Flood Control Refunding Bonds (Series 2008)	507
Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds (2008)	867
West Valley Detention Center Refinancing Notes (2012)	 793
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 827,604
Business-Type Activities Deferred Outflows related to Pensions Deferred Charges on Refunding:	\$ 103,910
Certificates of Participation	
Medical Center Project (Series 1994) Medical Center Project (Series 1995) Medical Center Project (Series 1996)	5,094 2 3,130
Arrowhead Refunding Project (Series 2009A)	8,661
Arrowhead Refunding Project (Series 2009B)	 2,632
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 123,429

Refer to Note 19 Retirement Plan, for additional Deferred Outflows of Resources information related to pensions.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 10 - ADVANCES FROM OTHERS

Under both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when earned. Therefore, both governmental funds and proprietary funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received as of year-end, but not yet earned. A liability for advances from others such as grantors or third parties is offset by the corresponding assets recognized with a transaction before the earnings process is completed.

The balances as of June 30, 2017 of advances from others are as follows:

Governmental Funds General Fund		
Developer Deposits	\$	6,500
Advances from Governmental Agencies	Ψ	4,268
Advances from Other Agencies		3,024
Advances from Strict Agentics		13,792
Capital Improvement Fund		10,102
Advances from Other County Departments		1,258
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Advances from Governmental Agencies		12,623
Advances from Other Agencies		1,007
Advances from Other County Departments		848
,		14,478
Total Governmental Funds		29,528
Internal Service Funds		
Advances from Governmental Agencies		9,000
Advances from Other County Departments		289
Total Internal Service Funds		9,289
Government-Wide Eliminations		
Risk Management		(289)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	38,528
Business-Type Funds		
Waste Systems Division		
Customer Deposits	\$	871
Advances from Other Agencies		386
· ·		1,257
Housing Authority		
Customer Deposits		1,756
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Advances from Other Agencies		19
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	3,032

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

Primary Government

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	 Beginning Balance	A	dditions	Re	eductions	 Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities							
Certificates of Participation	\$ 6,205	\$	-	\$	6,205	\$ -	\$ -
Revenue Bonds, net	323,169		-		33,364	289,805	59,120
Other Bonds and Notes	458,223		-		40,359	417,864	45,342
Compensated Absences	171,670		119,568		109,435	181,803	107,430
Termination Benefits Payable	101		-		29	72	24
Estimated Liability for Litigation and							
Self -Insured Claims	236,695		71,655		61,855	246,495	53,772
Net Pension Liability	1,456,577		377,069		-	1,833,646	-
Total Governmental Activities -							
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 2,652,640	\$	568,292	\$	251,247	\$ 2,969,685	\$ 265,688
Business-Type Activities							
Certificates of Participation, net	\$ 402,936	\$	-	\$	22,154	\$ 380,782	\$ 23,630
General Obligation Bonds	515		-		180	335	240
Notes	35,131		-		2,793	32,338	769
Compensated Absences	19,545		16,754		15,306	20,993	12,791
Termination Benefits Payable	15		_		-	15	15
Capital Lease Obligations	4,192		2,089		2,319	3,962	1,679
Other Long-Term Liabilities	10,435		57,307		5,654	62,088	57,015
Pollution Remediation Obligations	62,878		2,430		293	65,015	4,569
Estimated Liability for Closure/							
Postclosure Care Costs	102,418		2,256		8,305	96,369	1,823
Net Other Postemployment Benefits							
Obligation for Housing Authority	4,042		403		608	3,837	-
Net Pension Liability	178,390		52,506		-	230,896	-
Total Business-type Activities -	 · ·					· ·	
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 820,497	\$	133,745	\$	57,612	\$ 896,630	\$ 102,531

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for internal service funds are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities.

For the governmental activities the liabilities for compensated absences, termination benefits, and net pension liability are typically liquidated by the General Fund and other funds in which financial resources are received to account for such outflows of resources, respectively. The liability for litigation and self-insured claims is liquidated by the Risk Management Internal Service Fund.

Termination Benefits Payable

In March 2009, the County offered a Retirement Incentive Program to employees as a salary savings measure for the upcoming years. Under this program, employees retiring between March 3, 2009 and June 30, 2009 were eligible to receive \$250 (not expressed in thousands) for each completed quarter of continuous regular County service or \$1,000 per year of service (not expressed in thousands), payable annually over a five-year period. The position would have to remain vacant.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Approximately 304 employees accepted the incentive and retired during the eligible period. The county-wide termination benefit payable at June 30, 2017 is \$87. The fifth annual installment payment was paid in July 2013. Over the span of the program, 16 employees returned to work and are not eligible to receive payments during a year in which they are employed by the County. Of the 16 employees who returned to work, 5 remain employed by the County as of June 30, 2017. The remaining installment payments for these 5 employees will be deferred until their employment with the County ends.

Pollution Remediation Obligations

GASB 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations", addresses pollution remediation obligations. Once an obligating event occurs, governments are required to estimate expected cash outlays for the various components of expected remediation activities related to current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution.

Solid Waste Management Division

The County, through its Solid Waste Management Division (SWMD) has been named as a discharger in orders issued by the Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) for perchlorate and volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in the groundwater in the Rialto-Colton Basin. The County operates its Mid-Valley Sanitary Landfill (MVSL), including historic, unlined landfil cells, and operating landfill cell and an undeveloped area planned for expansion, on land overlying the Rialto-Colton basin. The County was previously named in lawsuits to compel it to participate in pollution remediation in the Rialto-Colton Basin alleged to be related to activities at the Mid-Valley Sanitary Landfill, including the expansion property.

SWMD is currently managing a groundwater remediation project down gradient from the Mid-Valley Landfill and the expansion property. The expansion property is immediately adjacent to land formerly used in various manufacturing operations. Perchlorate and VOCs have been detected in groundwater.

In 1998, directives were issued by the RWQCB to SWMD to investigate impacts to groundwater from VOCs on the west side of the MVSL. This investigation resulted in the construction of a pump and treat system on County-owned land to capture as much contamination as possible, and this on-site system continues to be operated by SWMD as of June 30, 2017. The remediation plan also included the settlement with San Gabriel Valley Water Company DBA Fontana Water Company whereby the water company would treat VOCs that escaped the County-run system and the County pays the water company for the treatment of VOCs. It is not currently possible to determine when the County's obligation to San Gabriel Valley Water Company will end.

In 2002 to 2004, directives were issued by the RWQCB to SWMD requesting investigation into groundwater impacts and the preparation of a corrective action plan to address the impacts of perchlorate and VOCs. SWMD, following RWQCB protocol, conducted a variety of additional tests and analysis for perchlorate and VOCs in the portion of the Rialto-Colton Basin down gradient of the MVSL, including the expansion property on the east side. The findings led to the preparation and implementation of a remediation plan approved by the RWQCB. That remediation system has continued to be operated as of June 30, 2017.

In FY 2010-11, SWMD disclosed the occurrence of a pollution event at the inactive Yucaipa Disposal Site. A VOC plume had been detected in the groundwater, which had migrated beyond the landfill boundary. SWMD continues to work closely with the RWQCB to ensure its pollution remediation measures adequately address the contamination.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017 (Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

On July 20, 2011, RWQCB approved SWMD's engineering feasibility study for corrective action at the Yucaipa Disposal Site. The study evaluates existing nature and extent for groundwater pollution and appraises several remedial action alternatives to address the VOC plume at the landfill. On September 14, 2011, SWMD submitted to RWQCB the work plan for the bio-enhancement corrective action program pilot study to evaluate the effectiveness of in-situ bio-enhancement technology as a full-scale corrective action approach to treat groundwater impacted by VOC. On September 23, 2011, the RWQCB approved the use of the pilot study as of June 30, 2017, and the pilot study is still being conducted.

SWMD disclosed, to the State of California, in FY 2011-12 the occurrence of a pollution event at the inactive Heaps Peak Disposal Site. A landfill leachate discharge occurred that threatened the groundwater. SWMD is working very closely with the RWQCB to ensure its pollution remediation measures address the contamination.

On July 19, 2011, the RWQCB issued a Notice of Violation for this event. SWMD submitted a work plan to provide for leachate collection, treatment, and disposal to correct this problem that was approved by the RWQCB. Under this work plan: a) a contract task order was initiated in May 2011 (work commenced in FY 2012-13) for the installation of an influent storage tank and retaining wall, b) a contract was initiated in July 2013 to construct the leachate treatment system, and c) a contract work order was initiated in September 2011 for the installation of a new groundwater monitoring well.

A release of volatile organic compounds (VOC) in groundwater at the Lenwood Hinkley Sanitary Landfill (LHSL) was detected by regular monitoring activity in 1994. An Engineering Feasibility Study (EFS) was developed in 2000 to evaluate the costs for viable mitigation alternatives for LHSL. Following comments received by the Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board, a revised EFS was submitted in 2002, which concluded that monitored natural attenuation was the appropriate response to groundwater impacts. In response to increasing VOC trends in the northwest region of the landfill, a "Focused" EFS was prepared in August 2013, recommending a Pilot Study using a mitigative method of in-situ enhanced reductive dechlorination (a.k.a. subsurface bioenhancement) in the groundwater.

The RWQCB notified SWMD regarding the violation of the Waste Discharge Requirements on July 25, 2014 based upon the 2013 Groundwater Monitoring Reports submitted by SWMD, which showed VOCs and other contaminants above set regulatory standards; therefore, a new GASB 49 event (increasing VOC trend) was reported in FY 2014-15.

SWMD initiated a bioenhanced in-situ remedial Pilot Study in April of 2015 consisting of an initial injection of carbon donor media near compliance well LHSL and monthly sampling and analyses to track the chemical response in groundwater. The velocity of groundwater north of the landfill is relatively slow, however, and quarterly monitoring activities were resumed in November 2015. Effects from the initial injection were first noted by the April 2016 monitoring event when the concentration of target VOCs (i.e., perchloroethylene (PCE), trichloroethylene (TCE)) were measured below set regulatory standards. While the initial aquifer response to the Pilot Study has been positive, the relatively low velocity of groundwater north of the site will require additional monitoring in order to obtain the data necessary to assess whether the applicability of the technology to the site. Until such data have been obtained, it cannot be anticipated whether or not this technology will be a viable remedial alternative. Once a working technology is in place, typical remediation and monitoring will be required until Cleanup Goals and statutory requirements are met.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017 (Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

In June 2015, the RWQCB sent a letter to SWMD concerning the inactive Milliken Landfill. The RWQCB letter requested SWMD perform gas samples from existing landfill gas probes and evaluate the potential for impacts to off-site structures; to update reports for the landfill due to lack of groundwater to run the pump and treat program and to evaluate the need for additional downgradient monitoring. SWMD engaged a consultant to complete a workplan pursuant to the RWQCB letter and to implement the workplan. In August 2017, SWMD received a draft evaluation report prepared as part of the workplan and that report is under review. As of June 30, 2017 and currently, it is not possible to estimate the potential pollution remediation liability related to the Milliken Landfill.

In FY 2016-2017, the estimated total pollution remediation liability increased from \$62,878 at June 30, 2016 to \$65,015 at June 30, 2017. The effect of any changes in the estimated total current cost of pollution remediation is reported primarily in the period of change. The major contributing factors that caused the pollution remediation liability to increase by a net amount of \$2,137 are listed below:

- The Mid-Valley net liability decreased by a net of \$283 primarily due to the current year expenses associated with the City of Rialto's Well groundwater treatment system. No new scope of work was enacted in FY 2016-2017 for this site. The outstanding liability as of June 30, 2017 is \$49,842.
- The Yucaipa net liability increased by a net of \$2,608 primarily due to a calculation measurement change. The estimate was increased because of a more recently known work scope timing and value. The outstanding liability as of June 30, 2017 is \$5,540.
- The Heaps Peak net liability decreased by a net of \$370 primarily due to the current year expenses related to the Leachate Treatment System for non-routine work. Also, the prior fiscal year estimate was understated and was revised for the total actual work order values. The outstanding liability as of June 30, 2017 is \$7,493.
- The Lenwood-Hinkley net liability increased by a net of \$182 due to the new Engineering estimate based on updated information from the State Water Resources Control Board. This waste discharge requirement (WDR) permit fee was previously estimated at a liability of \$878. It was determined to assign it a new value of \$1,143 related to this remediation matter. The outstanding liability as of June 30, 2017 is \$2,140.

Current and future estimated remediation costs are based on actual component costs adjusted for inflation in the post 2016-2017 fiscal years. Future estimates may be revised to reflect changes to equipment and service costs as well as any changes in technology and regulations. In FY 2016-2017, SWMD expended \$4,044 in performing pollution remediation activities at Mid-Valley Landfill, Yucaipa Disposal Site, Heaps Peak Disposal Site and Lenwood-Hinkley Disposal Site. Outlays are expected to be incurred in FY 2017-2018 totaling \$4,569. The presence of perchlorate, VOC and leachate will continue to be remediated and monitored with an expected estimated outlay of \$60,446 from FY 2018-2019 through FY 2042-2043.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017 (Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Bonds and Notes Payable

Certificates of Participation

Certificates of Participation (COP) are secured by annual lease payments payable by the County for use of the facilities constructed or acquired from the COP proceeds. The County has created a nonprofit organization and a joint powers authority to issue the Certificates in accordance with California Government Code. The County leases various projects from the corporation. The lease payments are used by the corporation to pay interest on, and principal of, the COPs.

The Certificates of Participation contain certain bond covenants, which are deemed by the County to be duties imposed by law. The County must include the applicable lease-purchase payments due each year in its annual budget and make the necessary appropriations. The County is also covenanted to maintain certain levels of liability, property damage, casualty, rental interruption and earthquake insurance in connection with each lease-purchase agreement. The County is in compliance with all significant financial restrictions and requirements as set forth in its various debt covenants. In addition, the County is in compliance with arbitrage regulations on all applicable bonds. Arbitrage computations are computed on an annual basis to determine if a rebate or liability exists as described in Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, Section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and all applicable regulations issued there under.

In prior years, the County has defeased certain Certificates of Participation by placing the proceeds of new certificates in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old certificates. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased certificates are not included in the County's basic financial statements. At June 30, 2017 approximately \$61,070 of outstanding debt was considered defeased.

San Bernardino County Financing Authority

In November 1995, San Bernardino County Financing Authority (Authority) issued Revenue Bonds for the purpose of enabling the County to finance its share of unfunded pension indebtedness. The Authority has deep-discounts associated with the pension obligation bonds, which is being amortized based on the accreted value of the bonds at year-end. The Authority records the amortization of deep-discount as accretion of interest expense. As of June 30, 2017, the amount of accretion of interest expense remaining is \$43,820.

In June 2007, the Authority issued Revenue Bonds in order to provide funds for the County to finance the costs of refurbishing and renovating a county courthouse facility. The Revenue Bonds are special, limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from and secured by a first pledge of and exclusive lien on Surcharge Revenues consisting of a fee not to exceed thirty-five dollars charged on certain civil court filings made in Superior Courts located in the County. Only Surcharge Revenue received after June 29, 2007 has been pledged. The collection of the Surcharge shall terminate upon repayment of the amortized costs incurred, or 30 years from the sale of the Revenue Bonds, whichever occurs first. Surcharge revenues are projected to produce 150 percent of the debt service requirements over the remaining life of the bonds. Excess Surcharge Revenue shall be used to pay for costs of improvements.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The debt service schedule for the current fiscal year required principal and interest payments totaling \$1,456. The total surcharge revenues received during the fiscal year totaled \$1,704. The bonds are subject to a special mandatory redemption prior to maturity, if the debt service coverage ratio for the immediately prior bond year is less than 150 percent. The current coverage ratio was below the required 150 percent, thus the remaining excess Surcharge Revenue shall be used for a special mandatory redemption of the bonds to occur on December 1, 2017, which is the next scheduled interest payment date. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$23,194. Interest is payable semi-annually at interest rates from 5.10 percent to 5.50 percent starting December 1, 2007. \$3,100 matured on June 1, 2017, and \$15,270 is expected to mature on June 1, 2037. The bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

Pension Obligation Bonds 2004 and 2008 Series

The County Board of Supervisors adopted a resolution to authorize the issuance of the County of San Bernardino pension obligation debenture in order to finance the County's share of the unfunded accrued actuarial liability of the San Bernardino County Employee Retirement Association (SBCERA). On June 24, 2004, the County issued County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 A (Fixed Rate Bonds), County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 B (Auction Rate Bonds), and County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 C (Index Bonds – based on LIBOR) in respective aggregate principal amounts of \$189,070, \$149,825, and \$125,000.

The Bonds have various maturity dates ranging from: 2005 to 2018 for Fixed Rate Bonds; 2004 to 2023 for Auction Rate Bonds; and 2004 to 2023 for Index Bonds. Series 2004 A Fixed Rate Bonds have fixed interest rates that range from 2.43% to 5.86%. The Series 2004 B Pension Obligation Bonds were fully refunded in April 2008 by the issued Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2008, which have a fixed interest rate of 6.020%.

San Bernardino County Flood Control District

In May 2007, San Bernardino County Flood Control District (District) issued Refunding Bonds, Series 2007 in the amount of \$23,845 to refund the obligation of the District under a contract with the County relating to a loan made by and between the United States of America and the County, finance a reserve fund surety bond and pay certain expenses in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The contract referred to above was entered into under the Small Reclamation Projects ACT of 1956.

In April 2008, the District issued Refunding Bonds, Series 2008, in the amount of \$37,295 to refund all of the District's outstanding \$45,000 San Bernardino County Flood Control District Judgment Obligation Bonds, Series B, which were issued to refund a portion of certain obligations of the District under a settlement agreement relating to an inverse condemnation action against the District.

In February 2016, the District issued Refunding Judgment Obligation Bonds, series A, in the amount of \$27,870 to pay in full the outstanding principal balance of the 2007 Judgment Obligation Bonds, series A.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in the separately issued financial statements of the District.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

A summary of bonds and notes payable recorded in the governmental activities and payable from Debt Service Funds is as follows:

Revenue Bonds	Interest Rates (%)	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding as of 6/30/2017
Pension Obligation Bonds (1995) Courthouse Project Bonds (2007) Subtotal	5.68 to 7.72 5.10 to 5.50	11/22/1995 6/29/2007	8/1/2021 6/30/2037	\$ 386,266 18,370	\$ 319,575 14,050 333,625
Premium/(Discounts): Pension Obligation Bonds (1995) Total Revenue Bonds					(43,820) 289,805
Other Bonds and Notes					
Flood Control District:					
Refunding Bonds (Series 2007)	4.25 to 5.00	5/29/2007	8/1/2021	23,845	11,185
Refunding Bonds (Series 2008)	0.66 to 4.86	4/16/2008	8/1/2037	37,295	37,295
Refunding Bonds (Series 2016)	1.54	2/25/2016	8/1/2023	27,870	25,200
Pension Obligation Bonds (2004)	0.54 to 5.86	6/24/2004	8/1/2023	463,895	172,250
Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds (2008)	6.02	4/16/2008	6/30/2024	160,900	153,895
Fire Protection District 2010 Installment Loan	5.4	8/2/2010	8/1/2030	2,286	1,949
West Valley Detention Center Refinancing Notes (2012) Subtotal	2.59	3/29/2012	11/1/2018	51,585	15,695 417,469
Premium/(Discounts): Flood Control District: Refunding Bonds (Series 2007) Total Other Bonds and Notes					395 417,864
Total Governmental Activities					\$ 707,669

Medical Center (COP)

Certificates of Participation (COP) are secured by annual lease payments payable by the County for use of the facilities constructed or acquired from the COP proceeds. The County has created a nonprofit public benefit corporation, Inland Empire Public Facilities Corporation (IEPFC), to issue the Certificates. The County leases various projects from the corporation. The lease payments are used by the corporation to pay interest and principal of the COPs.

Housing Authority (HACSB)

Loans and notes are issued to provide funds for housing rehabilitation, home buyer assistance, and creation of new affordable housing units. Additional information in regards to these loans can be found in the separately issued financial statements of the HACSB.

County Service Area

General Obligation Bonds are issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. These bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the County and revenue for the retirement of such bonds is provided by ad valorem taxes on property within the jurisdiction of the governmental unit issuing the bonds.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

A summary of bonds and notes payable recorded in the business-type activities is as follows:

Certificates of Participation:	Interest Rates (%)	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding as of 6/30/2017
Medical Center Project (Series 1994)	4.60 to 7.00	2/1/1994	8/1/2028	\$ 283,245	\$ 98,070
Medical Center Project (Series 1995)	4.80 to 7.00	6/1/1995	8/1/2022	363,265	4,815
Medical Center Project (Series 1996)	5.00 to 5.25	1/1/1996	8/1/2028	65,070	61,875
Arrowhead Refunding Project (Series 2009A)	3.00 to 5.50	12/17/2009	8/1/2026	243,980	175,065
Arrowhead Refunding Project (Series 2009B)	3.00 to 5.25	12/17/2009	8/1/2026	44,750	43,880
					383,705
Premium / (Discounts):					
Medical Center Project (Series 1994)					(3,463)
Medical Center Project (Series 1995)					(2)
Medical Center Project (Series 1996)					(1,607)
Arrowhead Refunding Project (Series 2009A)					2,226
Arrowhead Refunding Project (Series 2009B)					(77)
Total Certificates of Participation					380,782
General Obligation Bonds					
Spring Valley Lake Sewer Facilities:	-				
Series A	6.50 to 6.75	2/15/1972	2/15/2002	1,300	15
Series B	6.10 to 6.15	4/1/1974	4/1/2004	1,000	15
Helendale Sewer Facilities:				,	
Series A	5.00	6/1/1978	6/1/1998	1,550	5
Helendale Water Facilities:				,	
Series B	7.00	9/1/1982	6/1/1997	1,450	5
Pinon Hills Water Distribution:					
Series A	5.00	3/1/1978	3/1/2018	1,708	95
Series B	5.00	3/1/1978	3/1/2018	275	10
Series C	9.00 to 11.00	11/1/1984	3/1/2005	1,518	5
Landers Water Distribution System	5.00	6/1/1979	6/1/2019	1,540	180
Oak Hills Water Distribution Facilities	7.00	9/1/1974	9/1/1994	750	5
Total General Obligation Bonds					335
·					
Notes Payable	_				
Oak Hills Water (Loan)		11/25/2003	8/25/2033	2,150	1,447
Notes Payable - HACSB	0 to 11.50	Various	Various	82,963	30,891
Total Notes Payable					32,338
Total Business-Type Activities					\$ 413,455

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the separately issued financial statements of the Inland Empire Public Facilities Corporation and the San Bernardino County Financing Authority.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The following is a schedule of principal debt service requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2017 for bonds and notes payable in the governmental activities:

Years Ending	Revenue		Other			
June 30	Bonds		Long-Term Debt		Total	
2018	\$	59,120	\$	45,342	\$	104,462
2019		61,670		49,762		111,432
2020		64,855		46,623		111,478
2021		68,190		51,784		119,974
2022		68,390		57,899		126,289
2023 - 2027		2,845		128,061		130,906
2028 - 2032		3,730		10,368		14,098
2033 - 2037		4,825		22,540		27,365
2038 - 2042		<u>-</u>		5,090		5,090
Total Principal		333,625		417,469		751,094
Plus: Premium		-		395		395
Less: Discount		(43,820)				(43,820)
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$	289,805	\$	417,864	\$	707,669

The following is a schedule of interest expense requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2017 for bonds and notes payable in the governmental activities:

Years Ending	Revenue		Other			
June 30	Bonds		Long-Term Debt		Total	
2018	\$	760	\$	15,947	\$	16,707
2019		725		13,580		14,305
2020		702		11,472		12,174
2021		678		9,841		10,519
2022		653		7,886		8,539
2023 - 2027		2,840		14,363		17,203
2028 - 2032		1,962		8,348		10,310
2033 - 2037		824		3,690		4,514
2038 - 2042		-		41		41
Total Interest	\$	9,144	\$	85,168	\$	94,312

The following is a schedule of principal debt service requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2017 for COPs, bonds and notes payable in the business-type activities:

		General			
Years Ending	Certificates of	Obligation	Notes		
June 30	Participation	Bonds	Payable	Total	
2018	\$ 23,630	\$ 240	\$ 769	\$ 24,639	
2019	24,920	95	818	25,833	
2020	26,230	-	868	27,098	
2021	27,765	-	932	28,697	
2022	29,500		9,471	38,971	
2023 - 2027	174,340	-	15,023	189,363	
2028 - 2032	77,320	-	1,733	79,053	
2033 - 2037	-	-	1,224	1,224	
2038 - 2042	-	-	-	-	
2043 - 2047	-	-	-	-	
2048 - 2051	-	-	1,500	1,500	
Total Principal	383,705	335	32,338	416,378	
Plus: Premium	2,226	-	-	2,226	
Less: Discount	(5,149)			(5,149)	
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 380,782	\$ 335	\$ 32,338	\$ 413,455	

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The following is a schedule of interest expense requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2017 for COPs, bonds and notes payable in the business-type activities:

			Ge	eneral		
Years Ending	Cert	ificates of	Obl	igation	Notes	
June 30	Par	ticipation	В	onds	Payable	Total
2018	\$	19,299	\$	14	\$ 1,319	\$ 20,632
2019		18,037		5	1,322	19,364
2020		16,749		-	1,283	18,032
2021		15,231		-	1,043	16,274
2022		13,579		-	816	14,395
2023 - 2027		42,334		-	2,450	44,784
2028 - 2032		3,842		-	182	4,024
2033 - 2037		-		-	105	105
2038 - 2042		-		-	-	-
2043 - 2047		-		-	-	-
2048 - 2051		-		-	509	509
Total Interest	\$	129,071	\$	19	\$ 9,029	\$ 138,119

Agreement with Liquidity Facilities

Flood Control Refunding Bonds (Series 2008): In April 2008, the District issued Refunding Bonds, Series 2008, in the amount of \$37,295. Interest on the Refunding Bonds, Series 2008 is paid at a Weekly Rate Mode interest rate payable on the first Business Day of each calendar month commencing on May 1, 2008. Principal payments are due annually in various amounts commencing August 1, 2029 through 2037. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2017 was \$37,295.

The Bonds were issued to refund all of the District's outstanding \$45,000 San Bernardino County Flood Control District Judgment Obligation Bonds, Series B, which were issued to refund a portion of certain obligations of the District under a settlement agreement relating to an inverse condemnation action against the District, fund interest on the Series 2008 Bonds at an assumed rate of 4.86% through August 1, 2008 and costs of issuance incurred in connection with the issuance of the Series 2008 Bonds. The interest rate is variable and is shown at the assumed rate of 4.86% in the repayment schedule.

The Bonds have an optional tender provision that gives the bondholder the option of selling their Bonds back to the District, at par, upon seven days' notice. The District has obtained a direct pay, irrevocable letter of credit (LC) from Bank of America ("Bank") to provide credit support, and cash for such tenders, in the event tendered Bonds cannot be immediately remarketed to another investor. The District entered into a Reimbursement Agreement and Fee Letter with the Bank in July of 2011 to document the terms related to the issuance of the LC. The District did not pay any upfront commitment fee to the Bank for this LC; however it pays a facility fee at agreed upon rates on the Available Amount of the LC (as defined in the LC agreement). This LC is an irrevocable direct pay letter of credit with a current stated expiration date of July 5, 2019.

The LC is directly drawn on monthly to make the interest payment on the Bonds. The Bank is reimbursed for the monthly draw on the LC with the debt service payments made by the District. An LC draw would also occur if an investor exercises the optional tender provision and the Bonds cannot be immediately remarketed to another investor. In the event of a draw on the LC to purchase bonds that have been tendered but not remarketed (Liquidity Advance) that is not repaid by Flood within 90 days, the Liquidity Advance will convert to a Term Loan on the ninety first day, if conditions precedent to a Term Loan are satisfied by the District.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2017, there were no outstanding 2008 Judgment Obligation Bonds that have been tendered but failed to be remarketed. In accordance with the agreement, in the event any Bonds are optionally tendered and cannot be remarketed, interest on tendered Bonds for the first ninety days is paid to the Bank at the highest of a) Prime Rate in effect for such day plus 1.5%, b) overnight effective federal funds rate for such day as quoted in the "Composition Closing Quotations for U.S. Government Securities" published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York plus 3%, c) 7.5% or d) the maximum rate of interest borne by Bonds that are still held by investors. If a Liquidity Advance remains outstanding after ninety days, and if conditions precedent to a Term Loan is satisfied by Flood, the rate paid to the Bank on the Term Loan is the highest of a) through d) above, plus 1%.

The following schedule represents a debt service scenario in which all the bonds are tendered by investors on July 1, 2017 and fail to be remarketed during the Liquidity Advance and Term Loan periods. The scenario assumes that interest on the Liquidity Advance is paid at a rate of 7.5%, and that interest on the Term Loan is paid at a rate of 8.5%. Principal is amortized as required in the Reimbursement Agreement over the Term Loan period.

Years Ending						
June 30	Pi	Principal		Interest		Total
2018	\$	10,600	\$	2,823	\$	13,423
2019		10,600		1,741		12,341
2020		10,700		835		11,535
2021		5,395		77		5,472
Total	\$	37,295	\$	5,476	\$	42,771

Conduit Debt (Limited Obligation)

Single and Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds

The County issues Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds to provide funds to purchase mortgage loans secured by first trust deeds on newly constructed and existing single-family residences. Additionally, the County issues Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds to finance the construction of multi-family apartment projects in the County. These programs assist persons and families of low and moderate income within the County to afford the costs of safe and sanitary housing. The bonds will be payable solely from and secured by a pledge of payment received on the acquired mortgage loans, certain insurance with respect thereto, and other monies pledged under the bond resolution. Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds of \$3,820 and Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds of \$50,265 at June 30, 2017 do not represent a liability of the County and, as such, do not appear in the accompanying basic financial statements.

