

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016
Oscar Valdez, Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY CALIFORNIA 1853



Supervisor Robert Lovingood, Vice Chair	First District
Supervisor Janice Rutherford	Second District
Supervisor James Ramos, Chair	Third District
Supervisor Curt Hagman	Fourth District
Supervisor Josie Gonzales	Fifth District

Gregory C. Devereaux – Chief Executive Officer

Prepared by the Office of the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector
Oscar Valdez, Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2016

INTROL	DUCTO	RY SE	CTION
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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL	1
DIRECTORY OF ELECTED COUNTY OFFICIALS	8
DIRECTORY OF APPOINTED COUNTY OFFICIALS	9
ORGANIZATION CHART	10
CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING	11
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	14
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	17
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	36
Statement of Activities	37
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	40
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	41
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual on Budgetary Basis – General Fund	42
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	44
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	46
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	48
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	50
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Investment Trust Fund and Private-Purpose Trust Fund	51

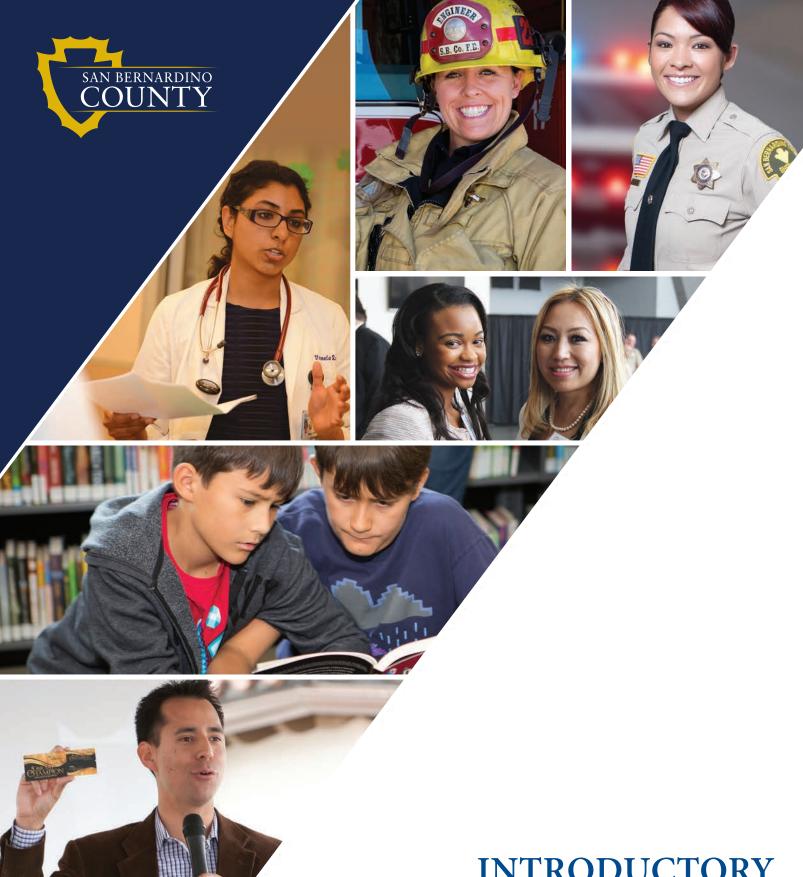
Notes to	the	Basic	Financial	Statements:
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Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	
Note 2 – Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements	65
Note 3 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability	66
Note 4 – Cash and Investments	67
Note 5 – Receivables	76
Note 6 – Interfund Transactions	77
Note 7 – Restricted Cash and Investments	80
Note 8 – Capital Assets	81
Note 9 – Deferred Outflows of Resources	83
Note 10 – Advances From Others	84
Note 11 – Long-term Obligations	85
Note 12 – Leases	
Note 13 – Closure and Postclosure Care Costs	97
Note 14 – Self Insurance	99
Note 15 – Collateralized Facilities	100
Note 16 – Deferred Inflows of Resources	101
Note 17 – Fund Balance Detail	102
Note 18 – Medicare and Medi-cal Programs	104
Note 19 – Retirement Plan	104
Note 20 – Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - HACSB	115
Note 21 – Lease/Leaseback	118
Note 22 - Commitments, Contingencies, and Certain Subsequent Events	119
Note 23 – Short-term Debt	124
Note 24 – Subsequent Events	
Note 25 – Restatement of Fund Balance/Net Position	125
Note 26 – New Accounting Pronouncements	126
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of the County's Contributions	
Schedules of Changes in the Housing Authority's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of the Housing Authority's Contributions	
Schedules of Funding Progress – HACSB	133
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:	
Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements and Other Supplementary Information:	
Combined Financial Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combined Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	136
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	137
Combining Financial Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Descriptions	139
Combining Balance Sheet – Special Revenue Funds	144

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Special Revenue Funds	. 150
Combining Balance Sheet – Debt Service Funds	. 156
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Debt Service Funds	. 157
Combining Balance Sheet – Capital Projects Funds	. 158
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Capital Projects Funds	. 159
Combining Balance Sheet – Permanent Funds	. 160
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Permanent Funds	. 161
Combining Financial Statements – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Description	. 163
Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	. 164
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	. 165
Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	. 166
Combining Financial Statements – Internal Service Funds:	
Internal Service Funds Descriptions	. 167
Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds	. 168
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Internal Service Funds	. 170
Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	. 172
Combining Financial Statements – Agency Funds:	
Trust and Agency Funds Descriptions	. 174
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	. 175
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) – Budget and Actual on Budgetary Basis:	
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual on Budgetary Basis – Certain Special Revenue Funds	. 177

Budget and Actual on Budgetary Basis – Capital Improvement Fund	199
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual on Budgetary Basis – Certain Capital Projects Funds	200
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Statistical Section Descriptions	205
Net Position by Component	207
Changes in Net Position	208
Funds Balances – Governmental Funds	210
Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	211
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	212
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments – Tax Rate Area 7000	213
Principal Property Taxpayers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	214
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years	215
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	216
Estimated Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt	217
Computation of Legal Debt Margin	219
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	220
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	221
Principal Employers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	222
County Employees by Function/Program	223
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	224
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	225





INTRODUCTORY SECTION

AUDITOR-CONTROLLER/ TREASURER/TAX COLLECTOR





Matt Brown

Assistant Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector

John Johnson

Assistant Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector

December 23, 2016

HONORABLE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO

County Government Center 385 North Arrowhead Avenue San Bernardino, CA 92415-0110

Honorable Board Members:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County of San Bernardino for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, is submitted herewith in compliance with Section 25253 of the California Government Code and Article V, Section 8, of the County of San Bernardino Charter.

The accompanying Basic Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The responsibility to ensure the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of its presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County of San Bernardino (County). We believe the data is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of County operations, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a full understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

The County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget 2 CFR 200 Part 200 Super Circular; "Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards." Information related to the single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, schedule of findings and questioned costs, and the independent auditor's report on compliance and internal control are published separately from this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements. MD&A complements this transmittal letter and should be read in conjunction with it.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The County of San Bernardino, located in Southern California, was established by an act of the State Legislature on April 26, 1853, forming the County from parts of Los Angeles, San Diego, and Mariposa Counties. The County is a charter law county divided into five supervisorial districts on the basis of population. The County encompasses an area of over 20,160 square miles and includes 24 incorporated cities. In terms of land area, it is the largest county in the contiguous United States. The County is also one of the fastest growing areas in the nation and is the fifth most populous of the 58 counties in California.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES - Continued

The County provides a wide range of services to its residents, including police protection, criminal prosecution, medical and health services, education, senior citizen assistance, roads, library services, support for judicial institutions, airport services, cultural and environmental services, parks, and a variety of public assistance programs. Special districts and county service areas provide services to remote geographical areas and rapidly growing communities. These services include fire protection, parks, flood control, water, sewer, sanitation, street lighting, and roads.

The accompanying Basic Financial Statements include all County organizations and entities, functions, and activities for which the County Board of Supervisors is financially accountable. Also included are numerous self-governed school and special district funds for which the County acts as depository. The financial reporting for these entities, which are not governed by and act independently of the County of San Bernardino, is limited to reporting, as Investment and Private-Purpose Trust Funds, the total amount of cash, investments, and other assets collected for, disbursed by, and held for these entities.

INTERNAL AND BUDGETARY CONTROLS

The County's internal accounting control system exists to provide reasonable – but not absolute – assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss or unauthorized disposition, and to provide reliable records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets because the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits to be derived. The Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector's Auditor Division actively participates in evaluating and improving the internal accounting control system.

As a recipient of Federal and State financial awards, the County is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to assure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to public assistance programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management and internal audit staff.

The County uses the modified accrual basis of accounting for its Governmental Funds. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance operations of the year. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term obligations, which is recognized when payment is due. The accrual basis of accounting is used for all Proprietary Fund Types and the Fiduciary Funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and become measurable and expenses are recorded when they are incurred.

The objective of budgetary control is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the County's Board of Supervisors. Budgets are adopted for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Project Funds. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is maintained at the appropriation unit level. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to assure effective budgetary control. Purchase orders and contracts are reviewed and a determination is made that valid and sufficient appropriations exist for payment of ordered goods and services. Encumbrances outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations expire at year end and encumbrances outstanding at that time are included within restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance, as appropriate.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The County has successfully undertaken several key programs and projects during the last fiscal year. These, along with other programs and projects that will be undertaken in the upcoming year, include the following:

 As part of the ongoing response to the December 2, 2015 terrorist attack, the County has allocated approximately \$10.2 million in funds towards improving security at County facilities for both immediate improvements as well as the conduct of a security assessment of all County facilities.

MAJOR INITIATIVES - Continued

- County Fire, effective as of July 1, 2016, is assuming fire, rescue, Emergency Medical Services (EMS), and prevention responsibilities within the Cities of San Bernardino (\$31.5 million) and Twentynine Palms (\$2.1 million) as a result of recent annexations. This expansion of a regional approach will provide a more effective and efficient delivery of fire services for County residents.
- Arrowhead Regional Medical Center is participating in California's 1115 Waiver Renewal (Medi-Cal 2020), working alongside multiple entities focusing on improved patient outcomes, efficiencies, and access in patient care, integrated care models and procuring maximum reimbursement for performance of prescriptive clinical measures. The budget includes \$52.5 million in revenues related to the Medicare Waiver programs.
- The implementation of the County's new Enterprise Financial Management System began in May 2016 with the first phase (out of three phases) continuing into 2016-17 at an estimated cost of \$8.7 million. The total cost for the new financial system is estimated to be \$25.0 million and will streamline business processes and provide better management information.
- The Special Districts Department's budget includes \$45.0 million of capital improvement projects including the design and construction of the Big Bear Alpine Zoo relocation, rehabilitation of the Lake Gregory Dam, and design and construction of Snowdrop Road. Water and sanitation infrastructure projects include pipeline replacements; water system improvements; and design and construction of a pipeline, a 75,000-gallon water reservoir, and a pump station in CSA 70 W-4 Pioneertown.
- Community Development & Housing is constructing Phase 2 of the Bloomington Community and Neighborhood Revitalization. A total of 190 multi-generational affordable housing units include 120 family units and 70 senior units and the Bloomington Branch Library. The Bloomington Branch Library and the first phase of housing are completed. The second phase is currently under construction and will be completed by Spring 2017.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Overview

San Bernardino's economy is clearly in its expansion phase. Each of the major sectors is showing continued growth and the construction industry is poised to add more weight to the expansion in 2016. Importantly, major taxable revenue streams are on-track to soon exceed their one-time records on an inflation adjusted basis.

Industry and Employment

San Bernardino County is experiencing strong employment growth. From 2012-2015, it added 98,100 jobs. During the Great Recession (2008-2011), the County lost 68,000 jobs. Thus, the County had 705,600 jobs in 2015, 30,300 more than in its 2007 pre-recession peak of 675,300. During 2015, the County's job growth was 30,000 jobs (4.4%). Currently, in 2016, the County's growth is on track to add an estimated 23,000 jobs to reach a new high of 728,600 (3.3%). The slight slowing is due to the tightening of the labor force with unemployment down from a high of 13.5% in 2010 to 6.7% in 2016. In comparison, the state-wide unemployment rate is 5.9% and U.S. unemployment rate is 4.9%.

Among economic base sectors driving San Bernardino County's economy, logistics activity has been particularly strong. In 2015, the sector added 10,200 new jobs following a gain of 10,400 the prior year. In 2015, it created 34.0% of the County's 30,000 new jobs. This sector is being driven by the strong growth of Southern California's economy, expanding port activity which is headed for its third highest year, and e-commerce that is expanding at 15.0% compounded and is largely being conducted in Southern California through fulfillment centers in the County. Similar competitive advantages affected the County's manufacturing sector in 2015. This sector was up 3,100 jobs, a 10.3% share of new jobs.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK - Continued

Health care and social assistance is another major sector contributing to the economy. In 2015, this group added 4,400 workers, a 14.7% share of growth. This is attributed to the County's population growth and falling share of medically uninsured (26.4% in 2013 to 12.7% in 2015).

Housing

In second quarter 2016, the median priced home in San Bernardino County sold for \$288,084, up 6.5% from the prior year, following increases of 6.0% in 2015; 19.7% in 2014; and 28.4% in 2013. Homebuyers are finding San Bernardino County very affordable compared to other Southern California areas. The current data indicates 56% of families could afford the prices of the bottom 50% of homes, making San Bernardino County Southern California's most affordable County compared to Riverside (41%), Orange (22%) and Los Angeles (30%) counties. With housing beginning to recover and industrial building continuing, the County's construction sector gained 2,400 jobs in 2015, an 8.0% share of its growth.

Retail

Important to the funding of local government, San Bernardino County's retail sales have increased 8.4% in 2015 with total taxable sales reaching a record \$35.8 billion, 14.8% above the prior high in 2006 (\$31.3 billion), and just below the 15.3% rise in prices from 2006-2015. In 2016, first quarter sales were up 5.9% and second quarter sales up 5.7%. Considering 2016 prices are rising only 1.9%, the County's sales taxes this year will represent record levels of purchasing power for the first time since the Great Recession.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Long-term financial planning is a strategic process that provides the information needed to establish multiyear budget solutions, and financial policies that address the needs of the County and its residents while maintaining fiscal strength. The County maintains a five-year financial forecast that projects ongoing discretionary revenues and expenditures of the General Fund. This forecast establishes a framework for use in decision making by highlighting significant issues that must be addressed to maintain a structurally balanced budget. This forecast assists the County in understanding the fiscal challenges ahead and the need to establish priorities.

For fiscal years 2009-10 through 2011-12, San Bernardino County's assessed valuation decreased \$19.2 billion resulting in a decline in property tax revenue. The recession impacted the local housing market as evidenced in a steep rise in foreclosures, a substantial reduction in the median sales price of homes, and a reduction in the fair market value of homes. Once the economy started to recover, the County's assessed valuation increased by \$1.3 billion in 2012-13, \$4.8 billion in 2013-14, \$10.4 billion in 2014-15, \$9.0 billion in 2015-16, and \$7.8 billion in 2016-17. Although the housing market has rebounded, and property tax and other major revenue streams are stabilizing, costs to maintain current service levels continue to increase. The County has developed a strategic plan to address the increased costs identified in the current five-year fiscal forecast and is working to address other ongoing costs not yet included in the five-year forecast such as the unknown costs associated with upcoming negotiations with employee groups and potential market losses in the County pension system.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING - Continued

The County's five-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is reviewed annually and revised to reflect current circumstances and opportunities. This review identifies needed capital projects, estimates capital requirements, coordinates their necessary financing and timing, and estimates operational expenses of the project subsequent to completion. The County allocates base funding in the amount of \$12.0 million annually for maintenance and non-major projects.

In recent years, the County cash funded \$407.0 million to the major capital projects detailed below:

- Construction of a new on-site medical office building at Arrowhead Regional Medical Center. This project was completed in September 2010 at a cost of \$25.0 million.
- Construction of a new High Desert Government Center (HDGC) in Hesperia. The project was completed
 in October 2010 at a cost of \$29.2 million.
- Construction of the new Central Valley Juvenile Detention and Assessment Center. This project was completed in February 2011 at a cost of \$63.6 million.
- Remodel of the HDGC to add a Public Safety Operations Center for the High Desert (HD PSOC). The project was completed in May 2013 at a cost of \$15.0 million.
- 800 MHz Upgrade Project. This project will upgrade the aging 800 MHz radio system. The total adjusted estimated cost is \$158.2 million with an estimated project duration of 7 years. \$132.1 million has been funded through 2016-17.
- Expansion of the High Desert Detention Center (formerly known as the Adelanto Adult Detention Center) to increase capacity from 706 to 2,074 beds. The County received a grant award from the State to fund \$100.0 million of this project. The County's share of costs was approximately \$41.9 million and was cash funded in 2010-11 and 2012-13. Construction commenced December 2010 and concluded January 2014.
- In 2012-13, the Board of Supervisors approved \$1.3 million to design, expand and remodel the existing Sheriff's Crime Lab located at 200 S. Lena Road in San Bernardino. \$15.7 million was funded in 2013-14 for a total cost of \$17.0 million for construction of this project. Design was completed in July 2014 and construction is nearly complete. The project is expected to cost \$15.5 million; a savings of \$1.5 million under budget.
- In past years, the County had planned to construct a new government center building in downtown San Bernardino to provide additional space and replace buildings beyond their useful life. As an alternative to new construction, the County purchased newer existing buildings at prices lower than replacement cost; and is in the process of seismically retrofitting and modernizing certain existing buildings; and demolishing older facilities. \$84.5 million has been funded to date and \$47.9 million has been expended or encumbered.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Fund Balance and Reserve Policy

The County has established a number of General Fund reserves for a variety of purposes. On June 28, 2011, the Board of Supervisors revised the County policy that provides guidelines and goals for reserve levels. This revision calls for a general purpose reserve targeted at 20% of locally funded appropriation built up with one-time sources until the established target is achieved. This general purpose reserve is designed to protect the County from unforeseen increases in expenditures or reductions in revenues and other extraordinary events which could adversely impact its financial condition.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES - Continued

County policy also includes provisions for the creation of Specific Purpose reserves. Specific Purpose reserves are created to meet identified future obligations and to fund capital projects. The County may redirect funds in any Specific Purpose reserve for another purpose. Specific Purpose reserves are categorized as either Committed or Assigned Fund Balance in the County's Fund Balance and Reserve Policy.

County policy also requires the establishment of a contingency account targeted at 1.5% of locally funded appropriation. This mandatory contingency account is designed to accommodate unanticipated operational changes, legislative impacts, or other economic events affecting the County's operations which could not reasonably have been foreseen at the time the budget was prepared. In addition to the mandatory contingency account, the County has two other types of contingencies:

<u>Contingency for Uncertainties</u> represents unallocated financing available from current year sources (both ongoing and one-time) that has not been set aside or contributed to reserves.

Ongoing Set-Aside Contingencies represent ongoing sources of financing that have been targeted for future ongoing program needs. The County has no Ongoing Set-Aside Contingencies in the 2016-17 Adopted Budget.

Investment Policy

The County Treasurer's investment policy allows for the purchase of a variety of securities with limitations as to exposure, maturity, and ratings, which vary with each security type. The composition of the portfolio will change over time as existing investments mature or are sold, and as new investments are made. The Pool provides monthly reporting of its assets by sector, duration, fair value, and other features to both the Treasury Oversight Committee, who reviews investment policy, and the County Board of Supervisors, who reviews and approves investment policy.

The County's investment policy does not allow investments in derivative instruments in the Treasury Pool. None of the securities held by the County Pool are considered structured notes that incorporate "derivative" features, i.e., interest rates tied to alternative indices, formulas, or other pricing features. Derivative securities exclude traditional floating rate securities tied to indices such as LIBOR, T-Bills, Fed Funds, etc., and federal agency or corporate securities with traditional call features. In addition, the County Pool does not invest in, nor has it ever invested in, "inverse floaters". The County's investment policy places a 10% portfolio limit on reverse repurchase agreements, therefore limiting leverage.

The County believes that the County Pool is prudently invested and that investments therein are scheduled to mature at the times and in the amounts that are necessary to meet the County's expenditures and other schedule withdrawals. The County Pool does not include investments of the Deferred Compensation program or the County Employees' Retirement Association, which are separately managed. The County utilizes a Countywide banking program with two major banks, referred to as "Consolidated Banking", which accelerates the collection and deposit of monies by participating departments into the County Treasury, making them readily available for investment.

Debt Management Policy

The County's debt management policy minimizes the amount of outstanding debt necessary to fulfill its infrastructure and economic development responsibilities, while maintaining its ability to incur present and future debt at minimal interest rates. The County's debt policy provides the following general guidelines: 1) Debt will not be used to finance ongoing operational costs. However, debt may be used where economically efficient, to reduce or eliminate current long-term operational liabilities; 2) Whenever possible, the County shall pursue alternative sources of funding when cost effective in order to minimize the level of debt; and 3) Whenever practical, voter approval on the method of debt shall be utilized.

The County maintains a Debt Advisory Committee (DAC) with the responsibility for oversight and review of all debt policy and debt issuance activities. DAC makes recommendations to the Board of Supervisors regarding appropriate actions on debt matters.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The County's financial statements have been audited by Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP, Certified Public Accountants and independent auditors. The independent auditors have issued an unmodified (clean) opinion on the County's basic financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2016. The Independent Auditors' Report is included in the Financial Section, which is an integral part of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT AND AWARDS

Financial Reporting Certificate of Achievement: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of San Bernardino for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This was the twenty-eighth consecutive year that the County received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, the contents of which must conform to certificate program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Popular Financial Reporting Award: The County of San Bernardino also received the GFOA's Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting for its Popular Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This was the tenth consecutive year that the County has received this prestigious award. In order to receive this award, a government unit must publish a Popular Annual Financial Report, the contents of which must conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability, and reader appeal.

Budget Presentation Award: The County received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2015. In order to receive this award, a government unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, operations guide, financial plan, and communication device.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and its timely issuance is the result of a concentrated, dedicated, and coordinated effort by the entire Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector staff. I would like to acknowledge the special efforts of the General Accounting, Internal Audits, and Management Services sections, and of our independent auditors, Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP, for their assistance in the report preparation. I would also like to thank all County departments who have participated in its preparation.