The HACSB has issued multifamily housing revenue bonds to provide funds to developers of multifamily housing projects. The bonds are payable solely from the revenues collected by the developers of these projects. The HACSB is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the indebtedness. Accordingly, the liabilities are not reported in the HACSB's basic financial statements. The HACSB participated as a conduit debt issuer for a number of housing development projects. These issues are typically used in multi-family housing acquisition and construction. The HACSB usually assigns the financing agreement (including all rights of issuer, except for reserved rights) together with other property to the Trustees. As of September 30, 2016, the outstanding balances of these Revenue Bonds are \$18,000.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

School District General Obligation Bonds

The County of San Bernardino issued General Obligation Bonds (GOB) on behalf of certain Schools within the San Bernardino School District. The GOBs are payable solely by ad valorem taxes to be levied within the District. The General Obligation Bonds of \$11,900 at June 30, 2017 do not represent a liability of the County and, as such, do not appear in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Special Assessment Bonds

The County acts as an agent for the property owners benefited by the projects financed from special assessment bond proceeds, in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders and initiating foreclosure proceedings, if appropriate. Special assessment bonds of \$64,075 at June 30, 2017 do not represent a liability of the County and, as such, do not appear in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Long-term liability transactions for FIRST 5 San Bernardino for the year ended June 30, 2017, are as follows:

	•	ginning alance	Add	ditions	Redi	uctions	nding alance	Within Year
Compensated Absences	\$	179	\$	150	\$	149	\$ 180	\$ -
Net Pension Liability		1,672		512		-	2,184	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	1,851	\$	662	\$	149	\$ 2,364	\$ -

NOTE 12 – LEASES

Capital Leases

The County has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the County when all terms of the lease agreements are met. Equipment and related accumulated amortization as of June 30, 2017 for capital leases are as follows:

	ness-type ctivities
Asset:	
Equipment	\$ 27,811
Less: Accumulated depreciation	21,650
Total	\$ 6,161

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 12 – LEASES (CONTINUED)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017, are as follows:

	Busii	ness-type	
Year Ending June 30:	Ac	ctivities	
2018	\$	1,718	
2019		1,116	
2020		741	
2021		445	
Total Minimum Lease Payments	'	4,020	
Less: Amount Representing Interest		(58)	
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	3,962	

Operating Leases

The County leases building and office facilities and other equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$49,489 for the year ended June 30, 2017. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2018	\$ 48,298
2019	43,730
2020	36,847
2021	31,358
2022	29,676
2023-2027	79,529
Total Minimum Payments	\$ 269,438

NOTE 13 – CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State Financial Assurance Mechanism regulations require landfill operators to set aside funds, or provide alternative funding mechanisms to fund the closure and post-closure maintenance of landfills. The funding must be completed prior to the final date of closure. These regulations apply to solid waste landfills that have been or will be operated on or after January 1, 1988. The closure and post-closure care costs of other landfills not subject to these State regulations is funded separately in the Waste Systems Division.

Closure and post-closure care costs include, but are not limited to, such items as final cover, groundwater monitoring, well installations and landfill gas monitoring systems.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 13 – CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST (CONTINUED)

The twenty (20) landfills listed below (with their capacity used and estimated remaining lives) are those currently subject to State and federal regulations:

	Capacity	Years		Capacity	Years
Landfill	Used	Remaining	Landfill	Used	Remaining
Apple Valley	100%	Inactive	Milliken	100%	Inactive
Baker	100%	Inactive	Morongo Valley	100%	Inactive
Barstow	5%	523	Needles	100%	Inactive
Big Bear	100%	Inactive	Newberry Springs	100%	Inactive
Colton	100%	Inactive	Phelan	100%	Inactive
Hesperia	100%	Inactive	San Timoteo	42%	25
Landers	21%	112	Trona-Argus	100%	Inactive
Lenwood-Hinkley	100%	Inactive	Twentynine Palms	100%	Inactive
Lucerne Valley	100%	Inactive	Victorville	18%	180
Mid-Valley	37%	39	Yermo	100%	Inactive

The annually inflated landfill closure and post-closure care cost estimates of \$205,859 and \$148,768 respectively for a total of \$354,627, are based upon the most recently submitted Closure/Post-Closure Maintenance Plan documents filed with the State and Federal permitting agencies. If, at some future date, these closure cost estimates are adjusted (due to changes in inflation, technology, regulations, etc.), the County is required to make corresponding changes in the amount of funds deposited for closure.

As of June 30, 2017, the cumulative liability recorded by the County based upon individual landfill capacity usage was \$203,208 (\$117,389 closure costs and \$85,819 post-closure costs). The remaining \$151,419 of estimated closure and post-closure costs will be recorded and funded as landfill capacities are used.

Cumulative closure and post-closure related outlays of \$87,799 and \$19,040 have been incurred through June 30, 2017. Landfill closure liabilities decreased to \$29,590 while post-closure liabilities decreased to \$66,779. In accordance with GASB 18, "Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill (MSWLF) Closure and Postclosure Care Costs", the effect of any changes in the estimated total current cost of closure and postclosure care is reported primarily in the period of change.

The estimated closure and post-closure activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 includes the following:

	Beginning Balance			crease ecrease)_	Ending Balance
Estimated Liability for Closure Care Costs	\$	33,332	\$	(3,742)	\$ 29,590
Estimated Liability for Postclosure Care Costs		69,086		(2,307)	66,779
Total	\$	102,418	\$	(6,049)	\$ 96,369

In accordance with a Pledge of Revenue Mechanism adopted by the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors on July 28, 2009, the County has pledged tipping fees and interest revenue to fund the post-closure maintenance costs as needed. Total tipping fees received in the current fiscal year were \$66,950 and post-closure expenses were \$1,849. Each landfill site's maintenance costs are budgeted annually following the Closure and Post-Closure Maintenance Plan as approved by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle). The County has restricted cash of \$61,324 in the Waste System Division enterprise fund, of this amount, \$59,751 is to provide financial assurance for landfill closure costs as required by CalRecycle. The term for each landfill site funding requirements is thirty (30) years starting with the date of closure as certified by the State.

NOTE 14 – SELF-INSURANCE

The County has self-insurance programs for public liability, property damage, unemployment insurance, employee dental insurance, hospital and medical malpractice liability, environmental liability, and workers' compensation claims. Public liability claims are self-insured for up to \$3.0 million per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage over the Self-Insured Retention (SIR) up to \$50 million is provided through a combination of insurance policies as recommended by Alliant Insurance Services Inc., Insurance Broker through CSAC-EIA (California State Association of Counties – Excess Insurance Authority), as follows: Primary Liability coverage \$25 million excess of \$3 million self-insured retention with QBE Insurance, Munich Reinsurance America, Inc., Great American Ins., Brit Global Specialty USA, Evanston Insurance Co., and Lloyd's of London ANNV syndicate. Excess Liability coverage for \$10 million, excess of \$25 million with Brit Global Specialty USA and Great American Ins. Company. Allied World Assurance Co. (AWAC) provides excess liability coverage of \$15 million, excess of \$35 million. In addition, the County has been actuarially-recommended to maintain \$24 million reserve to cover SIR exposure for auto and general liability programs. No settlements related to these programs have exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

The Workers' Compensation program continued under CSAC-EIA Excess Workers' Compensation Program with a policy of \$2 million SIR and statutory limits with National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, PA. Property damage claims are insured on an occurrence basis over a \$25 thousand deductible, and insured through CSAC-EIA and reinsured with Lexington Insurance Co. and with several insurers like AWAC, Ironshore, Partner RE, and Lloyd's of London, among others.

The County supplements its self-insurance for medical malpractice claims with a \$25 million policy (\$35 million aggregate) with BETA Risk Management Authority, which provides annual coverage on a claims made basis with a SIR of \$1 million for each claim.

Environmental claims are expected to occur infrequently, but have the potential to be expensive when they do occur. The County has experienced only two significant environmental liability claims since it began self-insuring this exposure in 1983. Given that environmental liability is an extremely volatile coverage, which is characterized by low frequency and high severity, the County has taken a conservative stance, as recommended by the actuary, by setting aside a minimum of \$10 million to cover future environmental liability claims.

All public officials and County employees are insured under a blanket Comprehensive Disappearance, Destruction, and Dishonesty policy covering County monies and securities, with Berkley Regional Insurance Co. with a \$100 thousand deductible, and excess limits up to \$10 million per occurrence.

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in the Risk Management Department's internal service funds ("Funds"), except for unemployment insurance, and employee dental insurance, which are accounted for in the General Fund. The liabilities recorded in these Funds are based on the results of actuarial studies and include amounts for allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liabilities for these claims are reported using a discounted rate of 0.908% and an actuarially-determined 80% confidence level. It is the County's practice to obtain actuarial studies on an annual basis.

The total claims liability of \$246.50 million reported at June 30, 2017 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues*, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 14 - SELF-INSURANCE (CONTINUED)

Changes in the claims liability amounts in fiscal years 2016 and 2017 were:

		Current-Year		
	Beginning of	Claims and		Balance
Fiscal	Fiscal Year	Changes in	Claim	at Fiscal
Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year End
0045.40	4000 000	# 50.000	(\$45.004)	4000 005
2015-16	\$232,098	\$50,398	(\$45,801)	\$236,695
2016-17	\$236,695	\$71,655	(\$61,855)	\$246,495

NOTE 15 – COLLATERALIZED FACILITIES

The following County Facilities have been pledged as collateral in certain County financing transactions:

Facilities	Beginning		Additions		Deletions		Ending	
Foothill Law and Justice	\$	42,642	\$	_	\$	42,642	\$	-
Victorville Law Center		8,644		-		8,644		-
West Valley Detention Center		146,327		-		-		146,327
Courthouse & Annex		9,450		-		-		9,450
West Valley Juvenile Detention Center		5,077		-		-		5,077
Arrowhead Regional Medical Center		490,481		-		-		490,481
Hall of Records (New)		12,666		-		-		12,666
Glen Helen Pavilion Amphitheater		26,174		-		-		26,174
Sheriff's Admin Bldg		13,416		-		-		13,416
County Government Center		25,711						25,711
	\$	780,588	\$	-	\$	51,286	\$	729,302

These facilities remain pledged as collateral until the associated County financing transactions become paid in full.

In addition to these facilities, the County entered into a ground lease agreement with the State of California for the property located on 9438 Commerce Way in Adelanto, California, known as the Adelanto Detention Center Expansion, to assist the County in obtaining eligibility for AB900 funding. The State, in turn, has pledged the facility as collateral for lease-revenue bonds it issued to fund the project.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 16 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The County recognized deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are an acquisition of net position by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period.

The balances as of June 30, 2017 of deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

Go	vernment-Wide Activities	
Governmental Activities		
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensio	\$ 316,807	
Deferred Inflows Related to Bond F	<u> </u>	
Flood Control Refunding Bonds		 216
	Sub-Total	 317,023
Pusings Type Activities		
Business-Type Activities Deferred Inflows Related to Pensio	ne	20 704
Deferred filliows Related to Ferrsio	Sub-Total	 39,794 39,794
	oub-Total	 33,734
	Total Government-Wide Activities	\$ 356,817
	Governmental Funds	
Unavailable Revenues:		
General Fund		
Property Tax Receivable		\$ 10,958
Interest Receivable		21,326
Other Receivable		9,235
Due from Governmental Agencies		34,575
	Sub-Total	 76,094
Capital Improvement Fund		
Interest Receivable		329
	Sub-Total	329
Names alon Carramana antal Frieds		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		E 110
Property Tax Receivable Interest Receivable		5,118 1,058
Due from Governmental Agencies		3,124
Due from Other Agencies		325
Bus nom suiter rigorioles	Sub-Total	 9,625
		-,
	Total Governmental Funds	\$ 86,048
	Proprietary Funds	
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions:		
Enterprise Fund		
	'Retirement Association (SBCERA)	\$ 39,331
California Public Employees Retire		 463
	Sub-Total	 39,794
Internal Service Fund		
	' Retirement Association (SBCERA)	10 647
San Bernardino County Employees	Sub-Total	 10,647 10,647
	Oub-Total	 10,047
	Total Proprietary Funds	\$ 50,441

Refer to Note 19 Retirement Plan, for additional Deferred Inflows of Resources information related to pensions.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 17 – FUND BALANCES DETAIL

Details of Fund Balance Classifications reported in Governmental Funds are as follows:

			Nonmajor				
		Capital	Special		Nonmajor	Nonmajor	
	Cananal Fund	Improvement	Revenue		Capital Project	Permanent	Total
Namanandahlar	General Fund	Fund	Funds	Service Funds	Funds	Funds	Total
Nonspendable:	¢ 27.645	¢	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 37,645
Loan Receivable	\$ 37,645	\$ -	5 -		Ъ -	·	
Noncurrent Interfund Receivable	2,765	-	- 410	-	-	-	2,765
Prepaid Items and Inventories	2,984	-	410	-	-	-	3,394
Land Held for Resale	549	-	-	-	-	4 740	549
Endowments	40.040	- -	- 440	- -		1,712	1,712
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	43,943	- -	410			1,712	46,065
Restricted for:							
Social Services Realignment	97,924	_	_	_	_	_	97,924
Health Services Realignment	138,500	_	_	_	_	_	138,500
Behavioral Health Realignment	77,916	_	_	_	_	_	77,916
Law and Justice Realignment	60,052	_	_	_	_	_	60,052
Family Support Realignment	15,401	_	_	_	_	_	15,401
Support Services Realignment	16,962	_	_	_	_	_	16,962
CalWORKs Maintenance of Effort Realignment	12,800	_	_	_	_	_	12,800
Teeter Plan	14,204	_	_	_	_	_	14,204
Aging Programs	914	_	_	_	_	_	914
COP & Juvenile Growth	662	_	_	_	_	_	662
Mental Health Outreach Services	2	_	_	_	_	_	2
Debt Service	-	_	_	22,897	_	_	22,897
Central Courthouse Project	-	_	2,262	,	_	_	2,262
Redemption Restitution Maintenance	-	_	1,819	_	_	_	1,819
Courthouse and Criminal Justice Construction	-	-	12	-	_	-	12
Redevelopment Housing	-	_	1,187	_	20,012	_	21,199
Capital Improvement Projects	-	42,891	-	-	-	-	42,891
Public Protection and Safety - Other	-	· -	152	-	-	-	152
Flood Control	-	-	120,045	-	_	-	120,045
Domestic Violence Programs	-	-	762	-	_	-	762
Crime Prosecution	-	-	9,162	-	_	-	9,162
Probation Programs	-	-	24,646	-	-	-	24,646
Alternate Dispute Resolutions	-	-	67	-	_	-	67
Recorder's Micrographics	-	-	16,131	-	-	-	16,131
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	-	-	2,296	-	-	-	2,296
Sheriff Special Projects	-	-	15,023	-	-	-	15,023
Fire Protection	-	-	53,558	-	8,500	-	62,058
Chino Agriculture Preserve	-	-	28,836	-	-	-	28,836
Road Operations	-	-	42,557	-	-	-	42,557
Measure I	-	-	25,305	-	-	-	25,305
Regional Development Mitigation Plan	-	-	17,906	-	-	-	17,906
Facilities Development Plans	-	-	3,225	-	-	-	3,225
Airport Operations	-	-	5,249	-	-	-	5,249
Mental Health Services Act	-	-	187,626	-	-	-	187,626
Block Grant Carryover Program	-	-	7,350	-	-	-	7,350
Vector Control Assessments	-	-	3,780	-	-	-	3,780
Public Health - Other	-	-	915	-	-	-	915
Mental Health - Other	-	-	533	-	-	-	533
Inland Counties Emergency Medical Agencies	-	-	1,294	-	-	-	1,294
Preschool Services	-	-	154	-	-	-	154
Aging and Adult Services - Other	-	-	1,465	-	-	-	1,465
Job and Employment Services	-	-	1,113	-	-	-	1,113
Economic and Community Development	-	-	32,384	-	-	-	32,384
Wraparound Reinvestment	-	-	6,565	-	-	-	6,565
Regional Parks	-	-	970	-	-	-	970
Park and Recreation Districts	-	-	1,995	-	3,075	-	5,070
County Free Library	-	-	9,138	-	-	-	9,138
County Service Area			19,922	<u>-</u>	4,239		24,161
Total Restricted Fund Balance	435,337	42,891	645,404	22,897	35,826		1,182,355

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 17 – FUND BALANCES DETAIL (CONTINUED)

	General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Nonmajor Permanent Funds	Total
Committed to:	- Contrain and						
Medical Center Debt Service	\$ 32,075	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,075
Glen Helen Rehabilitation Center Jail Upgrade	75	-	-	-	-	-	75
New Property Tax System	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	3,000
New Financial Accounting System	9,500	-	-	-	-	-	9,500
Earned Leave Animal Shelter Capital Project	19,512 10,000	-	-	-	-	-	19,512 10,000
Adelanto Detention Center Jail Upgrade	7,719	-	_	_	-	_	7,719
Retirement	8,500	_	_	_	_	_	8,500
West Valley Detention Center Jail Upgrade	6,598	_	_	_	_	_	6,598
Rim Forest Drainage Project	4,376	-	_	_	-	-	4,376
Land Use Services Plan and Amendments	2,056	-	-	-	-	-	2,056
Glen Helen Parkway Bridge	2,039	-	-	-	-	-	2,039
Cal Fresh Waiver Discontinuance	1,187	-	-	-	-	-	1,187
County Buildings and Acquisition Retrofit Project	31,000	-	-	-	-	-	31,000
Redevelopment Agency Overpayment	3,800	-	-	-	-	-	3,800
Insurance	3,000	-	-	-	-	-	3,000
Permit Systems Upgrade	2,045	-	-	-	-	-	2,045
Lake Gregory Dam	8,213 9,728	-	-	-	-	-	8,213 9,728
National Trails Highway Labor	10,374	-	-	-	-	-	10,374
Rock Springs Bridge Project	2,037	-	_	-	-	-	2,037
Asset Replacement	26,644	_	_	_	_	_	26,644
EMACS Upgrade	3,742	-	_	_	-	_	3,742
Assessor-Recorder Enterprise System	1,000	-	_	_	-	-	1,000
Strategic Initiatives Reserve	591	-	-	-	-	-	591
Big Bear Apline Zoo	1,700	-	-	-	-	-	1,700
GIS Enterprise License Agreement	1,679	-	-	-	-	-	1,679
Valley Dispatch Reserve	27,106	-	-	-	-	-	27,106
ARMC Jail Ward	20,000	-	-	-	-	-	20,000
Cedar Avenue Interchange	8,095	-	-	-	-	-	8,095
Capital Projects	6,700	-	-	-	-	-	6,700
Litigation Expenses	17,000	-	-	-	-	-	17,000
County Fire - Fire Training Center Stanfield Cutoff Road Repair and Bridge Replacement	820 405	-	-	-	-	-	820 405
Litigation	385	_	_	_	-	_	385
Chino Airport Development Plan Reserve	250	_	_	-	-	_	250
Give BIG San Bernardino County	100	_	_	_	_	_	100
Revolving Loan Program	2,000	-	_	_	-	_	2,000
Total Committed Fund Balance	295,051	-	_	-	-		295,051
Assigned to:							
Automated Systems Development	4,089	-	-	-	-	-	4,089
Cal Fresh Waiver Discontinuance	302	-	- 240	-	-	-	302
Redemption Restitution Maintenance Industrial Development Authority	-	-	218	-	-	-	218 57
800 MHZ Upgrade Project	-	37,199	57	-	-	-	37.199
Sheriff's Crime Lab	-	457	_	_	-	-	457
Sherrif's Aviation Relocation	_	1	_	_	_	_	1
County Buildings Retrofit and Improvements	_	94,299	_	_	_	_	94,299
Maintenance, Upgrades and Other Capital Outlay	_	42,394	_	_	-	_	42,394
Indigent Defense Program	-	· -	177	-	-	_	177
Disaster Recovery	-	-	3,256	-	-	-	3,256
Flood Control	-	-	3,572	-	-	-	3,572
Sheriff Special Projects	-	6,292	1	-	-	-	6,293
Road Operations	-	-	23,494	-	-	-	23,494
Fire Protection	-	17,639	-	-	-	-	17,639
Master Settlement Agreement	-	-	3,569	-	-	-	3,569
Mental Health	-	-	2,792	-	-	-	2,792
Human Resources	-	-	2,434	-	-	-	2,434
Economic and Community Development	-	-	591 1,783	-	-	-	591 1 783
Regional Parks San Manuel Amphitheater	-	-	1,783	-	-	-	1,783 1,834
County Service Area	-	-	2,880	-	-	-	2,880
Total Assigned Fund Balance	4,391	198,281	46,658		· 		249,330
	1,001	,201	,				
Unassigned Fund Balance	271,914						271,914
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,050,636	\$ 241,172	\$ 692,472	\$ 22,897	\$ 35,826	\$ 1,712	\$ 2,044,715

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 18 - MEDICARE AND MEDI-CAL PROGRAMS

The Medical Center provides services to eligible patients under Medi-Cal and Medicare programs. For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Medi-Cal program represented approximately 59% and 55%, and the Medicare program represented approximately 25% and 27%, respectively, of the Medical Center's net patient service revenues. Medi-Cal inpatient services are reimbursed at contractually agreed upon per diem rates and outpatient services are reimbursed under a schedule of maximum allowances. Medicare inpatient services are reimbursed based upon pre-established rates for diagnostic-related groups. Outpatient services are reimbursed based on prospectively determined payments per procedure under a system called Ambulatory Payment Classifications. Certain defined capital and the medical education costs related to Medicare beneficiaries are paid based on a cost-reimbursement methodology. Final reimbursement is determined as a result of audits by the fiscal intermediary of annual cost reports submitted by the Medical Center. Reports on the results of such audits have been received through June 30, 2011 for Medicare and June 30, 2015 for Medi-Cal. Adjustments as a result of such audits are recorded in the year the amounts can be determined.

Additional detailed financial information, including separately issued financial statements, can be obtained from the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector's Office at 268 W. Hospitality Lane, San Bernardino, CA 92415-0018.

NOTE 19 - RETIREMENT PLAN

The County recognized net pension liabilities from the following retirement plans in the government-wide financial statements. The balances as of June 30, 2017 of net pension liabilities are as follows:

Discretely

					Pre	esented	
	Go	overnmental	Bus	siness-type	Coi	mponent	
		Activities	1	Activities		Unit	Total
San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association	\$	1,833,646	\$	210,872	\$	2,184	\$ 2,046,702
California Public Employees Retirement System - HACSB		-		20,024		-	20,024
Total	\$	1,833,646	\$	230,896	\$	2,184	\$ 2,066,726

A. San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The County provides pension benefits to eligible employees through a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (the Plan) administered by the San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA).

The Plan is governed by the SBCERA Board of Retirement (Board) under the provisions of the California County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL), and the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA). The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the CERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors and/or the SBCERA Board. SBCERA is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

SBCERA publishes its own comprehensive annual financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information, which can be obtained by writing to SBCERA at 348 W. Hospitality Lane, Third Floor, San Bernardino, CA 92415-0014 or visiting the website at www.SBCERA.org.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 19 – RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

SBCERA provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits. SBCERA administers the Plan which provides benefits for two membership classifications, General and Safety, and those benefits are tiered based upon date of SBCERA membership. Safety membership is extended to those involved in active law enforcement and fire suppression. All other members are classified as General members. Generally, those who become members prior to January 1, 2013 are Tier 1 members. All other members are Tier 2. An employee who is appointed to a regular or contract position, whose service is at least fifty percent of the full standard of hours required is a member of SBCERA, and is provided with pension benefits pursuant to Plan requirements.

The CERL and PEPRA establish benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average final compensation and service credit as follows:

	General - Tier 1	General - Tier 2	Safety - Tier 1	Safety - Tier 2
Final Average	Highest 12	Highest 36	Highest 12	Highest 36
Compensation	consecutive months	consecutive months	consecutive months	consecutive months
Normal Retirement Age	The later of age 55 or the age at which the member vests in his/her benefits under the CERL, but not later than age 70	The later of age 55 or the age at which the member vests in his/her benefits under the CERL, but not later than age 70	The later of age 50 or the age at which the member vests in his/her benefits under the CERL, but not later than age 70	The later of age 50 or the age at which the member vests in his/her benefits under the CERL, but not later than age 70
Early Retirement: Years of service required and /or age eligible for	Age 70 any years 10 years age 50 30 years any age	Age 70 any years 5 years age 52 N/A	Age 70 any years 10 years age 50 20 years any age	Age 70 any years 5 years age 50 N/A
Benefit	At normal retirement age, 2.00% per year of final average compensation for every year of service credit	At age 67, 2.50% per year of final average compensation for every year of service credit	At normal retirement age, 3.00% per year of final average compensation for every year of service credit	At age 57, 2.70% per year of final average compensation for every year of service credit
Benefit Adjustments	Reduced before age 55, increased after 55 up to age 65	Reduced before age 67	Reduced before age 50	Reduced before age 57
Final Average Compensation Limitation	Internal Revenue Code section 401(a)(17)	Government Code section 7522.10	Internal Revenue Code section 401(a)(17)	Government Code section 7522.10

An automatic cost of living adjustment is provided to benefit recipients based on changes in the local region Consumer Price Index (CPI) up to a maximum of 2% per year. Any increase greater than 2% is banked and may be used in years where the CPI is less than 2%. There is a one-time 7% increase at retirement for members hired before August 19, 1975. The Plan also provides disability and death benefits to eligible members and their beneficiaries, respectively. For retired members, the death benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to benefits based on the members years of service or if the death was caused by employment. General members are also eligible for survivor benefits which are payable upon a member's death.

NOTE 19 - RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Participating employers and active members are required by statute to contribute a percentage of covered payroll to the Plan. This requirement is pursuant to Government Code sections 31453.5 and 31454 for participating employers, and Government Code sections 31621.6, 31639.25, and 7522.30 for active members. The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the SBCERA Board pursuant to Article 1 of the CERL, which is consistent with the Plan's actuarial funding policy. The contribution rates are adopted yearly based on an annual actuarial valuation, which is conducted by an independent actuary, that requires actuarial assumptions with regard to mortality, expected future service (including age at entry into the Plan, if applicable and tier), and compensation increases of the members and beneficiaries. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits for employees that are allocated during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Participating employers may pay a portion of the active members' contributions through negotiations and bargaining agreements.

Employee and employer contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	General - Tier 1	General - Tier 2	Safety - Tier 1	Safety - Tier 2
Employee contribution rates	7.89% to 14.86%	7.73% to 8.37%	10.63% to 17.60%	13.56% to 14.03%
Employer contribution rates	22.33%	19.20%	50.98%	42.91%

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County's employer contributions to the Plan were equal to the actuarially determined required employer contributions as follows:

				cretely sented	
	_	vernmental Activities	iness-type ctivities	ponent Jnit	 Total
Employer Contributions			 		
General Members	\$	162,556	\$ 32,227	\$ 302	\$ 195,085
Safety Members		108,053	-	-	108,053
Total	\$	270,609	\$ 32,227	\$ 302	\$ 303,138

Employee contributions paid by the employer are accounted for as employee contributions pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 82.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 19 - RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of June 30, 2017, the County reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability as follows:

	Go	overnmental		Bus	siness-type	F	Discretely Presented omponent			
		Activities	Act		Activities		Unit		Total	
General Members	\$	1,054,676		\$	210,872	\$	2,184	:	\$	1,267,732
Safety Members		778,970			-		-			778,970
Total	\$	1,833,646		\$	210,872	\$	2,184		\$	2,046,702

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's FY 2016 actual contributions to the Plan relative to the total employer contributions of all SBCERA's participating employers. The County's proportion in the Plan was 82.92%, which excludes the Consolidated Fire Agencies of the East Valley as it is not part of the County's reporting entity. It was a decrease of 0.45% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

The allocation of the County's proportion of the net pension liability to governmental activities, business-type activities, and a discretely presented component unit was based on each fund group's FY 2016 actual contributions to the County's pension plan relative to the total contributions of the County. The allocation of the County's proportion and its change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

			Discretely Presented	
	Governmental	Business-type	Component	
	Activities	Activities	Unit	Total
Proportion - June 30, 2016				
General Members	51.53%	10.30%	0.11%	61.94%
Safety Members	38.06%			38.06%
Total	89.59%	10.30%	0.11%	100.00%
Change - Increase (Decrease)				
General Members	1.88%	0.33%	0.01%	2.22%
Safety Members	-2.22%			-2.22%
Total	-0.34%	0.33%	0.01%	0.00%

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$264,544.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 19 – RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2017, the County reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources								
					cretely sented	•			
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Component Unit		Total		
Changes of assumptions	\$	126,621	\$	14,562	\$	151	\$	141,334	
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		31,001		8,936		91		40,028	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		397,206		45,679		473		443,358	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		270,609		32,227		302		303,138	
Total	\$	825,437	\$	101,404	\$	1,017	\$	927,858	
			С	eferred Inflow	s of Res	ources			
	Governmental Business-type			Pre	cretely sented nponent				
		Activities		Activities		Unit		Total	
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	277,602	\$	31,924	\$	331	\$	309,857	
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		39,205		7,407		80		46,692	
Total	\$	316,807	\$	39,331	\$	411	\$	356,549	

The total amount of \$303,138 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Discretely

Year Ended June 30	 vernmental Activities	ness-type ctivities	Pres Com	sented ponent Jnit	 Total
2018	\$ 2,341	\$ 310	\$	5	\$ 2,656
2019	66,698	7,711		81	74,490
2020	123,253	14,134		148	137,535
2021	74,541	9,347		90	83,978
2022	(23,993)	(1,452)		(18)	(25,463)
Thereafter	(4,819)	(204)		(2)	(5,025)
Total	\$ 238,021	\$ 29,846	\$	304	\$ 268,171

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 19 – RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The County's proportion of the Plan's total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date June 30, 2016

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 7.50% Inflation 3.25%

Projected Salary Increases General: 4.60% to 13.75%; Safety: 4.55% to 13.75%

Cost of Living Adjustments Consumer price index with a 2.00% maximum

Administrative Expenses 0.60% of payroll

Mortality rates used in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected 20 years to 2020 using Projection Scale BB. For healthy General members, no adjustments are made. For healthy Safety members, ages are set back two years for males and one year for females. For disabled General members, ages are set forward seven years for males and set forward eight years for females. For disabled Safety members, ages are set forward two years for males and females. Beneficiaries are assumed to have the same mortality as a General member of the opposite sex who is receiving a service (non-disability) retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016 were based on the results of the June 30, 2014 Review of Economic Assumptions and Actuarial Experience Study, which covered the period from July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2013. They are the same assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 19 – RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation, and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The June 30, 2016 target allocation (approved by the SBCERA Board) and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before deducting investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the table as follows:

			Long-Term
		Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Investment Classification	Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	Domestic Common and Preferred Stock	5.00%	5.94%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	Domestic Common and Preferred Stock	2.00%	6.50%
Developed International Equity	Foreign Common and Preferred Stock	6.00%	6.87%
Emerging Market Equity	Foreign Common and Preferred Stock	6.00%	8.06%
U.S. Core Fixed Income	U.S. Government and Agency/Corporate Bonds	2.00%	0.69%
High Yield/Credit Strategies	Corporate Bonds/Foreign Bonds	13.00%	3.10%
Global Core Fixed Income	Foreign Bonds	1.00%	0.30%
Emerging Market Debt	Emergng Market Debt	6.00%	4.16%
Real Estate	Real Estate	9.00%	4.96%
International Credit	Foreign Alternatives	10.00%	6.76%
Absolute Return	Domestic Alternatives/Foreign Alternatives	13.00%	2.88%
Real Assets	Domestic Alternatives/Foreign Alternatives	6.00%	6.85%
Long/Short Equity	Domestic Alternatives/Foreign Alternatives	3.00%	4.86%
Private Equity	Domestic Alternatives/Foreign Alternatives	16.00%	9.64%
Cash & Equivalents	Short-Term Cash Investment Funds	2.00%	-0.03%
Total		100.00%	

⁽¹⁾ For actuarial purposes, target allocations only change once every three years based on the triennial actuarial experience study.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Plan's total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employer and member contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employee and employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits for current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Plan investments of 7.50% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 19 – RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

				Discretely Presented			
	_	overnmental Activities	siness-type Activities	Coi	mponent Unit		Total
County's proportionate share of			 				
the net pension liability							
1.00% Decrease (6.50%)	\$	2,888,672	\$ 352,243	\$	3,648	\$	3,244,563
Current Discount Rate (7.50%)		1,833,646	210,872		2,184		2,046,702
1.00% Increase (8.50%)		959,395	93,724		971		1,054,090

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension fund's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SBCERA comprehensive annual financial report.