Respectfully submitted,

Oscar Valdez

Auditor-Controller/Treasu e/Tax Collector

San Bernardino County

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO DIRECTORY OF COUNTY OFFICIALS

ELECTED OFFICES

COUNTY SUPERVISOR, FIRST DISTRICT (VICE CHAIR)	ROBERT A. LOVINGOOD
COUNTY SUPERVISOR, SECOND DISTRICT	JANICE RUTHERFORD
COUNTY SUPERVISOR, THIRD DISTRICT (CHAIR)	JAMES RAMOS
COUNTY SUPERVISOR, FOURTH DISTRICT	CURT HAGMAN
COUNTY SUPERVISOR, FIFTH DISTRICT	JOSIE GONZALES
ASSESSOR/RECORDER/COUNTY CLERK	BOB DUTTON
AUDITOR-CONTROLLER/TREASURER/TAX COLLECTOR	OSCAR VALDEZ
DISTRICT ATTORNEY	MICHAEL A. RAMOS
SHERIFF/CORONER/PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR	JOHN McMAHON
SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS	TED ALEJANDRE

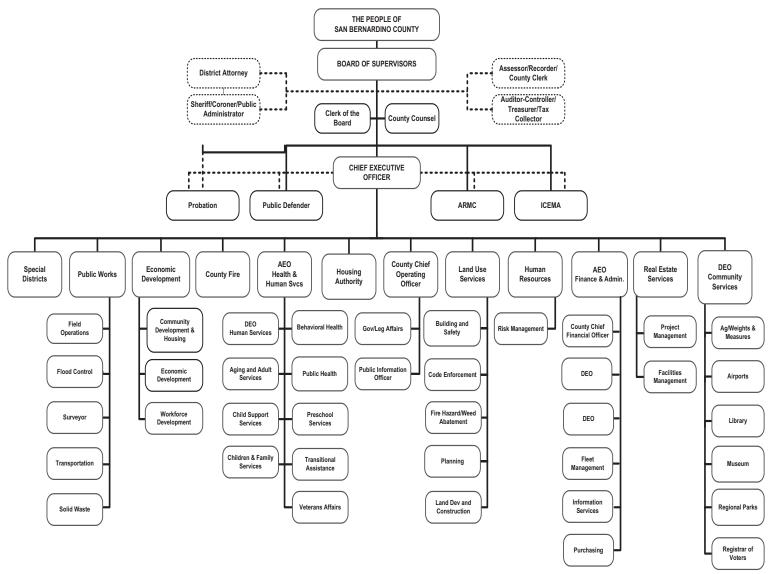
COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO DIRECTORY OF COUNTY OFFICIALS

APPOINTED

AGING AND ADULT SERVICES	RON BUTTRAM
AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER/SEALER	ROBERTA Y. WILLHITE
AIRPORTS	JAMES E. JENKINS
ARROWHEAD REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	WILLIAM L. GILBERT
BEHAVIORAL HEALTH	VERONICA KELLEY
BOARD OF RETIREMENT	GARY A. AMELIO
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER	GREGORY C. DEVEREAUX
CHILD SUPPORT SERVICES	MARIE GIRULAT
CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES	MARLENE HAGEN
CLERK OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS	LAURA H. WELCH
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	DENA FUENTES
COUNTY COUNSEL	JEAN-RENE BASLE
COUNTY LIBRARIAN	LEONARD X. HERNANDEZ
COUNTY MUSEUM	MELISSA RUSSO
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AGENCY	MARY JANE OLHASSO
FACILITIES MANAGEMENT	TERRY W. THOMPSON
FIRE DEPARTMENT/FIRE WARDEN	MARK HARTWIG
FLEET MANAGEMENT	ROGER G. WEAVER
HOUSING AND SUCCESSOR AGENCY	DENA FUENTES
HOUSING AUTHORITY	MARIA RAZO
HUMAN RESOURCES	CINDI PETERSON TOMPKINS
HUMAN SERVICES	CaSONYA THOMAS
NFORMATION SERVICES	JENNIFER HILBER
NLAND COUNTIES EMERGENCY MEDICAL AGENCY	TOM LYNCH
LAND USE SERVICES	TOM HUDSON
LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS	JOSH CANDELARIA
PRESCHOOL SERVICES	DIANA ALEXANDER
PROBATION	MICHELLE SCRAY BROWN
PUBLIC DEFENDER	PHYLLIS K. MORRIS
PUBLIC HEALTH	TRUDY RAYMUNDO
PUBLIC WORKS	GERRY NEWCOMBE
PURCHASING	LAURIE ROZKO
REAL ESTATE SERVICES	TERRY W. THOMPSON
REGIONAL PARKS	MAUREEN SNELGROVE
REGISTRAR OF VOTERS	MICHAEL J. SCARPELLO
RISK MANAGEMENT	KENNETH HERNANDEZ
SPECIAL DISTRICTS	
TRANSITIONAL ASSISTANCE DEPARTMENT	GILBERT RAMOS
VETERANS' AFFAIRS	FRANK GUEVARA
WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT	REG IAVIER

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO ORGANIZATIONAL CHART







Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of San Bernardino California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO







FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors County of San Bernardino, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of San Bernardino, California (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the County of San Bernardino Consolidated Fire Districts, the County of San Bernardino Redevelopment Successor Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund, and the Housing Authority of the County of San Bernardino, which collectively represent the following percentages of assets, net position/fund balances and revenues as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

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Opinion Unit	Assets	Fund Balances	Revenues
Governmental Activities	2%	-1%	4%
Business-Type Activities	13%	25%	14%
Housing Authority Enterprise Fund (Major Fund)	100%	100%	100%
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	2%	0%	1%

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those entities, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 and Note 4 to the financial statements, the County adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, as of July 1, 2015. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 17 – 33, the schedule of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of the County's contributions, the schedules of changes in the Housing Authority's net pension liability and related ratios, the schedule of the Housing Authority's contributions, and the schedule of funding progress - HACSB on pages 129 - 133 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and other supplementary information, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements and other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 23, 2016, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Varrinek, Trine, Day & Co. UP Rancho Cucamonga, California

December 23, 2016







MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

This section of the County's annual financial report presents a discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the County's Basic Financial Statements following this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Amounts in thousands)

- The County's total net position increased by \$465,997. The net increase is attributable to the \$389,402 increase in governmental activities net position and the \$76,595 increase in business-type activities net position.
- As of June 30, 2016, the County governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$1,886,918, an increase of \$165,073 in comparison with the prior year. Amounts available for spending include restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances; these totaled \$1,835,968, or 97.3% of the ending fund balance. Of this amount, \$1,082,971 is restricted by law or externally imposed requirements, and \$306,216 is committed for specific purposes.
- At the end of the fiscal year, amounts available for spending for the General Fund totaled \$1,007,610, or 43.6% of total General Fund expenditures. This is an increase of \$134,104 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the County's total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) decreased by \$1,807 in comparison with the prior year. (See further detail on page 30.)
- At the end of the fiscal year, the County's total long-term obligations increased by \$98,294 in comparison with the prior year. (See further detail on page 31.)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components; 1) **Government-Wide** Financial Statements; 2) **Fund** Financial Statements and 3) **Notes** to the Basic Financial Statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the County using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The <u>statement of net position</u> presents information on all County assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>statement of activities</u> presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollectible taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these Government-Wide financial statements distinguish between the functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or part of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The County's governmental activities include General Government, Public Protection, Public Ways and Facilities, Health and Sanitation, Public Assistance, Education, Recreation and Cultural Services. The County's business-type activities include Medical Center, Water, Sewer, Sanitation Facilities, Waste Systems Division, Housing Authority, Museum Gift Shop, and Regional Parks Snack Bar Operations.

Component units are blended in the basic financial statements and consist of legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. They share substantially the same board as the County and provide services entirely to the County. The following component units have been blended into the basic financial statements: Fire Protection Districts, Flood Control District, Park and Recreation Districts, County Service Areas, Inland Empire Public Facilities Corporation, San Bernardino County Financing Authority, Housing Authority of the County of San Bernardino, and various Joint Powers Authorities (JPAs).

The Government-Wide financial statements also include a discretely presented component unit, FIRST 5 of San Bernardino County. FIRST 5 is a discretely presented component unit as its governing body is not substantially the same as that of the County and FIRST 5 does not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the County but rather to the citizenry.

The Government-Wide financial statements can be found on pages 36-37 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds*.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-Wide financial statements. However, unlike the Government-Wide financial statements, Governmental Fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a county's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-Wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County reports thirty-two individual governmental funds including two major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements located in a separate section in this report.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 40-42 of this report.

Proprietary funds include two types of funds, enterprise and internal service. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Enterprise funds are used to account for the Medical Center, Water, Sewer, Sanitation, Waste Systems Division, Museum Gift Shop, Housing Authority, and Regional Parks Snack Bar Operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its printing services, central mail services, telecommunication services, computer operations including application development, vehicle services, self-insured worker's compensation, public liabilities including property conservation, and flood control. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the Government-Wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-Wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Medical Center, Waste Systems Division, and the Housing Authority are considered to be major enterprise funds of the County. The County's six internal service fund activities are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in this report. Data from the other enterprise funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements located in a separate section of this report.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 44-49 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the primary government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the Government-Wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support County programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 50-51 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and Fund financial statements. The notes can be found on pages 53-127 of this report.

Supplemental Information

The Supplemental Information section of this report contains the combining statements and budgetary comparison schedules. This section provides additional information to the users of these financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

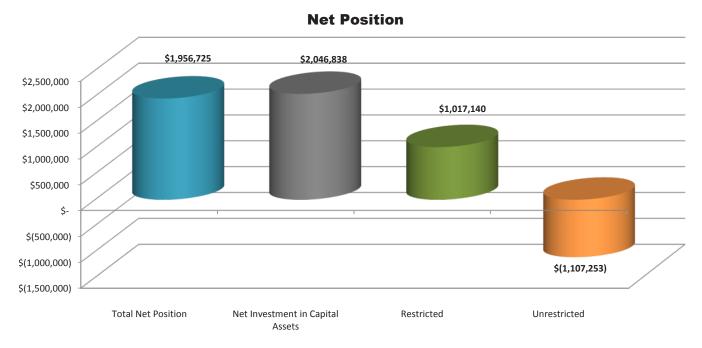
As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,956,725 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Current and other assets	\$ 2,522,175	\$ 2,321,338	\$ 576,390	\$ 517,583	\$ 3,098,565	\$ 2,838,921
Capital assets	1,902,387	1,883,313	623,818	644,699	2,526,205	2,528,012
Total assets	4,424,562	4,204,651	1,200,208	1,162,282	5,624,770	5,366,933
Deferred outflows of resources	462,115	470,944	75,580	80,355	537,695	551,299
Current and other liabilities	233,492	215,824	91,140	106,469	324,632	322,293
Long-term liabilities	2,652,640	2,559,507	820,497	815,336	3,473,137	3,374,843
Total liabilities	2,886,132	2,775,331	911,637	921,805	3,797,769	3,697,136
Deferred inflows of resources	361,657	650,778	46,314	79,590	407,971	730,368
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital						
assets	1,843,897	1,809,961	202,941	180,714	2,046,838	1,990,675
Restricted	942,150	947,882	74,990	73,040	1,017,140	1,020,922
Unrestricted	(1,147,159)	(1,508,357)	39,906	(12,512)	(1,107,253)	(1,520,869)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,638,888	\$ 1,249,486	\$ 317,837	\$ 241,242	\$ 1,956,725	\$ 1,490,728

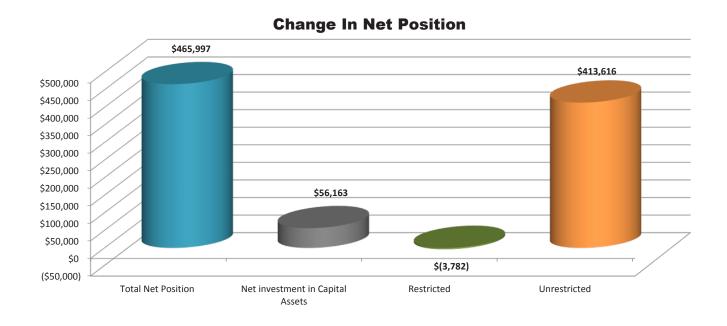
The largest portion of the County's net position of \$2,046,838 reflects investment in capital assets (e.g. land, land use rights, structures and improvements, equipment and software, and infrastructure); as well as capital-related deferred outflows of resources less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position of \$1,017,140 represents another significant portion of County net position. This amount contains external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws and regulation of other governments, and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions and enabling legislation.

The final component of net position is unrestricted net position. Unrestricted net position represent resources that the County may use to meet its current and ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The overall unrestricted net position balance increased by \$413,616 primarily as a result of a reduction of the deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, as well as increases in tax revenue and charges for current services proportionately larger than increases in expenses.



The County's total net position increased by \$465,997 (\$389,402 increase in governmental activities plus \$76,595 increase in business-type activities) indicating that the County generated revenue sufficient to cover the cost of operations during the current fiscal year.



The following table illustrates the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities.

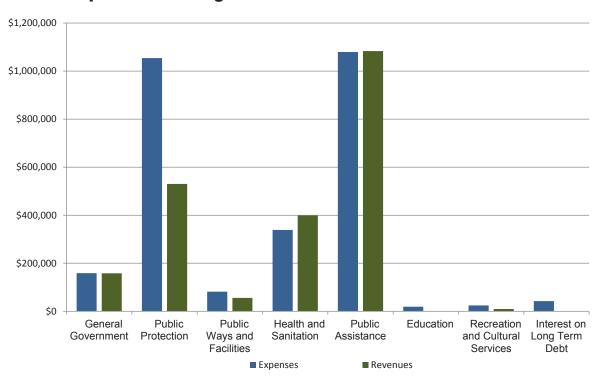
	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities		Total		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Revenues:								
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$ 445,526	\$ 431,465	\$ 554,837	\$ 540,616	\$ 1,000,363	\$ 972,081		
Operating Grants/Contributions	1,791,745	1,713,917	186,445	209,370	1,978,190	1,923,287		
Capital Grants/Contributions	484	25,003	19,186	17,102	19,670	42,105		
General Revenue								
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	617,923	573,482	2,981	2,850	620,904	576,332		
Public Safety Tax	164,993	160,337	-	-	164,993	160,337		
Sales Taxes	43,595	28,437	-	-	43,595	28,437		
Other Taxes	20,743	18,767	-	-	20,743	18,767		
Unrestricted Revenues from Use								
of Money and Property	42,739	44,616	3,155	2,569	45,894	47,185		
Miscellaneous	69,822	74,480	4,536	13,361	74,358	87,841		
Gains on Sale of Capital Assets	11,676	3,335	671	774	12,347	4,109		
Total Revenues	3,209,246	3,073,839	771,811	786,642	3,981,057	3,860,481		
Expenses:								
General Government	158,981	162,261	-	-	158,981	162,261		
Public Protection	1,054,075	979,458	-	-	1,054,075	979,458		
Public Ways and Facilities	81,902	71,614	-	-	81,902	71,614		
Health and Sanitation	338,910	325,261	-	-	338,910	325,261		
Public Assistance	1,079,575	1,008,353	-	-	1,079,575	1,008,353		
Education	19,424	16,718	-	-	19,424	16,718		
Recreation and Cultural Services	24,505	24,103	-	-	24,505	24,103		
Interest on Long Term Debt	42,744	45,233	-	-	42,744	45,233		
Medical Center	-	-	507,668	488,239	507,668	488,239		
Waste Systems	-	-	60,717	76,160	60,717	76,160		
Housing Authority	-	-	105,876	104,759	105,876	104,759		
Water, Sewer, and Sanitation	-	-	20,804	18,154	20,804	18,154		
Others	-	. <u>-</u>	67	131	67	131		
Total Expenses	2,800,116	2,633,001	695,132	687,443	3,495,248	3,320,444		
Excess (Deficiency) before Transfers	409,130	440,838	76,679	99,199	485,809	540,037		
Transfers	(19,728)	(12,428)	19,628	12,428	(100)			
Change in Net Position	389,402	428,410	96,307	111,627	485,709	540,037		
Net Position Beginning of Year, as restated	1,249,486	821,076	221,530	129,615	1,471,016	950,691		
Net Position End of Year	\$ 1,638,888	\$ 1,249,486	\$ 317,837	\$ 241,242	\$ 1,956,725	\$ 1,490,728		

Governmental Activities increased the County's net position from \$1,249,486 to \$1,638,888. The overall increase in net position is due to one-time and ongoing revenues exceeding related expenses.

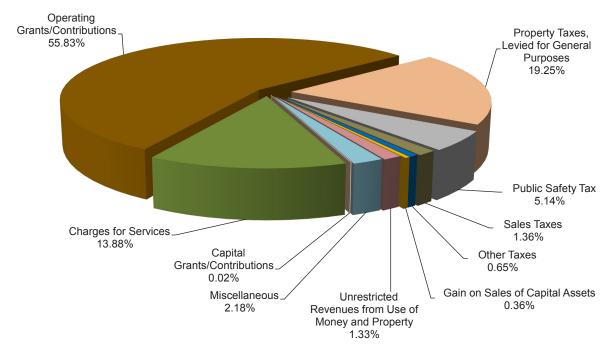
Total revenues of County governmental activities increased primarily due to an increase in property tax revenues, sales tax revenues and operating grants/contributions such as state realignment funding for current and growth apportionments.

Program expenses for County governmental activities increased as a result of the increase in Public Protection and Public Assistance expenses. The increase in Public Protection and Public Assistance expenses were primarily due to negotiated increases in salaries and retirement contribution requirements. Public Assistance was also effected by an increase in expenditures related to the provision of foster care services.

Expenses and Program Revenues-Governmental Activities



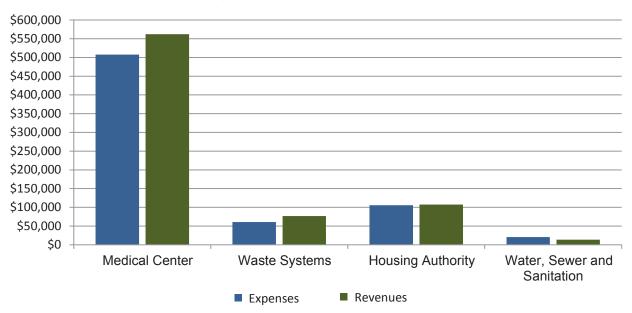
Revenues by Source-Governmental Activities



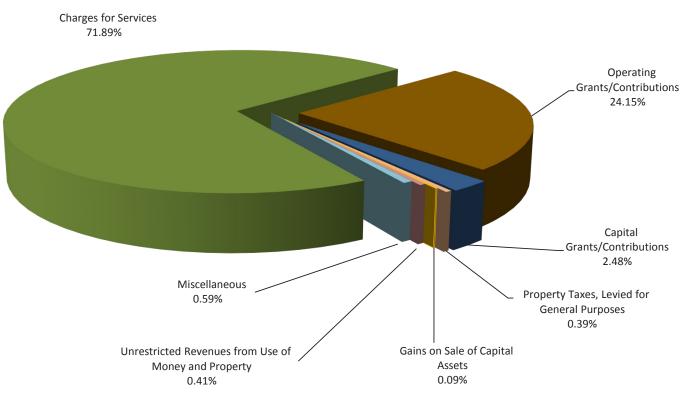
Business-type Activities increased the County's net position from \$241,242 to \$317,837. This is primarily due to the Medical Center receiving additional revenues during the current fiscal year.

The following table shows actual revenues, expenses, and results of operations for the current fiscal year:

Expenses and Program Revenues-Business-Type Activities



Revenues by Source-Business-Type Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF COUNTY FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The governmental activities functions are contained in the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Project, Permanent, and Internal Service Funds. Included in these funds are the special districts governed by the Board of Supervisors. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances, may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

On June 30, 2016, the County's governmental funds reported a total fund balance of \$1,886,918, an increase of \$165,073 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 57% of the total fund balance, \$1,082,971, constitutes restricted fund balance, which is restricted by external parties. The remaining fund balance is comprised of a nonspendable amount of \$50,950; committed amounts of \$306,216, which are committed for specific purposes; assigned amounts of \$151,823 set-aside for specific purposes; and an unassigned amount of \$294,958, representing the residual net resources of the General Fund available for spending.

The most significant restricted amounts in the governmental funds include \$82,086 for Social Services Realignment, \$111,781 for Health Services Realignment, \$115,103 for Flood Control, and \$151,889 for Mental Health Services Act.

The County reports the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund as major governmental funds.

General Fund: The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. On June 30, 2016, the total fund balance reached \$1,056,658, an increase of \$127,234 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 38% or \$397,574 of the total fund balance constitutes restricted fund balance. The remaining fund balance is made up of \$49,048 of nonspendable amounts; \$306,216 of committed amounts, including \$32,075 for debt service, \$22,500 for Glen Helen Rehabilitation Center jail upgrade, \$25,000 for new property tax system, and \$13,000 for new financial accounting system; assigned amounts of \$8,862 for automated systems development; and \$294,958 in unassigned amounts available for spending.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unrestricted fund balance and total fund balance to total General Fund expenditures. Unrestricted fund balance represents 26% of total fund expenditures; while total fund balance represents 46%.

The General Fund had an increase of \$127,234 primarily as the result of revenues exceeding related expenditures offset by other financing uses.

Capital Improvement Fund: The Capital Improvement Fund accounts for the County's major capital acquisition and construction projects. On June 30, 2016, the total fund balance of the Capital Improvement Fund was \$135,335. The capital improvement fund had an increase of \$23,045, primarily as a result of contributions for new and existing projects while expenditures related to the 800 MHZ Upgrade decreased.

Revenues for total governmental funds totaled \$3,186,173 in fiscal year 2015-16, representing a \$108,865 increase from the prior year.

The following table presents the amount of revenues from various sources as well as the changes from the prior year:

	Fiscal Year 2015-16			Over (Under) Fiscal Year 2014-15		
Revenues		Amount	Percent of Total		Amount	Percent
Taxes	\$	849,399	27%	\$	60,687	8%
Licenses, Permits and Franchises		25,159	1%		(428)	-2%
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties		11,996	0%		(3,708)	-24%
Revenues From Use of Money and Property		47,632	1%		5,503	13%
Aid From Other Governmental Agencies		1,787,474	56%		31,545	2%
Charges for Current Services		403,193	13%		15,101	4%
Other Revenues		61,320	2%		165	0%
Total Revenues	\$	3,186,173	100%	\$	108,865	

The County's three major funding sources: taxes, aid from other governmental agencies, and charges for current services, constitute 96% of all revenues.

Tax revenues increased by \$60,687 mainly due to continued increase in assessed valuation of properties within the County, as well as a continued surge in sales tax revenue, which was primarily due to the statewide mid-year restoration of the 0.25% of the 1% local sales tax.

Aid from other Governmental Agencies increased by \$31,545 primarily as a result of Sales Tax Realignment growth and increased federal aid for Welfare administration.

The following table presents expenditures of governmental funds by function compared to prior year amounts:

		Fiscal Year 2015-16			Over (Under) Fiscal Year 2014-15		
			Percent	Amount			
Expenditures	Amount		of Total	Changed		Percent	
Current:							
General Government	\$	149,160	5%	\$	3,571	2%	
Public Protection		1,052,371	34%		62,293	6%	
Public Ways and Facilities		62,292	2%		(13,267)	-18%	
Health and Sanitation		352,781	11%		9,012	3%	
Public Assistance		1,130,864	37%		62,403	6%	
Education		18,240	1%		1,273	8%	
Recreation and Cultural Services		19,720	1%		(1,033)	-5%	
Debt Service:							
Principal		111,752	4%		19,775	21%	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		20,443	1%		(1,591)	-7%	
Bond Issuance Costs		187	0%		187	N/A	
Capital Outlay		120,909	4%		(11,132)	-8%	
Total Expenditures	\$	3,038,719	100%	\$	131,491		

Total County governmental funds expenditures increased by \$131,491 from the prior year.

Public Protection expenditures increased by \$62,293 primarily as the result of negotiated salary increases and increased retirement contribution requirements, and the net addition of 18 positions to the Sheriff's Department.

Public Assistance expenditures increased by \$62,403 primarily due to increases in salaries and increased retirement contribution requirements, as well as an increase in expenditures related to the provision of foster care services.

Debt Service Principle expenditures increased by \$19,775 primarily due to the refunding of the Flood Control 2007 Series A Judgement Obligation Bonds.

Other financing sources and uses are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

	Fiscal Year 2015-16	Over (Under) Fiscal Year 2014-15		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		Amount	_	
Governmental Funds	Amount	Changed	Percent	
Transfers Out	\$ (302,893)	\$ (53,830)	22%	
Transfers In	301,385	62,583	26%	
Refunding Debt Issued	27,870	27,870	N/A	
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	(27,870)	(27,870)	N/A	
Insurance Recoveries	3,916	(10,084)	-72%	
Sale of Capital Assets	15,211	12,063	383%	
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	\$ 17,619	\$ 10,732		

The following table illustrates the changes in fund balances for governmental funds:

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

		-		
	General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	\$ 2,601,118	\$ 4,495	\$ 580,560	\$ 3,186,173
Expenditures	(2,313,172)	(75,666)	(649,881)	(3,038,719)
Excess/(Deficiency) of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	287,946	(71,171)	(69,321)	147,454
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(160,712)	94,216	84,115	17,619
Net Changes In Fund Balance	127,234	23,045	14,794	165,073
Fund Balance, Beginning, as restated	929,424	112,290	680,131	1,721,845
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 1,056,658	\$ 135,335	\$ 694,925	\$ 1,886,918

In fiscal year 2015-16, the fund balance of total governmental funds increased by \$165,073. This increase is the result of revenues exceeding the associated expenditures along with the receipt of proceeds from sale of capital assets related to the Chino Agricultural Preserve.

Proprietary funds: County proprietary funds provide the same type of format found in the Business-Type Activities financial statements, but in more detail.

The following table shows actual revenues, expenses, and results of operations for the current fiscal year:

		Business-Type Enterprise			
		Waste		Total Nonmajor	
	Medical	Systems	Housing	Enterprise	Enterprise
	Center	Division	Authority	Funds	Funds
Revenues					
Net Patient Care and Services	\$ 448,135	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 448,135
Charges for Current Services	-	64,977	16,300	13,531	94,808
Other	7,572	11,892	91,044	2	110,510
Total Operating Revenues	455,707	76,869	107,344	13,533	653,453
Operating Expenses					
Professional Services	52,507	33,926	_	3,682	90,115
Salaries and Employee Benefits	230,795	6,409	13,396	6,318	256,918
Services and Supplies	171,716	18,464	81,533	4,480	276,193
Depreciation and Amortization	23,172	1,918	5,974	2,997	34,061
Other	5,452	-	2,687	522	8,661
Total Operating Expenses	483,642	60,717	103,590	17,999	665,948
Operating Income (Loss)	(27,935)	16,152	3,754	(4,466)	(12,495)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Interest Revenue	1,469	1,218	142	326	3,155
Interest Expense	(24,026)	-	(2,286)	(144)	(26,456)
Tax Revenue	-	-	_	2,981	2,981
Grant Revenue	87,678	79	-	72	87,829
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	664	7	671
Other Nonoperating Revenues	249	2,592	322	1,373	4,536
Other Nonoperating Expenses	_	-	_	(2,728)	(2,728)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	65,370	3,889	(1,158)	1,887	69,988
Change in Net Position Before Contributions					
and Transfers	37,435	20,041	2,596	(2,579)	57,493
Capital Contributions	18,855	-	161	170	19,186
Transfers Out	(9,954)	(402)	_	(58)	(10,414)
Transfers In	26,819	3,096		127	30,042
Change in Net Position	73,155	22,735	2,757	(2,340)	96,307
Net Position, Beginning, as restated	(31,074)	78,600	77,687	96,317	221,530
Net Position, Ending	\$ 42,081	\$ 101,335	\$ 80,444	\$ 93,977	\$ 317,837

The net increase of \$96,307 in net position was primarily due to the Medical Center receiving additional non-operating revenues, specifically revenue from Public Hospital Redesign and Incentives in Medi-Cal Program (PRIME), which is the new re-designed pool of the 2010-2015 Delivery System Reform Incentive Program, and increased AB85 rate range funding.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund final expenditure budget differs from the original budget by approximately 1.5%. A net decrease in appropriations of \$40,355 was approved during the fiscal year. The significant components of this net decrease are summarized below:

General

 On November 17, 2015, the board adopted a budget amendment to decrease General Fund Contingencies by \$82,710 primarily from a shift of \$75,270 in Discretionary General Funding amounts from contingencies to reserves. This change in practice appropriately characterizes the multi-year nature of projects, economic impacts and needs to be addressed with limited General Fund resources.

Public Assistance

- On November 17, 2015, the board adopted a budget amendment which increased the Human Services budget by \$6.1 million to provide salaries and benefits for 119 net new positions created to handle caseload growth. The increase was also used to provide for costs related to ongoing maintenance, support, and enhancements to departmental computers and software.
- On March 1, 2016, the board adopted a budget amendment which increased the Human Services budget by \$4.8 as the result of caseload and placement cost increases related to adoptive children, children in foster care, and guardianship placements as a result in changes in foster care caseload. Grant costs are also increasing due to adjustments in the California Necessities Index, as mandated by the California Department of Social Services.

Public Protection

 On November 17, 2015, the board adopted a budget amendment which increased the Probation Department's budget by \$6.8 million to fund various capital improvement projects and fixed asset purchases for the continuing upgrade of facilities in an effort accommodate additional staff. The board also adopted a budget amendment to increase the Sherriff's Department budget by \$17.1 million, primarily to provide mental competency restoration services for inmates and to provide greater funding for various Capital Improvement Program projects aimed at updating various facilities.

During the current fiscal year, the Public Protection, Health and Sanitation, and Public Assistance functions accounted for the largest expenditure variances of \$66,586, \$135,978, and \$55,157 respectively between the final budget and actual expenditures. The Public Protection variance was primarily the result of actual salaries and benefits expenditures that were less than budgeted amounts. The Health and Sanitation variance is primarily the result of the matching reimbursement received by the Health Administrator budget unit for intergovernmental transfers to cover the required local match for Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) funds from the State on behalf of the Medical Center. The Public Assistance variance was primarily the result a large decline in CalWORKs – All Other Families caseload.

The total difference of \$194,092 between estimated revenues and actual revenues was caused by the receipt of aid from other governments and taxes exceeding estimates; offset by a negative variance in charges for current services. These differences are primarily due to increases in the following: State Realignment revenues, Sales Taxes, and Property Taxes.

The General fund budget to actual statement can be found on page 42 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The County's total capital assets and related deferred outflows of resources for governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016, amounted to \$2,526,205, and \$23,145, respectively. The County's total related debt used to acquire those assets as of June 30, 2016, amounted to \$502,512. This investment in capital assets less any related debt includes land, land use rights, improvements to land, structures and improvements, equipment and software, development-in-progress, and infrastructure, less bonds and capital leases payable related to those assets.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year includes the following:

- Structures and Improvements increased approximately \$15,144 as a result of the completion of a variety of improvement projects.
- Development in Progress (DIP) increased approximately \$44,763 due to an increase of \$32,796 related to the following large projects: \$6,497 for 800 MHz, \$6,148 for Sheriff's Crime Lab, \$2,755 to increase 800 MHz capacity, and \$3,646 for preliminary space programming. Flood Control had a total increase of \$6,849, the largest increase of \$6,367 was related to Cactus Basin #3.
- The Flood Control Fund has various flood control channel facilities under construction with a DIP value of \$58,231. The flood control facilities are primarily comprised of Cucamonga Basin #6 in the amount of \$12,173; Cactus Basin projects in the amount of \$17,702; San Timoteo Channel projects in the amount of \$8,890; Hesperia Detention Basin project in the amount of \$2,919; and the English Channel Carbon Canyon project for \$2,125.
- Infrastructure increased approximately \$2,477. Transportation completed infrastructure projects of \$4,446 for road rehabilitation, drainage improvements, and grade separations. Transportation also had a disposition to Shadow Mountain Road in the amount of \$2,260.
- Equipment and Software increased approximately \$29,256. The primary increase consists of licensed vehicles totaling \$14,987, computer equipment totaling \$2,787, and an overall increase of \$3,746 in Public Protection equipment.

Capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	То	tal	Increase/ (decrease)
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	Percent of Change
Land	\$ 126,913	\$ 126,762	\$ 32,554	\$ 31,940	\$ 159,467	\$ 158,702	0.48%
Land Use Rights (non-amortizable)	23,869	21,644	351	351	24,220	21,995	10.12%
Land Use Rights (amortizable)	123	123	1,109	1,109	1,232	1,232	0.00%
Development in Progress	250,687	196,793	14,919	24,050	265,606	220,843	20.27%
Improvements other than Buildings	258,563	258,228	264,076	264,790	522,639	523,018	-0.07%
Structures and Improvements	1,009,731	1,006,117	754,758	743,228	1,764,489	1,749,345	0.87%
Infrastructure	1,356,698	1,354,221	-	-	1,356,698	1,354,221	0.18%
Equipment and Software	385,656	366,454	178,353	168,299	564,009	534,753	5.47%
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	(1,509,853)	(1,447,029)	(622,302)	(589,068)	(2,132,155)	(2,036,097)	4.72%
Total	\$ 1,902,387	\$ 1,883,313	\$ 623,818	\$ 644,699	\$ 2,526,205	\$ 2,528,012	-0.07%

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found on Note 8 on pages 81-82 of this report.

The County's infrastructure assets are recorded in the Government-Wide financial statements at historical cost except for those assets installed prior to fiscal year 2001, whereby the County determined cost based on standard and normal costing techniques, according to GASB 34.

Long-term Debt and Obligations

Long-term obligations of the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

		Governme	ntal A	ctivities		Business-T	Type Activities Total			Increase/ (decrease) Percent of			
		2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015	Change
Certificates of Participation, Net	\$	6,205	\$	12,299	\$	402,936	\$	423,980	\$	409,141	\$	436,279	-6.22%
General Obligation Bonds	·	-	•	-	•	515	•	685	•	515	·	685	-24.82%
Revenue Bonds, Net		323,169		353,978		_		_		323,169		353,978	-8.70%
Other Bonds and Notes		458,223		508,815		35,131		38,605		493,354		547,420	-9.88%
Compensated Absences		171,670		166,624		19,545		19,571		191,215		186,195	2.70%
Termination Benefits Payable		101		127		15		15		116		142	-18.31%
Capital Lease Obligations		-		-		4,192		5,292		4,192		5,292	-20.79%
Pollution Remediation Obligations		-		-		62,878		63,521		62,878		63,521	-1.01%
Estimated Liability for													
Litigation and Self-Insured Claims		236,695		232,098		-		-		236,695		232,098	1.98%
Estimated Liability for Closure /													
Postclosure Care Cost		-		-		102,418		106,738		102,418		106,738	-4.05%
Other Long-Term Liabilities		-		-		10,435		5,364		10,435		5,364	94.54%
Net Other Postemployment Benefit													
Obligation for Housing Authority		-		-		4,042		4,202		4,042		4,202	-3.81%
Net Pension Liability		1,456,577		1,285,566		178,390		147,363		1,634,967		1,432,929	14.10%
Total	\$	2,652,640	\$	2,559,507	\$	820,497	\$	815,336	\$	3,473,137	\$	3,374,843	2.91%

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 11 on pages 85-96 of this report.

The County's major long-term obligations activity during the fiscal year is as follows: reduction in long-term debt of certificates of participation, bonds and notes, and capital leases totaling \$113,283, reduction in liability for closure/postclosure care cost of \$4,320, and reduction in pollution remediation obligation of \$643; offset by increase in net pension liabilities of \$202,038.

A significant portion of the revenue bonds are the Pension Obligation Bonds (1995) totaling \$308,464 with an AA-/AA rating from Standard & Poor's that were issued by the San Bernardino Financing Authority. Included in long-term debt are also the Pension Obligation Bonds (2004) totaling \$199,275 with an AA- rating from Standard & Poor's and the Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds (2008) totaling \$154,955 with an AA rating from Standard & Poor's.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND BUDGETING

The Board of Supervisors adopted the County's final budget on June 14, 2016. The budget plan does not use reserves to fund ongoing costs and there is limited use of one-time sources to fund operating costs.

The General Fund spending authority totals \$3.0 billion and is funded by departmental revenues, Countywide discretionary revenues, and other financing sources.

As of June 30, 2016, the County's General Fund is projecting a cumulative structural surplus of \$47.3 million over the next five fiscal years. However, with upcoming and current negotiation with employee groups this surplus could guickly revert to a deficit when potential Memoranda of Understanding costs are included.

In addition, the County's fiscal planning efforts are presented with major challenges in year 2016-17 and beyond. These challenges include fiscal uncertainty inherent in the State budget process, sales tax volatility and projected increases in retirement costs.

The County has also identified the following critical areas to be addressed in 2016-17 in order to prevent unnecessary costs and risks:

- Funding for negotiated raises for County employees
- Ongoing funding for maintenance of County roads
- Continued investment in facilities, infrastructure and operating systems
- Ongoing funding of mental health and medical services for County residents
- Maintain fiscal responsibility through contribution to reserves of \$60.7 million

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or separate reports of the County's component units, or if you need any additional financial information, contact the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector's Office, 268 W. Hospitality Lane, County of San Bernardino, California, 92415-0018.













	F	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	<u> </u>	COMPONENT UNIT
	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	FIRST 5 SAN BERNARDINO
ASSETS				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTE 4)	\$ 1,998,782	\$ 291,425	\$ 2,290,207	\$ 79,789
INVESTMENTS (NOTE 4)	1,926	-	1,926	-
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET (NOTE 5)	7,082	44,216	51,298	-
TAXES RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5) INTEREST RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	44,214 21,962	196 300	44,410 22,262	140
LOANS RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	43,225	7,808	51,033	-
OTHER RECEIVABLES, NET (NOTE 5)	7,823	52,388	60,211	-
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS, NET (NOTE 5)	364,341	57,379	421,720	3,941
INTERNAL BALANCES	1,099	(1,099)	- 0.044	-
LAND HELD FOR RESALE INVENTORIES	2,211 5,431	2,766	2,211 8,197	-
PREPAID ITEMS	4,064	5,629	9,693	3
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (NOTE 4 & 7)	20,015	115,382	135,397	-
CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:				
LAND (NOTE 8)	126,913	32,554	159,467	-
LAND USE RIGHTS (NOTE 8)	23,869	351	24,220	-
DEVELOPMENT IN PROGRESS (NOTE 8) CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:	250,687	14,919	265,606	-
LAND USE RIGHTS (NOTE 8)	123	1,109	1,232	_
STRUCTURES, IMPROVEMENTS, AND INFRASTRUCTURE (NOTE 8)	2,624,992	1,018,834	3,643,826	130
EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE (NOTE 8)	385,656	178,353	564,009	14
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION (NOTE 8)	(1,509,853)	(622,302)	(2,132,155)	(39)
TOTAL ASSETS	4,424,562	1,200,208	5,624,770	83,978
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTE 9)	462,115	75,580	537,695	547
LIABILITIES				
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND CURRENT LIABILITIES	84,217	58,169	142,386	108
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	83,881	15,413	99,294	125
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS	27,320	3,079	30,399	4,774
INTEREST PAYABLE	8,422	12,146	20,568	-
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS (NOTE 10) NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:	29,652	2,333	31,985	-
PORTION DUE PAYABLE IN ONE YEAR:	404 704	44.740	440.504	_
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	104,791 29	11,740 15	116,531 44	5
TERMINATION BENEFITS PAYABLE (NOTE 11) BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	102,505	25,157	127,662	-
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (NOTES 11 & 12)	-	1,924	1,924	_
POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS (NOTE 11)	-	4,862	4,862	-
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR CLOSURES/POST-CLOSURE				
CARE COSTS (NOTES 11 & 13)	-	1,396	1,396	-
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED CLAIMS (NOTES 11 & 14)	50,290		50,290	
PORTION DUE OR PAYABLE AFTER ONE YEAR:	50,290	-	50,290	-
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	66,879	7,805	74,684	174
TERMINATION BENEFITS PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	72	-	72	-
BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE, NET (NOTE 11)	685,092	413,425	1,098,517	-
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (NOTES 11 & 12)	-	2,268	2,268	-
OTHER LONG TERM LIABILITIES (NOTE 11)	-	10,435	10,435	-
POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS (NOTE 11) ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR CLOSURE/POST-CLOSURE	-	58,016	58,016	-
CARE COSTS (NOTES 11 & 13)	_	101,022	101,022	_
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED		- /-		
CLAIMS (NOTES 11 & 14)	186,405	-	186,405	-
NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OBLIGATION				
FOR HOUSING AUTHORITY (NOTE 20)	-	4,042	4,042	-
NET PENSION LIABILITY (NOTE 19) TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,456,577 2,886,132	<u>178,390</u> 911,637	1,634,967 3,797,769	1,672 6,858
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTE 16) NET POSITION	361,657	46,314	407,971	469
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS RESTRICTED FOR:	1,843,897	202,941	2,046,838	105
GRANTS AND OTHER COUNTY PROGRAMS	940,439	_	940,439	_
PERPETUAL CARE - NONEXPENDABLE	1,711	-	1,711	-
DEBT SERVICE	, · -	41,723	41,723	-
LANDFILL CLOSURE	-	26,419	26,419	-
HOUSING PROGRAMS	-	6,848	6,848	-
UNRESTRICTED	(1,147,159)	39,906	(1,107,253)	77,093
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,638,888	\$ 317,837	\$ 1,956,725	\$ 77,198

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

					<u>a</u>	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	L _Z	COMPONENT UNIT
			PROGRAM REVENUES	JES	NET (EXPENSE)/RE	NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	S IN NET POSITION	
	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	FIRST 5 SAN BERNARDINO
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS				•				
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental Activities	Ī							
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 158,981	\$ 150,204	\$ 7,822	\$ 182	\$ (773)	ا د	\$ (773)	· &
PUBLIC PROTECTION	1,054,075	251,153	279,206		(523,714)	•	(523,714)	•
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES	81,902	9,047	46,838	250	(25,767)	•	(25,767)	•
HEALTH AND SANITATION	338,910	22,304	376,831	•	60,225	•	60,225	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	1,079,575	3,034	1,080,108	•	3,567	•	3,567	•
EDUCATION	19,424	1,011	254		(18,159)	•	(18,159)	
RECKEATION AND COLLORAL SERVICES INTEREST ON LONG TERM DEBT	24,505 42,744	8,773	989	06	(14,996) (42,744)	1 1	(14,996) (42,744)	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	2,800,116	445,526	1,791,745	484	(562,361)	1	(562,361)	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:								
MEDICAL CENTER	507,668	448,135	95,250	18,855	1	54,572	54,572	•
WASTE SYSTEMS	60,717	76,869	79	' 4	•	16,231	16,231	•
WATER. SEWER. AND SANITATION	20.804	13,459	91,044			1,629	(7.103)	
OTHERS	. 67	74	•		•	, , ,	7	•
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	695,132	554,837	186,445	19,186		65,336	65,336	'
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 3,495,248	\$ 1,000,363	\$ 1,978,190	\$ 19,670	(562,361)	65,336	(497,025)	•
COMPONENT UNIT								
FIRST 5 SAN BERNARDINO	\$ 22,668	- \$	\$ 21,943	\$	•	•	1	(725)
	GENERAL REVENUES:	ES:						
	PROPERTY TAXE	PROPERTY TAXES, LEVIED FOR GENERAL PURPOSES	ERAL PURPOSES		617,923	2,981	620,904	•
	PUBLIC SAFETY TAX	AX			164,993	1	164,993	•
	SALES TAXES				43,595	•	43,595	•
	OTHER TAXES				20,743	1	20,743	•
	REVENUES FROM	REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	D PROPERTY		42,739	3,155	45,894	627
	MISCELLANEOUS				69,822	4,536	74,358	•
	GAIN ON SALE OF	GAIN ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS			11,676	671	12,347	•
	TRANSFERS (NOTE 6)	(9)			(19,728)	19,628	(100)	•
	TOTAL GENERA	TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES AND TR	ID TRANSFERS		951,763	30,971	982,734	627
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	T POSITION			389,402	96,307	485,709	(86)
	NET POSITION - BE	NET POSITION - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED (NOTE 25)	TED (NOTE 25)		1,249,486	221,530	1,471,016	77,296
	NET POSITION - ENDING	DING			\$ 1,638,888	\$ 317,837	\$ 1,956,725	\$ 77,198

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.







FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



	GEN	NERAL FUND		APITAL ROVEMENT FUND	NO GOVE	TOTAL ONMAJOR ERNMENTAL FUNDS	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS			-	,		FUNDS		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTE 4)	\$	847,787	\$	138,252	\$	666,669	\$	1,652,708
INVESTMENTS (NOTE 4)		-		-		1,926		1,926
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET (NOTE 5)		2,946		-		4,059		7,005
TAXES RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)		36,837		-		7,377		44,214
INTEREST RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)		20,573		222		1,167		21,962
LOANS RECEIVABLE, NET (NOTE 5) OTHER RECEIVABLES (NOTE 5)		42,215 7,510		-		1,010 276		43,225 7,786
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS (NOTE 6)		23,641		4,363		14,799		42,803
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS (NOTE 5)		302,869		283		60,082		363,234
LAND HELD FOR RESALE		549		200		1,662		2,211
INVENTORIES		1,446		_		108		1,554
PREPAID ITEMS		2,691		_		83		2,774
INTERFUND RECEIVABLE (NOTE 6)		2,613		_		16,698		19,311
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (NOTES 4 & 7)		4,825		_		15,190		20,015
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,296,502	\$	143,120	\$	791,106	\$	2,230,728
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	51,438	\$	6,678	\$	20,963	\$	79,079
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	Ф		Þ	0,076	Ф	,	Ф	
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS (NOTE 6)		67,341 12,850		435		13,931 29,234		81,272 42,519
DUE TO OTHER PONDS (NOTE 6) DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		24,097		433		3,223		27,320
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS (NOTE 10)		14,242		450		14,960		29,652
INTERFUND PAYABLE (NOTE 6)		14,242		450		2,414		2,414
TOTAL LIABILITIES		169,968		7,563		84,725		262,256
						· · · · · ·	-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTE 16)		69,876		222		11,456		81,554
FUND BALANCES (NOTE 17):								
NONSPENDABLE		49,048		-		1,902		50,950
RESTRICTED		397,574		35,760		649,637		1,082,971
COMMITTED		306,216		-				306,216
ASSIGNED		8,862		99,575		43,386		151,823
UNASSIGNED		294,958						294,958
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,056,658		135,335		694,925		1,886,918
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,296,502	\$	143,120	\$	791,106		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different due to the following (Note 2):								
- 1								
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,								4 05 4 700
therefore, not reported in the funds.								1,854,780
								1,854,780 81,554
therefore, not reported in the funds. Receivables that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures are deferred								
therefore, not reported in the funds. Receivables that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures are deferred in the governmental funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of general services, telecommunication services, computer operations, vehicle services, risk management, and flood control equipment to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resource of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statements.								81,554
therefore, not reported in the funds. Receivables that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures are deferred in the governmental funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of general services, telecommunication services, computer operations, vehicle services, risk management, and flood control equipment to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resource of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.								81,554 103,215
therefore, not reported in the funds. Receivables that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures are deferred in the governmental funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of general services, telecommunication services, computer operations, vehicle services, risk management, and flood control equipment to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resource of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Interest payable on long-term debt Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and deferred amounts on refunding are applicable to future periods and therefore are not reported in the								81,554 103,215 (8,422)
therefore, not reported in the funds. Receivables that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures are deferred in the governmental funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of general services, telecommunication services, computer operations, vehicle services, risk management, and flood control equipment to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resource of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Interest payable on long-term debt Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and deferred amounts on refunding are applicable to future periods and therefore are not reported in the funds.	nt							81,554 103,215
therefore, not reported in the funds. Receivables that are not available to pay for current-period expenditures are deferred in the governmental funds. Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of general services, telecommunication services, computer operations, vehicle services, risk management, and flood control equipment to individual funds. The assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resource of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position. Interest payable on long-term debt Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and deferred amounts on refunding are applicable to future periods and therefore are not reported in the	nt							81,554 103,215 (8,422)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES TAXES	\$ 729,697	\$ -	\$ 119,702	\$ 849,399
LICENSES, PERMITS, AND FRANCHISES	24,107	φ -	1,052	25,159
FINES, FORFEITURES, AND PENALTIES	6,335	_	5,661	11,996
REVENUE FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	37,939	8	9,685	47,632
AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES	1,480,083	250	307,141	1,787,474
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES	301,500	3,815	97,878	403,193
OTHER REVENUES	21,457	422	39,441	61,320
TOTAL REVENUES	2,601,118	4,495	580,560	3,186,173
EXPENDITURES				
CURRENT:				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	141,013	609	7,538	149,160
PUBLIC PROTECTION	856,460	-	195,911	1,052,371
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES HEALTH AND SANITATION	2,750 231,207	-	59,542 121,574	62,292 352,781
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	1,042,053		88,811	1,130,864
EDUCATION	3,004	-	15,236	18,240
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES	13,340	-	6,380	19,720
DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL	7,375	_	104.377	111,752
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES	1,216	-	19,227	20,443
BOND ISSUANCE COSTS	-	_	187	187
CAPITAL OUTLAY	14,754	75,057	31,098	120,909
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,313,172	75,666	649,881	3,038,719
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	287,946	(71,171)	(69,321)	147,454
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6)	(218,170)	(3,298)	(81,425)	(302,893)
TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6)	55,532	97,514	148,339	301,385
REFUNDING BONDS ISSUED (NOTE 11)	-	-	27,870	27,870
PAYMENT TO REFUNDED BOND ESCROW AGENT (NOTE 11)	-	-	(27,870)	(27,870)
INSURANCE RECOVERIES SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	1 026	-	3,916	3,916
	1,926		13,285	15,211
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(160,712)	94,216	84,115	17,619
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	127,234	23,045	14,794	165,073
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	929,424	112,290	680,131	1,721,845
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 1,056,658	\$ 135,335	\$ 694,925	\$ 1,886,918
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL				\$ 165,073
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense: Expenditures for general capital assets, infrastructure and other related capital asset adjustments			122,943	
Less current year depreciation/amortization expense.			(90,182)	
Less current year program expenses related to capital assets adjustments.			(22,473)	10,288
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of general service group, telecommunication service, computer operations, vehicle services, risk management, and flood control equipment. The net revenues of the internal service fund is reported within governmental				
activities.				18,874
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. Expenses in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current				(23,929)
financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund.				(27,322)
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense:				
Expenditures for pension contributions			247,370	
Less current year pension expense.			(140,027)	107,343
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources of governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds, report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the				
treatment of long-term debt and related items.				139,075
Changes in net position of governmental activities (page 37)				\$ 389,402