B. Housing Authority of the County of San Bernardino (HACSB) – California Public Employees Retirement System

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The HACSB provides pension benefits to all qualified permanent and probationary employees through the San Bernardino County Housing Authority Miscellaneous Plan (SBCHAMP), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. SBCHAMP is part of the Public Agency portion of CalPERS. The benefits for the public agencies are established by contract with CalPERS in accordance with the provisions of the Public Employees' Retirement Law. A full description of the pension plan regarding number of employees covered, benefit provisions, assumptions, and membership information are listed in the SBCHAMP's annual actuarial valuation report.

CalPERS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of CalPERS' annual financial report and actuarial valuation report may be obtained from its executive office at 400 Q Street, P.O. Box 942701, Sacramento, California 94229 or on its website at www.CalPERS.ca.gov.

NOTE 19 - RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The provisions and benefits in effect as of September 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

Required Employer Contribution Rate

Benefit Formula 2.00% at age 55
Benefit Vesting Schedule 5 years of service
Benefit Payments Monthly for life
Retirement Age Age 50 to 55
Monthly Benefits, as percentage of eligible compensation 2.00% to 2.50%
Required Employee Contribution Rate 8.00%

19.43%

Employees Covered

At September 30, 2016, SBCHAMP had 304 employees covered, including 123 active employees and 181 inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2016, the employee contribution rate is 8.00% of annual pay. The HACSB makes the contributions required of HACSB employees on their behalf and for their account via payroll deductions. The employer's contribution rate is 19.43% of annual payroll. The HACSB's contribution to the SBCHAMP was \$1,469 for the year ended September 30, 2016.

NOTE 19 – RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability

The HACSB's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard update procedures. At September 30, 2016, the HACSB reported a net pension liability of \$20,024.

Actuarial Assumptions

The June 30, 2015 valuation was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2016 total pension liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Valuation Date June 30, 2015

Measurement Date June 30, 2016

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.65%
Inflation 2.75%
Payroll Growth 3.00%

Projected Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Mortality Rate Table ⁽¹⁾

Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds

Post Retirement Benefit Increase

Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection

Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website at www.CalPERS.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11 - 60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

⁽¹⁾ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS' 2014 experience study report.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 19 - RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the CalPERS Board effective on July 1, 2015.

Asset Class	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 (1)	Real Return Years 11+ (2)
Global Equity	51.00%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	20.00%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.00%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	1.00%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100.00%		

⁽¹⁾ An expected inflation of 2.50% used for this period

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65%. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the discount rate of 7.65% for the SBCHAMP is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary.

Change in the Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability recognized over the measurement period.

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Liability		Plan Net Position		Net Pension Liability		
		(a)		(b)		(c) = (a) - (b)	
Balances at October 1, 2015	\$	54,588	\$	37,755	\$	16,833	
Changes recognized for the measurement period:							
Service cost		1,141		-		1,141	
Interest on total pension liability		4,091		-		4,091	
Differences between expected and actual experience		17		-		17	
Contributions from employer		-		1,358		(1,358)	
Contributions from employees		-		542		(542)	
Net invstment income		-		181		(181)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee							
contributions		(3,396)		(3,396)		-	
Administrative expense				(23)		23	
Net Changes		1,853		(1,338)		3,191	
Balances at September 30, 2016	\$	56,441	\$	36,417	\$	20,024	

⁽²⁾ An expected inflation of 3.00% used for this period

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 19 – RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the HACSB as of the June 30, 2016 measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the HACSB's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.65%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.65%) than the current rate:

Changes in Discount Rate	 t Pension ₋iability
1.00% Decrease (6.65%)	\$ 27,144
Current Discount Rate (7.65%)	20,024
1.00% Increase (8.65%)	14.127

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the HACSB recognized a pension expense of \$1,957. At September 30, 2016, the HACSB reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Ouflows esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes of assumptions	\$ -	\$	463	
Difference between expected and actual experiences	68		-	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,987		-	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	 451		-	
Total	\$ 2,506	\$	463	

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 19 – RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The \$451 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions to the SBCHAMP subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30	 Pension Expense		
2017	\$ 64		
2018	64		
2019	936		
2020	528		
Total	\$ 1,592		

NOTE 20 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - HACSB

Plan Description

In addition to providing pension benefits, the HACSB provides postemployment medical benefits through a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan, which is administered in Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) OPEB trust by the HACSB, provides post-retirement health benefits to retirees who meet plan eligibility requirements in accordance with the personnel policies and collective bargaining agreements. The benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by the HACSB Board of Governors.

PARS publishes its own annual financial report, which can be obtained by writing to PARS at 4350 Von Karman Ave, Suite 100, Newport Beach, CA 92660 or visiting the website at www.PARS.org.

Eligibility

Active and eligible retired employees can elect to cover themselves and their dependents under any medical plan available through the CalPERS medical program under Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). Active employees pay 15% of the premiums for themselves and dependents and the HACSB pays the remaining premiums. For retirees who retire with a CalPERS pension (age 50 or older), the HACSB pays retiree and dependent premiums based on the retiree's hire date and years of service as follows, with the remainder paid by the retiree:

Hire date prior to May 14, 2008. Minimum five years of qualified service. HACSB pays 85% of premiums (same as actives).

Hire date on or after May 14, 2008. Minimum ten years of qualified service for benefits. HACSB pays 42.5% of premiums with ten years, plus 4.25% per additional year, reaching 85% with twenty or more years of qualified service.

Benefits continue for the life of the retiree and spouse, and for the life of any surviving spouse after the retiree's death. There were 109 active employees, and 94 retirees and surviving spouses during the latest actuarial valuation at October 1, 2013.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 20 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - HACSB (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the HACSB are established and may be amended by HACSB Board of Governors. HACSB joined the PARS GASB 45 Program Trust and intends to fully fund each year's annual required contributions. The contribution required to be made is primarily based on a pay-as-you-go basis, paying for retiree benefits as they are due. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the HACSB was required to make contributions of approximately \$608 in healthcare benefits for retired employees.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The HACSB's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the HACSB's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the HACSB's net OPEB obligation:

	9/30/2016	
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	474
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation		303
Adjustment to ARC		(374)
Annual OPEB Cost		403
Contiributions Made		(608)
Decrease in Net OPEB Obligation		(205)
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year		4,042
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$	3,837

The HACSB's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 and the two preceding years were as follows:

			Percentage of			
	Annu	al OPEB	Annual OPEB	Ne	t OPEB	
Fiscal Year End		Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation		
9/30/2014	\$	385	145%	\$	4,202	
9/30/2015		423	138%		4,042	
9/30/2016		403	151%		3,837	

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of October 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 83.47% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$10,321, and the actuarial value of plan assets was \$8,615, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,706. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$6,863, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 24.86%.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 20 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - HACSB (CONTINUED)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the basic financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for the benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the HACSB's October 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, the actuarial cost method used for determining the benefit obligations is the Projected Unit Credit Cost Method. The actuarial assumptions include a 7.50% investment rate of return, which is the assumed rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.40% in 2015, reduced by decrements of 0.40% per year for the next two years then decrements of 0.30% to an ultimate rate of 5.00% in 2019. Both rates included a 3.00% inflation assumption and assumed the HACSB's payroll will increase 4.50% per year. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll over a closed-period basis using a 25 year amortization period.

NOTE 21 – LEASE/LEASEBACK

In May 1997, the County entered into a lease agreement whereby seven separate County parcels (each a Parcel and together, the Parcels), including related buildings, valued at a total of approximately \$146 million, were leased to a Delaware business trust (Trust) formed for a certain lease-leaseback transaction to act in various capacities for the benefit of the investor (the Investor) as described in the transaction. The County simultaneously entered into a sublease agreement with the Trust to lease the buildings back. With respect to the lease agreement, the County received a prepayment of \$25.6 million from the Trust, which was created by the Investor and the trustee for the Trust. The County transferred \$17.0 million to a sublease guaranty entity (Sublease Guaranty Trust) in order to induce the Sublease Guaranty Trust to provide a guaranty for the County's obligations under the sublease agreement. In order to secure its obligations, the Sublease Guaranty Trust used the monies to cause AIG-FP Special Finance and AIG-Matched Funding Corp to deliver a Letter of Credit (Loan) and a Letter of Credit (Equity), respectively, under the terms of a certain Debt Payment Agreement and a certain Equity Payment Agreement. After transaction expenses were paid, the County retained \$8.8 million.

NOTE 21 - LEASE/LEASEBACK (CONTINUED)

The Letter of Credit (Loan) and the Letter of Credit (Equity) provide for the payment of the County's obligation under the sublease and exercise of its purchase option. As a result, obligations under the lease-leaseback arrangement are considered to be economically, although not legally defeased. Therefore, the trust assets and the related debt have been excluded from the County's financial statements. The term of the full lease with the financing institution ends in 2034. However, the sublease provides a procedure whereby the sublease with respect to one Parcel was terminated as of January 2010 and, with respect to another Parcel, terminated on July 1, 2014, and with respect to five Parcels on a certain date specified in 2021.

The County plan at this time is to continue to exercise its purchase options rights as available. On September 12, 2008, American International Group, Inc. (AIG), which provided a guarantee with respect to each of the above-mentioned letters of credit, was downgraded by both Moody's and S&P. The downgrade triggered provisions of the lease-leaseback transaction that allows certain parties to demand AIG to collateralize the Letter of Credit (Equity) and allows the replacement of an AIG related entity, AIG-FP Special Finance (Cayman) Limited, as the provider of the Letter of Credit (Loan).

As requested by the investor, in October 2008, AIG posted collateral to secure its obligations under the Letter of Credit (Equity). The County continues to analyze all options relating to this transaction, including the replacement of the provider of the Letter of Credit (Loan). As of June 30, 2017, assuming that the investor would agree to a termination in whole of the lease-leaseback transaction, the County estimated that the cost of termination would be approximately \$16.5 million. If AIG were unable to fulfill its guarantee under the Letter of Credit (Loan), the County estimates that the cost to the County to make the remaining sublease payments and purchase option payments would be approximately \$150.0 million over the next 5 years.

AlG is subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and in accordance therewith files reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Such reports, proxy statements and other information can be inspected and copied at public reference facilities maintained by the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549, United States, at prescribed rates. In addition, the SEC maintains a website at http://www.sec.gov, which contains reports, proxy statements and other information regarding registrants that file such information electronically with the SEC. The County takes no responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or timeliness of such reports, proxy statements or other information, and such reports, proxy statements and other information is not incorporated herein by reference.

The Tax Increase Prevention and Reconciliation Act of 2005 (TIPRA), enacted on May 17, 2006, included excise taxes and disclosure rules that target certain tax shelter transactions to which a tax exempt entity is a party. In August 2006, the County received notice from the lease/leaseback investor that the transaction is a prohibited tax shelter transaction as defined in the new TIPRA legislation. The U.S. Treasury issued proposed, temporary and final regulations related to TIPRA and they provide that disclosure by a tax-exempt entity is not required for any transaction entered into by the entity on or before May 17, 2006. The County is unable to determine at this time whether and/or to what extent excise taxes would be applicable to this transaction.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 22 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND CERTAIN SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Lawsuits and Other Claims

The County has been named as a defendant in numerous lawsuits and claims arising in the normal course of operations. In the aggregate, these claims seek monetary damages in significant amounts. To the extent the outcome of such litigation has been determined to result in probable loss to the County, such loss has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements. In the opinion of County management and County Counsel, the ultimate outcome of the remaining claims cannot be determined at this time.

Grants

The County recognizes as revenue, grant monies received as reimbursement for costs incurred in certain Federal and State programs it administers. Although the County's grant programs are being audited through June 30, 2017 in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996, these programs are still subject to financial and compliance audits and resolution of previously identified questioned costs. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Commitments

The County has entered into contractual agreements for various projects. The following encumbered amounts are included within restricted, committed or assigned fund balance for their specific purposes, respectively.

	Οι	Outstanding		
	Enci	Encumbrances		
Major Governmental Funds:		_		
General Fund	\$	53,797		
Capital Improvement Fund		30,808		
Total Major Governmental Funds		84,605		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		55,848		
Total Governmental Funds	\$	140,453		

Agreements/Certain Claims

(a) El Mirage Off-Highway Vehicle Park

The County entered into an Interagency Agreement (Agreement) with the California Off-Highway Motor Vehicle Recreation Commission, the California Department of Parks and Recreation (Parks), the County of Los Angeles, and the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) to create an off-road vehicle park and camping area on November 14, 1988. The County, BLM, and Parks entered into a MOU to further define the roles of each agency in the development of the El Mirage Off-Highway Vehicle Park (Park) in 1990. In accordance with the Agreement and the MOU, the County is to appraise and acquire land in the Park as an acquisition agent, and then, convey the land to the BLM to operate and manage the Park.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 22 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND CERTAIN SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Economic and Community Development

The Economic Development Agency has multiple programs for business and housing loans funded by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and administered by either the Economic Development Department or the Department of Community Development and Housing. The grant funds are used to develop viable communities by providing decent, safe and sanitary housing, suitable living environments and expanded economic opportunities for low and moderate income persons.

Business loans were issued for low and moderate income job creation and retention. Housing loans were provided for housing rehabilitation, home buyer assistance, and creation of new affordable housing units. Most of these loans contain forgiveness clauses that allow for the forgiveness of the debt and the amounts become grants once certain conditions have been met. Certain loans for multiple-family and housing rehabilitation contain residual receipts clauses in which the County only collects on the loan balance if income generated by the property exceeds certain levels. At the end of the agreement a remaining balance exists because the residual receipts generated were insufficient to defease the loan; the remaining balance may be forgiven as long all affordability conditions have been met.

Under HUD regulations any monies received from the repayments of a business loan or a housing loan are considered to be program income and can only be used for programs or projects that primarily benefit low to moderate income persons. The total amount of these various loans at June 30, 2017 is \$61,263. The estimated amount that will probably be collected in future years is substantially lower due to the nature of the funding source of these loans. Due to this contingent nature of the loans, they are not currently recognized in the financial statements.

(c) Federal Civil Rights/14th Amendment Class Action Case

In February 2016, Federal Civil Rights/14th Amendment Class Action case was filed against the County in alleging inadequate mental and medical health care, failure to protect, excessive force, ADA claims relating to conditions in County jails. The potential loss is not considered to be measurable at this time. The parties have been engaging in settlement discussions.

(d) Senate Bill 190

On October 11, 2017, Senate Bill 190 was signed into law, which repeals county's authority to charge administrative fees to families with youth in the juvenile system. Effective January 1, 2018, counties are no longer authorized to charge families for their youth's detention, lawyer, supervision, electronic monitoring, or drug testing. The County has started the process to enforce the law as of January 1, 2018. The estimated financial impact of this change cannot be sufficiently measured at this time.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 22 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND CERTAIN SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

Pollution Remediation

(a) Sanitary Landfills

Volatile Organic Compound Contamination of Ground Water: On November 10, 1998, the County approved a settlement agreement with the San Gabriel Valley Water Company (SGVWC). This agreement settles the claim that a volatile organic compound FWC's (PCE) released from the Mid-Valley Sanitary Landfill has negatively impacted some of SGVWC's wells which it operates through its subsidiary, Fontana Water Company (FWC). This agreement requires the County to pay for the annual operation and maintenance cost of the (PCE) treatment system for as long as the specified contaminants continue to be detected at FWC's wells in this area.

As security for each annual payment, the County must annually post a letter of credit for 125% of the year's operations and maintenance costs, based upon an estimated budget submitted by the SGVWC. When the agreement was approved, the then-current estimate for the annual operations and maintenance costs was \$500 per year. The operations and maintenance costs over the life of the agreement have averaged about \$291 per year. In addition to these costs, the County pays \$224 per year for water rights used to run the remediation system. The agreement does not state a specified number of years over which these annual operations and maintenance costs may be incurred; therefore, a reasonable estimate of the contingent liability cannot be determined.

On September 16, 2013, SGVWC orally advised the County that it had been sued by several water purveyors in the Rialto-Colton Basin on September 12, 2013, and that it considered this new lawsuit to be within the defense and indemnity obligations of the 1998 settlement agreement. By letter dated September 20, 2013, SGVWC formally tendered the defense and indemnity of the lawsuit. By letter dated October 4, 2013, the County timely rejected SGVWC's tender. On September 24, 2013, the County received from Fontana Union Water Company (FUWC) its tender of the same lawsuit, and on October 8, 2013, the County timely rejected that tender. Lastly, on October 11, 2013, the County received from Cucamonga Valley Water District (CVWD) its tender of the same lawsuit. The County timely rejected that tender on October 25, 2013. In general, the County's rejection of all tenders was based on the apparent purpose of the new lawsuit to challenge the use of water and water rights by SGVWC and FUWC, not on the existence of leachate contamination in groundwater. On April 17, 2014, San Gabriel Valley Water Company DBA Fontana Water Company and Fontana Union Water Company each filed with the County individual claims asserting that each has been damaged by the County's denial of the tenders and Fontana Water Company also claims property damage from contamination from the landfill. No further communications have been received by the County concerning these claims as of the date of this report. As of June 30, 2017, the lawsuit filed by water purveyors against SGVWC was still pending and unresolved. At this time, it is not possible to predict the next actions of SGVWC, FUWC and/or CVWD.

Perchlorate Contamination of Ground Water: Commencing in about 2004, numerous lawsuits were filed naming the County concerning perchlorate groundwater contamination in the Rialto-Colton Basin alleged to be emanating from or near the Mid-Valley Sanitary Landfill ("MVSL") operated by the Solid Waste Management Division. As of June 30, 2017, these lawsuits were substantially resolved as to the County, and most of the litigants, through various settlements. The County remains obligated to continue remediation of groundwater contamination in compliance with the settlements, court orders and agency orders.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 22 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND CERTAIN SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

City of Rialto and City of Colton lawsuits involving perchlorate at the MVSL: In 2008, the County entered into a settlement of \$5 Million for the federal and state perchlorate lawsuits filed by the City of Rialto and the City of Colton ("independent settlement"). The effectiveness of the independent settlement was initially made subject to certain conditions and required that the federal court make a determination that the proposed independent settlement is in good faith ("County's Motion"). In light of the possibility of a settlement of the federal court perchlorate lawsuits involving all parties ("global settlement"), the County and Cities temporarily deferred further action on their independent settlement starting in mid-2008. Those global settlement discussions failed, resulting in the refiling of the federal court perchlorate lawsuits. In addition to the lawsuits refiled by the Cities, two additional lawsuits were filed by Goodrich Corporation and by Emhart Industries Inc., both of which named the County as a defendant. Since the global settlement discussions were not successful, the County and Cities proceeded again with the independent settlement. The County's Motion was approved by the federal court on December 22, 2011.

USEPA-Emhart settlement: Subsequent global settlement discussions amongst all parties, including the County and the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) resulted in additional settlements that were approved by the federal court in July and August of 2013. These settlements have resolved most claims in the federal litigation, with some claims still pending.

Pursuant to the terms of the settlement agreement among USEPA, Emhart, the Cities, the County and some others, the County was obligated pay \$2 million towards the USEPA/Emhart remediation work, which was timely paid. Pursuant to the terms of this settlement, the USEPA agreed not to sue the County for groundwater contamination in the Rialto-Colton Basin. Also, this settlement agreement provided that the County, the Cities and Emhart would cooperate to combine Emhart's treatment facility with the facility built by the County in the mid-2000's and to work cooperatively to remediate the contamination. On September 1, 2015, the County approved implementation agreements among these parties to facilitate that cooperative effort. The implementation agreements remain under the continuing jurisdiction of the federal court.

These settlements essentially end the County's involvement in the federal perchlorate litigation. A few other parties entered into settlements with USEPA and others, in 2014 and 2015. These required only that the County waive its claims against the settling parties.

San Gabriel Valley Water Company lawsuit involving perchlorate at the MVSL: On July 1, 2008, San Gabriel Valley Water Company filed a claim alleging that perchlorate from the County's MVSL, including the expansion portion of the property where aggregate mining is taking place, has impacted its wells in the Rialto-Colton Basin. It is too early to determine the potential liability of the County. While San Gabriel never pursued that claim in court, as noted above, on April 17, 2014, San Gabriel Valley Water Company DBA Fontana Water Company and Fontana Union Water Company each filed with the County individual claims asserting that each has been damaged by the County's denial of the tenders and Fontana Water Company also claims property damage from contamination from the landfill. No further communications have been received by the County concerning these claims as of the date of this report. It is uncertain how San Gabriel Valley Water Company will proceed on its claim.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 22 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND CERTAIN SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

Alleged Contamination of Surface Water: On May 5, 2015, a lawsuit involving the County's closed Colton Sanitary Landfill was filed alleging that the County violated terms of its storm water discharge permit at the Colton Sanitary Landfill. The lawsuit is entitled Center for Community Action and Environmental Justice v. County of San Bernardino, United States District Court Case No. 5:15-CV-00880-VAP (SPx). The Colton Sanitary Landfill was closed on December 31, 2014 and the County denied such violations occurred and, further, asserted that the closed facility was no longer subject to the storm water permit provisions. The County filed a motion to dismiss the lawsuit that was heard on December 21, 2015. The Parties have negotiated a settlement agreement, which is now finalized and the lawsuit has been dismissed with prejudice.

Settlement with Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania ("ICSOP") for Investigation Costs Associated with the Inactive Yucaipa Disposal Site ("YDS"): In early 2012, the County filed a lawsuit against ICSOP to obtain recoupment of the costs of investigating and remediating the Chino Airport Plume. During negotiations between the County and ICSOP it was determined that under the same policies and the same legal theory of recovery of investigation costs, that ICSOP would also be responsible to pay the County for its costs of investigation incurred at the YDS. The Solid Waste Management Division coordinates with Risk Management to submit invoices for investigation costs to ICSOP for reimbursement in accordance with the settlement agreement.

(b) Chino Airport

On June 27, 2008, the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (Regional Board) issued a Clean-up and Abatement Order (Order No. R8-2008-0064) to the San Bernardino County Department of Airports concerning contaminated groundwater near the Chino Airport. The Order required the County to conduct an investigation of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) located in groundwater off-site, south, of the Chino Airport and to develop a remedial action plan. Trichloroethylene (TCE), which is a VOC, was originally found in wells down gradient of Chino Airport in the 1980s. The County complied with the Regional Board's Order through various investigatory plans and processes. The County installed monitoring wells during fiscal year 2012-13 to allow better characterization of the width and depth of the groundwater contamination plume located south of Chino Airport. The characterization of the groundwater plume was completed in mid-2013 and accepted by the Regional Board. The recent (2013-2016) characterization work done by the County indicates that the plume is made up of several VOCs (primarily consisting of TCE and 1,2,3-trichloropropane (1,2,3-TCP) which was used as an industrial solvent and soil fumigant).

In June 2013, the County submitted to the Regional Board a Work Plan for Additional Site Characterization on the Chino Airport property and that work commenced in late 2013, continuing through calendar year 2014. This site work was completed in early 2015. Reports concerning this Additional Site Characterization work were submitted to the Regional Board. Starting in 2015, the County commenced work on an Engineering Feasibility Study (EFS) to analyze various remediation plans to address the groundwater contamination. The draft EFS was submitted to the Regional Board in August 2016 and approved in 2017.

On January 11, 2017, the RWQCB issued Order No. R8-2017-0011 to supersede Order No. R8-2008-0064. The County is now complying with the new Order and is preparing a final remediation plan for review and approval by the Regional Board. The County expects to receive from one of its insurers reimbursements for investigatory costs incurred as of June 30, 2017. However, future costs of remediation and potential liability related to the cleanup of the contamination are not reasonably estimable at this time

NOTE 23 – SHORT-TERM DEBT

Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes

In July 2016, the County issued Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANS) totaling \$30,000 which were repaid June 30, 2017. This issue followed the prior year issued TRANS of \$90,000 which was repaid on June 30, 2016. The proceeds of the TRANS were intended to provide financing for 2016-17 General Fund expenditures, including current expenditures, capital expenditures and the discharge of other obligations or indebtedness of the County. The TRANS were secured by a pledge of various monthly amounts of property taxes on the secured roll.

Beginning Balance July 1, 2016	Ac	ditions	Red	Reductions		g Balance 30, 2017
\$ -	\$	30,000			\$	

NOTE 24 – NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for OPEB. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45 and No. 57. The Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB 81 – Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements

In January 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB 83 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

In November 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. The requirements of this Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 84 - Fiduciary Activities

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement is effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 24 – NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (CONTINUED)

GASB Statement No. 85 - Omnibus 2017

In March 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits. The requirements of this Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.

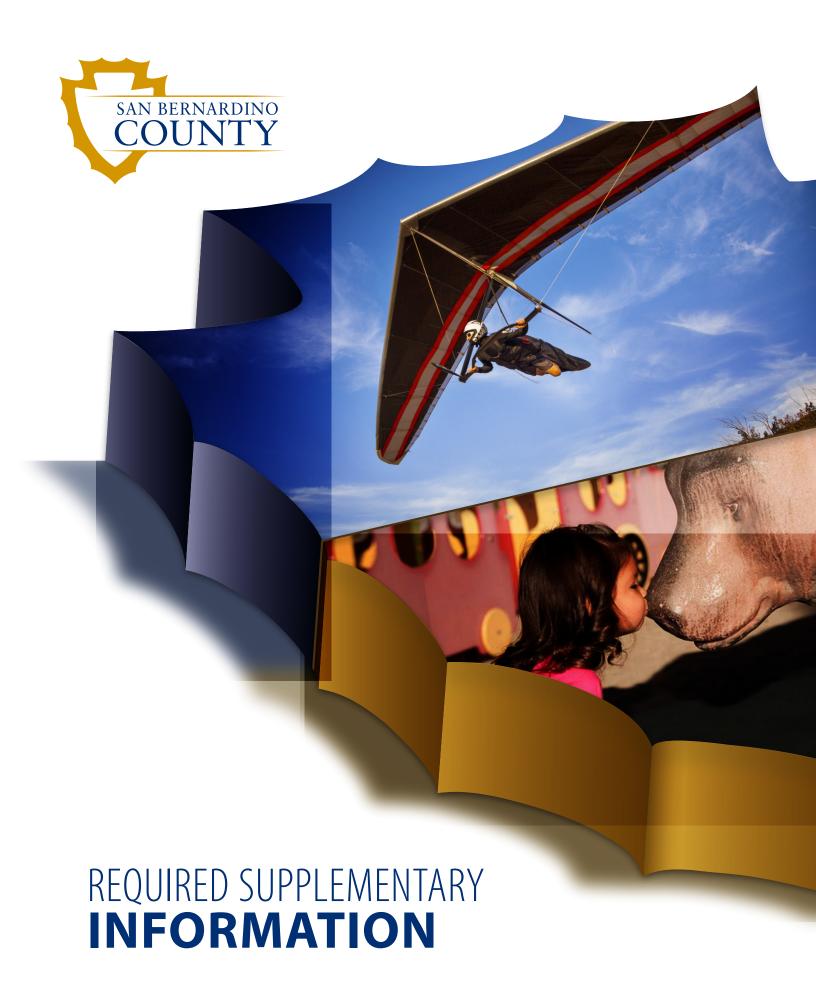
GASB Statement No. 86 - Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues

In May 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*. The objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources – recourses other than the proceeds of refunding debt – are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. The requirements of this Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 87 – Leases

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The requirements of this Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.





COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Costing Sharing Retirement Plan - San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association Last 10 Fiscal Years (1) (Amounts in thousands)

		2017		2016		2015	
County's proportion of the net pension liability (2)		82.92%		83.37%		84.40%	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,046,702	\$	1,619,806	\$	1,434,500	
County's covered payroll (3)	\$	1,061,307	\$	1,048,550	\$	1,028,958	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll ⁽³⁾		192.85%		154.48%		139.41%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		76.86%		80.98%		82.47%	
Measurement date	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015	Ju	ne 30, 2014	

Note to Schedule:

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only three years are shown.

⁽²⁾ Percentage excludes the Consolidated Fire Agencies of the East Valley which is not part of the County of San Bernardino's reporting entity.

⁽³⁾ Restatement of covered-employee payroll to covered payroll that includes only pensionable earnings pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 82

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Costing Sharing Retirement Plan - San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association Last 10 Fiscal Years (1) (Amounts in thousands)

	 2017	 2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 303,138	\$ 286,271	\$ 255,377
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	303,138	286,271	255,377
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered payroll (2)	\$ 1,116,557	\$ 1,061,307	\$ 1,048,550
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll (2)	27.15%	26.97%	24.36%

Note to Schedule:

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only three years are shown.

⁽²⁾ Restatement of covered-employee payroll to covered payroll that includes only pensionable earnings pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 82

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE HOUSING AUTHORITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plan - California Public Employees Retirement System Miscellaneous Plan of the San Bernardino County Housing Authority

Last 10 Fiscal Years (1) (Amounts in thousands)

		tember 30, 2016 ⁽²⁾	Sep	September 30, 2015	
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Changes of assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$	1,141 4,091 - 17 (3,396)	\$	1,087 3,956 (927) 111 (3,235)	
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	1,853 54,588 56,441	\$	992 53,596 54,588	
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions from employer Contributions from employees Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense	\$	1,358 542 181 (3,396) (23)	\$	1,201 518 853 (3,235) (43)	
Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	(1,338) 37,755 36,417	\$	(706) 38,461 37,755	
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	20,024	\$	16,833	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		64.52%		69.16%	
Housing Authority's covered-employee payroll (3)	\$	7,043	\$	7,137	
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll ⁽³⁾		284.31%		235.86%	
Measurement date	Jur	ne 30, 2016	Jur	ne 30, 2015	

Note to Schedule:

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2015 is the first year of implementation for the Housing Authority due to its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2014, therefore, only two years are shown.

⁽²⁾ The Housing Authority has a September 30 year-end. As such, the most recent fiscal year for the Housing Authority was September 30, 2016.

⁽³⁾ The Housing Authority will implement GASB Statement No. 82 that requires the restatement of covered-employee payroll to covered payroll in its fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF THE HOUSING AUTHORITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plan - California Public Employees Retirement System Miscellaneous Plan of the San Bernardino County Housing Authority

Last 10 Fiscal Years (1) (Amounts in thousands)

	•	ember 30, 2016 ⁽²⁾	Sep	tember 30, 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,358	\$	1,449
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		1,358		1,449
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-
Housing Authority's covered-employee payroll (3)	\$	7,040	\$	7,200
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll (3)		19.29%		20.13%

Note to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for fiscal years 2016 and 2015 contribution rates are as follows:

Valuation Dates June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method/Period Level percent of payroll

Asset Valuation Method Actuarial value of assets (see CalPERS funding valuation report)

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Payroll Growth 3.00%

Investment Rate of Return 7.50% net of administration expenses; include inflation

Retirement age The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period

1997 to 2007

Mortality The probabilities of Mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period

1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected

mortality improvements using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2015 is the first year of implementation for the Housing Authority due to its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2014, therefore, only two years are shown.

⁽²⁾ The Housing Authority has a September 30 year-end. As such, the most recent fiscal year for the Housing Authority was September 30, 2016.

⁽³⁾ The Housing Authority will implement GASB Statement No. 82 that requires the restatement of covered-employee payroll to covered payroll in its fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

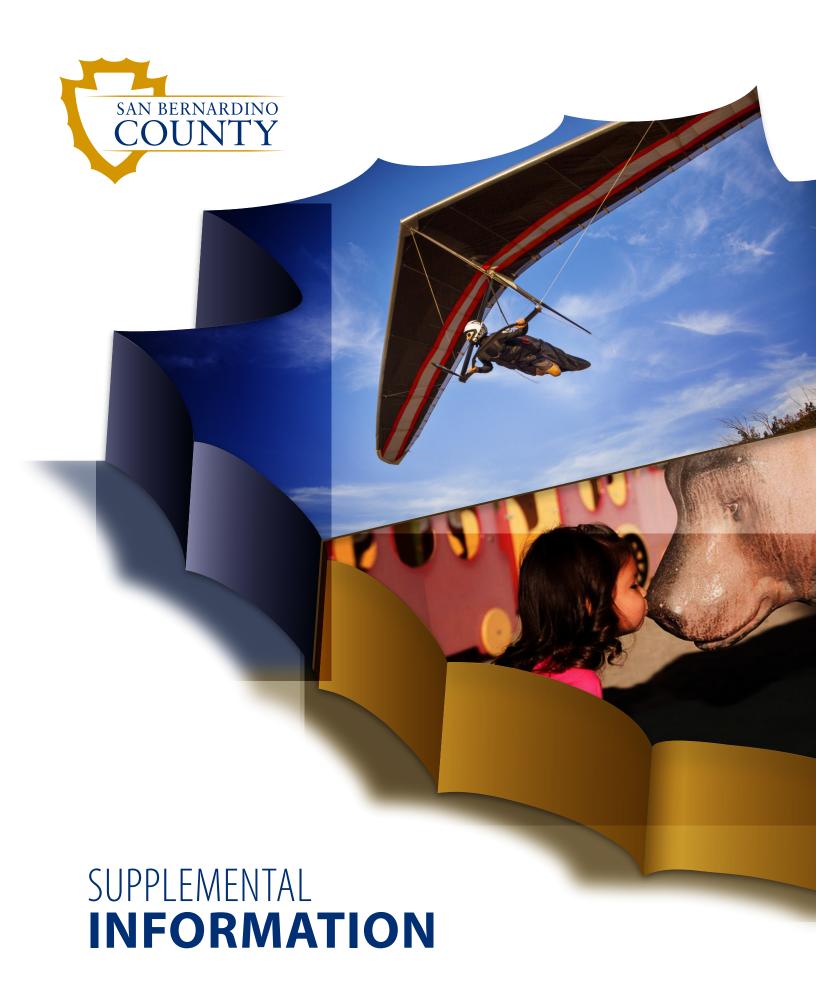
COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

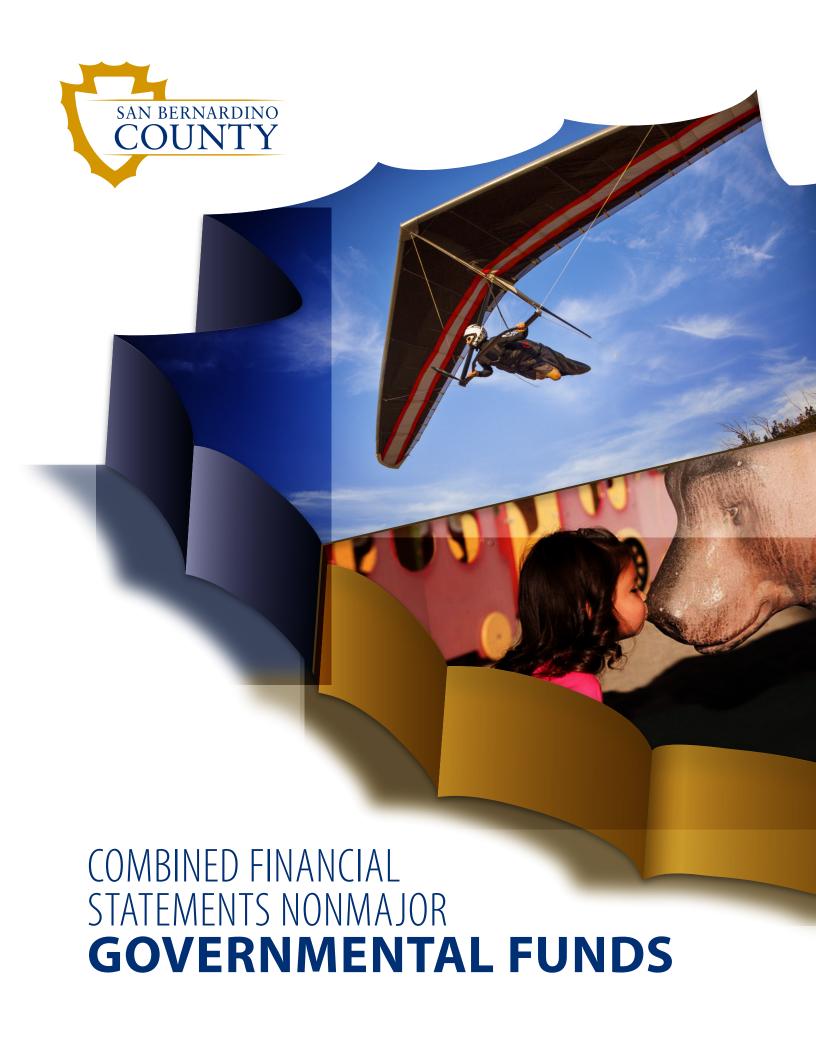
SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - HACSB Single-Employer Defined Benefit Healthcare Plan Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) of the San Bernardino County Housing Authority (Amounts in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	ctuarial Value Assets ⁽¹⁾ (a)	Liab	uarial Accrued oility ("AAL") - Entry Age (b)	_	funded AAL ("UAAL") (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a) / (b)	_	stimated ered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b) - (a)] / (c)
10/1/2008	\$ -	\$	13,747	\$	13,747	0.00%	\$	8,022	171.37%
10/1/2010	5,867		10,327		4,460	56.81%		4,351	102.51%
10/1/2013	8,615		10,321		1,706	83.47%		6,863	24.86%

Beginning with the October 1, 2008 valuation, the HACSB did not report any eligible plan assets under GASB 45 but set aside \$4,696 in a reserve account for retiree health benefits.









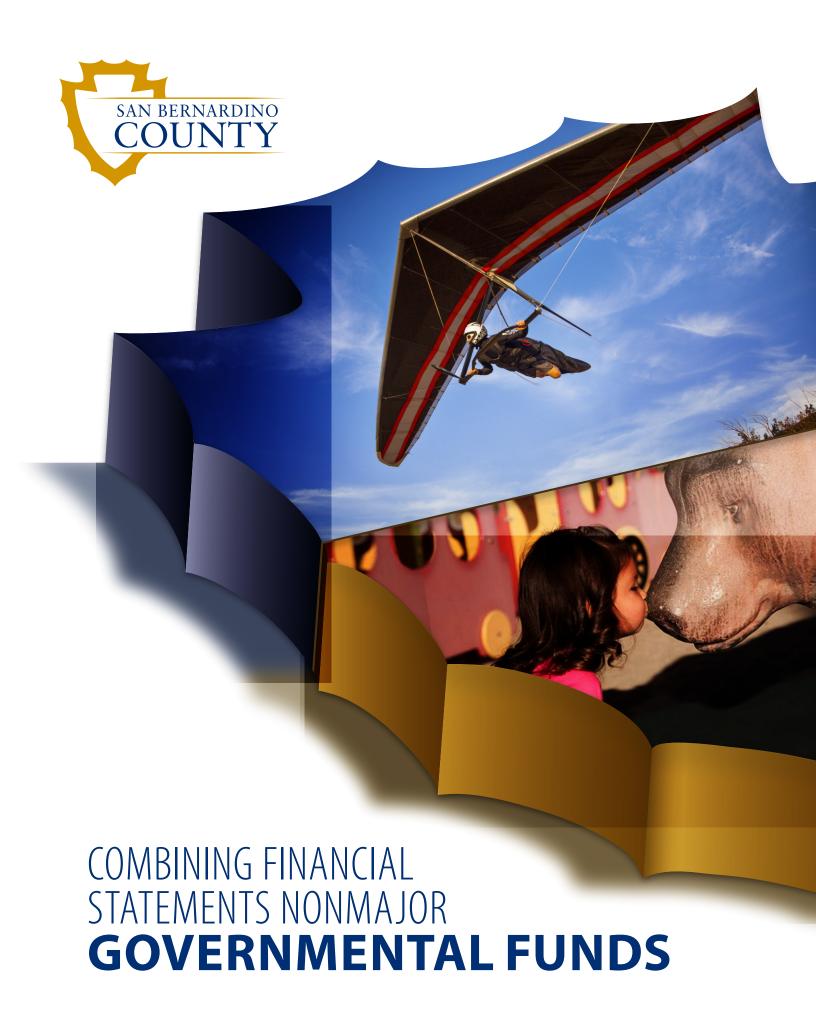
COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS \$ 656,176 \$ 20,224 \$ 40,861 \$ 1,712 \$ 718,075 INVESTMENTS - 1,827 - - 1,827 INVESTMENTS - 1,827 - - 2,432 TAXES RECENABLE 7,484 - - - 7,484 NTEREST RECEIVABLE 1400 34 58 - - 1,492 LOAN RECEIVABLE 944 - - - - 4,492 DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS 205 -		R	SPECIAL EVENUE FUNDS		T SERVICE FUNDS	PF	CAPITAL ROJECTS FUNDS		RMANENT	NC	TOTAL DNMAJOR FUNDS
NUMBER 1,627 1,6		¢	656 176	¢	20.224	¢	40.861	¢	1 712	¢	718 073
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE FIT		φ	030,170	φ		φ	40,001	φ	1,712	φ	
TAMES RECEIVABLE TAMES TAMES TAMES TAMES TAMES TAMES TREEST RECEIVABLE TAMES TAMES			2 /32		1,027						
NTEREST RECEINABLE									_		
Mart							- 58		_		
OTHER RECENABLES 409 - - - 409 DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS 20,647 1,046 40 - 21,633 DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS 80,815 - - - 80,815 LAND HELD FOR RESALE 361 - 1,301 - 16,622 INVENTORIES 73 - - - 73 PREPAID ITEMS 337 - - - 15,815 RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS 16,344 - - - 16,344 TOTAL ASSETS \$803,137 \$22,931 \$42,260 \$1,712 \$870,040 LUABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES LUABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES LUABILITIES ACCOUNTS PAYABLE \$29,225 \$0.620 \$1.712 \$35,426 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE \$29,225 \$0.620 \$0.50 \$3,616 DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS \$2,295 \$0.620 \$0.20 \$1,624					-		-				
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS 20,547 1,046 40 - 21,633 DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS 80,815 - - 80,815 - - 80,815 - - 80,815 - - 80,815 - - 80,815 - - - 80,815 - - - 73 - - - - 337 - - - - 337 INTERPUND RECEIVABLE 15,815 -					_		_		_		
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS					1 046		40		_		
MAD HELD FOR RESALE 361 1,301 1,662 1,662 1,000					1,040		-				
NVENTORIES 73							1 301		_		
PREPAID ITEMS 137					_		1,001		_		
NTERFUND RECEIVABLE 15,815 -					_		_		_		
Name									_		
TOTAL ASSETS \$ 803,137 \$ 22,931 \$ 42,260 \$ 1,712 \$ 870,040					_		_		_		•
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE \$ 29,225 \$ - \$ 6,201 \$ - \$ 35,426 SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE 16,240 - - - 16,240 DUE TO OTHER FUNDS 32,986 - 175 - 33,161 DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS 5,235 - - - 5,235 ADVANCES FROM OTHERS 14,478 - - - 14,478 INTERFUND PAYABLE 2,968 - - - 12,968 TOTAL LIABILITIES 101,132 - 6,376 - 107,508 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 9,533 34 58 - 9,625 FUND BALANCES: NONSPENDABLE 410 - - 1,712 2,122 RESTRICTED 645,404 22,897 35,826 - 704,127 ASSIGNED 46,658 - -											
CAND FUND BALANCES CAND FUND FUND FUND FUND FUND FUND FUND FU	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	803,137	\$	22,931	\$	42,260	\$	1,712	\$	870,040
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS 5,235 - - - 5,235 ADVANCES FROM OTHERS 14,478 - - - 14,478 INTERFUND PAYABLE 2,968 - - - 2,968 TOTAL LIABILITIES 101,132 - 6,376 - 107,508 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 9,533 34 58 - 9,625 FUND BALANCES: NONSPENDABLE 410 - - 1,712 2,122 RESTRICTED 645,404 22,897 35,826 - 704,127 ASSIGNED 46,658 - - - 46,658 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 692,472 22,897 35,826 1,712 752,907	LIABILITIES: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	\$	16,240	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	16,240
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS 14,478 - - - 14,478 INTERFUND PAYABLE 2,968 - - - 2,968 TOTAL LIABILITIES 101,132 - 6,376 - 107,508 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 9,533 34 58 - 9,625 FUND BALANCES: NONSPENDABLE 410 - - 1,712 2,122 RESTRICTED 645,404 22,897 35,826 - 704,127 ASSIGNED 46,658 - - - 46,658 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 692,472 22,897 35,826 1,712 752,907 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					-		175		-		
NTERFUND PAYABLE 2,968 - - - 2,968 101,132 - 6,376 - 107,508 107,508 101,132 - 6,376 - 107,508 107,5					-		-		-		
TOTAL LIABILITIES 101,132 - 6,376 - 107,508 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 9,533 34 58 - 9,625 FUND BALANCES: NONSPENDABLE 410 - - 1,712 2,122 RESTRICTED 645,404 22,897 35,826 - 704,127 ASSIGNED 46,658 - - - - 46,658 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 692,472 22,897 35,826 1,712 752,907 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF - 22,897 35,826 1,712 752,907					-		-		-		•
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 9,533 34 58 - 9,625 FUND BALANCES: NONSPENDABLE 410 - - 1,712 2,122 RESTRICTED 645,404 22,897 35,826 - 704,127 ASSIGNED 46,658 - - - 46,658 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 692,472 22,897 35,826 1,712 752,907 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF - <td>INTERFUND PAYABLE</td> <td></td> <td>2,968</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	INTERFUND PAYABLE		2,968								
FUND BALANCES: NONSPENDABLE 410 - - 1,712 2,122 RESTRICTED 645,404 22,897 35,826 - 704,127 ASSIGNED 46,658 - - - 46,658 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 692,472 22,897 35,826 1,712 752,907 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF - <td>TOTAL LIABILITIES</td> <td></td> <td>101,132</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>6,376</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>107,508</td>	TOTAL LIABILITIES		101,132		-		6,376				107,508
NONSPENDABLE 410 - - 1,712 2,122 RESTRICTED 645,404 22,897 35,826 - 704,127 ASSIGNED 46,658 - - - - 46,658 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 692,472 22,897 35,826 1,712 752,907 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		9,533		34		58				9,625
NONSPENDABLE 410 - - 1,712 2,122 RESTRICTED 645,404 22,897 35,826 - 704,127 ASSIGNED 46,658 - - - - 46,658 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 692,472 22,897 35,826 1,712 752,907 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	FUND BALANCES:										
RESTRICTED 645,404 22,897 35,826 - 704,127 ASSIGNED 46,658 - - - - 46,658 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 692,472 22,897 35,826 1,712 752,907 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			410		_		_		1 712		2 122
ASSIGNED 46,658 - - - - 46,658 TOTAL FUND BALANCES 692,472 22,897 35,826 1,712 752,907 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF - - - - - - 46,658					22.897		35.826		-,		
TOTAL FUND BALANCES 692,472 22,897 35,826 1,712 752,907 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF 400,000									_		
				-	22,897		35,826		1,712		
	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					-					
	•	\$	803,137	\$	22,931	\$	42,260	\$	1,712	\$	870,040

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO COMBINED - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

	R	SPECIAL EVENUE FUNDS		SERVICE	PRO	PITAL JECTS JNDS		MANENT UNDS	NO	TOTAL DNMAJOR FUNDS
REVENUES			_				_		_	
TAXES	\$	148,782	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	148,782
LICENSES, PERMITS, AND FRANCHISES		1,569		-		-		-		1,569
FINES, FORFEITURES, AND PENALTIES		9,020		32		110		- (2)		9,020
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES		8,667 346,582		32		110		(2)		8,807 346,582
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES				-		1		-		114,099
OTHER REVENUES		114,098 36,534		1,909		1		3		38,447
TOTAL REVENUES		665,252		1,941		112		1		667,306
TOTAL NEVEROLO	-	000,202	-	1,041	-	- 112			-	007,000
EXPENDITURES CURRENT:										
GENERAL GOVERNMENT		4,727		3		144		-		4,874
PUBLIC PROTECTION		230,655		-		-		-		230,655
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES		70,133		-		-		-		70,133
HEALTH AND SANITATION		141,580		-		-		-		141,580
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE		86,105		-		-		-		86,105
EDUCATION		16,434		-		-		-		16,434
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES DEBT SERVICE:		7,477		-		-		-		7,477
PRINCIPAL		5,259		89,675		-		-		94,934
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		2,223		14,092		-		-		16,315
CAPITAL OUTLAY		31,815		-		3,802		-		35,617
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		596,408		103,770		3,946				704,124
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES		68,844		(101,829)		(3,834)		1		(36,818)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
TRANSFERS OUT		(87,634)		-		(16)		-		(87,650)
TRANSFERS IN		72,334		95,174		12,578		-		180,086
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		2,364		-	-					2,364
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)		(12,936)		95,174		12,562		-		94,800
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		55,908		(6,655)		8,728		1		57,982
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		636,564		29,552		27,098		1,711		694,925
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	692,472	\$	22,897	\$	35,826	\$	1,712	\$	752,907





NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

TRANSPORTATION

The Transportation fund accounts for the administration, planning, design, construction, traffic operations, maintenance, and improvements of approximately 2,550 miles of County roadways. The fund is financed principally from state and federal fuel taxes (Highway User Tax or Gas Tax), voter-approved state transportation infrastructure bond proceeds (Proposition 1B), sales tax revenues, and developer fees.

SPECIAL TRANSPORTATION

The Special Transportation fund accounts for roadway resurfacing, rehabilitation, and widening projects, as well as elderly and handicap transit services. The source of funding is a countywide one-half cent sales tax that was passed by the voters of the County in November, 1989 (Measure I). The Measure I funds received must be spent within the sub-area in which they were collected.

SPECIAL AVIATION

The Special Aviation fund accounts for County airport construction projects financed principally by state and federal grants.

MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ACT

Mental Health Services Act accounts for funds used for reducing the long-term adverse impact on individuals, families, and state and local budgets resulting from untreated serious mental illness. Revenues are derived from a state income tax surcharge of one percent on the portion of taxpayers' annual income that exceeds \$1 million.

PRESCHOOL SERVICES DEPARTMENT

The Preschool Services Department fund administers the Federal Head Start and Early Head Start programs, California Department of Education State Preschool program, as well as the Child and Adult Care Food Program throughout the County. These programs are funded from federal and state sources with no net County cost.

AGING AND ADULT SERVICES

The Aging and Adult Services fund accounts for services provided to the County's elderly through senior citizen programs financed primarily by state aid.

JOBS AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

The Jobs and Employment Services fund was established to provide services to job seekers, incumbent workers, entrepreneurs, and employers through Workforce Investment Act (WIA) funding from the Department of Labor.

COURTHOUSE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION

The Courthouse Temporary Construction fund accounts for revenues derived from a surcharge on parking fines, non-parking offenses, and criminal fines used for the acquisition, rehabilitation, construction, and financing of courtrooms and courtroom facilities.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS - Continued

CRIMINAL JUSTICE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION

The Criminal Justice Temporary Construction fund accounts for the monies to be used for improvements to criminal justice facilities. Revenues are derived from a surcharge on parking fines and criminal fines.

CENTRAL COURTHOUSE SURCHARGE

The Central Courthouse Surcharge fund accounts for the monies to be used for the Central Courthouse seismic retrofit/remodel project. Revenue comes from a surcharge on civil filings as authorized by Government Code Section 70624.

MICROGRAPHICS FEES

The Micrographics Fees fund was established to support, maintain, and improve the modernized creation, retention, and retrieval of information in the County's systems of recorded documents, recorder records, electronic recording, social security number (SSN) truncation, and vital records. Revenue includes fees collected pursuant to Government Code Sections 27361 on legal documents, 27397 on electronic recording and 27301 on SSN truncation, and Health and Safety Code Section 10605.3 for certified copies of vital statistics records.

LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant fund accounts for the law enforcement activities to improve the overall criminal justice system and prevent or reduce crime and violence. These activities are funded through federal grants and the Southwest Border Prosecution Initiative reimbursement project.

SHERIFF SPECIAL PROJECTS

The Sheriff Special Projects fund accounts for the following functions: Inland Regional Narcotics Enforcement Team, local detention facility projects, federal and state asset forfeitures, and services provided for public gatherings, contract training, vehicle registration assessments, law enforcement, search and rescue, fire suppression, transportation, and Cal- ID regional crime laboratory for the County and other fire and law enforcement agencies. Revenues are primarily derived from federal and state grants, joint trust contributions by all local contracting municipal agencies, and service fees.

FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICTS

The Fire Protection Districts fund accounts for emergency mitigation and management of fire suppression, emergency medical services, ambulance services, HAZMAT response, arson investigation, technical rescue including water borne, flooding, mudslide and winter rescue operations, terrorism and weapons of mass destruction. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes, federal and state grants, and HAZMAT generator and handler fees.

ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

The Economic and Community Development fund accounts for administration of federal, state, and local grant funds allocated to the County for housing and community development programs. Federal grants comprise a large percentage of the funding.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS - Continued

FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

The Flood Control District fund was established to intercept and convey flood flows through and away from developed areas of the County, as well as to promote water conservation and improved water quality with a very extensive system of flood control and water conservation facilities. District revenue is primarily derived from property taxes, federal and state aid on specific projects, subdivision and permit fees, rents and royalties, and revenue from local water agencies for water spreading services.

COUNTY SERVICE AREAS

The County Service Areas fund accounts for essential programs and municipal services provided to remote geographical areas as well as rapidly growing communities. These funds are primarily financed from property taxes, federal and state grants, rental income, interest income, and service fees.

PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICTS

The Park and Recreation Districts fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of developed parks, undeveloped parks, community buildings, an equestrian arena, and sports fields. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes, grant funds, park and swim program revenues, concessions, and rent.

COUNTY FREE LIBRARY

The County Free Library fund provides public library services through a network of thirty-two branches to all county unincorporated areas and seventeen cities within the County. The Library is funded primarily through property tax revenues, federal and state funds, service fees, and contributions from local Friends of the Library organizations.

REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR HOUSING

The Redevelopment Successor Housing fund was established to retain the housing functions of the former Redevelopment Agency (RDA) and has all rights, power, duties, and obligations related to building, preserving, and rehabilitating affordable housing for low to moderate income households.

JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The Joint Powers Authorities funds account for cash accumulated to all administrative costs and obligations of the authorities.

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE

Other Special Revenue funds account for revenues received for various activities and programs including Master Settlement Agreement, Block Grant Carryover Program, Workers' Compensation Insurance Fraud Prosecution, Specialized Prosecutions, San Manuel Ampitheater, Bio-terrorism Preparedness, H1N1 Preparedness, Vital Statistics State Fees, Vector Control Assessments, Chino Agricultural Preserve, Off-Highway Vehicle License Fees, County Trails System, Park Maintenance and Development, Proposition 40 Projects, and Inland Counties Emergency Medical Agency. Revenues are primarily derived from the tobacco lawsuit Master Settlement Agreement, federal and state funds, park admission fees, rents, and service fees.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS – Continued

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The Joint Powers Authorities Debt Service funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest. Long-term lease payments from the General Fund represent the primary source of financing these requirements.

PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS

The Pension Obligation Bond fund administers the debt service payments related to the County's pension obligation bonds.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR HOUSING

The Redevelopment Successor Housing Capital Projects fund was established to account for projects related to building, preserving, and rehabilitating affordable housing for low to moderate income households.

FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICTS

The Fire Protection Districts Capital Projects funds account for the financial resources used to acquire and construct fire protection facilities within certain geographical areas of the County. These funds are primarily financed by transfers from the Fire Protection Districts' special revenue funds and interest income.

PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICTS

The Park and Recreation Districts Capital Projects fund accounts for the financial resources used to acquire and construct recreational facilities within certain geographical areas of the County. These funds are primarily financed by Proposition 40 project funds, transfers from the Park and Recreation Districts' special revenue funds, and interest income.

COUNTY SERVICE AREAS

The County Service Areas Capital Projects fund accounts for the financial resources and acquisition and construction of facilities within certain geographical areas of the County. These funds are primarily financed by state capital grants, transfers from the County Service Areas special revenue funds, and interest income.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS – Continued

PERMANENT FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

LUCERNE VALLEY CEMETERY ENDOWMENT CARE FUND

The Lucerne Valley Cemetery Endowment Care fund accounts for cash deposits collected for grave lots sold, and are used to defray the costs of care and maintenance of the cemetery.