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO
GENERAL FUND
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON A BUDGETARY BASIS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			VARIANCE WITH	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL AMOUNTS	FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES					
TAXES	\$ 677,920	\$ 689,815	\$ 729,697	\$ 39,882	
LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES	22,113	23,911	24,107	196	
FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES	7,411	7,417	6,335	(1,082)	
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	34,101	34,397	37,939	3,542	
AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES	1,194,546	1,224,900	1,480,083	255,183	
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	406,005	408,497	301,500	(106,997)	
OTHER REVENUES	16,992	18,089	21,457	3,368	
TOTAL REVENUES	2,359,088	2,407,026	2,601,118	194,092	
EXPENDITURES CURRENT:					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	254,236	173,670	141,598	32,072	
PUBLIC PROTECTION	898,372	923,991	857,405	66,586	
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES	2,865	2,715	2,701	14	
HEALTH AND SANITATION	371,798	372,189	236,211	135,978	
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	1,084,923	1,097,701	1,042,544	55,157	
EDUCATION	3,139	3,139	3,004	135	
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES DEBT SERVICE:	13,246	14,366	13,547	819	
PRINCIPAL	7,375	7,375	7,375	-	
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES	7,200	6,658	1,216	5,442	
CAPITAL OUTLAY	24,621	25,616	14,402	11,214	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,667,775	2,627,420	2,320,003	307,417	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(308,687)	(220,394)	281,115	501,509	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6)	(205,764)	(247,427)	(218,170)	29,257	
TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6)	53,043	75,350	55,532	(19,818)	
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	650	650	1,926	1,276	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(152,071)	(171,427)	(160,712)	10,715	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(460,758)	(391,821)	120,403	512,224	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	892,544	892,544	892,544	-	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 431,786	\$ 500,723	\$ 1,012,947	\$ 512,224	

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -

	ь	ENTERPRISE FUNDS	·o -
		WASTE SYSTEMS	HOUSING
	MEDICAL CENTER 6/30/2016	DIVISION 6/30/2016	AUTHORITY 9/30/2015
ACCETC			
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS:			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTE 4)	\$ 122,213	\$ 98,134	\$ 30,641
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET (NOTE 5)	31,098	9,400	1,485
INTEREST RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	295	-	5
LOANS RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	-	-	2,393
OTHER RECEIVABLES, NET (NOTE 5)	23,351	1,243	-
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS (NOTE 6)	13,674	3,268	-
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS, NET (NOTE 5)	55,458	1,403	505
INVENTORIES	2,418	-	312
PREPAID ITEMS	2,264	168	579
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTES 4 & 7)	11,924	61,373	3,773
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	262,695	174,989	39,693
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			
LOANS RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	-	-	5,415
OTHER RECEIVABLES (NOTE 5)	-	25,300	2,312
PREPAID ITEMS	-	203	2,415
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (NOTES 4 & 7)	38,312	-	-
CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:		17 726	11,055
LAND (NOTE 8) LAND USE RIGHTS (NOTE 8)	-	17,736 93	11,000
DEVELOPMENT IN PROGRESS (NOTE 8)	1,822	7,866	1,812
CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:	1,022	7,000	1,012
LAND USE RIGHTS (NOTE 8)	-	105	_
STRUCTURE, IMPROVEMENTS, AND INFRASTRUCTURE (NOTE 8)	572,826	171,916	187,215
EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE (NOTE 8)	170,992	992	4,871
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION (NOTE 8)	(369,094)	(115,866)	(94,900)
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	414,858	108,345	120,195
TOTAL ASSETS	677,553	283,334	159,888
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTES 9 & 19)	73,108	1,840	632
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	E0 072	E 200	2 200
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND CURRENT LIABILITIES SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	50,072 14,967	5,309 445	2,208
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS (NOTE 6)	410	526	
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS	-	2,974	_
INTEREST PAYABLE	8,808	-,	3,283
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS (NOTE 10)	-	942	1,373
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	10,910	497	333
TERMINATION BENEFITS PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	15	-	-
BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	22,380	-	2,483
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (NOTES 11 & 12)	1,924	-	-
POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS (NOTE 11)	-	4,862	-
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR CLOSURES/POST-CLOSURE CARE			
COSTS (NOTES 11 & 13)		1,396	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	109,486	16,951	9,680
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:			
INTERFUND PAYABLE (NOTE 6)	-	-	16,393
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	6,867	494	444
BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	380,556	-	31,137
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (NOTES 11 & 12)	2,268	-	-
OTHER LONG TERM LIABILITIES	9,973	- - -	462
POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS (NOTE 11) ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR CLOSURE/POST-CLOSURE CARE	-	58,016	-
COSTS (NOTES 11 & 13)	_	101,022	
NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OBLIGATION		101,022	
FOR HOUSING AUTHORITY (NOTE 20)	_	_	4,042
NET PENSION LIABILITY (NOTE 19)	156,238	5,319	16,833
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	555,902	164,851	69,311
TO THE NONCONNENT EIRBIETIES	355,862	104,001	09,511
TOTAL LIABILITIES	665,388	181,802	78,991
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTES 16 & 19)	43,192	2,037	1,085
NET POSITION			
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	(8,685)	82,842	76,433
RESTRICTED FOR:	(-,)	- ,	-,
DEBT SERVICE	41,723	-	-
LANDFILL CLOSURE COSTS	-	26,419	-
HOUSING PROGRAMS	-	-	6,848
UNRESTRICTED	9,043	(7,926)	(2,837)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 42,081	\$ 101,335	\$ 80,444

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)	BUSINESS-TYP	PE ACTIVITIES	GOVERNMENTAL
	ENTERPRIS		ACTIVITIES
	TOTAL NONMAJOR	TOTAL ENTERPRISE	INTERNAL SERVICE
	ENTERPRISE FUNDS 6/30/2016	FUNDS	FUNDS 6/30/2016
ASSETS			
CURRENT ASSETS:	¢ 40.427	\$ 291.425	¢ 246.074
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTE 4) ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET (NOTE 5)	\$ 40,437 2,233	\$ 291,425 44,216	\$ 346,074 77
TAXES RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	196	196	-
INTEREST RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	-	300	-
LOANS RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	-	2,393	-
OTHER RECEIVABLES, NET (NOTE 5)	182	24,776	37
DUE FROM OTHER COVERNMENTS, NET (NOTE 5)	50 13	16,992	2,387
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS, NET (NOTE 5) INVENTORIES	36	57,379 2,766	1,107 3,877
PREPAID ITEMS	-	3,011	1,560
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTES 4 & 7)	-	77,070	-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	43,147	520,524	355,119
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			
INTERFUND RECEIVABLE LOANS RECEIVABLE (NOTE 5)	-	5,415	894
OTHER RECEIVABLES (NOTE 5)	-	27,612	-
PREPAID ITEMS	<u>-</u>	2,618	_
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (NOTES 4 & 7)	-	38,312	-
CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:			
LAND (NOTE 8)	3,763	32,554	396
LAND USE RIGHTS (NOTE 8) DEVELOPMENT IN PROGRESS (NOTE 8)	258	351	2 007
CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:	3,419	14,919	3,807
LAND USE RIGHTS (NOTE 8)	1,004	1,109	_
STRUCTURE, IMPROVEMENTS, AND INFRASTRUCTURE (NOTE 8)	86,877	1,018,834	11,539
EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE (NOTE 8)	1,498	178,353	115,586
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION (NOTE 8)	(42,442)	(622,302)	(83,721)
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	54,377	697,775	48,501
TOTAL ASSETS	97,524	1,218,299	403,620
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTES 9 & 19)	-	75,580	19,344
• • •			
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	580	E0 100	E 100
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND CURRENT LIABILITIES SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	1	58,169 15,413	5,138 2,609
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS (NOTE 6)	258	1,194	18,469
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS	105	3,079	-
INTEREST PAYABLE	55	12,146	-
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS (NOTE 10)	18	2,333	270
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	-	11,740	3,228
TERMINATION BENEFITS PAYABLE (NOTE 11) BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	294	15 25 157	-
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (NOTES 11 & 12)	294	25,157 1,924	-
POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS (NOTE 11)	_	4,862	_
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR CLOSURES/POST-CLOSURE CARE		***	
COSTS (NOTES 11 & 13)	-	1,396	-
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED			
CLAIMS (NOTES 11 & 14)			50,290
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	1,311	137,428	80,004
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:			
INTERFUND PAYABLE (NOTE 6)	504	16,897	894
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	-	7,805	4,044
BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE (NOTE 11)	1,732	413,425	-
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (NOTES 11 & 12)	=	2,268	-
OTHER LONG TERM LIABILITIES POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS (NOTE 11)	-	10,435	-
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR CLOSURE/POST-CLOSURE CARE	-	58,016	-
COSTS (NOTES 11 & 13)	<u>-</u>	101,022	-
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED			
CLAIMS (NOTES 11 & 14)	-	-	186,405
NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OBLIGATION		4.040	
FOR HOUSING AUTHORITY (NOTE 20) NET PENSION LIABILITY (NOTE 19)	-	4,042	25 625
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	2.226	178,390	35,625
TOTAL NONCORRENT LIABILITIES	2,236	792,300	226,968
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,547	929,728	306,972
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTES 16 & 19)		46,314	12,777
NET POSITION			
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	52,351	202,941	47,607
RESTRICTED FOR: DEBT SERVICE		44 700	
LANDFILL CLOSURE COSTS	-	41,723 26,419	-
HOUSING PROGRAMS	-	6,848	-
UNRESTRICTED	41,626	39,906	55,608
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 93,977	\$ 317,837	\$ 103,215

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -

ENTERPRISE FUNDS WASTE SYSTEM HOUSING **MEDICAL CENTER** AUTHORITY DIVISION 6/30/2016 6/30/2016 9/30/2015 OPERATING REVENUES: NET PATIENT CARE AND SERVICE 448,135 \$ \$ \$ CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES 64,977 16,300 OTHER 7,572 11,892 91,044 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES 455,707 76,869 107,344 **OPERATING EXPENSES:** PROFESSIONAL SERVICES 52,507 33,926 SALARIES AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS 230,795 6,409 13,396 171,716 18,464 SERVICES AND SUPPLIES 81,533 DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION 23.172 1,918 5,974 OTHER 5,452 2,687 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES 483,642 60,717 103,590 OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) (27,935)16,152 3,754 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): INTEREST REVENUE 1,469 1,218 142 INTEREST EXPENSE (24,026)(2,286)**GRANT REVENUE** 87,678 79 GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS 664 OTHER NONOPERATING REVENUES 249 2,592 322 OTHER NONOPERATING EXPENSES TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 65,370 3,889 (1,158)CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS 37,435 20,041 2,596 CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS 18,855 161 TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6) (9,954)(402)3,096 TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6) 26,819 CHANGE IN NET POSITION 22,735 2,757 73,155 TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING, AS RESTATED (NOTE 25) 78,600 77,687 (31,074)

42,081

101,335

80,444

The notes to the basic financial statement are an integral part of the statement.

TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

	BUSINESS-TYPE	GOVERNMENTAL	
	ENTERPRISE	ACTIVITIES	
	TOTAL NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS 6/30/2016	TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS 6/30/2016
OPERATING REVENUES: NET PATIENT CARE AND SERVICE CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER	\$ - 13,531 2	\$ 448,135 94,808 110,510	\$ - 215,222 -
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	13,533	653,453	215,222
OPERATING EXPENSES: PROFESSIONAL SERVICES SALARIES AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS SELF-INSURANCE CLAIMS SERVICES AND SUPPLIES DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION OTHER	3,682 6,318 - 4,480 2,997 522	90,115 256,918 - 276,193 34,061 8,661	24,566 44,922 50,398 55,438 11,572 864
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	17,999	665,948	187,760
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(4,466)	(12,495)	27,462
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): INTEREST REVENUE INTEREST EXPENSE TAX REVENUE GRANT REVENUE GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS OTHER NONOPERATING REVENUES OTHER NONOPERATING EXPENSES	326 (144) 2,981 72 7 1,373 (2,728)	3,155 (26,456) 2,981 87,829 671 4,536 (2,728)	2,699 (9) - 4 495 6,450 (7)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	1,887	69,988	9,632
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(2,579)	57,493	37,094
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS TRANSFERS OUT (NOTE 6) TRANSFERS IN (NOTE 6)	170 (58) 127	19,186 (10,414) 30,042	(18,258)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(2,340)	96,307	18,874
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING, AS RESTATED (NOTE 25)	96,317	221,530	84,341
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 93,977	\$ 317,837	\$ 103,215

The notes to the basic financial statement are an integral part of the statement.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS					
	MEDICAL CENTER 6/30/2016		WASTE SYSTEMS DIVISION 6/30/2016		HOUSING AUTHORITY 9/30/2015	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
CASH RECEIVED FROM PATIENT CARE AND SERVICES CASH RECEIVED FROM OPERATING GRANT FOR HOUSING CASH PAYMENTS FOR HOUSING ASSISTANCE CASH PAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS OF GOODS AND SERVICES	\$	479,370 - - (240,438)	\$	79,701 - - (61,640)	\$	21,629 85,459 (71,777) (13,690)
CASH PAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS OF GOODS AND SERVICES CASH PAYMENTS TO EMPLOYEES FOR SERVICES		(243,885)		(7,056)		(13,395)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(4,953)		11,005		8,226
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
GRANTS RECEIVED TRANSFERS RECEIVED		87,678 15,392		79 -		-
TRANSFERS PAID		(9,954)		(402)		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		93,116		(323)		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF CAPITAL ASSETS		(14,200)		(1,713)		(361)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION		18,855		-		161
PRINCIPAL PAID ON CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS PROCEEDS OF LOANS AND NOTES PAYABLE		(1,100)		-		15,301
PRINCIPAL PAID ON BONDS AND NOTES		(21,044)		-		(19,503)
INTEREST PAID ON BONDS AND NOTES PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		(22,062)				(1,557) 2,549
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(39,551)		(1,713)		(3,410)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		1,722		1,218		70
INVESTMENTS ACTIVITY, NET		(240)		-		(5,326)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		1,482		1,218		(5,256)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		50,094		10,187		(440)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		122,355		149,320		34,854
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	172,449	\$	159,507	\$	34,414
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(27,935)	\$	16,152	\$	3,754
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE) RELATED TO OPERATING ACTIVITIES		23,172 249		1,918 2,592		5,974 -
CHANGES IN ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		7,496 4,937 12,809		(2,084) (29) 1,009		(278) - (495)
OTHER RECEIVABLES		(1,828)		1,339		-
INVENTORIES PREPAID ITEMS		(663) 1,169		(300)		22 118
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE		(10,967) 2,801		(1,741)		(1,274)
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		(302)		58 68		-
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS ADVANCES FROM OTHERS		-		(2,314) 5		1,373
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE OTHER NON-CASH ITEMS		532 (16,423)		10 (5,678)		(569) (399)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(4,953)	\$	11,005	\$	8,226
		()/		,		2, 2
		BREAKDO	WN OF CAS	H AND CASH EC	UIVALENTS	3
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS	\$	122,213 50,236	\$	98,134 61,373	\$	30,641 3,773
TOTAL	\$	172,449	\$	159,507	\$	34,414

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES --

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS				ACTIVITIES RNAL SERVICE FUNDS 6/30/2016
	TOTAL NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS 6/30/2016	EN	TOTAL ITERPRISE FUNDS		FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
CASH RECEIVED FROM PATIENT CARE AND SERVICES	\$ 12,240	\$	592,940	\$	-
CASH RECEIVED FROM OPERATING GRANT FOR HOUSING CASH PAYMENTS FOR HOUSING ASSISTANCE	-		85,459 (71,777)		-
CASH RECEIVED FROM OTHER FUNDS FOR INTERNAL SERVICES	(40.006)		-		
CASH PAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS OF GOODS AND SERVICES CASH PAYMENTS TO EMPLOYEES FOR SERVICES	(10,896) (6,318)		(326,664) (270,654)		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(4,974)		9,304		54.937
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	(1,51.1)				- 1,001
TAXES RECEIVED	2,996		2,996		-
GRANTS RECEIVED INTERFUND LOAN REPAYMENT	72		87,829		- (895)
INTEREST PAID ON INTERFUND LOAN	-		-		(9)
INTERFUND LOAN ADVANCED TRANSFERS RECEIVED	- 127		- 15,519		895 38
TRANSFERS PAID	(79)		(10,435)		(2,285)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	3,116		95,909		(2,256)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF CAPITAL ASSETS	(1,499)		(17,773)		(17,322)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION PRINCIPAL PAID ON CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS	170		19,186 (1,100)		-
PROCEEDS OF LOANS AND NOTES PAYABLE	-		15,301		-
PRINCIPAL PAID ON BONDS AND NOTES INTEREST PAID ON BONDS AND NOTES	(232) (214)		(40,779) (23,833)		-
PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	7		2,556		604
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1,768)		(46,442)		(16,718)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS INVESTMENTS ACTIVITY, NET	326		3,336 (5,566)		2,699
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	326		(2,230)		2,699
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(3,300)		56,541		38,662
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	43,737		350,266		307,412
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR		\$	406,807	\$	346,074
CASTIAND CASTI EQUIVALENTS - END OF TEAK	\$ 40,437	Ψ	400,007	Ψ	340,074
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (4,466)	\$	(12,495)	\$	27,462
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	2,997		34,061		11,572
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE) RELATED TO OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(1,355)		1,486		6,445
CHANGES IN ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	(119)		5,015		3,861
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS			4,908		4,385
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS OTHER RECEIVABLES	190		13,513 (489)		(78) 19
INVENTORIES	(11)		(652)		460
PREPAID ITEMS	(2.010)		987		889
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	(2,010)		(15,992) 2,859		(2,003) 279
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS	- (404)		(234)		- (14)
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS	(191) (9)		(2,505) 1,369		(14) 69
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE	-		(27)		(6)
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED CLAIMS OTHER NON-CASH ITEMS			(22,500)		4,597 (3,000)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (4,974)	\$	9,304	\$	54,937
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
	BREAKDO	WN OF CA	SH AND CASH EQ	UIVALENT	s
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS	\$ 40,437	\$	291,425 115,382	\$	346,074
TOTAL	\$ 40,437	\$	406,807	\$	346,074
	-, -,				,-

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES --

GOVERNMENTAL

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

		VESTMENT RUST FUND			AGENCY		
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTE 4) ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET TAXES RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS LAND HELD FOR RESALE PREPAID ITEMS RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS EQUIPMENT ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION EQUIPMENT TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,090,484 - - - - - - - 3,090,484	\$	5,827 - - 23,396 641 3,515 16 (16) 33,379	\$	275,540 18,067 154,874 16,751 - - - - 465,232	
LIABILITIES: DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS INTEREST PAYABLE BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE DUE IN ONE YEAR DUE AFTER ONE YEAR		- - -		89 1,552 1,534 83,018	\$	465,232 - - -	
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: DEFERRED AMOUNT ON REFUNDING OF DEBT	_	<u>-</u> 	_	86,193 747	\$	465,232	
NET POSITION NET POSITION (DEFICIT) HELD IN TRUST	\$	3,090,484	\$	(53,561)			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	INVESTMENT TRUST FUND	PRIVATE- PURPOSE TRUST FUND		
ADDITIONS:				
CONTRIBUTIONS:				
CONTRIBUTIONS ON POOLED INVESTMENTS	\$ 10,484,031	\$ -		
REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PROPERTY TAX TRUST FUND	-	9,118		
OTHER REVENUES TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	10,484,031	9,304		
TOTAL GONTRIBOTIONS	10,404,001	3,304		
INTEREST AND INVESTMENT REVENUE:				
NET INCREASE IN FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS	5,776	12		
INTEREST INCOME ON CASH AND SECURITIES	21,000	9		
TOTAL INTEREST AND INVESTMENT REVENUES	26,776	21		
TOTAL ADDITIONS	10,510,807	9,325		
DEDUCTIONS:				
DISTRIBUTION FROM POOLED INVESTMENTS	10,153,649	-		
DISTRIBUTION AND OBLIGATION RETIREMENTS	-	5,854		
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		320		
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	10,153,649	6,174		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	357,158	3,151		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) HELD IN TRUST, BEGINNING	2,733,326	(56,712)		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) HELD IN TRUST, ENDING	\$ 3,090,484	\$ (53,561)		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.





NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The County of San Bernardino (County), which was established by an act of the State Legislature on April 26, 1853, is a legal subdivision of the State of California charged with governmental powers. The County's powers are exercised through a five-member Board of Supervisors (Board) which, as the governing body of the County, is responsible for the legislative and executive control of the County. As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the accompanying financial statements present the activities of the County (the primary government) and its component units.

Blended Component Units

Because of their relationship with the County and the nature of their operations, blended component units are, in substance, part of the County's operations and, accordingly, the activities of these component units are combined, or blended, with the activities of the County for purposes of reporting in the accompanying basic financial statements. The basis for blending the component units is that their governing bodies are substantially the same as the County's Board and their operational or financial relationships with the County.

While each of these component units is legally separate from the County, the County has financial benefit or burden and/or fiscal dependence for these entities, and potential exclusion would result in misleading financial reporting of the County. Financial accountability is demonstrated by the County's Board acting as the governing board for each of the component units.

The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity:

- Fire Protection District Established per Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO) Resolution 2986/2989 (adopted on January 16, 2008), effective July 1, 2008. Services provided include fire management, ambulance billing, fire prevention, hazardous materials, household hazardous waste, and the Office of Emergency Services. The district is included in the reporting entity because it has the same governing board and management as the County.
- Flood Control District Established under Chapter 73 of the 1939 Statutes for the State of California. The District maintains and constructs flood control channels, basins, storm drains and dams in six geographical zones within the County. The District is included in the reporting entity because it has the same governing board and management as the County.
- Park and Recreation Districts Responsible for the operation and maintenance of parks and improvement zones located throughout the County. The Districts are included in the reporting entity because they have the same governing board and management as the County.
- County Service Areas Established to provide specific services to distinct geographical areas within
 the County. Services include, but are not limited to, management and maintenance of streetlights,
 roads, sanitation collection systems and water distribution systems. The County Service Areas are
 included in the reporting entity because they have the same governing board and management as
 the County.
- Various Joint Powers Authorities (JPAs) Includes In Home Support Services (IHSS), Inland Counties
 Emergency Medical Agency (ICEMA), and San Bernardino County Industrial Development Authority
 (COIDA). With the exception of ICEMA, separate financial statements are not available for these
 JPAs. The JPAs are included in the reporting entity because they have the same governing board
 and management as the County.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Inland Empire Public Facilities Corporation (IEPFC) A nonprofit public benefit corporation, formed
 on May 30, 1986, to serve the County by financing, refinancing, acquiring, constructing, improving,
 leasing and selling buildings, building improvements, equipment, land, land improvements, and any
 other real or personal property for the benefit of residents of the County. The Corporation is included
 in the reporting entity because it has the same governing board as the County, and there is a financial
 benefit or burden relationship with the County.
- San Bernardino County Financing Authority (SBCFA) Created pursuant to a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement dated May 16, 1966 as amended on July 1, 1982, and May 1, 1983, as amended and restated on March 27, 1989, and as amended on February 15, 1994. SBCFA provides financing for public capital improvements for the County, to acquire such public capital improvements, and to purchase certain underlying obligations issued by or on behalf of the County. The Authority is included in the reporting entity because it has the same governing board as the County, and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship with the County.
- Housing Authority of the County of San Bernardino (HACSB) a public agency established in 1941, whose primary goal is to provide decent housing in a suitable living environment for families that cannot afford standard private housing such as economically disadvantaged or elderly individuals. It accomplishes this goal through various federal, state and other funded programs. The HACSB is included in the reporting entity because they have the same governing board and management as the County. The Authority has a September 30th year-end and the information incorporated into the County's financial statements is from September 30, 2015. Since it was determined that a common fiscal year-end is impractical, the County incorporates financial statements for the HACSB's fiscal year ending during the County's fiscal year in accordance with GASB 14, Financial Reporting Entity.

Additional detailed financial information, including separately issued financial statements (except as noted above) of the County's component units, can be obtained from the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector's Office at 268 W. Hospitality Lane, San Bernardino, CA 92415-0018.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

FIRST 5 San Bernardino, formerly known as the Children and Families First Commission, was formed in 1998 under the California Health and Safety Code - Section 130100, Chapter 29 of Title 1 of the San Bernardino County Code, and the California Children and Families First Act of 1998. The Commission was created for the purpose of promoting, supporting and improving the early development of children from the prenatal stage to five years of age and is funded by allocations of California Proposition 10 Tobacco Tax. The FIRST 5 is a discretely presented component unit because the County has the ability to impose its will by appointing all of the Commissioners who serve at the pleasure of the San Bernardino County Board of Supervisors.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The basic financial statements consist of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements.
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the basic financial statements.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the primary government, the County, and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and inter-governmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expenses of the appropriate functions. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipient for goods or services offered by the program and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund group classification – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in separate columns. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the County that are not accounted for through other funds. For the County, the General Fund includes such activities as General Government, Public Protection, Public Ways and Facilities, Health and Sanitation, Public Assistance, Education, and Recreation and Cultural Services.
- The Capital Improvement Fund accounts for construction, rehabilitation, and repair projects for numerous facilities and structures administered by the Architecture and Engineering Department. The fund is primarily financed by transfers from the general fund.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

County Medical Center accounts for the operation of Arrowhead Regional Medical Center inpatient and
outpatient care operations, including emergency room services and indigent care to County residents.
The fund is financed primarily by patient care services. Separately issued financial statements for the
County Medical Center can be obtained from the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector's Office at
268 W. Hospitality Lane, San Bernardino, CA 92415-0018.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Waste Systems Division accounts for refuse disposal services provided to the public by five landfill sites.
 The waste disposal program is financed by funds derived from gate fees at the San Bernardino Valley landfill sites and from land use fees charged to property owners in both the mountain and desert areas.
- HACSB accounts for the activities of the Authority, a blended component unit of the County. HACSB provides various types of housing assistance to low and moderate income residents of San Bernardino County. HACSB's fiscal year-end was September 30, 2015.

The County reports the following additional fund types in the fund financial statements:

- Internal Service Funds account for central services group that provides services to other departments or
 agencies of the County on a cost reimbursement basis. Central services group includes printing services,
 central mail, telecommunication services, computer operations, vehicle services, risk management, and
 flood control equipment operations.
- The *Investment Trust Fund* accounts for the pooled investments of numerous self-governed school and special districts for which cash and investments are held by the County Treasurer. The financial reporting for these governmental entities, which are independent of the County, is limited to the total amount of cash and investments and other assets, and the related fiduciary responsibility of the County for disbursements of these assets. Activities of the school districts and special districts are administered by their own separate elected boards and are independent of the County Board of Supervisors. The County Auditor-Controller makes disbursements upon the request of the responsible school and self-governed district officers. The County Board of Supervisors has no effective authority to govern, manage, approve budgets, assume financial responsibility, establish revenue limits, or to appropriate surplus funds available in these entities. Therefore, these entities are fiscally independent of the County.
- The *Private Purpose Trust Fund* accounts for the San Bernardino Redevelopment Successor Agency (Successor Agency) which operates under the auspices of a legislatively formed Oversight Board comprised of representatives of the local agencies that serve the redevelopment project area. The Oversight Board, in its fiduciary capacity, has authority over the operations and the timely dissolution of the former Redevelopment Agency (RDA). It is tasked with fulfilling the obligations of the former RDA, and is also responsible for revenue collection, maintaining necessary bond reserves and disposing of excess property. The Successor Agency issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Successor Agency, 385 North Arrowhead Ave, 3rd Floor, San Bernardino, CA 92415-0043.
- The Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds primarily account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity pending transfer or distribution to individuals, private organizations, other governmental agencies, or other funds.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary funds financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and sales taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable, earned, spendable and available. In the fund financial statements, property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which they are levied, provided they are due and collected within sixty days after fiscal year-end. Property taxes are recorded as deferred inflows of resources when not received within sixty days after fiscal year-end. In the government-wide financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue when levied regardless of when the cash is collected. Sales taxes, interest, and charges for services are accrued when their receipt occurs within sixty days after the end of the accounting period, and recognized as revenue.

The County considers items available if received within 9 months of year end, for voluntary non-exchange transactions such as federal and state grants and government-mandated non-exchange transactions. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when the payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County reports items as deferred inflows of resources when all eligibility requirements are met except for timing requirements or resources recognized as assets that do not meet the availability criterion for recognition as revenue in governmental funds.

Proprietary funds are used to account for business-type activities, which are financed mainly by fees and charges to users of the services provided by the funds' operations. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds include all Trust and Agency Funds, which account for assets held in a trustee or an agency capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the County considers all pooled investments and other highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

(b) Investments

The County's pooled investments are governed by the California Government Code (CGC) and the County's Investment Policy. These approved investments include U.S. Government Treasury and Agency securities, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, CD's, medium term notes, mutual funds, repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements as authorized by the CGC Sections 53601, 53635 and 53638 that limit the investments to certain maximum percentages by investment type in the pool.

The County's pooled investments and securities are reported at fair value. The County intends to either hold investments until maturity or until market values equal or exceed cost. The value of the various investments will fluctuate on a daily basis as a result of a multitude of factors, including generally prevailing interest rates and other economic conditions. Certain money market investments and investment contracts are recorded at cost.

As of July 1, 2015, the County adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72 – Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The County categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

(c) Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is an asset acquired and held with the intent of sale, and is recorded at the lower of cost or market, until such time as there is an event which would indicate an agreed-upon sales price. It is not the intent of the County to hold these assets for gain or profit.

(d) Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories, which consist principally of materials and supplies held for consumption, are valued at cost (first-in, first-out basis) for governmental fund types and at an amount which approximates the lower of average cost or market for proprietary fund types. Inventories of the governmental and business-type activities are accounted for as expenses when the inventory items are consumed. In the governmental fund financial statements, reported inventories are offset with nonspendable fund balance because these amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items and accounted for as expenses when consumed rather than purchased in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(e) Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. A deferred outflows of resources has a positive effect on net position, similar to assets, and a deferred inflows of resources has a negative effect on net position, similar to liabilities. The County has certain items, which qualify for reporting as deferred outflows of resources (Note 9 and Note 19) and deferred inflows of resources (Note 16 and Note 19).

(f) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, structures and improvements, equipment, software, land use rights including easement/right-of-way, and infrastructure assets (roadways, bridges, roadway signage, guardrails, drainage systems, traffic lights, dams, and flood control), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. These capital assets have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or developed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value (an entry price) at the date of donation.

The capitalization threshold for the County is \$5,000 (amount not rounded) except for the following assets:

- Structures and Infrastructure: \$100,000 (amount not rounded)
- Internally generated software: \$100,000 (amount not rounded)
- Easements/right-of-way: \$10,000 (amount not rounded)

Structures and improvements, equipment, software and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Infrastructure
 Structures and improvements
 Equipment and software
 10 to 100 years
 Up to 45 years
 5 to 15 years

Certain intangible assets with contractual, legal, regulatory, or any other factors, which limit the useful lives of those assets, are amortized in accordance with such factors or provisions.

(g) Employee Compensated Absences

Compensated employee absences (vacation, compensatory time off, annual leave, perfect attendance leave, and sick leave) are accrued as an expense and liability in the proprietary funds when incurred. In the governmental funds, only those amounts that are due and payable at year-end are accrued. Compensated employee absences that exceed this amount represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

(h) Termination Benefits

The County offered monetary incentives to hasten employee voluntary termination of services. Termination benefits are different in nature than salaries and benefits, including post employment benefits. Accordingly, a liability for termination benefits is accrued and presented separately from the salaries and benefits (Note 11).

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Pollution Remediation Obligations

In accordance with GASB 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations," pollution remediation costs are accrued and recorded. GASB 49 requires estimating pollution remediation outlays to remediate the effects of a pollution event. Those outlays include remedial investigation, site assessment, corrective measures feasibility studies, remediation work, equipment and monitoring of the polluted site (Note 11).

(j) Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized in the period issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

(k) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan administered by the San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA) and the Housing Authority's agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SBCERA and CalPERS. For this purpose, employer and employee contributions are recognized in the period the related salaries are earned and become measurable pursuant to formal commitments, statutory or contractual requirement, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms, and investments are reported at fair value.

(I) Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "Due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "Interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Interfund receivables, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by the corresponding fund balance classification to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/ expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

(m) Net Position/Fund Balances

The government-wide and business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, and capital-related deferred outflows of resources into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation, capital-related deferred inflows of resources, and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets as well as any premium or discount paid on debt reduce the balance in this category.
- Restricted Net Position— This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulation of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Examples of restricted net position include federal and state grants that are restricted by grant agreements for specific purposes and restricted cash set aside for debt service payments.
- *Unrestricted Net Position* This category represents the net position of the County, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

At June 30, 2016, the County reported restricted net position of \$942,150 in the Governmental Activities restricted for the following purposes:

Restricted for:	 Amount
Grants and Other County Programs:	
State Realignment Funds	\$ 382,412
Teeter Plan	13,538
Other Grants and Programs	544,489
Perpetual Care - Nonexpendable	 1,711
	\$ 942,150

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as (1) Nonspendable Fund Balance, (2) Restricted Fund Balance, (3) Committed Fund Balance, (4) Assigned Fund Balance, and (5) Unassigned Fund Balance. These components of fund balance are reported primarily to indicate the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraint on the specific purposes for which amounts in the fund can be spent (Note 17).

- Nonspendable Fund Balance: Amounts cannot be spent because they are: (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Due to the nature or form of the resources, they generally cannot be expected to be converted into cash or a spendable form.
- 2) Restricted Fund Balance: Amounts are restricted by external parties, i.e., creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws/regulations of other governments or restricted by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- 3) Committed Fund Balance: Amounts can only be used for a specific purpose pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority (the Board of Supervisors). The formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, however, the amount may be determined in the subsequent period. These are self-imposed limitations on available resources. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same level of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. These committed amounts would be approved and adopted by formal action of the Board.
- 4) Assigned Fund Balance: Amounts are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The intent will be expressed by the body or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority, i.e. the County Administrative Office. The County Administrative Office will assign fund balance for specific departmental projects through the use of the respective department's general fund savings.
- 5) Unassigned Fund Balance: The General Fund, as the principal operating fund, often has net resources in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the four categories already described. Therefore, in order to calculate unassigned fund balance, total fund balance less nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned equals unassigned fund balance. This amount is available for any purpose and will be placed in either the General Purpose Reserve, General Fund Mandatory Contingencies or the General Fund Uncertainties Contingencies until allocated for a specific purpose by the Board, by a four-fifths vote. Negative equity in all other governmental funds is reflected as unassigned.

The County Board of Supervisors establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. The County also uses budget and finance policy to authorize the assignment of fund balance, which is done through adoption of the budget and subsequent budget amendments throughout the year.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then followed by unrestricted resources; committed, assigned and unassigned, as they are needed.

(n) Fund Balance Policy

The objective of the County's fund balance and reserve policy is to ensure the County of San Bernardino maintains a minimum level of unassigned fund balance designated as general purpose reserve to meet seasonal cash flow shortfalls, revenue shortfalls, unanticipated expenditures, economic downturns or effects of local disasters. The policy also addresses the circumstances under which unassigned fund balance can be "spent down" and how the unassigned fund balance will be replenished if it falls below the established minimum.

General Purpose Reserve and Mandatory Contingencies Reserve

The County has established an unassigned fund balance designated as General Purpose Reserve for the general fund targeted at 20% of locally funded appropriations based on the adopted budget. Locally funded appropriations are those funded by countywide discretionary revenues such as unrestricted property tax, sales tax, interest income, and other revenues not linked to specific programs and those funded by ongoing operating transfers in.

The unassigned fund balance designated as General Purpose Reserve is built up with one-time sources until the established target is achieved. In the event the locally funded appropriations decline from the previous fiscal year, the General Purpose Reserve shall have no downward adjustments. Increases to the General Purpose Reserve generally are only made once at the beginning of the fiscal year.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The County also maintains a Mandatory Contingencies Reserve set at a minimum of 1.5% of locally funded appropriations based on adopted budget. The amount needed to fund the Mandatory Contingencies Reserve for the succeeding fiscal year will be categorized as unassigned fund balance. In the event the locally funded appropriation declines from the previous fiscal year, the Mandatory Contingencies shall have no downward adjustments. Increases to the Mandatory Contingencies generally are only made once at the beginning of the fiscal year.

The remaining unassigned fund balance amount not allocated to the General Purpose Reserve or Mandatory Contingencies will be included in Uncertainties Contingencies Reserve.

Fund Balance Spend Down and Replenishment Procedure

Use of unassigned fund balance will be limited to nonrecurring expenditures, debt reduction, one-time capital costs or emergency situations (such as economic conditions or natural disasters). The County generally will use the Uncertainties Contingencies Reserve first, then the Mandatory Contingencies and finally the General Purpose Reserve allocation when using the unassigned fund balance.

The County recognizes that unforeseen events may cause the use of unassigned fund balance which will result in it falling below the established minimum. However, if this occurs, or is expected to occur within the five year planning cycle, the budget balancing strategies will be invoked to determine corrective actions. When necessary, the following budget balancing strategies will be used in order of priority:

- 1) Seek other revenue opportunities, including new service fees or increase to existing fees;
- 2) Reduce expenditures through improved productivity;
- 3) Reduce or eliminate services;
- 4) Reduce employee salaries and benefits.

A planned draw down of unassigned fund balance generally should not exceed 3% of locally funded appropriation in a given fiscal year. Generally before the unassigned fund balance can be withdrawn below the target, a replenishment plan must be adopted. For withdrawals, as soon as economic conditions have recovered, one-time sources will be used to replenish reserves before using for one-time, non-emergency expenses. The unassigned fund balance shall be built up with one-time sources until the established target is achieved/ replenished.

As of June 30, 2016, the County's General Purposes Reserve is \$88,776 which is included in the Unassigned Fund Balance as determined by the Fund Balance Policy.

(o) Property Taxes

The County levies, collects, and apportions property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within the County, including school and special districts. Property taxes are determined by applying approved rates to the assessed values of properties. The total 2015-16 taxable assessed valuation of the County of San Bernardino was \$192,099,956.

Article XIIIA of the State of California Constitution limits the property tax levy to support general government services of the various taxing jurisdictions to \$1.00 per \$100.00 of assessed value. Taxes levied to service voter-approved debt prior to June 30, 1978 are excluded from this limitation. Secured property taxes are levied in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent with penalties after December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are due on the March 1 lien date and become delinquent with penalties after August 31. The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than land and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on the property being taxed.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(p) Use of Estimates

The presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(q) Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

During fiscal year 2016, the County adopted the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements:

GASB 72 – Fair Value Measurement and Application

In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The objective of the statement is to address accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The County has implemented this Statement as of July 1, 2015, except for the Housing Authority, due to its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2014.

GASB 73 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The principal objective of this Statement is to improve the information provided in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments about pensions and related assets that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68. The provisions in this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 – except those provisions that address employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68, which are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The County adopted both parts of this statement and it did not have an impact on the financial statements.

GASB 76 - The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The objective of this Statement is to identify – in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment – the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The County has implemented this Statement as of July 1, 2015, except for the Housing Authority, due to its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2014. The adoption of this statement did not have an impact on the financial statements.

GASB 79 – Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants

In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. The objective of this Statement is to address for certain external investment pools and their participants the accounting and financial reporting implications that result from changes in the regulatory provisions referenced by previous accounting and financial reporting standards. The provisions of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2015 - except for certain provisions related to portfolio quality and the provision related to the monthly shadow price calculation, which are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The County has implemented this Statement as of July 1, 2015, except for the Housing Authority, due to its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2014. The adoption of this statement did not have an impact on the financial statements.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from those reported for governmental funds in the balance sheet. The following provides a reconciliation of those differences:

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		Total overnmental Funds (Page 40)	P	Long-term Assets and Liabilities (1)	F	Internal Service Funds (2) Page 45)	EI	iminations	N	tatement of et Position Totals (Page 36)
Assets:										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,652,708	\$	_	\$	346,074	\$	_	\$	1,998,782
Investments	•	1,926	•	_	·	_	·	_	•	1,926
Accounts Receivable - Net		7,005		_		77		_		7,082
Taxes Receivable		44,214		_		-		_		44,214
Interest Receivable		21,962		_		_		_		21,962
Loans Receivable		43,225		_		_		_		43,225
Other Receivables		7,786		_		37		_		7,823
Due from Other Funds		42,803		_		2,387		(45,190)		-
Due from Other Governments		363,234		_		1,107		-		364,341
Internal Balances		_		_		_		1,099		1,099
Land Held for Resale		2,211		_		_		-		2,211
Inventories		1,554		_		3,877		_		5,431
Prepaid Items		2,774		_		1,560		(270)		4,064
Interfund Receivable		19,311		_		894		(20,205)		1,001
Restricted Cash and Investments		20,015		_		-		(20,200)		20,015
Land		20,010		126.517		396		_		126,913
Land Use Rights - Not Amortized		-		23,869		390		-		23,869
Development In Progress		-		246,880		3,807		-		250,687
Land Use Rights - Amortized		-		123		3,007		-		123
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-								
Structures, Improvements, and Infrastructure		-		2,613,453		11,539		-		2,624,992
Equipment and Software		-		270,070		115,586		-		385,656
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization				(1,426,132)		(83,721)		(0.4.500)		(1,509,853
Total Assets		2,230,728		1,854,780		403,620		(64,566)		4,424,562
Deferred Outflows of Resources:										
Deferred Amounts on Refunding		_		2,789		_		_		2,789
Pensions		_		439,982		19,344		_		459,326
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-			442,771		19,344				462,115
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	2,230,728	\$	2,297,551	\$	422,964	\$	(64,566)	\$	4,886,677
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance/Net Position Liabilities:										
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	\$	79,079	\$	-	\$	5,138	\$	-	\$	84,217
Salaries and Benefits Payable		81,272		-		2,609		-		83,881
Due to Other Funds		42,519		-		18,469		(60,988)		-
Due to Other Governments		27,320		-		-		-		27,320
Interest Payable		-		8,422		-		-		8,422
Advances from Others		29,652		-		270		(270)		29,652
Interfund Payable		2,414		-		894		(3,308)		-
Compensated Absences Payable		-		164,398		7,272		-		171,670
Termination Benefits Payable		-		101		-		-		101
Bonds and Notes Payable		-		853,599		-		-		853,599
Estimated Liability for Litigation and Self-Insured										
Claims		-		-		236,695		-		236,695
Premium		-		494		-		-		494
Discount		-		(66,496)		-		-		(66,496
Net Pension Liability		-		1,420,952		35,625		-		1,456,577
Total Liabilities		262,256		2,381,470		306,972		(64,566)		2,886,132
						<u> </u>				
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable Revenues		81,554		(81,554)		-		-		-
Deferred Amounts on Refunding		-		252		-		-		252
Pensions				348,628		12,777				361,405
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		81,554		267,326		12,777		-		361,657
Fund Balance/Net Position		1,886,918		(351,245)		103,215				1,638,888
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources										
and Fund Balance/Net Position	\$	2,230,728	\$	2,297,551	\$	422,964	\$	(64,566)	\$	4,886,677
				<u> </u>						

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(1)	Capital assets used in governmental activities that are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Land Land Use Rights - not being amortized Development in Progress Land Use Rights - being amortized Structures, Improvements, and Infrastructure Equipment and Software Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 126,517 23,869 246,880 123 2,613,453 270,070 (1,426,132)	\$ 1,854,780
(1)	Receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and are therefore deferred in the governmental funds.	\$ 81,554	\$ 81,554
(1)	Interest Payable		\$ (8,422)
(1)	Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are applicable to future periods and therefore are not reported in the funds. Deferred Outflows of Resources - Deferred Amounts on Refunding Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources - Deferred Amounts on Refunding Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions	\$ 2,789 439,982 (252) (348,628)	\$ 93,891
(1)	Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, that are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Compensated Absences Payable Termination Benefits Payable Bonds and Notes Payable Net Pension Liability Premium Discount	\$ (164,398) (101) (853,599) (1,420,952) (494) 66,496	\$ (2,373,048)
(2)	Internal service funds that are used by management to charge the costs of general services, telecommunication services, computer operations, vehicle services, risk management, and flood control equipment to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.		\$ 103,215

- (1) GASB 34 Conversion Entries
- (2) Internal Service Funds reported as part of Governmental Activities

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

(a) Budgetary Information

In accordance with the provisions of Section 29000 – 29144 and 30200 of the Government Code of the State of California, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and adopts the final budget no later than October 2, for each fiscal year. Budgets are adopted for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, certain Debt Service Funds, and certain Capital Projects Funds. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, except that current year encumbrances are budgeted as expenditures.

Annual budgets are not adopted for the following funds: Pension Obligation Bonds Debt Service, Joint Powers Authorities Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds, and Permanent Funds.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

The legal level of budgetary control is maintained at the object level for general expenditures and sub-object level for capital assets within departments. However, presentation of the basic financial statements at the legal level of control is not feasible due to excessive length. Because of the large volume of detail, the budget and the actual statements have been aggregated by function. The County does prepare a separate final budget document at the object and sub-object level that is available to the public by the office of the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector.

Amendments or transfers of appropriations between funds or departments must be approved by the Board. Throughout the year, supplemental appropriations may be necessary and are normally financed by unanticipated revenues. These must also be approved by the Board. Amendments or transfers of appropriations between object code levels within the same department may be approved by the Board or the County Administrative Office. Transfers at the sub-object code level or cost center level may be done at the discretion of the department head. Any deficiency of the budgeted revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided in the County Budget Act.

(b) Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2016, actual expenditures exceed appropriations in debt service principal and bond issuance cost of the Flood Control District by \$2,815 and \$187, respectively. These over expenditures were funded by restricted funds in trust and budgeted debt service appropriation.