ETIWANDA CSA 120 ENDOWMENT CARE FUND

The Etiwanda CSA 120 Endowment Care fund, previously known as the Etiwanda CSA 70 OS-1, uses all interest earned for operating activities for the North Etiwanda Preserve.

		TOTAL	TRANS	PORTATION	SPECIAL TRANSPORTATION		SPECIAL AVIATION	
ASSETS								
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	656,176	\$	63,502	\$	48,282	\$	4,892
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET		2,432		446		-		-
TAXES RECEIVABLE		7,484		-		-		-
INTEREST RECEIVABLE		1,400		105		81		8
LOANS RECEIVABLE		944		-		-		-
OTHER RECEIVABLES		409		-		-		-
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		20,547		1,949		-		557
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		80,815		8,902		2,262		13
LAND HELD FOR RESALE		361		-		-		-
INVENTORIES		73		73		-		-
PREPAID ITEMS		337		-		-		-
INTERFUND RECEIVABLE		15,815		55		-		-
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		16,344		-				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	803,137	\$	75,032	\$	50,625	\$	5,470
AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	29.225	\$	5.804	\$	1.112	\$	-
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	•	16,240	•	1,454	•	-	,	_
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		32,986		712		1,586		1
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		5,235		113		33		-
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS		14,478		711		_		_
INTERFUND PAYABLE		2,968		-		55		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		101,132		8,794		2,786	-	1
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		9,533		114		1,403		220
FUND BALANCES:								
NONSPENDABLE		410		73		-		-
RESTRICTED		645,404		42,557		46,436		5,249
ASSIGNED		46,658		23,494		-		-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		692,472		66,124		46,436		5,249
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	803,137	\$	75,032	\$	50,625	\$	5,470

		TAL HEALTH VICES ACT		SCHOOL RVICES	AGING AND ADULT SERVICES		JOBS AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICES	
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	150,519	\$	1,103	\$	109	\$	2,585
INTEREST RECEIVABLE	Ψ	252	Ψ	1,103	Ψ	-	Ψ	2,303
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		5,722		52		40		42
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		44,814		3,237		1,774		2,033
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	201,307	\$	4,394	\$	1,923	\$	4,664
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES:								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	7,083	\$	2,285	\$	324	\$	1,761
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE		2,275		1,376		133		432
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		3,889		155		1		39
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		182		418		-		699
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS								559
TOTAL LIABILITIES		13,429		4,234		458		3,490
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		252		6		-		61
FUND BALANCES:								
RESTRICTED		187,626		154		1,465		1,113
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		187,626		154		1,465		1,113
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	201,307	\$	4,394	\$	1,923	\$	4,664

	TEM	RTHOUSE PORARY TRUCTION	CRIMINAL JUSTICE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION		CENTRAL COURTHOUSE SURCHARGE		MICROGRAPHICS FEES	
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	<u> </u>	2,924	\$	3,424	\$		\$	15,265
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET	Ψ	2,324	Ψ	5,424	Ψ	-	Ψ	77
INTEREST RECEIVABLE		-		_		-		25
LOANS RECEIVABLE		-		-		-		944
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		6		6				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,930	\$	3,430	\$		\$	16,311
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES:								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	111
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE		-		-		-		44
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		2,924		3,424				<u> </u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,924		3,424		-		155
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				_				25
FUND BALANCES:								
RESTRICTED		6		6				16,131
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		6		6				16,131
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,930	\$	3,430	\$		\$	16,311

	ENFO	CAL LAW RCEMENT CK GRANT	S	HERIFF PECIAL OJECTS		FIRE DTECTION STRICTS	ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	2,319	\$	16,679	\$	54,723	\$	17,697
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET	·	-	,	-	·	1,005	•	85
TAXES RECEIVABLE		-		-		3,769		-
INTEREST RECEIVABLE		4		28		-		30
OTHER RECEIVABLES		-		-		324		-
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		-		17		9,333		82
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		-		886		2,424		2,910
PREPAID ITEMS		-		-		311		-
INTERFUND RECEIVABLE								15,510
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,323	\$	17,610	\$	71,889	\$	36,314
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES:								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	_	\$	676	\$	4,125	\$	1,514
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	•	_	•	-	•	8,311	•	163
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		23		1,545		1,606		208
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		-		337		583		1,422
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS		-		-		835		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		23		2,558		15,460		3,307
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4		28		2,560		32
FUND BALANCES:								
NONSPENDABLE		_		_		311		_
RESTRICTED		2,296		15,023		53,558		32,384
ASSIGNED		_,		1		-		591
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		2,296		15,024		53,869		32,975
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF				,		,	-	,
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,323	\$	17,610	\$	71,889	\$	36,314

	С	FLOOD ONTROL ISTRICT	_	OUNTY ICE AREAS	PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICTS		COUNTY FREE LIBRARY	
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	123,198	\$	24,950	\$	2,032	\$	9,680
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET	Ψ	551	Ψ	24,930	Ψ	16	Ψ	119
TAXES RECEIVABLE		2,505		169		117		924
INTEREST RECEIVABLE		655		6				16
OTHER RECEIVABLE		-		85		_		-
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		843		1,014		36		192
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		1,904		89		-		_
PREPAIDS ITEMS		26		-		-		_
INTERFUND RECEIVABLE		_		250		-		_
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS		15,859		-		_		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	145,541	\$	26,587	\$	2,201	\$	10,931
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES:								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	3,122	\$	102	\$	6	\$	691
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE		857		467		106		397
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		673		82		-		18
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		1,233		-		7		38
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS		12,355		-		-		-
INTERFUND PAYABLE		-		2,913		-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		18,240		3,564		119		1,144
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		3,658		221		87		649
FUND BALANCES:								
NONSPENDABLE		26		-		-		-
RESTRICTED		120,045		19,922		1,995		9,138
ASSIGNED		3,572		2,880				
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		123,643		22,802		1,995		9,138
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			-	_			-	_
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	145,541	\$	26,587	\$	2,201	\$	10,931

	suc	ELOPMENT CESSOR DUSING	T POWERS HORITIES	OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE		
ASSETS			 			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	826	\$ 1,776	\$	109,691	
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET		-	-		109	
INTEREST RECEIVABLE		1	1		182	
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		-	-		668	
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		-	-		9,555	
LAND HELD FOR RESALE		361	-		-	
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS			 485			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,188	\$ 2,262	\$	120,205	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES:						
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	-	\$ -	\$	509	
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE		-	-		225	
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		-	-		16,100	
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		-	-		170	
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS					18	
TOTAL LIABILITIES					17,022	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1	 		212	
FUND BALANCES:						
RESTRICTED		1,187	2,262		86,851	
ASSIGNED		-	-		16,120	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,187	 2,262		102,971	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,188	\$ 2,262	\$	120,205	

	TOTAL		PORTATION		PECIAL PORTATION	SPECIA	L AVIATION
REVENUES:							
TAXES	\$ 148,782	\$	-	\$	5,883	\$	-
LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES	1,569		353		-		4
FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES	9,020		-		-		-
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	8,667		314		220		940
AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES	346,582		46,470		1,477		152
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES	114,098		2,166		3,969		35
OTHER REVENUES	 36,534		2,948				160
TOTAL REVENUES	 665,252		52,251		11,549		1,291
EXPENDITURES:							
CURRENT:							
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	4,727		-		-		419
PUBLIC PROTECTION	230,655				-		-
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES	70,133		61,457		6,236		-
HEALTH AND SANITATION	141,580		-		-		-
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	86,105		-		-		-
EDUCATION	16,434		-		-		-
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES DEBT SERVICE:	7,477		-		-		-
PRINCIPAL	5,259		-		-		-
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES	2,223		-		-		-
CAPITAL OUTLAY	 31,815		1,991	-	-		342
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 596,408		63,448		6,236		761
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 68,844		(11,197)		5,313		530
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
TRANSFERS OUT	(87,634)		(11,861)		-		(148)
TRANSFERS IN	72,334		23,553		-		555
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	 2,364		464				-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (12,936)		12,156				407
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	55,908		959		5,313		937
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	636,564		65,165		41,123		4,312
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 692,472	\$	66,124	\$	46,436	\$	5,249

	MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ACT		PRESCHOOL SERVICES		AGING AND ADULT SERVICES		JOBS AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICES	
REVENUES:			_				_	
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	\$	932	\$ 5	\$	6	\$	590	
AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES		145,407	53,292		6,164		18,347	
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES		2.525	15		42		- 440	
OTHER REVENUES		3,535	 77		5_		440	
TOTAL REVENUES		149,875	53,389		6,217		19,377	
EXPENDITURES:								
CURRENT:								
HEALTH AND SANITATION		121,359	-		-		-	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE		-	50,756		6,034		19,103	
DEBT SERVICE:								
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		-	1		-		-	
CAPITAL OUTLAY		722	 837		12		-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		122,081	 51,594		6,046		19,103	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		27,794	 1,795		171		274	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
TRANSFERS OUT		(12,481)	(1,663)		(1,181)		(343)	
TRANSFERS IN		20,424	-		1,081		202	
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS			4		-			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		7,943	 (1,659)		(100)		(141)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		35,737	136		71		133	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		151,889	18		1,394		980	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	187,626	\$ 154	\$	1,465	\$	1,113	

DEVENUES.	COURTHOUSE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION		CRIMINAL JUSTICE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION		CENTRAL COURTHOUSE SURCHARGE	MICROG	RAPHICS FEES
REVENUES: FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$	1,553 13 - -	\$ 1,78 1	99 \$ 5 - -	1,704	\$	38 3,761 1
TOTAL REVENUES		1,566	1,81	4	1,704		3,800
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION CAPITAL OUTLAY		- -		- -	<u>.</u>		1,545 67
TOTAL EXPENDITURES				<u> </u>			1,612
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,566	1,81	4	1,704		2,188
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT		(1,564)	(1,81	2)	(1,704)		(48)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(1,564)	(1,81	2)	(1,704)		(48)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		2		2	-		2,140
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		4		4			13,991
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	6	\$	6 5	<u>-</u>	\$	16,131

REVENUES: —		LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT		SHERIFF SPECIAL PROJECTS		ROTECTION	ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	
TAXES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	71,934	\$	-
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY		12		74		515		304
AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES		626		18,099		7,225		8,564
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES		-		709		83,379		4
OTHER REVENUES				480		2,246		1,010
TOTAL REVENUES		638		19,362		165,299		9,882
EXPENDITURES:								
CURRENT:								
PUBLIC PROTECTION		925		14,590		170,488		-
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE		-		-		-		9,210
DEBT SERVICE:								
PRINCIPAL		-		-		76		-
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		-		-		183		-
CAPITAL OUTLAY		-		2,915		4,082		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		925		17,505		174,829		9,210
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(287)		1,857		(9,530)		672
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
TRANSFERS OUT		_		(576)		(16,489)		(1,992)
TRANSFERS IN		_		-		21,722		791
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		-				21		<u> </u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		(576)		5,254		(1,201)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(287)		1,281		(4,276)		(529)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		2,583		13,743		58,145		33,504
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	2,296	\$	15,024	\$	53,869	\$	32,975
								

	FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT		COUNTY SERVICE AREAS		PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICTS			NTY FREE BRARY
REVENUES:		40.040		0.540	•	0.440	_	10.057
TAXES LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES	\$	48,919 699	\$	3,510	\$	2,446	\$	16,057
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY		1,067		306		105		1
AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES		4,614		60		69		233
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES		430		4,693		1,332		1,114
OTHER REVENUES		421		172		17		856
TOTAL REVENUES		56,150		8,741		3,969		18,261
EXPENDITURES:								
CURRENT:								
GENERAL GOVERNMENT		-		4,306		-		-
PUBLIC PROTECTION		24,907		-		-		-
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES		-		2,045		-		-
EDUCATION		-		-		-		16,434
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES DEBT SERVICE:		-		1,775		3,422		-
PRINCIPAL		4,485		43		-		-
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		1,235		3		-		-
CAPITAL OUTLAY		19,278		1,089		-		247
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		49,905		9,261		3,422		16,681
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		6,245		(520)		547		1,580
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
TRANSFERS OUT		(4,131)		(1,500)		(59)		(258)
TRANSFERS IN		1,969		173		10		-
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		1,846		25		4		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(316)		(1,302)		(45)		(258)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		5,929		(1,822)		502		1,322
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		117,714		24,624		1,493		7,816
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	123,643	\$	22,802	\$	1,995	\$	9,138

REVENUES:		SUC	ELOPMENT CESSOR DUSING	POWERS	OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE		
CLICANSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES 1	REVENUES:	· · · · ·					
FINES, FORREITURES AND PENALTIES -	TAXES	\$	-	\$ -	\$	33	
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES	LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES		-	-		513	
AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES	FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES		-	-		5,668	
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES - - 10,744 OTHER REVENUES 190 - 23,976 TOTAL REVENUES 193 100 79,914 EXPENDITURES CURRENT: CURRENT: 2 - 9 PUBLIC OVERNMENT - 2 2 - PUBLIC PROTECTION - - 1 2,00 - - 18,200 9,00 9,00 -	REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY		3	10		3,197	
OTHER REVENUES 190 - 23,976 TOTAL REVENUES 193 10 79,914 EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: - 2 - GENERAL GOVERNMENT - 2 - - PUBLIC PROTECTION - 2 - 18,200 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES - - 2 20,221 PUBLIC SASISTANCE - - - 20,221 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE - - - 20,221 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE - - - 20,221 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE - - - 2,280 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES - - 2,280 DEBT SERVICE: - - - 2,280 DEBT SERVICE: - - - - 2,280 DEBT SERVICE: - - - - - - - - - - - -			-	-		35,783	
TOTAL REVENUES 193 10 79,914 EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: 300 10 79,914 CURRENT: 2 - - 2 - PUBLIC PROTECTION - - - 18,200 - - 395 -	CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES		-	-		10,744	
CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT	OTHER REVENUES		190	 -		23,976	
CURRENT: 2 2 GENERAL GOVERNMENT - 2 18,200 PUBLIC PROTECTION - - 18,200 PUBLIC WAY'S AND FACILITIES - - 395 HEALTH AND SANITATION - - 20,221 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE - - 2,280 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES - - 2,280 DEBT SERVICE: - - - 2,280 DEBT SERVICE: - - - 2,280 CAPITAL DUTLAY - - - 233 CAPITAL OUTLAY - - 233 - - 233 TOTAL EXPENDITURES - 1,458 42,331 - - - 2,331 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER - 1,458 42,331 - - - - 2,286 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	TOTAL REVENUES		193	 10		79,914	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - 2 - PUBLIC PROTECTION - - 18,200 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES - - 20,221 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE - - 1,002 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES - - 2,280 DEBT SERVICE: - 655 - PRINCIPAL - 655 - INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES - 801 - CAPITAL OUTLAY - - 233 TOTAL EXPENDITURES - 1,458 42,331 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER - 1,458 42,331 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER - 1,448 37,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT - - - (29,824) TRANSFERS IN - 1,704 150 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,704 (29,674) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 193 2.56 7,909 <td>EXPENDITURES:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	EXPENDITURES:						
PUBLIC PROTECTION - - 18,200 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES - - 395 HEALTH AND SANITATION - - 20,221 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE - - 1,002 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES - - - 2,280 DEBT SERVICE: - - - - 2,280 DEBT SERVICE: - - - - 2,280 PINCIPAL - - 655 - - PINCIPAL - - 655 - - PINCIPAL - - 655 - - - 233 - - 233 - - 233 - - 233 - - - 2,331 - - - 2,331 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -							
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES - - 395 HEALTH AND SANITATION - - 20,221 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE - - 1,002 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES - - 2,280 DEBT SERVICE: - - 655 - PRINCIPAL - 801 - 233 INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES - 801 - 233 TOTAL EXPENDITURES - 1,458 42,331 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER 193 (1,448) 37,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - (29,824) TRANSFERS OUT - 1,704 150 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,704 (29,674) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 193 256 7,909 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 994 2,006 95,062			-	2		-	
HEALTH AND SANITATION - - 20,221 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE - - 1,002 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES - - 2,280 DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL - 655 - INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES - 801 - CAPITAL OUTLAY - - 233 TOTAL EXPENDITURES - 1,458 42,331 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 193 (1,448) 37,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - (29,824) TRANSFERS OUT - - 1,704 150 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,704 (29,674) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 193 256 7,909 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 994 2,006 95,062			-	-			
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE - - 1,002 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES - - 2,280 DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL - 655 - PRINCIPAL - 655 - INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES - 801 - CAPITAL OUTLAY - - 233 TOTAL EXPENDITURES - 1,458 42,331 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER 193 (1,448) 37,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - (29,824) TRANSFERS OUT - 1,704 150 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,704 150 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,704 (29,674) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 193 256 7,909 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 994 2,006 95,062			-	-			
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES - - 2,280 DEBT SERVICE: - 655 - PRINCIPAL - 655 - INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES - 801 - CAPITAL OUTLAY - - 233 TOTAL EXPENDITURES - 1,458 42,331 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 193 (1,448) 37,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - (29,824) TRANSFERS OUT - 1,704 150 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,704 (29,674) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 193 256 7,909 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 994 2,006 95,062			-	-		•	
DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL - 655 - INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES - 801 - CAPITAL OUTLAY - - 233 TOTAL EXPENDITURES - 1,458 42,331 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 193 (1,448) 37,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - (29,824) TRANSFERS OUT - 1,704 150 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,704 (29,674) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 193 256 7,909 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 994 2,006 95,062			-	-			
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES			-	-		2,280	
CAPITAL OUTLAY - - 233 TOTAL EXPENDITURES - 1,458 42,331 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 193 (1,448) 37,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - (29,824) TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN - 1,704 150 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,704 (29,674) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 193 256 7,909 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 994 2,006 95,062	PRINCIPAL		-	655		-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES - 1,458 42,331 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 193 (1,448) 37,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT 1,704 - 1,704 150 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,704 (29,674) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 193 256 7,909 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 994 2,006 95,062	INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		-	801		-	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES 193 (1,448) 37,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): STRANSFERS OUT TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) -	CAPITAL OUTLAY			 		233	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES 193 (1,448) 37,583 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT - - - (29,824) TRANSFERS IN - 1,704 150 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,704 (29,674) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 193 256 7,909 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 994 2,006 95,062	TOTAL EXPENDITURES			 1,458		42,331	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT - - - (29,824) TRANSFERS IN - 1,704 150 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,704 (29,674) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 193 256 7,909 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 994 2,006 95,062	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN - - - (29,824) 150 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,704 (29,674) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 193 256 7,909 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 994 2,006 95,062	(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		193	 (1,448)		37,583	
TRANSFERS IN - 1,704 150 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,704 (29,674) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 193 256 7,909 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 994 2,006 95,062	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,704 (29,674) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 193 256 7,909 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 994 2,006 95,062			-	.			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES 193 256 7,909 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 994 2,006 95,062	TRANSFERS IN			 1,704		150	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 994 2,006 95,062	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			 1,704		(29,674)	
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		193	256		7,909	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING \$ 1,187 \$ 2,262 \$ 102,971	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		994	2,006		95,062	
	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	1,187	\$ 2,262	\$	102,971	

	1	TOTAL	 POWERS DRITIES	PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS		
ASSETS						
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	20,224	\$ -	\$	20,224	
INVESTMENTS		1,627	-		1,627	
INTEREST RECEIVABLE		34	-		34	
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		1,046	-		1,046	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	22,931	\$ 	\$	22,931	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	34	\$ 	\$	34	
FUND BALANCES:						
RESTRICTED		22,897	-		22,897	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		22,897			22,897	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	22,931	\$ 	\$	22,931	

	1	TOTAL	 POWERS HORITIES	PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS	
REVENUES	_				
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY OTHER REVENUES	\$	32 1,909	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	32 1,909
TOTAL REVENUES		1,941	-		1,941
EXPENDITURES CURRENT:					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT DEBT SERVICE:		3	-		3
PRINCIPAL		89,675	6,205		83,470
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		14,092	156		13,936
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		103,770	 6,361		97,409
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES		(101,829)	 (6,361)		(95,468)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
TRANSFERS IN		95,174	 <u> </u>		95,174
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)		95,174	-		95,174
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(6,655)	(6,361)		(294)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		29,552	6,361		23,191
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	22,897	\$ -	\$	22,897

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

	 TOTAL	SUC	/ELOPMENT CCESSOR DUSING	PRO	FIRE TECTION STRICTS	REC	RK AND REATION STRICTS	OUNTY ICE AREAS
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS INTEREST RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS LAND HELD FOR RESALE	\$ 40,861 58 40 1,301	\$	24,631 31 - 1,301	\$	8,500 14 -	\$	3,116 5 40	\$ 4,614 8 - -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 42,260	\$	25,963	\$	8,514	\$	3,161	\$ 4,622
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE DUE TO OTHER FUNDS TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 6,201 175 6,376	\$	5,920 - 5,920	\$	- - -	\$	21 60 81	\$ 260 115 375
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 58		31		14		5	8
FUND BALANCES: RESTRICTED TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 35,826 35,826		20,012		8,500 8,500		3,075 3,075	 4,239 4,239
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 42,260	\$	25,963	\$	8,514	\$	3,161	\$ 4,622

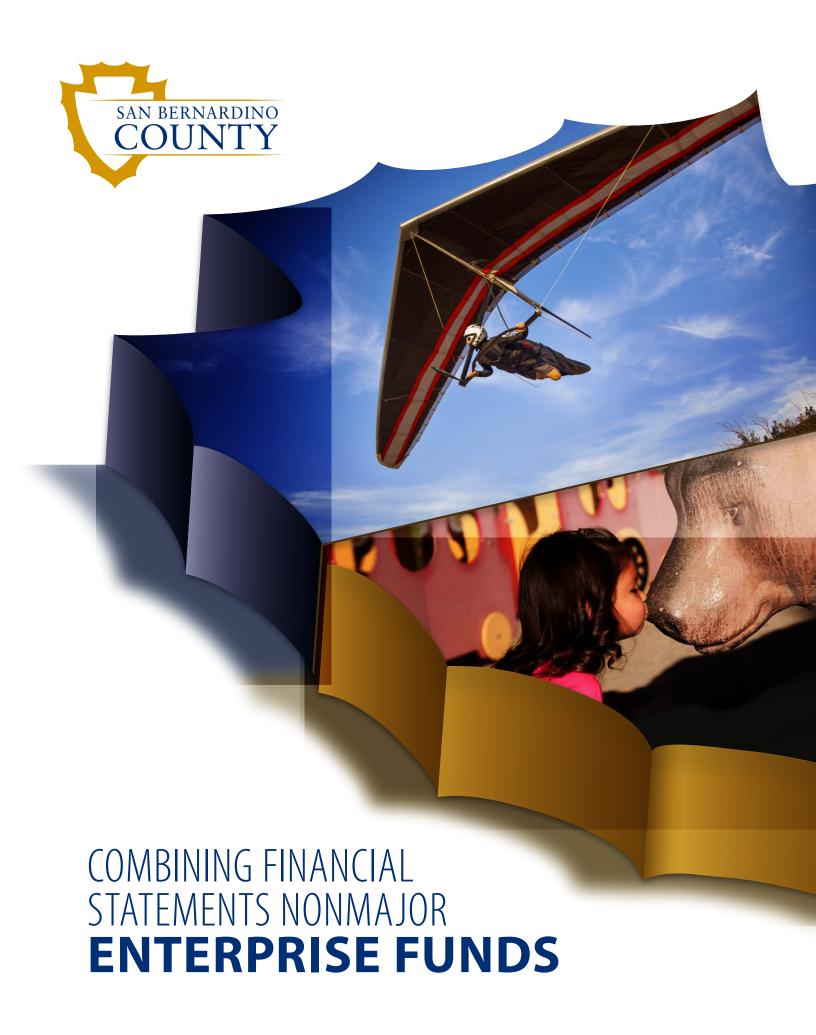
	T	OTAL	SUC	ELOPMENT CESSOR DUSING		ROTECTION TRICTS	REC	RK AND REATION TRICTS		Y SERVICE REAS
REVENUES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	\$	110	\$	82	\$	(1)	\$	17	\$	12
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES	Ψ	1	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	1
OTHER REVENUES		1		-		-		-		1
TOTAL REVENUES		112		82		(1)		17		14
EXPENDITURES CURRENT:										
GENERAL GOVERNMENT		144		121		_		23		-
CAPITAL OUTLAY		3,802		-				2,047		1,755
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,946		121		-		2,070		1,755
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES		(3,834)		(39)		(1)		(2,053)		(1,741)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
TRANSFERS OUT		(16)		-		-		-		(16)
TRANSFERS IN		12,578		-		8,500				4,078
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)		12,562		-		8,500		-		4,062
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		8,728		(39)		8,499		(2,053)		2,321
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		27,098		20,051		1		5,128		1,918
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	35,826	\$	20,012	\$	8,500	\$	3,075	\$	4,239

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET PERMANENT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

ASSETS		OTAL	VA CEM ENDO	EERNE LLEY ETERY WMENT E FUND	ETIWANDA CSA 120 ENDOWMENT CARE FUND		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	1,712	\$	97	\$	1,615	
CASITAND CASITEQUIVALENTS	Ψ	1,7 12	Ψ	31	Ψ	1,013	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,712	\$	97	\$	1,615	
FUND BALANCES							
NONSPENDABLE	\$	1,712	\$	97	\$	1,615	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	1,712	\$	97	\$	1,615	

	T	OTAL	VA CEM ENDO	ERNE LLEY ETERY WMENT E FUND	ETIWANDA CSA 120 ENDOWMENT CARE FUND		
REVENUES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY OTHER REVENUES	\$	(2)	\$	3	\$	(2)	
TOTAL REVENUES		1		3		(2)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1		3		(2)	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,711		94		1,617	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	1,712	\$	97	\$	1,615	





NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

COUNTY SERVICE AREAS

The County Service Areas Enterprise Funds account for water, sewer, and sanitation facilities within certain geographical areas of the County. User fees are the principal source of revenue.

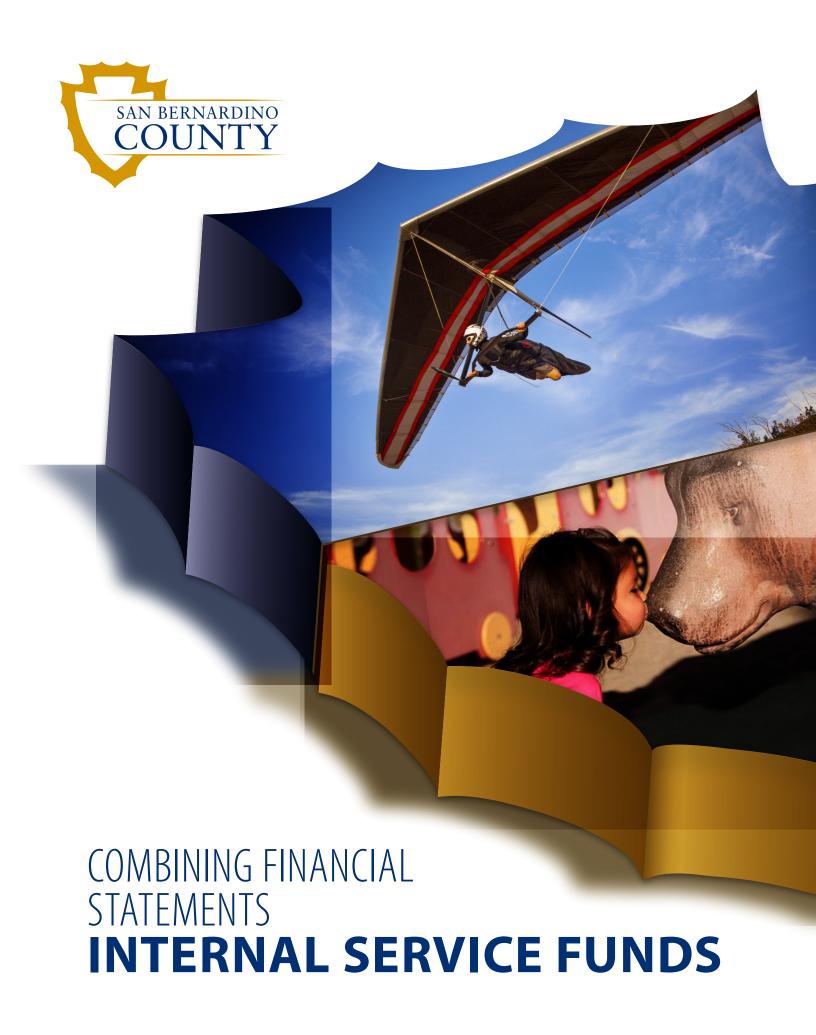
OTHER ENTERPRISE

The Other Enterprise Funds account for the Museum Gift Shop and Regional Parks Snack Bar operations. Sales are the principal source of revenue.