(c) Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis

The annual County Budget is prepared, approved and adopted in accordance with provisions of the County Budget Act. In preparing the budget, the County utilizes a basis of accounting which is different from the basis prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The accompanying General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual on a Budgetary Basis presents a comparison of the legally adopted budget and the actual data on a budgetary basis.

The following adjustments are necessary to provide a meaningful comparison of the actual results of operations with the budget:

	Ge	eneral Fund
Fund balance - budgetary basis	\$	1,012,947
Outstanding encumbrances for budgeted funds		43,711
Fund balance - GAAP basis	\$	1,056,658

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments include the cash balances of substantially all funds which are pooled (the "pool") and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities. The pool is not registered as an investment company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Included also are cash and investments held by certain joint powers and certain public agencies authorities and cash held by various trustee financial institutions in accordance with the California Government Code.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

State law requires that all operating monies of the County, school districts, and certain special districts be held by the County Treasurer. The net position value associated with legally mandated external participants in the asset pool was \$2,838,260 at June 30, 2016.

As of June 30, 2016, the fair value of the County pool was \$5.7 billion. Approximately 15% of the County pool is attributable to the County General Fund, with the remainder of the balance comprised of other county funds, component units, school districts and special districts. Additionally, as of June 30, 2016, \$252,224 of the amounts deposited in the County pool was attributable to depositors who are not required to, but choose to, invest in the County pool. These include independent special districts, State Trial Court, and other governmental agencies. The deposits held for both involuntary and voluntary external participants are reported in the Investment Trust Fund.

The fair value of the pool is determined monthly, and depends on, among other factors, the maturities and types of investments and general market conditions. The fair value of each participant's position including both voluntary and involuntary participants is the same as the value of the pool share. The method used to determine participants' equity withdrawn is based on the daily average book value of the participants' percentage participation in the pool.

The County has not produced or provided any letters of credit or legal binding guarantees as supplemental support of the pool values during the year ended at June 30, 2016. The pool provides monthly reporting to both The Treasury Oversight Committee who reviews investment policy and the County Board of Supervisors who reviews and approves investment policy.

The County does not pool its external participants' investments separately from the County pool. The average rate of return on investments during fiscal year 2015-16 was 0.65%.

A summary of the total cash and investments as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

		Fair	Interest Rate	Maturity	Average
Investment Type	 Cost	 Value	Range	Range*	Maturity (Days)
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 290,755	\$ 291,846	0.55% - 1.37%	07/31/16 - 03/31/19	368
U.S. Government Agencies	1,821,188	1,827,300	0.21% - 1.62%	07/22/16 - 01/21/20	451
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	1,355,002	1,355,020	0.40% - 1.23%	07/01/16 - 05/26/17	129
Commercial Paper	923,299	924,581	0.20% - 0.83%	07/01/16 - 11/07/16	42
Medium-Term Notes	117,610	117,651	0.48% - 1.25%	07/20/16 - 11/03/18	545
Insured Placement Service Accounts	50,000	50,000	0.35%	07/01/16	1
JPA Investment Pools	192,000	192,000	0.51%	07/01/16	1
Money Market Mutual Funds	230,000	230,000	0.25% - 0.37%	07/01/16	1
Supranational Securities	 688,785	694,330	0.77% - 1.62%	05/19/17 - 03/30/20	846
Total County's Pooled Investments	5,668,639	5,682,728			
Investments Held Outside County Pool:					
U.S. Government Agencies	12,987	13,315	0.38% - 0.88%	7/5/2016 - 5/21/18	348
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	4,751	4,751	6.31%	07/27/28	4,410
State and Local Municipal Bonds	26,542	25,200	5.00%	02/15/17 - 10/01/18	523
Money Market Mutual Funds	88,210	88,210	N/A	N/A	N/A
U.S. Treasury Securities	14,711	20,246	7.63%	11/15/22	2,329
Medium-Term Notes	5,195	5,195	1.13% - 8.50%	02/07/16 - 07/29/20	1,045
Local Agency Investment Fund	3,436	3,436	0.32%	N/A	N/A
Total Investments Held Outside County Pool	 155,832	160,353			
Total Investments	\$ 5,824,471	5,843,081			
Cash in Bank:					
Non-Interest Bearing Deposits (County)		15,289			
Cash Equivalents and Demand Deposits (HACSB)		24,315			
Total Cash in Bank		39,604			
Total Cash and Investments		\$ 5,882,685			

^{*} Includes HACSB with 9/30/2015 year end (some range(s) are prior to 6/30/2016)

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the authorized investment types per California Government Code (CGC), along with their respective requirements and restrictions per the CGC and the County Investment Pool Policy:

	Maxi	mum Maturity	Maximum % of Pool Maximum % Per Issu		m % Per Issuer	Minimu	ım Rating (2) (3)	
	·	Investment		Investment		Investment		Investment
Investment Type	CGC	Policy	CGC	Policy	CGC	Policy	CGC	Policy
U.S. Treasury Securities	5 Years	5 Years	None	None	None	None	None	None
U.S. Government Agencies	5 Years	5 Years	None	None	None	None	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	3 Years	30%	30%	None	5%	None	A-1/P-1/F1/A-/A3
Collateralized Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	1 Year	None	10%	None	None	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	180 Days	180 Days	40%	30%	30%	100MM/5%	None	A-1/P-1/F1
Commercial Paper	270 Days	270 Days	40%	40%	10%	5%	A-1/A	A-1/P-1/F1
Repurchase Agreements	1 Year	180 Days	None	40%	None	None	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 Days	92 Days	20%	10%	None	None	None	None
Municipal Debt	5 Years	5 Years	None	10%	None	None	None	AAA
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	3 Years	30%	10%	None	100MM/5%	Α	A-/A3
Insured Placement Service Accounts (1)	5 Years	Immediate Liquidity	30%	5%	10%	50MM/100MM	None	None
JPA Investment Pools	N/A	Immediate Liquidity	None	5%	None	200MM	None	AAA
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	Immediate Liquidity	20%	15%	10%	10%	AAAm	AAAm
Supranational Securities	5 Years	5 Years	30%	30%	None	None	AA	AA

Footnote:

- (1) FICA accounts balances are fully covered by FDIC insurance. Maximum \$50MM per selected depository institution. Maximum \$100MM per placement service.
- (2) Minimum credit rating categories are without regard to ratings modifiers (+/-).
- (3) Standard & Poor's Ratings (quoted) or the equivalent NRSRO rating.

Fair Value Measurements

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 — Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the County has the ability to access.

Level 2 — Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 — Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Unobservable inputs reflect the County's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the County's own data.

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The asset's level within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The determination of what constitutes observable requires judgment by the County's management. County management considers observable data to be that market data, which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable, and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by multiple independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market. The categorization of an investment within the hierarchy is based upon the relative observability of the inputs to its fair value measurement and does not necessarily correspond to County management's perceived risk of that investment.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The County's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

Deposits and withdrawals in governmental investment pools, such as LAIF and JPA Investment Pools, guaranteed investment agreements and insured placement service accounts are made on the basis of one dollar and not fair value. Accordingly, the fair value of the County's proportionate share in these types of investments is an uncategorized input not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input.

The following is a description of the valuation methods and assumptions used by the County to estimate the fair value of its investments. There have been no changes in the methods and assumptions used at June 30, 2016. The methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. County management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants. The use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The County's treasury pool's asset market prices are derived from closing bid prices as of the last business day of the month as supplied by Interactive Data, Bloomberg or Telerate. Where prices are not available from generally recognized sources, the securities are priced using a yield-based matrix system to arrive at an estimated market value. Prices that fall between data points are interpolated. Non-negotiable FDIC-insured bank certificates of deposit are priced at par. When available, quoted prices are used to determine fair value. When quoted prices in active markets are available, investments are classified within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

For investments classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the County's custodians generally use a multi-dimensional relational model. Inputs to their pricing models are based on observable market inputs in active markets. The inputs to the pricing models are typically benchmark yields, reported trades, broker-dealer quotes, issuer spreads and benchmark securities, among others.

Investments classified at Level 3 represent securities that are entirely owned by the County and have not traded publicly. The securities are priced using a yield-based matrix system to arrive at an estimated market value. Prices that fall between data points are interpolated.

The valuation of 2a7 Money Market Mutual funds held by the pool is at one-dollar net asset value (NAV) per share. The total fair value of these at June 30, 2016 was \$230,000, with \$0 unfunded commitments. The redemption frequency is daily and redemption notice period of intra-daily. This type of investment primarily invests in short term U.S Treasury and government securities (including repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and government agency securities).

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The valuation of 2a7 Money Market Mutual funds held outside the pool is at one-dollar net asset value (NAV) per share. The total fair value of these at June 30, 2016 was \$88,210, with \$0 unfunded commitments. The redemption frequency is daily and redemption notice period of intra-daily. This type of investment primarily invests in short term U.S Treasury, government securities (including repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and government agency securities), agency mortgage-backed securities, and short term high quality municipal obligations that provide income exempt from federal and California state income tax and federal alternative minimum tax.

As of June 30, 2016, the County has the following recurring fair value measurements:

			Fair Value Measurements Using						
Investments by Fair Value Level	Balance at June 30, 2016		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Uno	gnificant bservable Inputs Level 3)	
County's Pooled Investment:									
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$	291,846	\$	291,846	\$	-	\$	-	
U.S. Government Agencies		1,827,300		-		1,827,300		-	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit		1,355,020		-		1,355,020		-	
Commercial Paper		924,581		-		924,581		-	
Medium-Term Notes		117,651		-		117,651		-	
Supranational Securities		694,330		_		643,532		50,798	
Total County's Pooled Investments by Fair Value Level		5,210,728	\$	291,846	\$	4,868,084	\$	50,798	
Investments Held Outside County Pool by Fair Value Level:									
U.S. Government Agencies		13,315	\$	_	\$	13,315	\$	_	
State and Local Municipal Bonds		25,200	Ψ	_	Ψ	25,200	Ψ	_	
U.S. Treasury Securities		20,246		_		20,246		_	
Medium-Term Notes		5,195		_		5,195		_	
Total Investments Held Outside County Pool by Fair Value Level		63,956	\$	-	\$	63,956	\$	-	
Uncategorized Investments									
Uncategorized Investments Uncategorized Investments Held in County's Pool:									
Insured Placement Service Accounts		50,000							
JPA Investment Pools		192,000							
Total Uncategorized Investments Held in County's Pool		242,000							
Total Uncategorized investments neid in County's Pool		242,000							
Uncategorized Investments Held Outside County's Pool:									
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		4,751							
Local Agency Investment Fund		3,436							
Total Uncategorized Investments Held Outside County's Pool		8,187							
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV)									
County's Pooled Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV):									
Money Market Mutual Funds		230,000							
Investments Held Outside County Pool Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV):									
Money Market Mutual Funds		88,210							
Money Market Mutual I unus		00,210							
Total Investments	\$	5,843,081							

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments authorized by debt agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the trust agreements, created in connection with the issuance of debt (see Note 11) rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code. Certificates of Participation, Pension Obligation Bond and Revenue Bond indentures specify the types of securities in which proceeds may be invested as well as any related insurance, collateral, or minimum credit rating requirements. Although requirements may vary between debt issues, money market funds are all required to be investment grade. Guaranteed investment contracts are required to be acceptable to the municipal bond insurer. The fair value of investments is based on the valuation provided by trustee banks.

Investment credit risk

Investment credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. GASB Statement No. 40 requires the disclosure of credit quality ratings for investments in debt securities as well as investments in external investment pools, money market funds, and other pooled investments of fixed income securities.

California Law and San Bernardino County Treasury Pool Investment Policy (where more restrictive) place limitations on the purchase of investments in the County Pool. Purchases of commercial paper, banker's acceptances, and negotiable certificates of deposit are restricted to issuers rated in the top three long-term letter ratings by a minimum of two of three nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO's). For an issuer of short-term debt, the rating must be no less than A-1 (S&P), P-1 (Moody's), or F-1 (Fitch) while an issuer of medium-term corporate notes must have a minimum letter rating of "A". Purchases of Supranational issuer securities must have a minimum long-term letter rating of "AA" from one NRSRO. Municipal notes and bonds and money market mutual funds must have a minimum letter rating of "AAA" from two of three NRSRO's (if rated). JPA Pools must have a minimum letter rating of "AAA" from one NRSRO. (Letter ratings are stated without regard to ratings modifiers +/-) Limits are also placed on the maximum percentage investment by sector and by individual issuer (see schedule).

As of June 30, 2016, all investments held by the County Pool were within policy limits.

				Maximum	Individual	
	S&P	Moody's	Fitch	Allowed %	Issuer	Weighted %
Investment Type	Rating	Rating	Rating	of Portfolio	Limitations	of Pool
U.S. Treasury Securities	AA+	Aaa	AAA	100%	None	5.13%
U.S. Government Agencies	AA+	Aaa	AAA	100%	None	22.59%
U.S. Government Agencies	AA+	Aaa	NR	100%	None	9.57%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	A+	Aa3	AA-	30%	5%	1.32%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	A-1	P-1	F1+	30%	5%	7.04%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	A-1+	P-1	F1+	30%	5%	15.04%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	AA-	Aa1	AA-	30%	5%	0.44%
Commercial Paper	A-1	P-1	F1	40%	5%	3.96%
Commercial Paper	A-1	P-1	F1+	40%	5%	5.71%
Commercial Paper	A-1+	P-1	F1	40%	5%	2.20%
Commercial Paper	A-1+	P-1	F1+	40%	5%	4.40%
Medium-Term Notes	Α	A2	AA-	10%	100MM/5%	1.34%
Medium-Term Notes	AA	Aa2	AA	10%	100MM/5%	0.03%
Medium-Term Notes	AA	Aa2	AA-	10%	100MM/5%	0.26%
Medium-Term Notes	AAA	Aaa	AA+	10%	100MM/5%	0.44%
Insured Placement Service Accounts	NR	NR	NR	5%	50MM/100MM	0.88%
JPA Investment Pools	AAAm	NR	NR	5%	200MM	3.38%
Money Market Mutual Funds	AAAm	Aaa	AAA	15%	10%	2.01%
Money Market Mutual Funds	AAAm	Aaa	NR	15%	10%	2.04%
Supranational Securities	AAA	Aaa	AAA	30%	None	12.22%

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The County's investments held outside County Pool were rated as of June 30, 2016 as follows:

		Moody's		Weighted % of
Investment Type	S&P Rating	Rating	Fitch Rating	Investments
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	A-	Ba1	N/R	2.96%
Local Agency Investment Fund (HACSB)	N/R	N/R	N/R	2.14%
Medium Term Notes (HACSB)	AA+/AA/AA-/A+/A/A-/BBB+	N/R	N/R	3.24%
Municipal Bonds	AAA	Aaa	AAA	5.27%
Municipal Bonds	AAA	Aa2	N/R	2.62%
Municipal Bonds	AA+	Aaa	N/R	1.44%
Municipal Bonds	AA+	Aa1	AA+	2.71%
Municipal Bonds	AA	Aa2	AA	1.06%
Municipal Bonds	AA-	Aa3	AA-	2.60%
Mutual Funds	AAA	Aaa	N/R	17.84%
Mutual Funds	AAA	Aaa	AAA	2.19%
Mutual Funds	N/R	N/R	N/R	34.08%
Mutual Funds (HACSB)	N/R	N/R	N/R	0.92%
U.S. Government Agencies	AA+	Aaa	AAA	8.30%
U.S. Treasury Securities	AA+	Aaa	AAA	12.63%

Concentration of credit risk

An increased risk of loss occurs as more investments are acquired from one issuer (i.e. lack of diversification). This results in a *concentration of credit risk*.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires disclosure of investments by amount and issuer that represent five-percent or more of total investments held. This requirement excludes investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the United States Government, investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments.

As of June 30, 2016, the following issuers represented more than five-percent of the County's Pooled Investment balance:

	Fair	% of
Issuer	Value	Portfolio
Federal National Mortgage Assoc (FNMA)	\$ 548,283	9.65%
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	543,763	9.57%
World Bank	493,067	8.68%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp (FHLMC)	409,708	7.21%
Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)	325,546	5.73%

As of June 30, 2016, the following issuers represented more than five-percent of the County investments outside County Pool:

	Fair	% of
Issuer	Value	Investments
Dreyfus California AMT Free Muni Cash Mgmt	\$ 54,637	34.08%
Federal National Mortgage Assoc (FNMA)	13,315	8.30%

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk exists when there is a possibility that changes in interest rates could adversely affect an investment's fair value. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the interest rate risk associated with that investment.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

GASB Statement No. 40 requires that *interest rate risk* be disclosed using a minimum of one of five approved methods, which are: segmented time distribution, specific identification, weighted average maturity, duration, and simulated model.

The County manages its exposure to interest rate risk by carefully matching cash flows and maturing positions to meet expenditures, limiting 40% of the County Pool to maturities of one year or less, and by maintaining an overall Duration-to-Maturity of 1.5 years or less. Modified Duration, which the County uses, is a measure of a fixed income's cash flow using present values, weighted for cash flows as a percentage of the investments full price. Effective Duration makes assumptions based on current market conditions regarding the most likely timing and amounts of variable cash flows arising from such investments as callable bonds. Duration-to-Maturity assumes that all securities in the portfolio, including callable and floating rate notes, are held to final maturity.

California Law and where more restrictive, the San Bernardino County Pool Investment Policy, place limitations on the maximum maturity of investments to be purchased by sector (see schedule). As of June 30, 2016, all investments held by the County Pool were within policy limits.

A summary of County pooled investments for Maturity Range, Limits, and Modified Duration is as follows:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Maturity Range (Days)	Maturity Limits	Modified Duration (Years)
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 291,846	31 - 1,004	1,825 Days	0.99
U.S. Government Agencies	1,827,300	22 - 1,300	1,825 Days	1.22
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	1,355,020	1 - 330	1,095 Days	0.34
Commercial Paper	924,581	1 - 130	270 Days	0.10
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	117,651	20 - 856	1,095 Days	1.46
Insured Placement Service Accounts	50,000	1	Daily Liquidity	0.01
JPA Investment Pools	192,000	1	Daily Liquidity	0.01
Money Market Mutual Funds	230,000	1	Daily Liquidity	0.01
Supranational Securities	 694,330	323 - 1,369	1,825 Days	2.27
Total County's Pooled Investments	\$ 5,682,728			0.84

Weighted average maturity of the investments held outside the County Pool, as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
\$ 13,315	0.88
4,751	12.07
25,200	1.43
88,210	0.01
20,246	6.38
5,195	2.94
 3,436	0.00
\$ 160,353	1.56
\$	\$ 13,315 4,751 25,200 88,210 20,246 5,195 3,436

Custodial credit risk

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits exists when, in the event of a depository financial institution failure, a government may be unable to recover deposits, or recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires the disclosure of deposits into a financial institution that are not covered by FDIC depository insurance and that are uncollateralized.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

California Law requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure County deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$39,604 and the corresponding bank balance was \$53,131. The difference of \$13,527 was primarily due to outstanding warrants, wires and deposits in transit. Of the bank balances, \$1,500 was insured by FDIC depository insurance and the remainder was collateralized, as required by California Government Code Section 53652.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments exists when, in the event of a failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

In order to limit *Custodial Credit Risk for Investments*, San Bernardino County Pool Investment Policy requires that all investments and investment collateral be transacted on a delivery-vs-payment basis with a third-party custodian and registered in the County's name. All counterparties to repurchase agreements must sign a SIFMA Global Master Repurchase Agreement and/or Tri-Party Repurchase Agreement before engaging in repurchase agreement transactions.

As of June 30, 2016, Cash and Investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Diagrataly

	Total Governmental Activities		Total siness-type activities		Total Fiduciary Funds	Pr	esented mponent Unit	Total		
Cash and Investments	\$	2,000,708	\$ 291,425	\$	3,371,851	\$	79,789	\$	5,743,773	
Restricted Cash and Investments		20,015	115,382		3,515		-		138,912	
Total Cash and Investments	\$	2,020,723	\$ 406,807	\$	3,375,366	\$	79,789	\$	5,882,685	

The pool issues a separate report, which includes the external investment pool. This separately issued report can be obtained from the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector's Office at 268 W. Hospitality Lane, San Bernardino, CA 92415-0018. The following represents a condensed statement of net position and changes in net position for the Treasurer's investment pool as of June 30, 2016:

Statement of Net Position	
Equity of internal pool participants	\$ 2,592,244
Equity of external pool participants:	
Voluntary	252,224
Involuntary	 2,838,260
Total Net Position held for pool participants	\$ 5,682,728
Statement of Changes in Net Position	
Net Position at July 1, 2015	\$ 4,927,954
Net change in investments by pool participants	 754,774
Net Position at June 30, 2016	\$ 5,682,728

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year-end of major individual funds, nonmajor funds, and internal service funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

Governmental Activities:								Other	Due	From Other	Gov	Total /ernmental	
		ccounts	Taxes		nterest	Loans	Re	ceivables	Gov	/ernments	A	Activities	
General Fund	\$	2,946	\$ 36,837	\$	20,573	\$ 42,215	\$	7,510	\$	302,869	\$	412,950	
Capital Improvement Fund		-	-		222	-		-		283		505	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		4,622	7,377		1,167	1,010		276		60,082		74,534	
Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		(563)	-		-	-		-		-		(563)	
Internal Service Funds		77	-		-	-		37		1,107		1,221	
Total Governmental Activities Receivables	\$	7,082	\$ 44,214	\$	21,962	\$ 43,225	\$	7,823	\$	364,341	\$	488,647	
Business-Type Activities:													
	Δ	ccounts	Taxes	ı	nterest	Loans	Re	Other eceivables		From Other rernments		l Business- e Activities	
Medical Center	\$	164,039	\$ -	\$	295	\$ -	\$	36,558	\$	55,458	\$	256,350	
Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		(132,941)	-		-	-		(13,207)		-		(146,148)	
Waste Systems Division		9,964	-		-	-		26,696		1,403		38,063	
Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		(564)	-		-	-		(153)		-		(717)	
Housing Authority		1,632	-		5	7,808		2,312		505		12,262	
Less Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		(147)	-		-	-		-		-		(147)	
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		2,233	196		-	 -		182		13		2,624	
Total Business-Type Activities Receivables	\$	44,216	\$ 196	\$	300	\$ 7,808	\$	52,388	\$	57,379	\$	162,287	

Due From Other Governments

At June 30, 2016, the Governmental Funds accrued \$363,234 of receivables from other governments, of which, \$251,263 was due from the State of California. Of the amount owed by the State, \$75,498 was for health care services, \$64,728 was for public social services, \$36,668 was for motor vehicle license fees and sales tax monies, and the remaining \$74,369 was for other services. The remaining amount of \$111,971 was due from the federal government and other governmental agencies.

Loans Receivable

The loans receivable balance in the Governmental Activities is \$43,225, of this amount, \$22,082 represents the receivable under the Teeter Plan, \$1,010 is due from other various agencies, \$13,357 represents a County loan to the Adelanto Successor Agency, and \$6,776 represents a County loan to the County Redevelopment Successor Agency. The loans receivable balance in the Business-Type Activities is \$7,808, and this amount represents various loans and note agreements with related parties of the HACSB.

Interest Receivable

The \$21,962 interest receivable in the Governmental Activities column of the statement of net position is accrued. Of this amount, \$17,753 is due from the Adelanto City Redevelopment Successor Agency.

Other Receivables

The \$7,823 other receivables in the Governmental Activities column of the statement of net position are accrued for amounts due to the County that do not specifically relate to one of the above receivable accounts. This amount is primarily due to delinquent penalties, redemption penalties and redemption interest related to receivable under the Teeter Plan. The other receivables in the Business-Type Activities total \$52,388. The majority of the \$26,543 reported in the Waste Systems Division represents insurance recoveries related to the Mid-Valley Landfill Perchlorate pollution remediation activities. The \$23,351 reported in the Medical Center primarily represents receivables due to the new Affordable Care Act program.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statements to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities. Internal balances that are residual amounts due between the governmental and business-type activities are not subject to elimination.

Due To/From Other Funds at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Improvement Funds Medical Center Waste Systems Internal Service Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	\$ 21,190 41 187 129 1,963 131 23,641
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Improvement Funds Medical Center Waste Systems Internal Service Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	8,602 5,321 368 3 272 109 124 14,799
Capital Improvement Funds	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Internal Service Funds	751 1,878 1,734 4,363
Medical Center	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Internal Service Funds	2,182 65 11,427 13,674
Waste Systems	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Internal Service Funds	22 52 3,194 3,268
Internal Service Funds	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Improvement Funds Medical Center Waste Systems Internal Service Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	1,243 728 26 220 125 42 3 2,387
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	General Fund	50
	Total	\$ 62,182

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

The amount due from Nonmajor Governmental Funds to the General Fund primarily consists of \$6,616 from IEPFC for residual balance to be transferred after its final debt service payment is made for the Justice Center/ Airport Improvement Project. The remaining balance is a result of transfers and payments for services provided to other governmental funds.

Interfund Receivable/Payable at June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amou	Amount				
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	\$	2,359 254 2,613				
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Housing Authority Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		55 16,393 250 16,698				
Internal Service Funds	Internal Service Funds		894 894				
	Total	\$	20,205				

These amounts represent noncurrent interfund loans (advances) between funds and blended component units of the County for the purpose of financing cash flow needs. Interfund loans are expected to be repaid within a reasonable period of time. The \$16,393 is an amount loaned from the Economic and Community Development to the Housing Authority for a variety of housing related projects.

Transfers To/From Other Funds for the year ended June 30, 2016 reflect funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various County operations and re-allocations of special revenues. The following schedule briefly summarizes the County's transfer activity:

Transfers In/Out

(a) Between Governmental and Business-type Activities:

Transfer Out	Transfer In	Amount				
General Fund	Medical Center Housing Authority*	\$ 15,3				
	Housing Authority		100 15,492			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		102			
			102			
Internal Service Funds	Medical Center		11,427			
	Waste Systems	3,096				
			14,523			
Medical Center	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		9,954			
			9,954			
Waste Systems	General Fund		38			
·	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		364			
			402			
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		33			
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		25			
			58			
	Total	\$	40,531			

This transfer occurred in June 2016. As such, this amount was only reported in the General Fund and not included in the HACSB Fund due to its fiscal year ended September 30, 2015.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) Between Funds within the Governmental or Business-type Activities (1):

Transfer Out	Transfer In	Amount				
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Capital Improvement Funds	\$	119,555 83,123			
			202,678			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund		50,913			
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		16,114			
	Capital Improvement Funds		14,296			
			81,323			
Capital Improvement Funds	General Fund		3,131			
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		104			
	Capital Improvement Funds		25			
	Internal Service Funds		38			
			3,298			
Internal Service Funds	General Fund		1,450			
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		2,215			
	Capital Improvement Funds		70			
			3,735			
	Total	\$	291,034			

(1) These transfers were eliminated in the consolidation, by column, for the Governmental and Business-type Activities.

Amounts transferred from the Nonmajor Governmental Funds to the General Fund are primarily the results of the tobacco settlement agreement for debt services on the Medical Center, IEPFC transferring the amount remaining in the Debt Service Reserve Fund, and budgeted transfers for foster care.

Amounts transferred from the General Fund to the Medical Center are the results of year-end budgeted transfers including the Medical Center's debt service payments.

Amounts transferred from the General Fund to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds are the results of the joint power authorities' debt service payments and the pension obligation bond debt service payments.

Amounts transferred from the Medical Center and the Internal Service Funds to the Nonmajor Governmental Funds are the results of their share of the pension obligation bond debt service payments.

Amounts transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Improvement Fund are mainly for various capital improvement projects.

Amounts transferred from Internal Service Funds to the Medical Center and Waste Systems along with the General Fund are primarily the result of refunds of excess prior year payments for Medical Malpractice and Solid Waste Environmental Liability programs.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 7 – RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and cash equivalents of \$135,397 are restricted by legal or contractual requirements at June 30, 2016 and are comprised of the following:

Governmental Activities

General Fund:

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$4,825 represent funds held by a trustee, which are restricted for electronic benefits payments.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

Flood Control District:

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$14,946 consists of \$2,650 being restricted for debt service payments and \$12,296 for unexpended proceeds and interest thereon received for and restricted by settlement agreements for flood control improvements in addition to amounts withheld for retainage related to ongoing construction projects. Of this amount, \$12,034 is restricted for construction of Cactus Basin 4 and 5 and \$262 is for construction contract retainage. Construction contract retainage is required to be maintained until the work is completed and approved.

Joint Powers Authorities:

Restricted cash of \$244 represents funds held by a trustee, which are restricted for a special mandatory redemption of the Courthouse revenue bonds to occur on December 1, 2016, pursuant to the Trust Indenture.

Business-Type Activities

Medical Center:

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$50,236 represent funds held by a trustee, which are restricted for debt service payments.

Waste System Division:

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$61,373 consists of \$60,494 set aside for groundwater detection, treatment and remediation, and for State mandated site closure and maintenance costs as required by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle) formerly California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) and the remaining \$879 represents customer deposits.

Housing Authority:

Restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$3,773 represent deposits to lender required replacement reserve and impound accounts, insurance reserve, security deposit and residual receipt accounts.

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Primary Government

		Beginning Balance s restated	Δ	additions	De	eletions		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities		_					-	
Capital assets, non-depreciable/non-amortizable:								
Land	\$	126,762	\$	2,777	\$	2,626	\$	126,913
Land Use Rights		21,644		2,225		-		23,869
Development in progress		196,793		70,528		16,634		250,687
Total capital assets,non-depreciable/non-amortizable		345,199		75,530		19,260		401,469
Capital Assets, depreciable/amortizable:								
Land Use Rights		123		_		_		123
Improvements other than Buildings		258,228		4,422		4,087		258,563
Structures and Improvements		1,006,117		28,960		25,346		1,009,731
Infrastructure		1,354,221		4,872		2,395		1,356,698
Equipment and Software		366,454		40,820		21,618		385,656
Total capital assets, depreciable/amortizable		2,985,143		79,074		53,446		3,010,771
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for :		105		40				400
Land Use Rights		105		18		- 700		123
Improvements other than Buildings		141,121		9,357		2,789		147,689
Structures and Improvements		315,219		30,271		15,073		330,417
Infrastructure		737,392		30,217		462		767,147
Equipment and Software		253,192		31,891		20,606		264,477
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		1,447,029		101,754		38,930		1,509,853
Total capital assets, depreciable/amortizable, net		1,538,114		(22,680)		14,516		1,500,918
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	1,883,313	\$	52,850	\$	33,776	\$	1,902,387
Business-type Activities								
Capital assets, non-depreciable/non-amortizable:								
Land	\$	31,940	\$	774	\$	160	\$	32,554
Land Use Rights	*	351	*	-	Ψ	-	Ψ.	351
Development in progress		24,050		7,308		16,439		14,919
Total capital assets,non-depreciable/non-amortizable		56,341		8,082		16,599		47,824
Capital Assets, depreciable/amortizable:								
Land Use Rights		1,109		-		-		1,109
Improvements other than Buildings		264,790		1,989		2,703		264,076
Structures and Improvements		743,228		12,368		838		754,758
Equipment and Software		168,299		11.274		1.220		178,353
Total capital assets, depreciable/amortizable		1,177,426		25,631		4,761		1,198,296
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for :								
Land Use Rights		105		-		-		105
Improvements other than Buildings		144,273		4,408		1,669		147,012
Structures and Improvements *		309,091		21,175		433		329,833
Equipment and Software		138,022		8,478		1,148		145,352
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		591,491		34,061		3,250		622,302
Total capital assets, depreciable/amortizable, net		585,935		(8,430)		1,511		575,994
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	642,276	\$	(348)	\$	18,110	\$	623,818

^{*} Beginning balance restated to reflect errors related to capital assets and depreciation for the Housing Authority. See Note 20 for more details.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation

Depreciation expens	se is charged to go	vernmental functions as follows:
---------------------	---------------------	----------------------------------

General Government			\$	20,411
Public Protection				45,350
Public Ways and Facilities				25,961
Health and Sanitation				1,563
Public Assistance				2,965
Education				797
Recreation and Cultural Services				4,707
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities			\$	101,754
Depreciation expense is charged to business-type functions as follows:				
Medical Center			\$	23,172
Waste Systems Division				1,918
Housing Authority				5,974
Special Districts				2,997
Total depreciation expense - business type activities			\$	34,061
Development in Progress				
	Gov	ernmental	Busi	ness-Type
Development in Progress consists of the following projects:		ctivities	A	ctivities
Medical Center Projects	\$	_	\$	1,822
Waste Systems Division Projects	•	_	•	7,866
Special Districts		=		3,419
Housing Authority				1,812
West Valley Detention Center - ADA Improvements		5,904		-
Flood Control Projects		58,231		-
New Forensic Lab		14,414		=
303 Building Remodel		11,097		-
800 MHz Replacement Project		42,851		=
Transportation Projects		43,874		-
Other County Projects		74,316		
Total	\$	250,687	\$	14,919

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 9 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The County recognized deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements. These items are a consumption of net position by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period. The County has two items that are reportable on the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position: from changes in the net pension liability, and charges on refunding that result from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price.

The balances as of June 30, 2016 of deferred outflows of resources are as follows:

		Ending
Governmental Activities		Balance
Deferred Outflows related to Pensions	\$	459,326
Deferred Charges on Refunding:		
Other Bonds and Notes		
Flood Control Refunding Bonds (Series 2008)		531
Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds (2008)		1,010
West Valley Detention Center Refinancing Notes (2012)		1,248
Total Governmental Activities	\$	462,115
Business-Type Activities Deferred Outflows related to Pensions	\$	53,683
Deferred Charges on Refunding:	Ψ	00,000
Certificates of Participation		
Medical Center Project (Series 1994)		5,559
Medical Center Project (Series 1995)		55
Medical Center Project (Series 1996)		3,408
Arrowhead Refunding Project (Series 2009A)		9,879
Arrowhead Refunding Project (Series 2009B)		2,996
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	75,580

Refer to Note 19 Retirement Plan, for additional Deferred Outflows of Resources information related to pensions.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 10 - ADVANCES FROM OTHERS

Under both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when earned. Therefore, both governmental funds and proprietary funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received as of year-end, but not yet earned. A liability for advances from others such as grantors or third parties is offset by the corresponding assets recognized with a transaction before the earnings process is completed.

The balances as of June 30, 2016 of advances from others are as follows:

Governmental Funds	
General Fund	
Developer Deposits	\$ 5,466
Advances from Governmental Agencies	5,364
Advances from Other Agencies	3,412
-	
Capital Improvement Fund	
Construction contract	450
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Advances from Governmental Agencies	13,992
Advances from Other Agencies	956
Advances from Other County Departments	12
Total Governmental Funds	29,652
Internal Service Funds	
Advances from Other County Departments	270
Total Internal Service Funds	270
Government-Wide Eliminations	
Risk Management	 (270)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 29,652
	\$ 29,652
Business-Type Funds	\$ 29,652
Business-Type Funds Waste Systems Division	
Business-Type Funds Waste Systems Division Customer Deposits	\$ 926
Business-Type Funds Waste Systems Division	
Business-Type Funds Waste Systems Division Customer Deposits Advances from Other Agencies	 926
Business-Type Funds Waste Systems Division Customer Deposits Advances from Other Agencies Housing Authority	 926 16
Business-Type Funds Waste Systems Division Customer Deposits Advances from Other Agencies	 926
Business-Type Funds Waste Systems Division Customer Deposits Advances from Other Agencies Housing Authority Customer Deposits	 926 16
Business-Type Funds Waste Systems Division Customer Deposits Advances from Other Agencies Housing Authority Customer Deposits Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	 926 16 1,373
Business-Type Funds Waste Systems Division Customer Deposits Advances from Other Agencies Housing Authority Customer Deposits	 926 16
Business-Type Funds Waste Systems Division Customer Deposits Advances from Other Agencies Housing Authority Customer Deposits Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	 926 16 1,373

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS

Primary Government

The following is a summary of long-term liability transactions for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	Beginning Balance as restated			Additions Doductions		Ending		Due Withi		
Covernmental Activities	as restated		Additions		Re	ductions		Balance	One Year	
Governmental Activities	•	40.000	•		•	0.004	Φ	0.005	Φ	0.005
Certificates of Participation	\$	12,299	\$	-	\$	6,094	\$	6,205	\$	6,205
Revenue Bonds, net		353,978		-		30,809		323,169		56,040
Other Bonds and Notes		508,815		27,870		78,462		458,223		40,260
Compensated Absences		166,624		110,471		105,425		171,670		104,791
Termination Benefits Payable		127		-		26		101		29
Estimated Liability for Litigation and										
Self -Insured Claims		232,098		50,398		45,801		236,695		50,290
Net Pension Liability		1,285,566		171,011				1,456,577		-
Total Governmental Activities -										
Long-term Liabilities	\$	2,559,507	\$	359,750	\$	266,617	\$	2,652,640	\$	257,615
Business Type Activities										
Certificates of Participation, net	\$	423,980	\$	-	\$	21,044	\$	402,936	\$	22,380
General Obligation Bonds		685		-		170		515		230
Notes		38,605		14,697		18,171		35,131		2,547
Compensated Absences		19,571		15,474		15,500		19,545		11,740
Termination Benefits Payable		15		-		-		15		15
Capital Lease Obligations		5,292		_		1,100		4,192		1,924
Other Long-Term Liabilities		5,364		8,099		3,028		10,435		-
Pollution Remediation Obligations		63,521		494		1,137		62,878		4,862
Estimated Liability for Closure/										
Postclosure Care Costs		106,738		1,791		6,111		102,418		1,396
Net Pension Liability*		164,196		14,194		· -		178,390		· -
Net Other Postemployment Benefits		,		•				,		
Obligation for Housing Authority		4,202		423		583		4,042		_
Total Business-type Activities -		,						,		
Long-term Liabilities	\$	832,169	\$	55,172	\$	66,844	\$	820,497	\$	45,094

^{*} Beginning balance restated to reflect the inclusion of HACSB Net Pension Liability

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for internal service funds are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. Also, for the governmental activities, compensated absences are mostly liquidated by the General Fund.

Termination Benefits Payable

In March 2009, the County offered a Retirement Incentive Program to employees as a salary savings measure for the upcoming years. Under this program, employees retiring between March 3, 2009 and June 30, 2009 were eligible to receive \$250 (not expressed in thousands) for each completed quarter of continuous regular County service or \$1,000 per year of service (not expressed in thousands), payable annually over a five-year period. The position would have to remain vacant.

Approximately 304 employees accepted the incentive and retired during the eligible period. The county-wide termination benefit payable at June 30, 2016 is \$116. The fifth annual installment payment was paid in July 2013. Over the span of the program, 16 employees returned to work and are not eligible to receive payments during a year in which they are employed by the County. Of the 16 employees who returned to work, 5 remain employed by the County as of June 30, 2016. The remaining installment payments for these 5 employees will be deferred until their employment with the County ends.

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pollution Remediation Obligations

GASB 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations", addresses pollution remediation obligations. Once an obligating event occurs, governments are required to estimate expected cash outlays for the various components of expected remediation activities related to current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution.

Solid Waste Management Division

The County, through its Solid Waste Management Division (SWMD) has been named as a discharger in orders issued by the Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) for perchlorate and volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in the groundwater in the Rialto-Colton Basin. The County operates its Mid-Valley Sanitary Landfill, including an undeveloped area planned for expansion, on land overlying the Rialto-Colton basin. The County was previously named in lawsuits to compel it to participate in pollution remediation in the Rialto-Colton Basin alleged to be related to activities at the Mid-Valley Sanitary Landfill, including the expansion property.

SWMD is currently managing a groundwater remediation project down gradient from the Mid-Valley Landfill and the expansion property. The expansion property is immediately adjacent to land formerly used in various manufacturing operations. Perchlorate and VOCs have been detected in groundwater.

In 2002 to 2004, directives were issued by the RWQCB to SWMD requesting investigation into groundwater impacts and the preparation of a corrective action plan to address the impacts. SWMD, following RWQCB protocol, conducted a variety of additional tests and analysis for perchlorate and VOCs in the portion of the Rialto-Colton Basin down gradient of the Mid-Valley Landfill and the expansion property. The findings led to the preparation and implementation of a remediation plan approved by the RWQCB.

Further, as the current owner of land on which the former Broco Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facility (TSDF) operated until 1987, currently identified as the Unit 5 Area of the Mid-Valley Sanitary Landfill, the County became legally obligated to complete the closure that the former Broco owner/operator had failed to do in the late 1980s when the Broco TSDF was closed and relocated. SWMD was unaware of the unclosed TSDF at the time of purchase of the land in 1993-1994.

SWMD was advised in a letter from the Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) in September 2002 that the County would need to formally close this regulated facility. The closure plan was first submitted to the DTSC in 2005, and was amended in 2007 and 2009 pursuant to DTSC review and request for changes. The DTSC completed its environmental review of the closure plan in October 2010 and approved the closure plan. The closure work has been completed. During FY 2009-10 SWMD was able to reasonably estimate the cost to close the facility, and the cost has been added to the pollution remediation obligations.

In FY 2010-11, SWMD disclosed the occurrence of a pollution event at the inactive Yucaipa Disposal Site. A VOC plume had been detected in the groundwater, which had migrated beyond the landfill boundary. SWMD continues to work closely with the RWQCB to ensure its pollution remediation measures adequately address the contamination.

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

On July 20, 2011, RWQCB approved SWMD's engineering feasibility study for corrective action at the Yucaipa Disposal Site. The study evaluates existing nature and extent for groundwater pollution and appraises several remedial action alternatives to address the VOC plume at the landfill. On September 14, 2011, SWMD submitted to RWQCB the work plan for the bio-enhancement corrective action program pilot study to evaluate the effectiveness of in-situ bio-enhancement technology as a full-scale corrective action approach to treat groundwater impacted by VOC. On September 23, 2011, the RWQCB approved the use of the pilot study and the pilot study is still being conducted.

SWMD disclosed, to the State of California, in FY 2011-12 the occurrence of a pollution event at the inactive Heaps Peak Disposal Site. A landfill leachate discharge occurred that threatened the groundwater. SWMD is working very closely with the RWQCB to ensure its pollution remediation measures address the contamination.

On July 19, 2011, the RWQCB issued a Notice of Violation for this event. SWMD submitted a work plan to provide for leachate collection, treatment, and disposal to correct this problem that was approved by the RWQCB. Under this work plan: a) a contract task order was initiated in May 2011 (work commenced in FY 2012-13) for the installation of an influent storage tank and retaining wall, b) a contract was initiated in July 2013 to construct the leachate treatment system, and c) a contract work order was initiated in September 2011 for the installation of a new groundwater monitoring well.

A release of volatile organic compounds (VOC) in groundwater at the Lenwood Hinkley Sanitary Landfill (LHSL) was detected by regular monitoring activity in 1994. An Engineering Feasibility Study (EFS) was developed in 2000 to evaluate the costs for viable mitigation alternatives for LHSL. Following comments received by the Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board, a revised EFS was submitted in 2002, which concluded that monitored natural attenuation was the appropriate response to groundwater impacts. In response to increasing VOC trends in the northwest region of the landfill, a "Focused" EFS was prepared in August 2013, recommending a Pilot Study using a mitigative method of in-situ enhanced reductive dechlorination (a.k.a. subsurface bioenhancement) in the groundwater.

The RWQCB notified Solid Waste regarding the violation of the Waste Discharge Requirements on July 25, 2014 based upon the 2013 Groundwater Monitoring Reports submitted by SWMD, which showed VOCs and other contaminants above set regulatory standards; therefore, a new GASB 49 event (increasing VOC trend) was reported in FY 2014-15.

Solid Waste initiated a bioenhanced in-situ remedial Pilot Study in April of 2015 consisting of an initial injection of carbon donor media near compliance well LHSL and monthly sampling and analyses to track the chemical response in groundwater. The velocity of groundwater north of the landfill is relatively slow, however, and quarterly monitoring activities were resumed in November 2015. Effects from the initial injection were first noted by the April 2016 monitoring event when the concentration of target VOCs (i.e., perchloroethylene (PCE), trichloroethylene (TCE)) were measured below set regulatory standards. While the initial aquifer response to the Pilot Study has been positive, the relatively low velocity of groundwater north of the site will require additional monitoring in order to obtain the data necessary to assess whether the applicability of the technology to the site. Until such data have been obtained, it cannot be anticipated whether or not this technology will be a viable remedial alternative. Once a working technology is in place, typical remediation and monitoring will be required until Cleanup Goals and statutory requirements are met.

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

In FY 2015-16 the estimated total pollution remediation liability decreased from \$63,521 at June 30, 2015 to \$62,878 at June 30, 2016. The effect of any changes in the estimated total current cost of pollution remediation is reported primarily in the period of change. The major contributing factors that caused the pollution remediation liability to decrease by a net amount of \$643 are listed below:

- The Mid-Valley net liability decreased by a net of \$2,936 primarily due to a calculation methodology change for the State Water Resources Control Board. No new scope of work was enacted in FY 2015-2016 for this site. The outstanding liability as of June 30, 2016 is \$50,126.
- The Yucaipa net liability decreased by a net of \$60. The outstanding liability as of June 30, 2016 is \$2,931.
- The Heaps Peak net liability increased by a net of \$1,543 primarily due to the revised Engineering estimate to include additional maintenance requirements for the upgraded leachate treatment system.
 No new scope of work was enacted in FY 2015-2016 for this site. The outstanding liability as of June 30, 2016 is \$7,863.
- The Lenwood-Hinkley net liability increased by a net of \$810 due to the new Engineering estimate
 based on updated information from the State Water Resources Control Board. This waste discharge
 requirements permit fee was not previously anticipated as part of the total liability for this site's VOC
 Remediation. In FY 2015-16, it was determined to be a long-term cost directly related to this remediation
 matter. The outstanding liability as of June 30, 2016 is \$1,958.

Current and future estimated remediation costs are based on actual component costs adjusted for inflation in the post 2015-16 fiscal years. Future estimates may be revised to reflect changes to equipment and service costs as well as any changes in technology and regulations. In FY 2015-16 SWMD expended \$3,401 in performing pollution remediation activities at Mid-Valley Landfill, Yucaipa Disposal Site, Heaps Peak Disposal Site and Lenwood-Hinkley Disposal Site. Outlays are expected to be incurred in FY 2016-17 totaling \$4,862. The presence of perchlorate, VOC and leachate will continue to be remediated and monitored with an expected estimated outlay of \$58,016 from FY 2017-18 through FY 2042-43.

Bonds and Notes Payable

Certificates of Participation

Certificates of Participation (COP) are secured by annual lease payments payable by the County for use of the facilities constructed or acquired from the COP proceeds. The County has created a nonprofit organization and a joint powers authority to issue the Certificates in accordance with California Government Code. The County leases various projects from the corporation. The lease payments are used by the corporation to pay interest on, and principal of, the COPs.

NOTE 11 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The Certificates of Participation contain certain bond covenants, which are deemed by the County to be duties imposed by law. The County must include the applicable lease-purchase payments due each year in its annual budget and make the necessary appropriations. The County is also covenanted to maintain certain levels of liability, property damage, casualty, rental interruption and earthquake insurance in connection with each lease-purchase agreement. The County is in compliance with all significant financial restrictions and requirements as set forth in its various debt covenants. In addition, the County is in compliance with arbitrage regulations on all applicable bonds. Arbitrage computations are computed on an annual basis to determine if a rebate or liability exists as described in Section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, Section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and all applicable regulations issued there under.

In prior years, the County has defeased certain Certificates of Participation by placing the proceeds of new certificates in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old certificates. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased certificates are not included in the County's basic financial statements. At June 30, 2016 approximately \$61,070 of outstanding debt was considered defeased.