	TOTAL	COUNTY TOTAL SERVICE AREAS	
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 41,759	\$ 41,532	\$ 227
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET	1,782	1,782	-
TAXES RECEIVABLE	146	146	_
OTHER RECEIVABLES	183	183	_
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS	52	52	_
INVENTORIES	34	-	34
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	43,956	43,695	261
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			
CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED OR AMORTIZED:			
LAND	3,861	3,861	_
LAND USE RIGHTS	258	258	_
DEVELOPMENT IN PROGRESS	5,601	5,601	_
CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:	0,001	0,001	
LAND USE RIGHTS	1,004	1,004	
STRUCTURES, IMPROVEMENTS, AND INFRASTRUCTURE	87,112	87,112	_
EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE	1,452	1,452	<u>-</u>
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	(45,288)	(45,288)	_
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	54,000	54,000	
TOTAL NONCORRENT ASSETS	54,000	54,000	
TOTAL ASSETS	97,956	97,695	261
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	F70	F70	
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	570 1	570	1
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	· ·	- 122	ı
	133	133	-
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS	211	211	-
INTEREST PAYABLE	56	56	-
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS	19	19	-
BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE	306	306	-
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,296	1,295	1
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:			
INTERFUND PAYABLE	461	461	-
BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE	1,476	1,476	-
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	1,937	1,937	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,233	3,232	1
NET POSITION			
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	52,218	52,218	_
UNRESTRICTED	42,505	42,245	260
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 94,723	\$ 94,463	\$ 260
TO MENET I CONTON	Ψ 34,123	Ψ 34,403	Ψ 200

		OTAL	OUNTY ICE AREAS	OTHER ENTERPRISE		
OPERATING REVENUES: CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES	\$	12,862	\$ 12,778	\$	84	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		12,862	 12,778		84	
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES		2,744	2,744		-	
SALARIES AND EMPLOYEES BENEFITS		6,074	6,060		14	
SERVICES AND SUPPLIES		4,166	4,133		33	
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION		2,938	2,938		-	
OTHER		597	 597			
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		16,519	 16,472		47	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(3,657)	(3,694)		37	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
INTEREST REVENUES		203	203		-	
INTEREST EXPENSE		(235)	(235)		-	
TAX REVENUE		3,105	3,105		-	
GRANT REVENUE		34	34		-	
GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		(4)	(4)		-	
OTHER NONOPERATING REVENUES		1,338	1,338		-	
OTHER NONOPERATING EXPENSES		(34)	(34)			
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		4,407	 4,407			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE TRANSFERS		750	713		37	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		28	28		-	
TRANSFERS OUT		(104)	(104)		-	
TRANSFERS IN		72	 72			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		746	709		37	
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING		93,977	 93,754		223	
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	94,723	\$ 94,463	\$	260	

	1	TOTAL	SE	OUNTY ERVICE IREAS		HER RPRISE
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
CASH RECEIVED FROM SERVICES CASH PAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS OF GOODS AND SERVICES CASH PAYMENTS TO EMPLOYEES FOR SERVICES	\$	14,628 (7,534) (6,074)	\$	14,544 (7,503) (6,060)	\$	84 (31) (14)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		1,020		981		39_
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
TAXES RECEIVED		3,155		3,155		-
GRANTS RECEIVED		34		34		-
TRANSFERS RECEIVED		72		72		-
TRANSFERS PAID		(147)	-	(147)		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		3,114		3,114		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF CAPITAL ASSETS		(2,565)		(2,565)		-
CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		28		28		-
PRINCIPAL PAID ON BONDS AND NOTES INTEREST PAID ON BONDS AND NOTES		(244)		(244)		-
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(234)		(234)		<u>-</u> _
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(3,015)		(3,015)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		203		203		_
			-			
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		203		203		<u> </u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,322		1,283		39
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		40,437		40,249		188
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	41,759	\$	41,532	\$	227
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(3,657)	\$	(3,694)	\$	37
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE) RELATED TO OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2,938 1,304		2,938 1,304		-
CHANGES IN ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS:						
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		448		448		-
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		13		13		-
INVENTORIES		2		- (405)		2
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		(135) 106		(135) 106		-
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS		100		100		-
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	1,020	\$	981	\$	39
	P	REAKDOWN	OE CASI	H AND CASH	FOLIVAL	ENTS
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	<u>в</u> \$	41,759	\$	41,532	\$	227
	Ψ	71,700	Ψ	71,002	Ψ	



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

GENERAL SERVICES GROUP

The General Services Fund accounts for the County Purchasing Department's Printing Services, Central Mail Services, and Surplus Property and Storage divisions. Services which are available to all County departments and special districts are financed by user fees for services provided.

TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES

The Telecommunication Services Fund accounts for County-wide telephone operations including related hardware, software, communication facilities, and a network of microwave sites.

COMPUTER OPERATIONS

The Computer Operations Fund accounts for 24-hour-per-day, County-wide data processing services including data entry, report distribution, distributed data processing with technical support and application development.

FLEET MANAGEMENT

The Fleet Management Fund includes both the County Garage and Motor Pool. The Fund accounts for vehicle rental services to all County departments, and maintenance and repair services to the County's vehicle and heavy equipment fleet.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Risk Management Fund accounts for the County's self-insured worker's compensation, and public liabilities, including property conservation, safety programs, medical malpractice, environmental liability other than pollution remediation in relation to landfill and other general obligations which are provided to all County departments and special districts.

FLOOD CONTROL EQUIPMENT

The Flood Control Equipment Fund accounts for heavy equipment rental and maintenance services provided to each of the six flood control zones within various geographical regions of the County.

		TOTAL		RAL SERVICE GROUP		MMUNICATION ERVICES		MPUTER RATIONS
ASSETS								
CURRENT ASSETS:	•	000.070	•	2.502	•	44.755	•	40.000
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	338,978	\$	3,520	\$	14,755	\$	16,386
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET		3,362		-		61		-
OTHER RECEIVABLES		8		-				
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		4,019		417		344		1,771
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		1,245		87		995		6
INVENTORIES		4,163		6		2,618		-
PREPAID ITEMS		5,300		1,532		3,711		39
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		357,075		5,562		22,484		18,202
NONCURRENT ASSETS:								
CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:								
LAND		894		-		-		-
DEVELOPMENT IN PROGRESS		4,975		-		2,001		1,478
CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:								
STRUCTURES AND IMPROVEMENTS		14,843		19		3,754		692
EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE		121,575		1,574		44,612		20,224
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION		(89,887)		(757)		(34,927)		(14,992)
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		52,400		836		15,440		7,402
TOTAL ASSETS		409,475		6,398		37,924		25,604
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		27,773		1,045		4,319		17,127
LIABILITIES								
CURRENT LIABILITIES:								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		7,160		399		949		1,747
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE		2,835		127		530		1,420
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		2,079		1		41		165
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		7		-		-		-
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS		9,289		-		-		-
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE		3,597		150		905		1,596
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED CLAIMS		53,772		-		-		-
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		78,739		677		2,425		4,928
		. 0,. 00				2,120		.,020
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:								
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE		4,060		111		462		2,546
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED CLAIMS		192,723		.		.		-
NET PENSION LIABILITY		45,670		2,205		9,343		22,721
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		242,453		2,316		9,805		25,267
TOTAL LIABILITIES		321,192		2,993		12,230		30,195
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		10,647		643		2,130		5,049
NET POSITION								
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS		52,400		836		15,440		7,402
UNRESTRICTED		53,009		2,971		12,443		85
TOTAL NET POSITION	•		•	 _	•		•	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	105,409	\$	3,807	\$	27,883	\$	7,487

	FLEET MANAGEMENT SERVICES		MENT RISK		FLOOD CONTROL EQUIPMENT	
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS:						
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	14,979	\$	283,681	\$	5,657
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET		69		3,232		-
OTHER RECEIVABLES		-		8		-
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		974		400		113
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		109		48		_
INVENTORIES		1,539		-		_
PREPAID ITEMS		4		14		-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		17,674		287,383		5,770
NONCURRENT ASSETS:						
CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:						
LAND		894		-		-
DEVELOPMENT IN PROGRESS		1,496		-		_
CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:						
STRUCTURES AND IMPROVEMENTS		10,378		-		-
EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE		37,824		673		16,668
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION		(27,863)		(608)		(10,740)
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		22,729		65		5,928
TOTAL ASSETS		40,403		287,448		11,698
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,882		2,400		_
LIABILITIES						
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		004		0.440		40
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		904		3,118		43
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE		428		330		-
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		1,002		870		-
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		7		-		-
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS		-		9,289		-
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE		585		361		-
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED CLAIMS				53,772		
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,926		67,740		43
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:						
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE		548		393		-
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED CLAIMS		-		192,723		-
NET PENSION LIABILITY		6,434		4,967		-
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		6,982		198,083		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		9,908		265,823		43
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,441		1,384		
NET POSITION						
NET POSITION NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS		22,729		65		5,928
UNRESTRICTED		9,207		22.576		5,928 5,727
		<u> </u>				
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	31,936	\$	22,641	\$	11,655

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

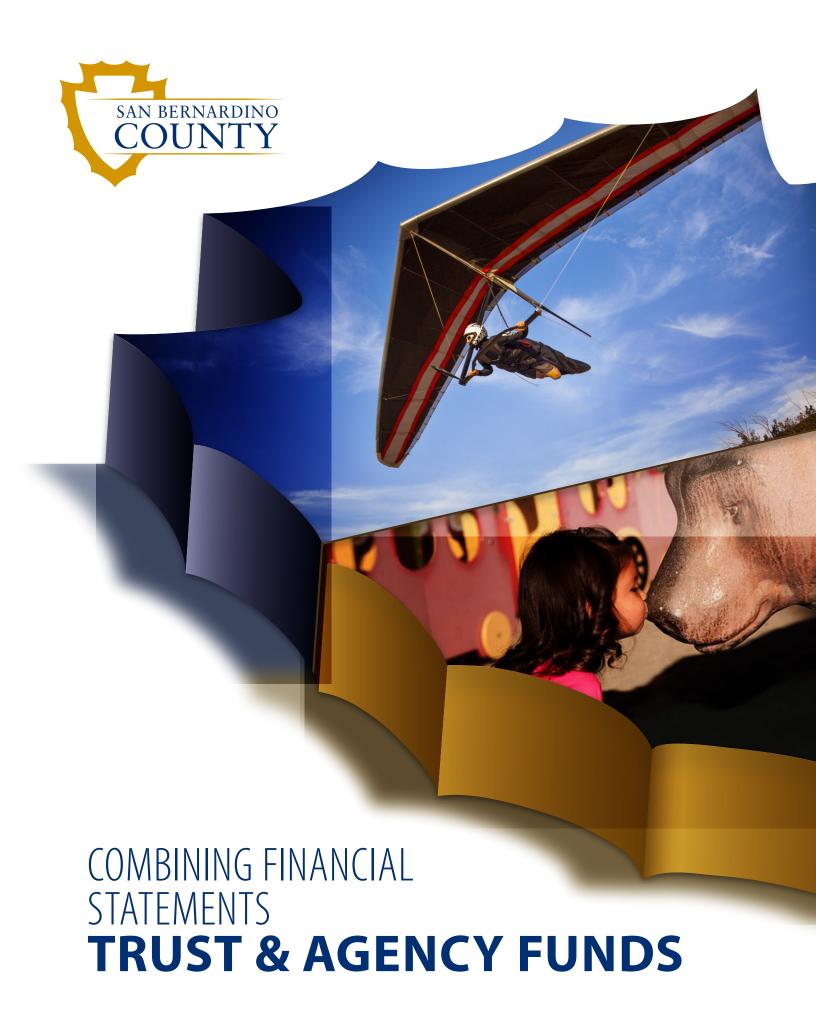
	 TOTAL		NERAL CES GROUP	MMUNICATION RVICES		MPUTER RATIONS
OPERATING REVENUES: CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES	\$ 219,064	\$	11,479	\$ 28,673	\$	42,478
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	 219,064	-	11,479	 28,673	-	42,478
OPERATING EXPENSES: PROFESSIONAL SERVICES SALARIES AND EMPLOYEES BENEFITS SELF-INSURED CLAIMS SERVICES AND SUPPLIES DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION OTHER	 31,206 50,172 71,655 58,453 12,363 1,025		780 2,584 - 6,297 112	1,391 9,535 - 13,803 4,168		7,983 23,506 - 5,827 2,609
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 224,874		9,773	 28,897		39,925
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (5,810)		1,706	 (224)		2,553
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): INTEREST REVENUES INTEREST EXPENSE GRANT REVENUE GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS OTHER NONOPERATING REVENUES	 1,838 (8) 66 1,430 6,048		121 - - - 1	94 - - 6 138		74 (8) 4 (2)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	 9,374		122	 238		68
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE TRANSFERS	3,564		1,828	14		2,621
TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN	 (2,260) 890		(105)	 (445)		(1,149)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	2,194		1,723	(431)		1,472
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING	 103,215		2,084	 28,314		6,015
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 105,409	\$	3,807	\$ 27,883	\$	7,487

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

	-	FLEET AGEMENT	MAN	RISK IAGEMENT	FLOOD CONTROL EQUIPMENT	
OPERATING REVENUES: CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES	\$	31,361	\$	103,014	\$	2,059
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		31,361		103,014		2,059
OPERATING EXPENSES: PROFESSIONAL SERVICES SALARIES AND EMPLOYEES BENEFITS SELF-INSURED CLAIMS SERVICES AND SUPPLIES DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION OTHER		2,834 9,636 - 15,011 4,721		18,154 4,911 71,655 16,195 71 1,025		64 - - 1,320 682
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		32,202		112,011		2,066
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(841)		(8,997)		(7)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): INTEREST REVENUES GRANT REVENUE GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS OTHER NONOPERATING REVENUES		68 62 1,321 5,042		1,453 - - 867		28 - 105 -
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		6,493		2,320		133
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE TRANSFERS		5,652		(6,677)		126
TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN		(306) 490		(255) 400		- -
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		5,836		(6,532)		126
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING		26,100		29,173		11,529
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	31,936	\$	22,641	\$	11,655

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

		DTAL		GENERAL SERVICES GROUP	cc	TELE- OMMUNICATION SERVICES	COMPUTER OPERATIONS	FLEET MANAGEMENT	MAM_	RISK NAGEMENT	co	LOOD NTROL IIPMENT
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: CASH RECEIVED FROM INTERFUND SERVICES CASH PAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS OF GOODS AND SERVICES CASH PAYMENTS TO EMPLOYEES FOR SERVICES	\$	230,092 (171,397) (49,595)	\$	11,170 (7,542) (2,735)	\$	28,640 (19,026) (9,591)	\$ 41,743 (13,164) (22,390)	\$ 36,502 (18,030) (9,740)	\$	109,978 (112,212) (5,139)	\$	2,059 (1,423)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		9,100		893	_	23	6,189	8,732		(7,373)		636
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: GRANTS RECEIVED INTERFUND LOAN REPAYMENT INTEREST PAID ON INTERFUND LOAN INTERFUND LOAN ADVANCED TRANSFERS RECEIVED TRANSFERS PAID		66 (894) (8) 894 890 (2,260)		- - - - (105)		- - 894 - (445)	4 (894) (8) - - (1,149)	62 - - - 490 (306)		- - - 400 (255)		- - - - -
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,312)		(105)		449	(2,047)	246		145		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF CAPITAL ASSETS PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(17,138) 416 (16,722)		(1)	_	(3,213)	(3,517)	(9,025) 311 (8,714)		<u>-</u> _		(1,382) 105 (1,277)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		(10,722)		(1)		(0,210)	(0,017)	(0,714)				(1,277)
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		1,838		121		94	74_	68_		1,453		28
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		1,838		121		94	74	68_		1,453		28_
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(7,096)		908		(2,647)	699	332		(5,775)		(613)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		346,074		2,612		17,402	15,687	14,647		289,456		6,270
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	338,978	\$	3,520	\$	14,755	\$ 16,386	\$ 14,979	\$	283,681	\$	5,657
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH	\$	(5,810)	\$	1,706	\$	(224)	\$ 2,553	\$ (841)	\$	(8,997)	\$	(7)
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE) RELATED TO OPERATING ACTIVITIES		12,363 7,058		112 1		4,168 138	2,609	4,721 6,052		71 867		682 -
CHANGES IN ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOW ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS OTHER RECEIVABLES INVENTORIES PREPAID ITEMS ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS ADVANCES FROM OTHERS COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURANCE CLAIMS OTHER NON-CASH ITEMS NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	/S:	(3,285) (1,632) (138) 29 (286) (3,740) (14,382) 226 7 9,019 385 9,800 (514)		(247) (39) - 38 (823) 320 5 - (24) (43) - (113)		9 (2) (169) - (327) (3,289) 110 (11) - (45) - (335)	7 (746) 4 (39) 685 166 475	(69) (892) 50 - 3 (41) (45) 19 7 - (33) - (236) \$ 8,732	-	(3,232) 263 8 29 - 415 (15,413) 47 - 9,043 31 9,800 (305)		(8) 8 - - (39) - - - - -
2	Ψ	5,100	Ψ	093	<u> </u>		Ψ 0,109	ψ 0,132	Ψ	(1,313)	Ψ	030
						BREAKDOWN O	F CASH AND CASH E	QUIVALENTS				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	338,978	\$	3,520	\$	14,755	\$ 16,386	\$ 14,979	\$	283,681	\$	5,657





TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

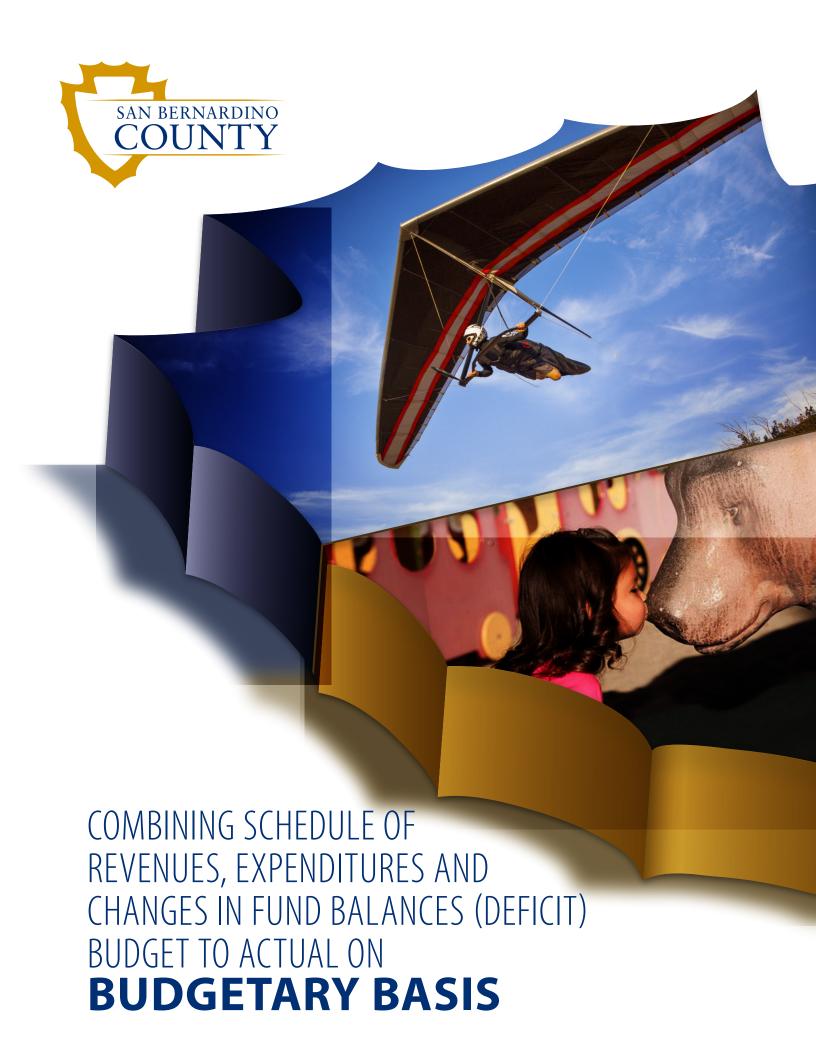
AGENCY FUNDS

Special Assessment Agency Funds - The special assessment funds are administered by the County Treasurer and account for amounts collected from property owners for the payment of special assessment bond principal and interest. The special assessment bonds include both 1911 and 1915 Act Bonds and Mello-Roos Bonds.

Other Agency Funds - Accounts for other agency funds where the County holds money either in a custodial capacity for other entities, or as a clearing account to accumulate and hold certain monies until disbursement to the ultimate recipient.

TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS	BEGINNING BALANCE	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	ENDING BALANCE
ASSETS: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE TAXES RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 275,540 18,067 154,874 16,751 \$ 465,232	\$ 13,471,922 18,172 221,937 28,519 \$ 13,740,550	\$ 13,147,103 18,067 223,155 28,911 \$ 13,417,236	\$ 600,359 18,172 153,656 16,359 \$ 788,546
LIABILITIES: DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 465,232 \$ 465,232	\$ 691,602 \$ 691,602	\$ 368,288 \$ 368,288	\$ 788,546 \$ 788,546
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT FUNDS				
ASSETS: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,483 - \$ 1,483	\$ 139 4 \$ 143	\$ 124 2 \$ 126	\$ 1,498 2 \$ 1,500
LIABILITIES:				
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS	\$ 1,483	\$ 17	\$ -	\$ 1,500
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1,483	\$ 17	\$ -	\$ 1,500
OTHER AGENCY FUNDS				
ASSETS: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE TAXES RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS	\$ 274,057 18,067 154,874 16,751	\$ 13,471,783 18,172 221,937 28,515	\$ 13,146,979 18,067 223,155 28,909	\$ 598,861 18,172 153,656 16,357
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 463,749	\$ 13,740,407	\$ 13,417,110	\$ 787,046
LIABILITIES: DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS	\$ 463,749	\$ 691,585	\$ 368,288	\$ 787,046
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 463,749	\$ 691,585	\$ 368,288	\$ 787,046





		TOTAL	
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: TAXES LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 138,214 1,227 2,386 6,996 401,150 114,596 45,811 710,380	\$ 148,782 1,569 9,020 8,657 346,582 114,098 36,534	\$ 10,568 342 6,634 1,661 (54,568) (498) (9,277) (45,138)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT PUBLIC PROTECTION PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES HEALTH AND SANITATION PUBLIC ASSISTANCE EDUCATION RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES CAPITAL OUTLAY	9,408 299,399 113,016 185,936 118,138 17,852 9,292 8,304 3,134 57,607	4,784 239,127 70,382 155,152 85,723 16,462 7,469 4,604 1,422 12,613	4,624 60,272 42,634 30,784 32,415 1,390 1,823 3,700 1,712 44,994
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	822,086	597,738_	224,348
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(111,706)	67,504	179,210
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN LONG-TERM DEBT ISSUED SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	(181,139) 110,013 465 1,498	(87,634) 70,630 - 2,364	93,505 (39,383) (465) 866
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(69,163)	(14,640)	54,523_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(180,869)	52,864	233,733
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	583,603_	583,603	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 402,734	\$ 636,467	\$ 233,733

	TRANSPORTATION							
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET					
REVENUES: LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 433 187 60,941 4,160 38	\$ 353 314 46,470 2,166 2,948	\$ (80) 127 (14,471) (1,994) 2,910					
TOTAL REVENUES	65,759	52,251	(13,508)					
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES CAPITAL OUTLAY TOTAL EXPENDITURES	87,278 9,829 97,107	61,196 820 62,016	26,082 9,009 35,091 21,583					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(31,348)	(9,765)	21,563					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(14,237) 26,334 490 12,587	(11,861) 23,553 464 12,156	2,376 (2,781) (26) (431)					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(18,761)	2,391	21,152					
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	57,722	57,722						
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 38,961	\$ 60,113	\$ 21,152					

	SPECIAL TRANSPORTATION							
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET					
REVENUES: TAXES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 6,568 150 7,133 939 14,790	\$ 5,883 220 1,477 3,969	\$ (685) 70 (5,656) 3,030 (3,241)					
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES	22,242	6,703	15,539_					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	22,242	6,703	15,539_					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(7,452)	4,846	12,298_					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(1,061) 391 (670)	<u>-</u> -	1,061 (391) 670					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(8,122)	4,846	12,968					
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	40,376	40,376						
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 32,254	\$ 45,222	\$ 12,968					

	SPECIAL AVIATION		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 3 524 3,463 23 610 4,623	\$ 4 940 152 35 160	\$ 1 416 (3,311) 12 (450) (3,332)
TOTAL REVENUES	4,023		(3,332)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL OUTLAY	1,499 795	421 464_	1,078 331
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,294	885_	1,409
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	2,329	406	(1,923)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(4,966) 568 (4,398)	(148) 555 407	4,818 (13) 4,805
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(2,069)	813	2,882
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	4,093	4,093_	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 2,024	\$ 4,906	\$ 2,882

	MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ACT		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 716 155,034 5,570 161,320	\$ 932 145,407 1 3,535 149,875	\$ 216 (9,627) 1 (2,035) (11,445)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: HEALTH AND SANITATION CAPITAL OUTLAY	161,317 	134,961 	26,356 8,397
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	170,506	135,753	34,753
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(9,186)	14,122_	23,308
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(40,423) 14,662 (25,761)	(12,481) 20,424 7,943	27,942 5,762 33,704
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(34,947)	22,065	57,012
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	132,637	132,637	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 97,690	\$ 154,702	\$ 57,012

	PRESCHOOL SERVICES		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ - 61,255 20 21	\$ 5 53,292 15 	\$ 5 (7,963) (5) 56
TOTAL REVENUES	61,296	53,389_	(7,907)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC ASSISTANCE DEBT SERVICE: INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES CAPITAL OUTLAY	52,540 1 934	50,523 1 655	2,017
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	53,475_	51,179	2,296
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	7,821_	2,210_	(5,611)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(6,855) 6 (6,849)	(1,663) 4 (1,659)	5,192 (2) 5,190
. ,	<u></u>		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	972	551	(421)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	(847)_	(847)	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), ENDING	<u>\$ 125</u>	\$ (296)	\$ (421)

	AGING AND ADULT SERVICES			
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 4 7,039 - 	\$ 6 6,164 42 5	\$ 2 (875) 42 5	
TOTAL REVENUES	7,043	6,217	(826)	
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC ASSISTANCE CAPITAL OUTLAY	6,930 13_	6,053 12	877 1	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,943	6,065	878_	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	100	152_	52	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(1,181) 1,081 (100)	(1,181) 1,081 (100)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	52	52	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1,394	1,394		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 1,394	\$ 1,446	\$ 52	

	JOBS AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICES		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 592 26,253 1,010	\$ 590 18,347 440	\$ (2) (7,906) (570)
TOTAL REVENUES	27,855	19,377	(8,478)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC ASSISTANCE CAPITAL OUTLAY	26,300 50	19,157 	7,143 50
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	26,350	19,157	7,193
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,505	220_	(1,285)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(343) 233 (110)	(343) 202 (141)	(31)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,395	79	(1,316)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	480_	480_	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), ENDING	\$ 1,875	\$ 559	_\$ (1,316)

	COURTHOUSE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION					
	FINAL BUDGI	<u>≅T</u>	BUD	UAL ON GETARY ASIS		ANCE WITH BUDGET
REVENUES: FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,553 13	\$	1,553 13
TOTAL REVENUES				1,566_		1,566
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT		<u>-</u>		(1,564)		(1,564)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)		<u>-</u>		(1,564)		(1,564)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		2		2
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		4		4_		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	_ \$	4	\$	6_	\$	2

	CRIM	INAL JUSTICE TEMPORARY CONS	STRUCTION
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	\$ - 	\$ 1,799 15_	\$ 1,799 15
TOTAL REVENUES	- _	1,814	1,814
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT		(1,812)	(1,812)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	_	(1,812)	(1,812)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	2	2
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	4_	4	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 4	\$ 6	\$ 2

	CENTRAL COURTHOUSE SURCHARGE			
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES: CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES	_\$ 1,807_	\$ 1,704	\$ (103)	
TOTAL REVENUES	1,807	1,704	(103)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT	(1,807)	(1,704)	103_	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(1,807)	(1,704)	103_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	-	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING				
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ -	

	MICROGRAPHICS FEES		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 27 3,211 75	\$ 38 3,761 1	\$ 11 550 (74)
TOTAL REVENUES	3,313	3,800	487_
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION CAPITAL OUTLAY	4,312 58_	678 51	3,634
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,370	729_	3,641_
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,057)	3,071	4,128
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(48) (48)	(48)	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,105)	3,023	4,128
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	12,581	12,581_	-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 11,476	\$ 15,604	\$ 4,128

	LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES	\$ - 626	\$ 12 626	\$ 12
TOTAL REVENUES	626_	638_	12_
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION	1,398	925	473
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,398_	925	473
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(772)	(287)	485
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(772)	(287)	485
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	2,583_	2,583	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 1,811	\$ 2,296	\$ 485

	SHERIFF SPECIAL PROJECTS			
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 83 15,024 1,050 96	\$ 74 18,099 709 480	\$ (9) 3,075 (341) 384	
TOTAL REVENUES	16,253	19,362	3,109	
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION CAPITAL OUTLAY	21,156 5,504	14,617 2,378	6,539 3,126	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	26,660	16,995	9,665	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(10,407)	2,367_	12,774	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(1,519) (1,519)	(576) (576)	943	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(11,926)	1,791	13,717	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	12,594_	12,594		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 668	\$ 14,385	\$ 13,717	

	FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICTS		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: TAXES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 66,394 404 10,639 82,183 8,566	\$ 71,934 515 7,225 83,379 2,246	\$ 5,540 111 (3,414) 1,196 (6,320)
TOTAL REVENUES	168,186	165,299	(2,887)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES CAPITAL OUTLAY	179,570 76 183 14,626	170,482 76 183 6,157	9,088 - - 8,469
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	194,455_	176,898_	17,557_
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(26,269)	(11,599)	14,670_
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(44,696) 47,581 	(16,489) 21,722 21 5,254	28,207 (25,859) 21 2,369
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(23,384)	(6,345)	17,039
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	54,913	54,913	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 31,529	\$ 48,568	\$ 17,039

	ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 241 15,211 428 627	\$ 304 8,564 4 1,010	\$ 63 (6,647) (424) 383
TOTAL REVENUES	16,507_	9,882	(6,625)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC ASSISTANCE TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	28,702 28,702 (12,195)	8,982 8,982 900	19,720 19,720 13,095
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(3,345) 20 (3,325)	(1,992) 791 (1,201)	1,353 771 2,124
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(15,520)	(301)	15,219
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	32,381	32,381	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 16,861	\$ 32,080	\$ 15,219

	FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: TAXES LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 45,315 395 851 2,767 379 4,069	\$ 48,919 699 1,067 4,614 430 421 56,150	\$ 3,604 304 216 1,847 51 (3,648)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION	68,366	34,225	34,141
DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES CAPITAL OUTLAY	8,025 2,940 10,078	4,485 1,235 797	3,540 1,705 9,281
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	89,409	40,742	48,667
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(35,633)_	15,408	51,041
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	(18,719) 16,782 1,002	(4,131) 1,969 1,846	14,588 (14,813) 844
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(935)	(316)	619
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(36,568)	15,092	51,660
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	104,306	104,306	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 67,738	\$ 119,398	\$ 51,660

	COUNTY SERVICE AREAS		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: TAXES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 3,117 163 70 7,026 373	\$ 3,510 306 60 4,693 172	\$ 393 143 (10) (2,333) (201)
TOTAL REVENUES	10,749_	8,741	(2,008)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES CAPITAL OUTLAY	7,652 2,965 2,103 203 10 3,401	4,363 2,088 1,775 43 3 125	3,289 877 328 160 7 3,276
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	16,334	8,397	7,937
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(5,585)	344	5,929_
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN LONG-TERM DEBT ISSUED SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	(5,410) 2,101 465	(1,500) 173 - 25	3,910 (1,928) (465)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(2,844)	(1,302)	1,542
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(8,429)	(958)	7,471
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	23,321	23,321	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 14,892</u>	<u>\$ 22,363</u>	\$ 7,471

	PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICTS						
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET				
REVENUES: TAXES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 2,098 131 76 1,434 19	\$ 2,446 105 69 1,332	\$ 348 (26) (7) (102) (2)				
TOTAL REVENUES	3,758	3,969	211_				
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES CAPITAL OUTLAY	3,712 133	3,422 	290 113				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,845	3,442	403_				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(87)_	527_	614				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(459) 100 (359)	(59) 10 4 (45)	400 (90) 4 314				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(446)	482	928				
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1,493_	1,493_					
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 1,047	\$ 1,975	\$ 928				

	COUNTY FREE LIBRARY						
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET				
REVENUES: TAXES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 14,688 - 209 999 	\$ 16,057 1 233 1,114 856	\$ 1,369 1 24 115 				
TOTAL REVENUES	16,025	18,261	2,236				
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: EDUCATION CAPITAL OUTLAY	17,852 413	16,462 109	1,390 304				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,265	16,571	1,694				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,240)	1,690	3,930				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT	(435)_	(258)	177_				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(435)	(258)	177_				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(2,675)	1,432	4,107				
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	7,637	7,637					
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 4,962	\$ 9,069	\$ 4,107				

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS (CONTINUED)
CERTAIN SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

	REDE	REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR HOUSING						
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET					
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY OTHER REVENUES	\$ 1 190	\$ 3 190	\$ 2					
TOTAL REVENUES	191_	193_	2					
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	1,184		1,184					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,184_	<u> </u>	1,184_					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(993)	193_	1,186_					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	(993) 994_	193 994_	1,186 					
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 1	\$ 1,187	\$ 1,186					

	OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE					
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES: TAXES LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 34 396 2,386 2,922 35,410 10,937 24,418	\$ 33 513 5,668 3,197 35,783 10,744 23,976	\$ (1) 117 3,282 275 373 (193) (442)			
TO WE LEVEL TO LO						
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT PUBLIC PROTECTION PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES HEALTH AND SANITATION PUBLIC ASSISTANCE RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES CAPITAL OUTLAY	257 24,597 531 24,619 2,482 3,477 2,584	18,200 395 20,191 1,008 2,272 233	257 6,397 136 4,428 1,474 1,205 2,351			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	58,547	42,299	16,248			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	17,956	37,615_	19,659			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN	(35,635) 160	(29,824) 150	5,811 (10)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(35,475)	(29,674)	5,801			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(17,519)	7,941	25,460			
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	94,937	94,937				
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 77,418	\$ 102,878	\$ 25,460			

	BUDGETE	D AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES OTHER REVENUES	\$ - 3,735 74	\$ - 3,841 212	\$ 5 711 4,784	\$ 5 (3,130) 4,572
TOTAL REVENUES	3,809	4,053	5,500	1,447
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL OUTLAY	(23) 243,777	1,477 357,811	872 94,501	605 263,310
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	243,754	359,288	95,373	263,915
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(239,945)	(355,235)	(89,873)	265,362
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN	(12,112) 131,062	(70,893) 305,133	(2,378) 181,591	68,515 (123,542)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	118,950	234,240	179,213	(55,027)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(120,995)	(120,995)	89,340	210,335
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	(397)	(397)	121,024	121,421
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), ENDING	\$ (121,392)	\$ (121,392)	\$ 210,364	\$ 331,756

		TOTAL						
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET					
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 66 702 400 7,081	\$ 110 - 1 1 112	\$ 44 (702) (399) (7,080) (8,137)					
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL OUTLAY	18,809 25,193	144 5,487	18,665 19,706					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	44,002_	5,631	38,371_					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(35,753)	(5,519)	30,234					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(1,443) 19,893 18,450	(16) 12,578 12,562	1,427 (7,315) (5,888)					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(17,303)	7,043	24,346					
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	26,678	26,678						
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 9,375	\$ 33,721	_\$ 24,346_					

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS (CONTINUED)
CERTAIN CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

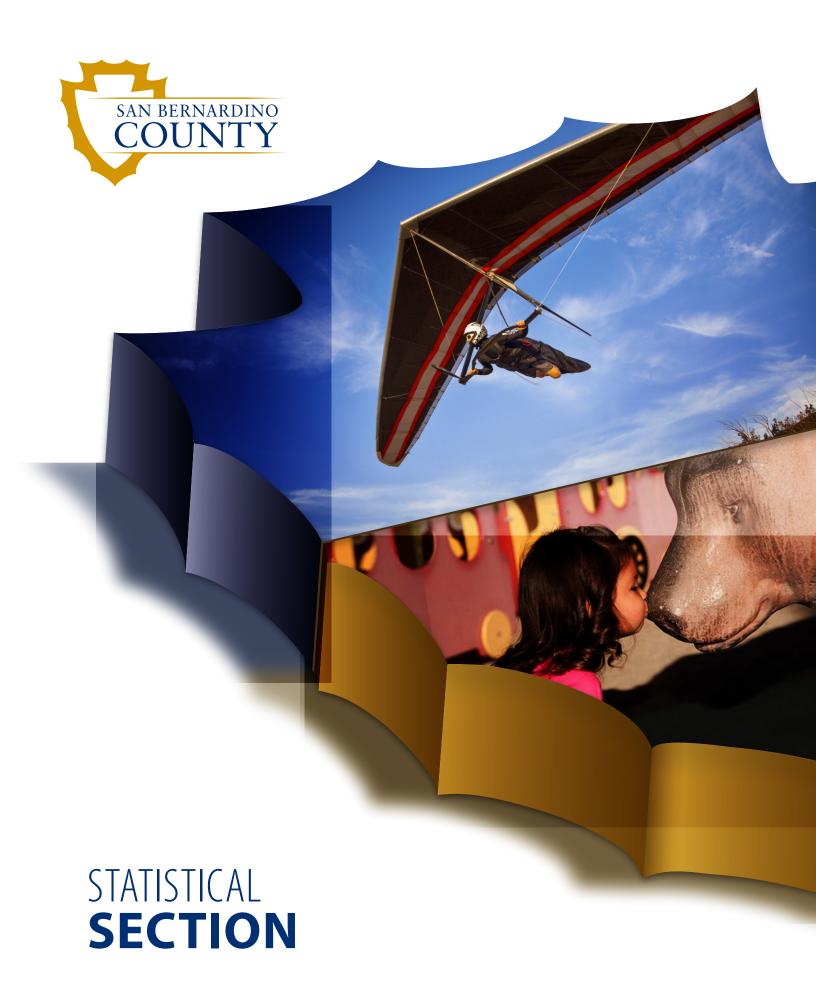
	REC	REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR HOUSING					
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET				
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	\$ 53_	\$ 82_	\$ 29				
TOTAL REVENUES	53_	82_	29				
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT	18,786	121	18,665				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,786	121	18,665				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(18,733)	(39)	18,694				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(473) (473)	-	473 473				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(19,206)	(39)	19,167				
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	20,051	20,051					
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 845	\$ 20,012	\$ 19,167				

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)
BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS (CONTINUED)
CERTAIN CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 (IN THOUSANDS)

		FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICTS		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ (1)	\$ (1)	
TOTAL REVENUES		(1)	(1)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS IN	8,500_	8,500		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	8,500	8,500		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	8,500	8,499	(1)	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1	1	-	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), ENDING	\$ 8,501	\$ 8,500	\$ (1)	

	PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICTS					
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES OTHER REVENUES TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 13 702 1,700 2,415	\$ 17 - - 17	\$ 4 (702) (1,700) (2,398)			
TOTAL REVENUES			(2,390)			
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT:		99				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL OUTLAY	23 9,221	23 2,047	7,174			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,244_	2,070	7,174			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(6,829)	(2,053)	4,776			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN	(84) 	<u>-</u>	84 (1,800)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	1,716	<u> </u>	(1,716)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(5,113)	(2,053)	3,060			
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	5,128	5,128				
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u>\$ 15</u>	\$ 3,075	\$ 3,060			

		COUNTY SERVICE AREAS					
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET				
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ - 400 5,381	\$ 12 1 1	\$ 12 (399) (5,380)				
TOTAL REVENUES	5,781	14	(5,767)				
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: CAPITAL OUTLAY	15,972	3,440	12,532				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	15,972_	3,440	12,532				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(10,191)	(3,426)	6,765				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(886) 9,593 8,707	(16) 4,078 4,062	870 (5,515) (4,645)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,484)	636	2,120				
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1,498_	1,498					
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 14_	\$ 2,134	\$ 2,120				



STATISTICAL SECTION

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditors' Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the comprehensive annual financial report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess a governments condition.

CONTENTS

FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

REVENUE CAPACITY

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

DEBT CAPACITY

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

OPERATION INFORMATION

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS) (accrual basis of accounting)

(accidal basis of accounting)										
	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10			2012-13				
	as restated	as restated	as restated	2010-11	2011-12	as restated	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	\$1.147.871	\$1,218,294	\$1,318,593	\$1,436,162	\$1,598,182	\$1,670,509	\$1,749,238	\$1,809,961	\$1,843,897	\$1,919,224
RESTRICTED	688,298	794,489	716,035	783,306	714,879	740,232	776,259	947,882	942,150	1,046,820
UNRESTRICTED	222,623	150,272	268,299	230,522	265,813	344,912	519,085	(1,508,357)	(1,147,159)	(1,004,921)
SUBTOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET POSITION	2,058,792	2,163,055	2,302,927	2,449,990	2,578,874	2,755,653	3,044,582	1,249,486	1,638,888	1,961,123
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES										
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	(20,021)	35,887	26,837	44,737	57,487	102,982	110,155	180,714	202,941	205,158
RESTRICTED	48,814	37,283	93,399	108,461	67,968	63,781	62,286	73,040	74,990	80,983
UNRESTRICTED	110,023	82,871	34,055	780	31,697	9,209	51,458	(12,512)	39,906	124,939
SUBTOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES NET POSITION	138,816	156,041	154,291	153,978	157,152	175,972	223,899	241,242	317,837	411,080
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT										
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	1,127,850	1,254,181	1,345,430	1,480,899	1,655,669	1,773,491	1,859,393	1,990,675	2,046,838	2,124,382
RESTRICTED	737,112	831,772	809,434	891,767	782,847	804,013	838,545	1,020,922	1,017,140	1,127,803
UNRESTRICTED	332,646	233,143	302,354	231,302	297,510	354,121	570,543	(1,520,869)	(1,107,253)	(879,982)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT NET POSITION	\$2,197,608	\$2,319,096	\$2,457,218	\$2,603,968	\$2,736,026	\$2,931,625	\$3,268,481	\$1,490,728	\$1,956,725	\$2,372,203

Notes:

Accounting standards require that net position be reported in three components in the financial statements: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted when 1) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In fiscal year 2010-11 the County implemented GASB 54 to report governmental fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. Fiscal year 2009-10 restricted and unrestricted net position were reclassified according to GASB 54 for comparison purpose.

(accrual basis of accounting)										
(2007-08	2008-09	2009-10			2012-13				
_	as restated	as restated	as restated	2010-11	2011-12	as restated	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
Expenses Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 179,638	\$ 177,438	\$ 177,506	\$ 165,754	\$ 156,960	\$ 195,447	\$ 178,980	\$ 162,261	\$ 158,981	\$ 169,368
Public Protection	888,798	921,218	897,257	913,522	957,600	985,004	1,007,434	979,458	1,054,075	1,164,533
Public Ways and Facilities	85,271	75,704	73,251	72,482	80,200	80,002	91,744	71,614	81,902	86,017
Health and Sanitation	303,533	336,662	326,590	282,684	291,415	311,856	331,551	325,261	338,910	390,442
Public Assistance	854,721	882,975	935,205	1,007,153	991,174	1,014,443	1,046,447	1,008,353	1,079,575	1,138,660
Education	20,788	21,941	19,693	18,692	16,905	16,469	20,923	16,718	19,424	20,010
Recreation and Cultural Services Interest on Long Term Debt	24,086 77,444	24,697 83,770	22,677 65,144	23,788 64,994	26,701 58,449	26,672 53,484	25,290 50,189	24,103 45,233	24,505 42,744	24,984 39,447
Total Governmental Activities	2,434,279	2,524,405	2,517,323	2,549,069	2,579,404	2,683,377	2,752,558	2,633,001	2,800,116	3,033,461
Total Gotolimonal Abundoo	2,101,210	2,02 1,100	2,017,020	2,010,000	2,010,101		2,702,000	2,000,001		
Business-type Activities:										
Medical Center	421,531	466,933	441,722	445,874	475,957	487,578	513,609	488,239	507,668	535,515
Waste Systems	83,543	56,389	56,688	95,408	66,571	53,748	61,883	76,160	60,717	62,075
Housing Authority (2) Other	53,305	21,479	-	-	-	-	-	104,759	105,876	114,722
Water, Sewer, and Sanitation (1)	55,505	21,479	32,536	14,316	14,679	15,448	15,204	18,154	20,804	16,745
Paramedic and Emergency (1)	-	_	240	546	527	10,440	13,204	10,134	20,004	10,743
Others (1)	-	-	341	186	71	87	69	131	67	47
Total Business-type Activities	558,379	544,801	531,527	556,330	557,805	556,861	590,765	687,443	695,132	729,104
	40.000.050	**********						************		40.000.00
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$2,992,658	\$3,069,206	\$3,048,850	\$3,105,399	\$3,137,209	\$3,240,238	\$3,343,323	\$3,320,444	\$3,495,248	\$3,762,565
December December										
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities: Charges for Services:										
General Government	\$ 105,052	\$ 110,817	\$ 115,911	\$ 122,048	\$ 152,268	\$ 143,236	\$ 143,368	\$ 138,561	\$ 150,204	\$ 155,023
Public Protection	214,252	249,714	231,718	243,283	220,028	228,319	235,102	246,438	251,153	278,441
Public Ways and Facilities	9,005	7,183	5,518	6,610	7,206	10,751	12,856	9,258	9,047	6,209
Health and Sanitation	42,820	56,732	63,613	20,911	23,298	24,075	23,261	23,999	22,304	23,516
Public Assistance	3,646	2,656	2,720	2,993	1,000	984	2,833	3,441	3,034	2,891
Education	1,100	1,240	1,202	1,075	979	1,027	1,046	1,053	1,011	1,114
Recreation and Cultural Services Operating Grants/Contributions:	8,391	8,882	8,992	8,729	9,070	8,446	8,632	8,715	8,773	8,805
General Government	16,687	11,752	8,404	19,262	29,249	7,705	20,832	42,644	7,822	10,117
Public Protection	149,313	140,036	160,938	169,002	190,394	244,678	240,781	227,133	279,206	267,910
Public Ways and Facilities	59,600	48,876	70,501	60,518	61,721	53,063	75,682	62,369	46,838	42,414
Health and Sanitation	300,174	319,212	330,099	303,449	268,409	343,019	372,615	383,128	376,831	442,958
Public Assistance	816,090	826,639	886,533	958,859	951,801	935,079	1,026,267	997,915	1,080,108	1,102,910
Education	1,215	907	998	1,290	457	253 772	249 430	247 481	254 686	234 415
Recreation and Cultural Services Capital Grants/Contributions:	1,920	2,652	3,035	3,726	1,117	112	430	401	000	415
General Government	_	4,728	_	_	_	_	_	23,766	182	996
Public Protection	20	-,	72	-	14	-	-	,	2	-
Public Ways and Facilities	3,052	3,919	4,796	9,221	59,054	17,755	25,971	1,237	250	7,051
Health and Sanitation	-	-	-	1,699	-	-	-	-	-	-
Recreation and Cultural Services	277	20	1,708	75	. 				50	
Subtotal Governmental Activities	1,732,614	1,795,965	1,896,758	1,932,750	1,976,065	2,019,162	2,189,925	2,170,385	2,237,755	2,351,004
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
Medical Center	335,749	370,464	380,954	380,357	376,004	365,169	398,628	431,606	448,135	473,065
Waste System	67,898	60,755	56,964	57,281	56,014	58,044	59,784	76,303	76,869	77,671
Housing Authority (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,396	16,300	17,354
Other	19,852	14,814	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Water, Sewer, and Sanitation	-	-	12,910	10,696	11,590	11,711	14,696	14,222	13,459	12,778
Paramedic and Emergency Others (1)	-	-	3,117 146	3,516 206	118	58	95	89	74	84
Operating Grants & Contributions:	-	-	140	200	110	36	93	09	74	04
Medical Center	12,579	8,012	6,968	68,148	46,904	50,132	46,070	120,742	95,250	105,475
Waste System	-	· -	-	33	928	1,751	2,661	79	79	78
Housing Authority (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87,965	91,044	96,883
Other	14	156	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water, Sewer, and Sanitation (1)	-	-	46	53	147	70	101	584	72	34
Capital Grants & Contributions: Medical Center	24,142	19,554	19,045	19,500	18,820	18,901	21,247	16,501	18,855	18,826
Housing Authority (2)	24,142	19,554	19,043	19,500	10,020	10,901	21,247	541	161	462
Water, Sewer, and Sanitation (1)	_	_	70	_	167	_	_	60	170	28
Subtotal Business-type Activities	460,234	473,755	480,220	539,790	510,692	505,836	543,282	767,088	760,468	802,738
•										
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$2,192,848	\$2,269,720	\$2,376,978	\$2,472,540	\$2,486,757	\$2,524,998	\$2,733,207	\$2,937,473	\$2,998,223	\$3,153,742
Net (Expense) / Revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$ (701,665)		\$ (620,565)	\$ (616,319)		\$ (664,215)	\$ (562,633)	\$ (462,616)	\$ (562,361)	\$ (682,457)
Business-type Activities Total Primary Government Net Expenses	(98,145) \$ (799,810)	(71,046)	(51,307) \$ (671,872)	(16,540) \$ (632,859)	\$ (650,452)	(51,025) \$ (715,240)	(47,483) \$ (610,116)	79,645 \$ (382,971)	\$ (497,025)	73,634 \$ (608,823)
Total Filliary Government Net Expenses	ψ (133,010)	ψ (135,400)	Ψ (011,012)	Ψ (032,039)	ψ (030,432)	Ψ (113,240)	Ψ (010,110)	ψ (302,311)	Ψ (+31,023)	ψ (000,023)

(Continued)

Notes:

(1) Starting fiscal year 2009-10 business activities previously reported under Other are reported separately for different identifiable activities, based on the types of goods or services provided.

(2) Housing Authority (HACSB) became a blended component unit effective July 1, 2014.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS) (accrual basis of accounting)

(aa.	2007-08 as restated	2008-09 as restated	2009-10 as restated	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13 as restated	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities:										
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	\$ 538,962	\$ 562,625	\$ 524,857	\$ 491,396	\$ 499,002	\$ 523,190	\$ 553,303	\$ 573,482	\$ 617,923	\$ 664,059
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	15,620	18,528	15,608	14,724	6,324	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety Tax	147,794	126,083	116,963	121,623	133,581	145,097	156,352	160,337	164,993	174,648
Sales Taxes	26,316	21,992	17,894	19,184	24,555	30,158	29,103	28,437	43,595	28,019
Other Taxes	44,381	21,847	12,810	12,086	10,070	11,791	16,099	18,767	20,743	20,125
Unrestricted Revenues from Use of Money and Property	88,878	74,567	52,445	49,081	39,797	46,383	43,603	44,616	42,739	48,663
Miscellaneous	67,409	67,055	52,154	57,878	61,989	71,998	74,416	74,480	69,822	70,077
Gains on Sale of Capital Assets	2,055	1,655	2,968	3,739	1,708	4,998	5,565	3,335	11,676	3,781
Extraordinary Item- RDA Dissolution	-	-	-	-	(3,841)	63,969	10,415	-	-	-
Transfers	(49,414)	(61,649)	(35,262)	(6,329)	(40,962)	(50,720)	(37,294)	(12,428)	(19,728)	(4,680)
Subtotal Governmental Activities	882,001	832,703	760,437	763,382	732,223	846,864	851,562	891,026	951,763	1,004,692
Business-type Activities:										
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	5,972	4,500	3,641	2,360	2,674	2,627	2,786	2,850	2,981	3,105
Unrestricted Revenues from Use of Money and Property	16,630	10,182	8,803	3,381	4,753	1,674	2,210	2,569	3,155	1,263
Miscellaneous	14,101	13,519	1,840	4,155	1,898	19,264	53,070	13,361	4,536	10,132
Gains on Sale of Capital Assets	-	56	11	2	-	-	50	774	671	329
Special Item - Gain on Sale of Surplus Land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Item - Eminent Domain Settlement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Item - Litigation Settlement	(775)	(1,635)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Extraordinary Item - RDA Dissolution	-	-	-	-	-	221	-	-	-	-
Transfers	49,414	61,649	35,262	6,329	40,962	50,720	37,294	12,428	19,628	4,780
Subtotal Business-type Activities	85,342	88,271	49,557	16,227	50,287	74,506	95,410	31,982	30,971	19,609
Total Primary Government	\$ 967,343	\$ 920,974	\$ 809,994	\$ 779,609	\$ 782,510	\$ 921,370	\$ 946,972	\$ 923,008	\$ 982,734	\$1,024,301
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$ 180.336	\$ 104,263	\$ 139.872	\$ 147.063	\$ 128,884	\$ 182,649	\$ 288.929	\$ 428,410	\$ 389,402	\$ 322,235
Business-type Activities	(12,803)	17,225	(1,750)	(313)	3,174	23,481	47,927	111,627	96,307	93,243
Total Primary Government	\$ 167.533	\$ 121,488	\$ 138,122	\$ 146,750	\$ 132,058	\$ 206,130	\$ 336,856	\$ 540.037	\$ 485,709	\$ 415,478

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS) (modified accrual basis accounting)

(modified accrual basis accounting)										
	2007-08	2008-09								
	as restated	as restated	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
General Fund										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances	\$ 23,355	\$ 18,803	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Prepaid Items	2,310	4,145	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Noncurrent Interfund Receivables	18,511	18,461	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Inventories	424	350	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Loans Receivable	42.532	54,396	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Teeter	15,942	22,904	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unreserved:	.0,0.12	22,00						_	_	_
Designated	228,753	183,227	_	_		_	_			
Undesignated	213,857	183,971	_	=	=	=	=	=	_	=
	213,037	103,971	70.007	75 404	70.007	-	- 04 204	-	40.040	42.042
Nonspendable	-	-	73,667	75,191	72,307	56,256	64,204	55,918	49,048	43,943
Restricted	-	-	156,619	196,178	240,833	238,552	309,067	352,444	397,574	435,337
Committed	-	-	146,600	76,999	99,991	106,635	175,620	187,123	306,216	295,051
Assigned	-	-	-	-	14,200	11,975	28,680	11,809	8,862	4,391
Unassigned			133,718	149,981	122,523	302,616	239,221	322,130	294,958	271,914
Subtotal General Fund	545,684	486,257	510,604	498,349	549,854	716,034	816,792	929,424	1,056,658	1,050,636
Capital Improvement Fund (1)										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances	-	16,517	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved:										
Undesignated, Reported in:										
Capital Projects Fund	_	133,778	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Nonspendable	_	.00,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Restricted		_	16,837	_		1,495	6,774	29,875	35,760	42,891
Committed			10,037	27,820	22,879	22,879	0,774	23,073	33,700	42,031
Assigned		_	81.477	77,922	109,701	69,685	132,193	82,415	99,575	198,281
Unassigned	-	-	01,477	11,522	109,701	09,003	132,193	02,413	99,313	190,201
		150,295	98,314	105,742	132,580	94,059	138,967	112,290	135,335	241,172
Subtotal Capital Improvement Fund		150,295	90,314	103,742	132,360	94,039	130,907	112,290	133,333	241,172
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances	61,612	40,964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prepaid items	100	140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Noncurrent Interfund Receivables	400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Land Held for Resale	14,657	16,984	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
Inventories	131	126	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
Loans Receivable	· -	1,470	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Debt Service	33,323	41,985	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Endowments	-	1,594	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unreserved:		1,004								
Designated	_	11,990								
	-	11,990	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undesignated, Reported in:	200.040	225 500								
Special Revenue Funds	326,216	335,589	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects Funds	105,197	51,848	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Permanent Funds	631	561	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable (2)	-	-	3,793	3,302	1,833	2,383	2,938	1,958	1,902	2,122
Restricted (2)	-	-	540,378	585,435	472,342	525,080	513,859	629,918	649,637	704,127
Committed (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned (2)			15,807	16,553	30,582	50,146	52,623	48,255	43,386	46,658
Subtotal All Other Governmental Funds	542,267	503,251	559,978	605,290	504,757	577,609	569,420	680,131	694,925	752,907
Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$ 1,087,951	\$ 1,139,803	\$ 1,168,896	\$ 1,209,381	\$ 1,187,191	\$ 1,387,702	\$ 1,525,179	\$1,721,845	\$1,886,918	\$2,044,715

Notes:

 ⁽¹⁾ Capital Improvement Fund became a major fund during fiscal year 2008-09.
 (2) In fiscal year 2010-11 the County implemented GASB 54 to report governmental fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. Fiscal year 2009-10 fund balances were reclassified according to GASB 54 for comparison purpose.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS) (modified accrual basis accounting)

	20	007-08																
	as i	restated	2008-09		2009-10		2010-11	2011-12	_ :	2012-13	:	2013-14	2	2014-15	2	015-16	:	2016-17
Revenues (by Source)																		
Taxes	\$	778,973	\$ 753,3	20	\$ 684,669	\$	664,377	\$ 676,218	\$	713,528	\$	749,232	\$	788,712	\$	849,399	\$	891,168
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises		16,641	24,7	79	16,959		19,208	22,282		22,635		24,919		25,587		25,159		26,731
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		23,051	22,3	73	23,877		17,810	17,970		16,743		14,865		15,704		11,996		14,326
Rev from Use of Money and Property		82,791	69,9	02	51,635		45,762	33,644		47,841		41,658		42,129		47,632		44,417
Aid from Other Governments	1	,464,970	1,358,7	43	1,464,999		1,525,476	1,560,692		1,600,825		1,705,488		1,755,929	4	1,787,474		1,871,165
Charges for Current Services		336,310	385,4	23	385,102		365,721	369,715		373,821		382,716		388,092		403,193		434,218
Other Revenues		123,781	66,6	65	58,864		57,023	61,862		70,078		67,629		61,155		61,320		62,571
Total Revenues	\$ 2	,826,517	\$ 2,681,2	05	\$ 2,686,105	\$	2,695,377	\$ 2,742,383	\$	2,845,471	\$	2,986,507	\$	3,077,308	\$?	3,186,173	\$	3,344,596
Expenditures (by Function)																		
General Government	\$	187,146	\$ 161,4	48	\$ 164,880	\$	153,991	\$ 145,634	\$	172,922	\$	160,755	\$	145,589	\$	149,160	\$	151,379
Public Protection		919,110	892,4	97	876,602		883,637	905,548		927,819		957,832		990,078	4	1,052,371		1,121,754
Public Ways and Facilities		67,169	61,8	14	66,084		83,923	75,144		77,609		103,267		75,559		62,292		72,848
Health and Sanitation		331,793	334,3	05	324,942		278,157	284,652		303,006		331,830		343,769		352,781		392,447
Public Assistance		945,016	877,3	45	930,093		994,193	966,485		985,940		1,037,741		1,068,461		1,130,864		1,148,941
Education		19,247	20,9	83	18,858		17,827	15,824		15,304		17,295		16,967		18,240		19,388
Recreation and Cultural Services		19,836	20,7	26	18,697		19,091	21,082		20,941		20,466		20,753		19,720		20,475
Debt Service																		
Principal		25.098	49.0	41	61.637		105.309	124.338		76.938		83.495		91.977		111.752		102.499
Interest		11.509	58.3	13	40.973		38.614	33,504		25.861		24,156		22.034		20,443		17.247
Bond Issuance Costs		-		-	_		525	135		-				-		187		
Capital Outlay		110.040	95,1	85	116,427		113,428	116,050		120,294		94,354		132.041		120,909		140,905
Total Expenditures	\$ 2	,635,964	\$ 2,571,6	57	\$ 2,619,193	\$	2,688,695	\$ 2,688,396	\$	2,726,634	\$	2,831,191	\$	2,907,228	\$ 3	3,038,719	\$	3,187,883
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		190,553	109,5	48	66,912		6,682	 53,987		118,837		155,316		170,080		147,454		156,713
Over (Under) Expenditures																		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)																		
Transfer to Other Funds		(285,876)	(444,8	88)	(316,758)		(276, 144)	(319,341)		(274,470)		(263,941)		(249,063)		(302,893)		(395,117)
Transfer from Other Funds		246.897	382.9		275.554		269.759	279,257		287,177		227.341		238.802		301,385		391,807
Refunding Bonds Issued		,	,-	-			,	51.585						,		27.870		-
Premium on Refunding Bonds		_		_	_		_			-		_		_				_
Payment To Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		_		_	_		_	_		_		_		_		(27,870)		_
Long-Term Debt Issued		_		-	_		36,300	_		-		_		-		-		_
Discount on Debt		_		_	_		(1,141)	_		-		_		_		_		_
Inception Of Capital Leases Obligations		1,446	2.6	19	418		1,290	_		_		_		_		_		_
Insurance Recoveries		-,,,,,	2,0	-	-		-,200	_		_		_		14,000		3,916		_
Sale of Capital Assets		2.968	1.6	55	2,968		3.739	1.708		4.998		8.346		3,148		15.211		4.394
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	\$	(34,565)	\$ (57,6		\$ (37,818)	\$	33,803	\$ 13,209	\$	17,705	\$	(28,254)	\$	6,887	\$	17,619	\$	1.084
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	(= 1,===)	+ (0.,0	/	+ (=:,=:=)			 ,		,	<u> </u>	(==,===+)		-,		,		.,
Extraordinary Item						_		 (89,386)		63,969		10,415	_					
Net Change in Fund Balance	_\$	155,988	\$ 51,8	52	\$ 29,094	\$	40,485	\$ (22,190)	\$	200,511	\$	137,477	\$	176,967	\$	165,073	\$	157,797
Debt Service as a Percentage																		
of Noncapital Expenditures:		1.45%	4.3	3%	4.10%		5.69%	6.17%		3.94%		3.99%		4.11%		4.53%		3.93%

Notes:
Starting as of fiscal year 2010-11, noncapital expenditures used in calculating the debt service ratio equal total governmental fund expeditures less:

a. The amount reported separately in the changes in fund balances schedule as capital expenditures (to extent capitalized for the government-wide statement of net position), and b- Any expenditures for capitalized assets contained within the functional expenditure categories.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

FISCAL YEAR	(1) SECURED	(2) UNSECURED	(3) UNITARY	(4) EXEMPT	TOTAL ASSESSED	TOTAL TAX RATE
2007-2008	\$ 165,009,379	\$ 8,910,772	\$ 3,779,487	\$ (1,803,535)	\$ 175,896,103	1.00%
2008-2009	172,978,860	9,766,061	4,156,938	(1,831,986)	185,069,873	1.00%
2009-2010	160,789,645	10,313,477	4,087,163	(1,842,083)	173,348,202	1.00%
2010-2011	153,693,818	10,073,682	4,346,267	(1,859,053)	166,254,714	1.00%
2011-2012	152,756,444	9,533,571	5,034,449	(1,842,311)	165,482,153	1.00%
2012-2013	153,740,135	9,765,041	5,062,258	(1,806,750)	166,760,684	1.00%
2013-2014	158,228,018	10,042,150	5,426,075	(1,770,329)	171,925,914	1.00%
2014-2015	168,228,346	10,389,487	5,625,640	(1,734,191)	182,509,282	1.00%
2015-2016	176,866,857	10,805,367	6,132,273	(1,704,541)	192,099,956	1.00%
2016-2017	185,232,143	10,295,276	6,615,389	(1,782,634)	200,360,174	1.00%

Notes:

Due to the 1978 passage of the property tax initiative Proposition 13 (Prop 13) the County does not track the estimated actual value of all County properties. Under Prop 13 property is assessed at the 1978 market value with an annual increase limited to the lesser of 2% or the CPI on properties not involved in a change of ownership or properties that did not undergo new construction. Newly acquired property is assessed at its new market value (usually the purchase price) and the value of any new construction is added to the existing base value of a parcel. As a result, similar properties can have substantially different assessed values based on the date purchase. Additionally, Prop 13 limits the property tax rate to 1% of assessed value plus the rate necessary to fund local voter-approved bonds and special assessments.

- (1) Secured property is generally real property, defined as land, mines, minerals, timber and improvements such as buildings, structures, crops, trees and vines.
- (2) Unsecured property is generally personal property including machinery, equipment, office tools and supplies.
- (3) Unitary properties are railroads and utilities crossing the county and are assessed by the State Board of Equalization.
- (4) Exempt properties include numerous full and partial exclusions/exemptions provided by the State Constitution and the legislature that relieve certain taxpayers from the burden of paying property taxes.

Source:

FISCAL	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY		SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL	
YEAR	GENERAL	SCHOOLS	WATER	TOTAL
2007-08	1.0000	0.0788	0.1650	1.2438
2008-09	1.0000	0.1071	0.1650	1.2721
2009-10	1.0000	0.1027	0.1650	1.2677
2010-11	1.0000	0.1351	0.1650	1.3001
2011-12 (2)	1.0000	0.1351	0.1650	1.3001
2012-13	1.0000	0.1457	0.1625	1.3082
2013-14	1.0000	0.1769	0.1625	1.3394
2014-15	1.0000	0.1474	0.1625	1.3099
2015-16	1.0000	0.1585	0.1625	1.3210
2016-17	1.0000	0.1145	0.1625	1.2770

Notes:

- The tax rate for Tax Rate Area 7000, which applies to most of the property within the City of San Bernardino, is used to illustrate the breakdown of a tax rate within the County.
 FY 2011-12 rates for Schools and San Bernardino Municipal Water were restated due to
- a recording error.

Source:

		FISCAL YEAR 2017	FISCAL	FISCAL YEAR 2008				
TAXPAYERS	TYPE OF BUSINESS	TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL COUNTY TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE	TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL COUNTY TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE			
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON CO	UTILITY	\$ 4,240,359,561	2.12%	\$ 1,363,570,017	0.78%			
PROLOGIS	LOGISTICS/REAL ESTATE	1,532,782,178	0.77%	680,262,101	0.39%			
MAJESTIC REALTY CO	REAL ESTATE	627,319,652	0.31%	472,168,174	0.27%			
TEACHERS INSURANCE & ANNUITY ASSN	FINANCIAL SERVICES	545,231,306	0.27%	111,374,238	0.06%			
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS COMPANY	UTILITY	520,327,619	0.26%	254,753,740	0.14%			
VERIZON CALIFORNIA, INC.	COMMUNICATIONS	471,984,088	0.24%	585,412,908	0.33%			
WATSON LAND COMPANY	REAL ESTATE	466,939,637	0.23%	73,160,785	0.04%			
TARGET CORPORATION & DAYTON HUDSON CORP	RETAIL	466,670,760	0.23%	325,636,915	0.19%			
CALIFORNIA STEEL INDUSTRIES INC	MANUFACTURING	446,006,205	0.22%	388,255,627	0.22%			
CATELLUS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	REAL ESTATE	432,367,932	0.22%	307,572,449	0.17%			
TOTAL		\$ 9,749,988,938	4.87%	\$ 4,562,166,954	2.59%			

Source:

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

(2) COLLECTED WITHIN THE FISCAL YEAR OF THE LEVY

TOTAL COLLECTIONS TO DATE

FISCAL YEAR	(1) T	AXES LEVIED	 AMOUNT	PERCENTAGE OF LEVY	COLLECTIONS IN SUBSEQUENT YEARS	 AMOUNT	PERCENTAGE OF LEVY
2017	\$	2,598,465	\$ 2,555,888	98.36%		\$ 2,555,888	98.36%
2016 (3)		2,473,896	2,413,149	97.54%	63,660	2,476,809	100.12%
2015 (3)		2,337,923	2,277,885	97.43%	60,440	2,338,325	100.02%
2014		2,222,023	2,151,777	96.84%	63,180	2,214,957	99.68%
2013		2,146,261	2,038,622	94.98%	65,476	2,104,098	98.04%
2012		2,132,085	1,954,521	91.67%	73,210	2,027,731	95.11%
2011		2,134,012	2,029,684	95.11%	76,553	2,106,237	98.70%
2010		2,189,390	2,070,936	94.58%	91,131	2,162,067	98.75%
2009		2,320,100	2,167,576	93.43%	123,019	2,290,595	98.73%
2008		2,187,535	2,025,529	92.50%	141,715	2,167,244	99.07%

Notes:

- (1) Secured and Unitary tax levy for the County itself, school districts, cities and special districts under the supervision of their own governing boards.
- (2) Included are amounts collected by the County on behalf of itself, school districts, cities and special districts under the supervision of their own governing boards.
- (3) Total collections to date exceed taxes levied due to subsequent levied amounts that apply to the previous fiscal year.

Source:

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER CAPITA) JUNE 30, 2017

	GENE	RAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDIN	IG			
FISCAL YEAR	GENERAL BONDED DEBT	LESS: AMOUNTS RESTRICTED FOR DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL	PERCENTAGE OF PERSONAL INCOME (1)	PERCENTAGE OF ACTUAL TAXABLE VALUE OF PROPERTY (2)	PER CAPITA (1)
2007-08	1,092,710	(32,746)	1,059,964	1.90%	0.60%	515.80
2008-09	1,087,894	(34,825)	1,053,069	1.87%	0.57%	510.95
2009-10	1,068,643	(50,548)	1,018,095	1.62%	0.59%	500.29
2010-11	1,079,393	(52,063)	1,027,330	1.69%	0.62%	500.65
2011-12	1,009,684	(41,443)	968,241	1.58%	0.59%	469.11
2012-13 (3)	967,552	(34,179)	933,373	1.50%	0.56%	449.60
2013-14	917,961	(32,624)	885,337	1.32%	0.51%	424.42
2014-15	860,067	(32,286)	827,781	1.20%	0.45%	393.25
2015-16 (4)	781,907	(27,847)	754,060	1.07%	0.39%	352.36
2016-17	708,004	(28,382)	679,622	0.89%	0.34%	314.64

Notes:

- (1) See the "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for the personal income and the population figures.
- (2) See the "Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property" table for total taxable assessed value. Assessed value does not include tax exempt property.
- (3) FY 2012-13 Amounts Restricted for Debt Service was restated due to a calculation error.
- (4) As of FY 2015-16 Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources are excluded from the General Bonded Debt.

Source:

2016-17 ASSESSED VALUATION:

\$ 200,360,174,000 (includes unitary utility valuation)

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	PERCENT APPLICA	ABLE	DI	EBT 06/30/17
METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT	3.792	%	\$	2,840,398
CHAFFEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT	100.000			144,865,000
SAN BERNARDINO VALLEY JOINT COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT	98.796			448,419,948
OTHER COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICTS	VARIOUS			159,247,866
APPLE VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000			26,258,758
CHINO VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000			337,122,546
COLTON JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	98.729			196,243,463
FONTANA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000			198,269,059
REDLANDS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000			88,578,191
RIALTO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000			94,854,319
SAN BERNARDINO CITY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000			204,495,411
UPLAND UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000			93,530,345
OTHER UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICTS	VARIOUS			99,537,281
UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICTS	100.000			527,060,878
ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICTS	100.000			270,999,653
COUNTY SERVICE AREAS	100.000			105,000
MOJAVE WATER AGENCY	100.000			9,085,000
MOJAVE WATER AGENCY, I.D. M	100.000			15,025,000
COUNTY WATER DISTRICTS	100.000			179,000
ETIWANDA SCHOOL DISTRICT COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS	100.000			88,285,000
CITY OF CHINO COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS	100.000			133,135,000
CITY OF CHINO HILLS COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS	100.000			41,905,000
CITY OF FONTANA COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS	100.000			88,380,000
CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS	100.000			72,049,000
CITY OF UPLAND COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS	100.000			38,705,000
OTHER COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS	100.000			289,401,000
CITY, COUNTY AND SPECIAL DISTRICT 1915 ACT BONDS (Estimate)	100.000			13,232,000
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			\$	3,681,809,116

RATIO TO 2016-17 ASSESSED VALUATION:
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT.......1.84%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT:	PERCENT APPLICABLE	 DEBT 6/30/17	_
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY GENERAL OBLIGATIONS	100.000 %	\$ 31,694,000	(2)
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY PENSION OBLIGATIONS	100.000	645,720,000	
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY FLOOD DISTRICT GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	100.000	73,680,000	
COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	Various	14,828,362	
CHINO VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000	12,325,000	
FONTANA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000	34,200,000	
HESPERIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000	122,405,000	
SAN BERNARDINO CITY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000	47,750,000	
SNOWLINE JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000	65,010,000	
OTHER UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	Various	36,870,677	
UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000	25,865,000	
CUCAMONGA SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000	7,060,000	
ORO GRANDE SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000	38,900,000	
OTHER SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	100.000	14,085,000	
CITY OF COLTON GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS AND PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS	100.000	10,180,000	
CITY OF FONTANA CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000	40,740,000	
CITY OF HESPERIA GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	100.000	36,310,000	
CITY OF MONTCLAIR GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	100.000	43,500,000	
CITY OF ONTARIO GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	100.000	67,590,000	
CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	100.000	55,656,201	
SAN BERNARDINO MOUNTAINS COMMUNITY HOSPITAL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000	48,204,564	
OTHER CITY GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	100.000	3,515,000	
WATER DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000	3,440,000	
WEST VALLEY VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000	2,950,000	_
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT		\$ 1,482,478,804	_
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT		\$ 751,094,000	
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT (1)		\$ 4,413,193,920	
COMBINED DEBT		\$ 5,164,287,920	(3)

RATIOS TO 2016-17 ASSESSED VALUATION

TOTAL DIRECT DEBT (\$751,094,000)	0.37%
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT	2.58%

STATE SCHOOL BUILDING AID REPAYABLE AS OF 6/30/17:

\$

Notes:

- (1) The method used to calculate the overlapping debt is based on the percentage of the overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the county.

 (2) Includes Revenue bonds (Courthouse Project Bonds), and certain notes and loans related to the County's governmental activities (Fire Protection District Installment Loan,
- and West Valley Detention Center Refinancing Notes. (Note 11, Page 91).
- (3) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations. Qualified Zone Academy Bonds are included based on principal due at maturity.

Source:

California Municipal Statistics.

FISCAL YEAR	(1) ASSESSED VALUE	(2) LEGAL DEBT LIMIT	(3) BONDED 	(4) LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	RATIO OF BONDED DEBT TO DEBT LIMIT
2007-08	\$ 175,896,10	03 \$ 2,198,701	\$ 1,695	\$ 2,197,006	0.08%
2008-09	185,069,8	73 2,313,373	1,570	2,311,803	0.07%
2009-10	173,348,2	02 2,166,853	1,440	2,165,413	0.07%
2010-11	166,254,7	14 2,078,184	1,300	2,076,884	0.06%
2011-12	165,482,1	53 2,068,527	1,155	2,067,372	0.06%
2012-13	166,760,6	2,084,509	1,005	2,083,504	0.05%
2013-14	171,925,9	14 2,149,074	845	2,148,229	0.04%
2014-15	182,509,2	82 2,281,366	685	2,280,681	0.03%
2015-16	192,099,9	56 2,401,249	515	2,400,734	0.02%
2016-17	200,360,1	74 2,504,502	335	2,504,167	0.01%

Notes:

- (1) Assessed Value does not include tax exempt property. Property value data can be found in the "Assessed Value and Actual Value of Property" schedule.
- (2) The legal debt limit is 1.25% of assessed value.
- (3) Bonded debt subject to limitation; amount includes only general obligation bonds.
- (4) The legal debt margin is the County's available borrowing authority under state finance statutes and is calculated by subtracting the debt applicable to the legal debt limit.

Source:

		GOVERN	MENTAL ACTIV	ITIES			BUSINESS-TYP	E ACTIVITIES		_			
FISCAL YEAR	CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	REVENUE BONDS	BONDS AND NOTES	CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION	OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	NOTES	CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION	TOTAL OUTSTANDING DEBT	PERCENTAGE OF ASSESSED VALUE (1)	PERCENTAGE OF PERSONAL INCOME (2)	PER CAPITA (2)
2007-08	\$ 172,024	\$ 451,137	\$ 639,878	\$ 1,627	\$ 8,554	\$ 563,741	\$ 1,695	\$ 2,971	\$ 2,751	\$1,844,378	1.05%	3.31%	\$ 898
2008-09	155,801	448,874	637,450	3,231	5,230	530,325	1,570	2,823	1,359	1,786,663	0.97%	3.20%	869
2009-10	140,708	441,447	625,756	2,591	4,549	537,969	1,440	1,872	530	1,756,862	1.01%	2.80%	847
2010-11	91,343	431,526	646,567	2,696	4,000	516,672	1,300	1,811	1,449	1,697,364	1.02%	2.79%	827
2011-12	28,120	418,810	589,719	1,615	4,000	494,830	1,155	1,748	4,709	1,544,706	0.93%	2.53%	748
2012-13	23,047	401,404	565,143	743	4,000	433,822	1,005	1,691	6,091	1,436,946	0.86%	2.31%	692
2013-14	18,006	380,119	541,030	314	3,000	443,979	845	1,633	8,434	1,397,360	0.81%	2.09%	670
2014-15	12,299	353,978	508,815	-	-	423,980	685	38,605	5,292	1,343,654	0.74%	1.95%	638
2015-16	6,205	323,169	458,223	-	-	402,936	515	35,131	4,192	1,230,371	0.64%	1.75%	575
2016-17	-	289,805	417,864	-	-	380,782	335	32,338	3,962	1,125,086	0.56%	1.47%	521

Notes:

(1) See the "Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property" table for total taxable assessed value. Assessed value does not include tax exempt property.

(2) See the "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for the personal income and the population figures.

GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION: The County of San Bernardino is located in the southern portion of California and is

> bordered on the east by the State of Arizona and the State of Nevada, on the north by Inyo County, on the west by Kern and Los Angeles Counties, and on the south by

Orange and Riverside Counties.

ELEVATION: Highest elevation, Mt. San Gorgonio 11,502 feet.

AREA OF COUNTY: Approximately 20,160 square miles (Largest area in the contiguous United States).

COUNTY SEAT: San Bernardino, California

Chartered County, governed by five-member Board of Supervisors FORM OF GOVERNMENT:

April 7, 1913 DATE CHARTER ADOPTED:

REGISTERED VOTERS: 896,309 (Not Rounded) as of June 30, 2017

CALENDAR YEAR	(1), (2) POPULATION		(2) PERSONAL INCOME	P	(2), (6) ER CAPITA ERSONAL INCOME	(3) SCHOOL ENROLLMENT	(4) UNEMPLOYMENT RATE
2008	2,055	(5)	\$ 55,752,000	\$	27.13	428	8.50%
2009	2,061	(5)	56,203,000		27.27	420	13.90%
2010	2,035	(5)	62,790,000		30.86	416	14.80%
2011	2,052	(6)	60,739,000		29.60	417	12.90%
2012	2,064	(6)	61,094,000		29.60	414	12.60%
2013	2,076	(6)	62,259,000		29.99	412	10.30%
2014	2,086	(6)	66,902,000		32.07	412	8.40%
2015	2,105	(6)	68,939,000		32.75	411	6.90%
2016	2,140	(6)	70,385,000		32.89	409	6.70%
2017	2,160	(6)	76,529,000		35.43	407	5.90%

ESTIMATED POPULATION OF THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO AS OF JANUARY 1, 2017 (whole numbers):

INCORPORATED CITIES

Adelanto	34,273	Montclair	39,122
Apple Valley	74,701	Needles	5,044
Barstow	24,248	Ontario	174,283
Big Bear Lake	5,047	Rancho Cucamonga	177,324
Chino	88,026	Redlands	69,851
Chino Hills	80,676	Rialto	106,528
Colton	53,879	San Bernardino	216,972
Fontana	212,786	Twentynine Palms	26,919
Grand Terrace	12,435	Upland	76,790
Hesperia	94,133	Victorville	123,565
Highland	54,377	Yucaipa	54,324
Loma Linda	24,528	Yucca Valley	21,519
		Total	1,851,350
		Unincorporated Areas:	308,906
		Total Population	2,160,256

Sources:

- California Department of Finance.
- (2) (3) Bureau of Economic Analysis U.S. Department of Commerce
- Superintendent of Schools
- California Employment Development Department (4)
- 2008 and 2009 data were estimates while 2010 data was from the 2010 Census (5)
- County of San Bernardino 2017-18 Adopted Budget

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2	016-2017	(3)		2	007-2008	
Employer	Employees (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	Employer	Employees (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
County of San Bernardino	>10,000	1	1.38%	County of San Bernardino (2)	19,021	1	2.12%
State of California	>10,000	2	1.38%	Loma Linda University Adventist Health Sciences Center	13,891	2	1.55%
Loma Linda University	>10,000	3	1.38%	Stater Brothers	8,021	3	0.89%
Southern California Permanante Medical Group	5,000 - 9,999	4	0.69% - 1.38%	San Bernardino City Unified School District	5,830	4	0.65%
Wal-Mart Associates	5,000 - 9,999	5	0.69% - 1.38%	Ontario International Airport	5,000	5	0.56%
Amazon	5,000 - 9,999	6	0.69% - 1.38%	Kaiser Permanente	4,200	6	0.47%
San Bernardino City Unified School District	5,000 - 9,999	7	0.69% - 1.38%	Fontana Unified School District	3,953	7	0.44%
Stater Brothers	5,000 - 9,999	8	0.69% - 1.38%	San Manuel Band of Mission Indians	3,261	8	0.36%
Target	2,500 - 4,999	9	0.34% - 0.69%	California State University San Bernardino	3,126	9	0.35%
United Parcel Service	2,500 - 4,999	10	0.34% - 0.69%	Chino Valley Unified School District	3,050	10	0.34%
				Total	69,353		7.73%

- Notes:
 (1) Data represents estimated number of employees.
 (2) San Bernardino County payroll records as of June 30, 2008.
 (3) Due to the confidentiality of reporting number of employees, ranges have been provided.

Sources: The Book of Lists 2008 County of San Bernardino, Economic Development Agency

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General	1,790	1,728	1,612	1,550	1,432	1,332	1,417	1,456	1,491	1,496
Public Protection	7,672	6,679	6,501	6,175	6,147	6,186	6,355	6,362	6,526	6,825
Public Ways & Facilities	501	522	486	450	433	429	412	411	407	418
Health and Sanitation	4,339	4,285	4,086	3,919	4,163	4,302	4,407	4,431	4,594	4,686
Public Assistance	4,214	4,163	4,744	4,920	4,898	4,946	5,051	5,132	5,249	5,190
Education	261	246	229	191	149	155	144	130	150	152
Recreation & Cultural	386	347	337	317	317	292	270	261	216	211
Total	19,163	17,970	17,995	17,522	17,539	17,642	18,056	18,183	18,633	18,978

Notes:

A full-time employee is scheduled to work 260 days per year. At eight hours per day, 2080 hours are scheduled per year (including vacation and sick leave), and full-time equivalent employment (FTE) is calculated by dividing all paid hours by 2080.

Starting fiscal year 2009, Court total FTE, reported previously under Public Protection function, is no longer included as part of the County FTE.

Source:

San Bernardino County payroll records as of June 30.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
Function/Program General Government Legal Documents Recorded (W) Percentage of payments process within 10 days (P) (2)	628,866 93%	564,379 86%	556,429 92%	556,196 60%	547,996 66%	583,461 62%	503,126 73%	540,267	554,691	581,372
Public Protection Criminal Felonies Filed - District Attorney (W) Criminal Misdemeanor Filed - District Attorney (W) Average Cases Supervised-Probation (W) Average Cases Supervised-Probation (W) Percentage of new adults cases assessed with a valid risk instrument- Probation (P) Sherriff's calls for Service (W) Number of immacha-on-immate assaults per 1,000 per month. (P) Percent of autopsies performed per reportable deaths - Coroner (P) Fire Protection - No. of Fire calls (W)	24,099 49,223 29,205 79% 1,247,993 78,993 89,106	22,409 45,700 25,120 78% 1,157,568 17% 89,061	21,712 44,208 24,570 87% 1,102,208 1,8% 95,635	21,090 43,680 24,130 90% 1,023,360 1,89,540	20,551 40,250 23,961 87% 1,009,040 154,953	19,687 37,222 24,155 95% 1,076,383 1,567 17%	20,556 35,926 27,722 95% 1,066,770 19% 196,44	16,476 37,835 25,574 96% 1,103,136 0% 17%	12,246 35,467 25,295 99% 1,117,717 0% 17%	14,193 42,727 24,149 99% 1,109,662 0% 21% 126,150
Public Way & Facilities Solid Waste Solid Waste Total Tonnage Landfilled (W) Pounds of trash per cubic yard of capacity-High Volume Sites (P) Maintained Road Miles (W) Average Pavement Condition index (PCI) of county maintained roads (P) (1)	1,665,566 1,130 2,774 77	1,267,447 1,125 2,775 78	1,162,672 1,356 2,765	1,156,231 1,287 2,769 76	1,130,770 1,250 2,770 76	1,094,433 1,259 2,769 Good	1,257,365 1,348 2,554 Good	1,655,332 1,522 2,550 Good	1,689,413 1,328 2,550 Good	1,758,574 1,390 2,550 Good
Health and Sanitation Direct Billable hours: Clinic - Behavioral Health (W) Patient Visits - Public Health (W) Arrowhead Regional Medical Center - Emergency Room Visits (W)	236,285 76,786 113,537	267,560 89,110 124,156	261,014 69,474 130,640	242,862 75,572 125,710	230,201 75,664 117,616	233,673 72,920 113,307	237,996 61,831 106,335	243,731 50,832 97,108	264,769 67,393 92,028	284,747 62,012 92,021
Public Assistance Annual Paid Cases - CalWORKS-All Other Families (W) Percentage of successful placements of people in Work Participation Rate (P) Annual Paid Cases - CalWORKS-2 Parent Families (W) Average child support collections per month (W) Percentage of current support collected - Child Support (W)	333,096 23% 26,322 12,792,980 51%	384,946 23% 42,284 12,809,690 51%	425,331 32% 48,652 12,740,128 51%	460,817 40% 56,435 13,538,777 55%	464,196 47% 58,296 14,396,490 59%	465,804 49% 57,402 13,939,034 61%	471,285 45% 60,122 14,158,216 64%	469,097 60% 65,022 14,516,145 65%	441,741 45% 61,519 14,969,848 66%	405,256 53% 53,484 15,541,421 64%
County Library County Library Circulation (W) Total Patron Visits (W) Total feet of space available at branch libraries (P)	2,638,000 3,846,000 326,015	3,033,418 4,597,787 368,795	3,112,735 4,728,093 379,511	2,906,315 4,246,432 379,511	2,515,202 3,579,262 379,511	2,425,711 4,091,200 383,511	3,026,943 3,375,816 383,511	3,825,935 3,366,474 383,511	4,490,819 3,008,349 388,511	5,389,994 2,850,066 388,511
Recreation and Cultural Services County Museum Total Paid Attendance (W) Collected Lots, Objects, and Specimens (W) Regional Parks Total Attendance (W) Number of miles of open and usable trails maintained by Regional Parks (P)	90,810 1,800,000 2,200,205	64,708 2,300,000 1,898,960	63,838 2,300,000 2,012,647 46	49,955 2,300,410 2,121,921	69,348 2,400,125 1,915,278	34,110 2,400,125 1,867,264 28	28,299 2,409,050 1,594,916	30,682 2,410,000 1,364,500	34,398 2,410,200 1,364,500	34,423 2,410,046 969,702 28

Notes:

(1) As of FY 12-13, PCI numbers are no longer used for measurement, instead the pavement condition is rated as failed, poor, fair, good or excellent.

(2) As of FY 14-15, this performance measure is no longer available.

(2) Novk Indicator

(3) Performance Measures

(*) Proformance Measures

(*) Information not available

Sources:
San Bernardino County Budget
San Bernardino County Departments
San Bernardino County Departments
Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector, County of San Bernardino

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
Function/Program										
General Government										
Recorder's Data Processing Equipment	58	59	65	63	42	47	52	46	51	59
Public Protection										
Major Correction & Detention Facilities	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8
Sheriff Stations	10	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10
Sheriff Vehicles	1,658	1,658	1,764	1,788	1,698	1,687	1787	1747	1769	1743
Fire Department Equipment	432	429	461	497	457	495	503	558	598	566
Public Way & Facilities										
Solid Waste Heavy Equipment	16	12	11	10	10	10	3	3	3	4
Transportation: Trucks, Trailers, and Other Vehicles	264	274	288	283	281	277	277	281	291	296
Airports	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Bridges	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	318
Traffic Signal (1)	265	329	334	358	365	381	83	83	90	90
Health and Sanitation										
Major Health Administration Buildings	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Animal Shelter and Insecticide Buildings	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Health Laboratory/Science/Engineering Equipment	99	134	140	157	158	162	163	163	182	181
Medical Center: Number of Hospitals	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Assistance										
Administrative & Office Equipment	441	495	515	571	631	640	657	668	678	642
Education										
Library Branches	30	30	31	31	31	32	32	32	32	32
Bookmobiles	2	2	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	0
Recreation and Cultural Services										
County Museum: Main Facility	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County Regional Parks	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

Notes:

(1) In FY 2013-14 the unit count for traffic signals was changed from 1 per controller to 1 per maintained intersection. Source:
San Bernardino County Budget
San Bernardino County Departments
Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector, County of San Bernardino



OSCAR VALDEZ Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector 268 West Hospitality Lane, San Bernardino, CA 92415-0018

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