San Bernardino County Financing Authority

In November 1995, San Bernardino County Financing Authority (Authority) issued Revenue Bonds for the purpose of enabling the County to finance its share of unfunded pension indebtedness. The Authority has deep-discounts associated with the pension obligation bonds, which is being amortized based on the accreted value of the bonds at year-end. The Authority records the amortization of deep-discount as accretion of interest expense. As of June 30, 2016, the amount of accretion of interest expense remaining is \$66,496.

In June 2007, the Authority issued Revenue Bonds in order to provide funds for the County to finance the costs of refurbishing and renovating a county courthouse facility. The Revenue Bonds are special, limited obligations of the Authority payable solely from and secured by a first pledge of and exclusive lien on Surcharge Revenues consisting of a fee not to exceed thirty-five dollars charged on certain civil court filings made in Superior Courts located in the County. Only Surcharge Revenue received after June 29, 2007 has been pledged. The collection of the Surcharge shall terminate upon repayment of the amortized costs incurred, or 30 years from the sale of the Revenue Bonds, whichever occurs first. Surcharge revenues are projected to produce 150 percent of the debt service requirements over the remaining life of the bonds. Excess Surcharge Revenue shall be used to pay for costs of improvements.

The debt service schedule for the current fiscal year required principal and interest payments totaling \$1,669. The total surcharge revenues received during the fiscal year totaled \$1,583. The bonds are subject to a special mandatory redemption prior to maturity, if the debt service coverage ratio for the immediately prior bond year is less than 150 percent. The current coverage ratio was below the required 150 percent, thus the remaining excess Surcharge Revenue shall be used for a special mandatory redemption of the bonds to occur on December 1, 2016, which is the next scheduled interest payment date. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$24,955. Interest is payable semi-annually at interest rates from 5.10 percent to 5.50 percent starting December 1, 2007. \$3,100 is expected to mature on June 1, 2017, and \$15,270 is expected to mature on June 1, 2037. The bonds are not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Pension Obligation Bonds 2004 and 2008 Series

The County Board of Supervisors adopted a resolution to authorize the issuance of the County of San Bernardino pension obligation debenture in order to finance the County's share of the unfunded accrued actuarial liability of the San Bernardino County Employee Retirement Association (SBCERA). On June 24, 2004, the County issued County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 A (Fixed Rate Bonds), County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 B (Auction Rate Bonds), and County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 C (Index Bonds – based on LIBOR) in respective aggregate principal amounts of \$189,070, \$149,825, and \$125,000.

The Bonds have various maturity dates ranging from: 2005 to 2018 for Fixed Rate Bonds; 2004 to 2023 for Auction Rate Bonds; and 2004 to 2023 for Index Bonds. Series 2004 A Fixed Rate Bonds have fixed interest rates that range from 2.43% to 5.86%. The Series 2004 B Pension Obligation Bonds were fully refunded in April 2008 by the issued Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2008, which have a fixed interest rate of 6.020%.

Judgment Obligation Refunding Bonds 2016 Series

In February 2016, San Bernardino County Flood Control District issued Refunding Judgment Obligation Bonds, Series A, in the amount of \$27,870. Interest on the Refunding Judgment Obligation Bonds, Series A is paid at a fixed rate of 1.54% payable annually on August 1 of each year commencing on August 1, 2016. Principal payments are due annually in various amounts commencing August 1, 2016 through 2023. The unpaid balance at June 30, 2016 was \$27,870.

Proceeds from the 2016 Refunding Judgment Obligation Bonds, Series A, along with other District and County funds, were used to pay in full the outstanding principal balance of the 2007 Judgment Obligation Bonds, Series A. In addition to the funds received, the District used approximately \$15,440 from other restricted and unrestricted funds to fund the redemption of the 2007 Judgment Obligation Bonds, Series A. The refunding reduced debt service payments by \$12,752 over the next 14 years resulting in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$8,540. The refunding resulted in a gain in the amount of \$252 and is reported as a deferred inflow of resources. The deferred gain will be amortized through 2024 at \$36 per year.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

A summary of bonds and notes payable recorded in the governmental activities and payable from Debt Service Funds is as follows:

Certificates of Participation	Interest Rates (%)			Outstanding as of 6/30/2016	
Justice Center/Airport Improvement	3.00 to 5.00	3/1/2002	7/1/2016	\$ 68,100	\$ 6,205
Total Certificates of Participation					6,205
Revenue Bonds		44/00/4005	0/4/0004	200.000	274.000
Pension Obligation Bonds (1995)	5.68 to 7.72 5.10 to 5.50	11/22/1995 6/29/2007	8/1/2021 6/30/2037	386,266	374,960
Courthouse Project Bonds (2007) Subtotal	5.10 to 5.50	6/29/2007	0/30/2037	18,370	14,705 389,665
Premium/(Discounts):					
Pension Obligation Bonds (1995) Total Revenue Bonds					(66,496)
Total Novellae Bollas					323,169
Other Bonds and Notes					
CSA 70 Zone G Wrightwood Loan	6.38	12/30/2006	12/30/2016	725	49
Flood Control District:	4.05 (- 5.00	F (00 (0007	0/4/0004	00.045	40.000
Refunding Bonds (Series 2007)	4.25 to 5.00 0.66 to 4.86	5/29/2007 4/16/2008	8/1/2021 8/1/2037	23,845	13,000
Refunding Bonds (Series 2008) Refunding Bonds (Series 2016)	1.54	2/25/2016	8/1/2023	37,295 27,870	37,295 27,870
Pension Obligation Bonds (2004)	0.54 to 5.86	6/24/2004	8/1/2023	463.895	199,275
Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds (2008)	6.02	4/16/2008	6/30/2024	160,900	154,955
Fire Protection District 2010 Installment Loan	5.4	8/2/2010	8/1/2030	2,286	2,025
West Valley Detention Center Refinancing Notes (2012)	2.59	3/29/2012	11/1/2018	51,585	23,260
Subtotal				- 1,	457,729
Premium/(Discounts):					
Flood Control District:					
Refunding Bonds (Series 2007)					494
Total Other Bonds and Notes					458,223
Total Governmental Activities					\$ 787,597

Medical Center (COP)

Certificates of Participation (COP) are secured by annual lease payments payable by the County for use of the facilities constructed or acquired from the COP proceeds. The County has created a nonprofit public benefit corporation, Inland Empire Public Facilities Corporation (IEPFC), to issue the Certificates. The County leases various projects from the corporation. The lease payments are used by the corporation to pay interest and principal of the COPs.

Housing Authority (HACSB)

Loans are issued to provide funds for housing rehabilitation, home buyer assistance, and creation of new affordable housing units. Additional information in regards to these loans can be found in the separately issued financial statements of the HACSB.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

County Service Area

General Obligation Bonds are issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. These bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the County and revenue for the retirement of such bonds is provided by ad valorem taxes on property within the jurisdiction of the governmental unit issuing the bonds.

A summary of bonds and notes payable recorded in the business-type activities is as follows:

Certificates of Participation:	Interest Rates (%)	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding as of 6/30/2016
Medical Center Project (Series 1994)	4.60 to 7.00	2/1/1994	8/1/2028	\$ 283,245	\$ 103,035
Medical Center Project (Series 1995)	4.80 to 7.00	6/1/1995	8/1/2022	363,265	9,320
Medical Center Project (Series 1996)	5.00 to 5.25	1/1/1996	8/1/2028	65,070	62,340
Arrowhead Refunding Project (Series 2009A)	3.00 to 5.50	12/17/2009	8/1/2026	243,980	187,510
Arrowhead Refunding Project (Series 2009B)	3.00 to 5.25	12/17/2009	8/1/2026	44,750	43,880
					406,085
Premium / (Discounts):					
Medical Center Project (Series 1994)					(3,776)
Medical Center Project (Series 1995)					(48)
Medical Center Project (Series 1996)					(1,751)
Arrowhead Refunding Project (Series 2009A)					2,513
Arrowhead Refunding Project (Series 2009B)					(87)
Total Certificates of Participation					402,936
General Obligation Bonds					
Spring Valley Lake Sewer Facilities:	0.504-0.75	0/45/4070	0/45/0000	4 200	45
Series A	6.50 to 6.75	2/15/1972	2/15/2002	1,300	15
Series B	6.10 to 6.15	4/1/1974	4/1/2004	1,000	15
Helendale Sewer Facilities:	= 00	0/4/4070	01111000	4.550	_
Series A	5.00	6/1/1978	6/1/1998	1,550	5
Helendale Water Facilities:	- 00	0/4/4000	0/4/4007	4 450	_
Series B	7.00	9/1/1982	6/1/1997	1,450	5
Pinon Hills Water Distribution:					
Series A	5.00	3/1/1978	3/1/2018	1,708	185
Series B	5.00	3/1/1978	3/1/2018	275	20
Series C	9.00 to 11.00	11/1/1984	3/1/2005	1,518	5
Landers Water Distribution System	5.00	6/1/1979	6/1/2019	1,540	260
Oak Hills Water Distribution Facilities	7.00	9/1/1974	9/1/1994	750	5
Total General Obligation Bonds					515
Notes Payable					
Oak Hills Water (Loan)		11/25/2003	8/25/2033	2,150	1,511
Notes Payable - HACSB	0 to 11.50	Various	Various	82,963	33,620
Total Notes Payable					35,131
Total Business-Type Activities					\$ 438,582

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the separately issued financial statements of the Inland Empire Public Facilities Corporation and the San Bernardino County Financing Authority.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The following is a schedule of principal debt service requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2016 for COPs, bonds and notes payable in the governmental activities:

Years Ending June 30	Certificates of Participation				Lond	Other y-Term Debt	Total
2017	\$	6,205	\$	56,040	\$	40,260	\$ 102,505
2018		_		58,655		45,342	103,997
2019		-		61,685		49,762	111,447
2020		-		64,875		46,623	111,498
2021		-		68,210		51,784	119,994
2022 - 2026		-		70,700		185,789	256,489
2027 - 2031		-		3,655		6,604	10,259
2032 - 2036		-		4,740		21,590	26,330
2037 - 2041		-		1,105		9,975	11,080
Total Principal		6,205		389,665		457,729	853,599
Plus: Premium		-		-		494	494
Less: Discount		-		(66,496)		-	(66,496)
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$	6,205	\$	323,169	\$	458,223	\$ 787,597

The following is a schedule of interest expense requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2016 for COPs, bonds and notes payable in the governmental activities:

Years Ending June 30				Certificates of Participation				Revenue Bonds	Other -Term Debt	Total		
2017	\$	155	\$	801	\$ 17,075	\$	18,031					
2018		-		773	15,000		15,773					
2019		-		750	12,632		13,382					
2020		-		727	10,673		11,400					
2021		-		702	9,221		9,923					
2022 - 2026		-		3,089	19,612		22,701					
2027 - 2031		-		2,231	8,823		11,054					
2032 - 2036		-		1,115	4,778		5,893					
2037 - 2041		-		61	327		388					
Total Interest	\$	155	\$	10,249	\$ 98,141	\$	108,545					

The following is a schedule of principal debt service requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2016 for COPs, bonds and notes payable in the business-type activities:

Years Ending June 30	ificates of ticipation	General Obligation Bonds	Notes Payable	Total		
2017	\$ 22,380	\$ 230	\$ 2,547	\$	25,157	
2018	23,630	190	763		24,583	
2019	24,920	95	811		25,826	
2020	26,230	=	861		27,091	
2021	27,765	=	924		28,689	
2022 - 2026	165,095	=	24,178		189,273	
2027 - 2031	116,065	=	2,046		118,111	
2032 - 2036	-	=	1,501		1,501	
2037-2041	-	=	=		-	
2042-2046	-	=	-		-	
2047-2051	 =_	 -	 1,500		1,500	
Total Principal	406,085	 515	 35,131		441,731	
Plus: Premium	2,513	=	=		2,513	
Less: Discount	(5,662)	 =			(5,662)	
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 402,936	\$ 515	\$ 35,131	\$	438,582	

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The following is a schedule of interest expense requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2016 for COPs, bonds and notes payable in the business-type activities:

Years Ending June 30	Certificates of Participation		General Obligation Bonds		ı	Notes Payable	Total		
2017	\$	20,540	\$	48	\$	1,359	\$	21,947	
2018		19,299		14		1,367		20,680	
2019		18,037		5		1,329		19,371	
2020		16,749		-		1,290		18,039	
2021		15,231		-		1,251		16,482	
2022 - 2026		51,127		-		3,212		54,339	
2027 - 2031		8,630		-		268		8,898	
2032 - 2036		-		-		15		15	
Total Interest	\$	149,613	\$	67	\$	10,091	\$	159,771	

Agreement with Liquidity Facilities

Flood Control (Flood) Refunding Bonds (Series 2008): In April 2008, Flood issued Refunding Bonds, Series 2008, in the amount of \$37,295. Interest on the Refunding Bonds, Series 2008 is paid at a Weekly Rate Mode interest rate payable on the first Business Day of each calendar month commencing on May 1, 2008. Principal payments are due annually in various amounts commencing August 1, 2029 through 2037. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2016 was \$37,295.

The Bonds were issued to refund all of Flood's outstanding \$45,000 San Bernardino County Flood Control District Judgment Obligation Bonds, Series B, which were issued to refund a portion of certain obligations of Flood under a settlement agreement relating to an inverse condemnation action against Flood, fund interest on the Series 2008 Bonds at an assumed rate of 4.86% through August 1, 2008 and costs of issuance incurred in connection with the issuance of the Series 2008 Bonds. The interest rate is variable and is shown at the assumed rate of 4.86% in the repayment schedule.

The Bonds have an optional tender provision that gives the bondholder the option of selling their Bonds back to Flood, at par, upon seven days' notice. Flood has obtained a direct pay, irrevocable letter of credit (LC) from Bank of America ("Bank") to provide credit support, and cash for such tenders, in the event tendered Bonds cannot be immediately remarketed to another investor. Flood entered into a Reimbursement Agreement and Fee Letter with the Bank in July of 2011 to document the terms related to the issuance of the LC. Flood did not pay any upfront commitment fee to the Bank for this LC; however it pays a facility fee at agreed upon rates on the Available Amount of the LC (as defined in the LC agreement). This LC is an irrevocable direct pay letter of credit with an initial stated expiration date of July 5, 2013, which has been extended to July 5, 2016, and subsequently extended to July 5, 2019.

The LC is directly drawn on monthly to make the interest payment on the Bonds. The Bank is reimbursed for the monthly draw on the LC with the debt service payments made by Flood. An LC draw would also occur if an investor exercises the optional tender provision and the Bonds cannot be immediately remarketed to another investor. In the event of a draw on the LC to purchase bonds that have been tendered but not remarketed (Liquidity Advance) that is not repaid by Flood within 90 days, the Liquidity Advance will convert to a Term Loan on the ninety first day, if conditions precedent to a Term Loan are satisfied by Flood.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2016, there were no outstanding 2008 Judgment Obligation Bonds that have been tendered but failed to be remarketed. In accordance with the agreement, in the event any Bonds are optionally tendered and cannot be remarketed, interest on tendered Bonds for the first ninety days is paid to the Bank at the highest of a) Prime Rate in effect for such day plus 1.5%, b) overnight effective federal funds rate for such day as quoted in the "Composition Closing Quotations for U.S. Government Securities" published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York plus 3%, c) 7.5% or d) the maximum rate of interest borne by Bonds that are still held by investors. If a Liquidity Advance remains outstanding after ninety days, and if conditions precedent to a Term Loan is satisfied by Flood, the rate paid to the Bank on the Term Loan is the highest of a) through d) above, plus 1%.

The following schedule represents a debt service scenario in which all the bonds are tendered by investors on July 1, 2016 and fail to be remarketed during the Liquidity Advance and Term Loan periods. The scenario assumes that interest on the Liquidity Advance is paid at a rate of 7.5%, and that interest on the Term Loan is paid at a rate of 8.5%. Principal is amortized as required in the Reimbursement Agreement over the Term Loan period.

Years Ending June 30	P	rincipal	In	terest	Total
2017	\$	10,600	\$	2,823	\$ 13,423
2018		10,600		1,741	12,341
2019		10,700		835	11,535
2020		5,395		77	 5,472
	\$	37,295	\$	5,476	\$ 42,771

Conduit Debt (Limited Obligation)

Single and Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds

The County issues Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds to provide funds to purchase mortgage loans secured by first trust deeds on newly constructed and existing single-family residences. Additionally, the County issues Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds to finance the construction of multi-family apartment projects in the County. These programs assist persons and families of low and moderate income within the County to afford the costs of safe and sanitary housing. The bonds will be payable solely from and secured by a pledge of payment received on the acquired mortgage loans, certain insurance with respect thereto, and other monies pledged under the bond resolution. Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds of \$989 and Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds of \$50,265 at June 30, 2016 do not represent a liability of the County and, as such, do not appear in the accompanying basic financial statements.

The HACSB has issued multifamily housing revenue bonds to provide funds to developers of multifamily housing projects. The bonds are payable solely from the revenues collected by the developers of these projects. The HACSB is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the indebtedness. Accordingly, the liabilities are not reported in the HACSB's basic financial statements. The HACSB participated as a conduit debt issuer for a number of housing development projects. These issues are typically used in multi-family housing acquisition and construction. The HACSB usually assigns the financing agreement (including all rights of issuer, except for reserved rights) together with other property to the Trustees. As of September 30, 2015, the outstanding balances of these Revenue Bonds are \$18,000.

NOTE 11 – LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

School District General Obligation Bonds

The County of San Bernardino issued General Obligation Bonds (GOB) on behalf of certain Schools within the San Bernardino School District. The GOBs are payable solely by ad valorem taxes to be levied within the District. The General Obligation Bonds of \$11,900 at June 30, 2016 do not represent a liability of the County and, as such, do not appear in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Special Assessment Bonds

The County acts as an agent for the property owners benefited by the projects financed from special assessment bond proceeds, in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders and initiating foreclosure proceedings, if appropriate. Special assessment bonds of \$55,222 at June 30, 2016 do not represent a liability of the County and, as such, do not appear in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Long-term liability transactions for FIRST 5 of San Bernardino for the year ended June 30, 2016, are as follows:

	•	ginning slance	Add	litions	Redi	uctions	nding alance	Due V One	Vithin Year
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability	\$	184 1,571	\$	153 101	\$	158 -	\$ 179 1,672	\$	5 -
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	1,755	\$	254	\$	158	\$ 1,851	\$	5

NOTE 12 - LEASES

Capital Leases

The County has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the County when all terms of the lease agreements are met. Equipment and related accumulated amortization as of June 30, 2016 for capital leases are as follows:

	ness-type ctivities
Asset:	
Equipment	\$ 25,722
Less: Accumulated depreciation	18,976
Total	\$ 6,746

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 12 – LEASES (CONTINUED)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	ness-type ctivities
2017	\$ 1,998
2018	1,302
2019	699
2020	 324
Total Minimum Lease Payments	 4,323
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(131)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 4,192

Operating Leases

The County leases building and office facilities and other equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$48,701 for the year ended June 30, 2016. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2017	\$ 44,263
2018	44,176
2019	38,961
2020	33,051
2021	27,449
2022-2026	81,215
Total Minimum Payments	\$ 269,115

NOTE 13 - CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State Financial Assurance Mechanism regulations require landfill operators to set aside funds, or provide alternative funding mechanisms to fund the closure and post-closure maintenance of landfills. The funding must be completed prior to the final date of closure. These regulations apply to solid waste landfills that have been or will be operated on or after January 1, 1988. The closure and post-closure care costs of other landfills not subject to these State regulations is funded separately in the Waste Systems Division.

Closure and post-closure care costs include, but are not limited to, such items as final cover, groundwater monitoring, well installations and landfill gas monitoring systems.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 13 – CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST (CONTINUED)

The twenty (20) landfills listed below (with their capacity used and estimated remaining lives) are those currently subject to State and federal regulations:

Landfill	Capacity Used	Years Remaining	Landfill	Capacity Used	Years Remaining
Apple Valley	100%	Inactive	Milliken	100%	Inactive
Baker	100%	Inactive	Morongo Valley	100%	Inactive
Barstow	5%	657	Needles	100%	Inactive
Big Bear	100%	Inactive	Newberry Springs	100%	Inactive
Colton	100%	Inactive	Phelan	100%	Inactive
Hesperia	100%	Inactive	San Timoteo	39%	31
Landers	94%	2	Trona-Argus	100%	Inactive
Lenwood-Hinkley	100%	Inactive	Twentynine Palms	100%	Inactive
Lucerne Valley	100%	Inactive	Victorville	18%	199
Mid-Vallev	35%	53	Yermo	100%	Inactive

The annually inflated landfill closure and post-closure care cost estimates of \$204,323 and \$145,104 respectively for a total of \$349,427, are based upon the most recently submitted Closure/Post-Closure Maintenance Plan documents filed with the State and Federal permitting agencies. If, at some future date, these closure cost estimates are adjusted (due to changes in inflation, technology, regulations, etc.), the County is required to make corresponding changes in the amount of funds deposited for closure.

As of June 30, 2016, the cumulative liability recorded by the County based upon individual landfill capacity usage was \$207,427 (\$121,124 closure costs and \$86,303 post-closure costs). The remaining \$142,000 of estimated closure and post-closure costs will be recorded and funded as landfill capacities are used.

Cumulative closure and post-closure related expenses of \$87,793 and \$17,216 have been incurred through June 30, 2016. Landfill closure liabilities decreased to \$33,332 while post-closure liabilities decreased to \$69,086. In accordance with GASB 18, "Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill (MSWLF) Closure and Postclosure Care Costs", the effect of any changes in the estimated total current cost of closure and postclosure care is reported primarily in the period of change.

The estimated closure and post-closure activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 includes the following:

	Beginning Balance			crease ecrease)	Ending Balance
Estimated Liability for Closure Care Costs	\$	36,297	\$	(2,965)	\$ 33,332
Estimated Liability for Postclosure Care Costs		70,441		(1,355)	 69,086
Total	\$	106,738	\$	(4,320)	\$ 102,418

In accordance with a Pledge of Revenue Mechanism adopted by the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors on July 28, 2009, the County has pledged tipping fees and interest revenue to fund the post-closure maintenance costs as needed. Total tipping fees received in the current fiscal year were \$64,977 and post-closure expenses were \$1,280. Each landfill site's maintenance costs are budgeted annually following the Closure and Post-Closure Maintenance Plan as approved by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle). The County has restricted cash of \$61,373 in the Waste System Division enterprise fund, of this amount, \$59,751 is to provide financial assurance for landfill closure costs as required by CalRecycle. The term for each landfill site funding requirements is thirty (30) years starting with the date of closure as certified by the State.

NOTE 14 – SELF-INSURANCE

The County has self-insurance programs for public liability, property damage, unemployment insurance, employee dental insurance, hospital and medical malpractice liability, environmental liability, and workers' compensation claims. Public liability claims are self-insured for up to \$3.0 million per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage over the Self-Insured Retention (SIR) up to \$54 million is provided through a combination of insurance policies as recommended by Alliant Insurance Services Inc., Insurance Broker as follows: Primary Liability coverage \$10 million excess of \$3 million self-insured retention with Security National Insurance Company (AM TRUST); Excess Liability coverage for \$4 million, excess of \$13 million with Evanston Insurance Company (Markel); and Excess Liability coverage of \$15 million, excess of \$17 million with National Casualty. Allied World Assurance Co. (AWAC) provides excess liability coverage of \$25 million, excess of \$32 million. No settlements related to these programs have exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years.

The Workers' Compensation program was restructured by joining CSAC-EIA (California State Association of Counties – Excess Insurance Authority) Excess Workers' Compensation Program and purchasing a policy with a \$2 million SIR and statutory limits with National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, PA. Property damage claims are insured on an occurrence basis over a \$25 thousand deductible, and insured through CSAC-EIA and reinsured with Lexington Insurance Co. and with several insurers like AWAC, Ironshore, Partner RE, and Lloyd's of London, among others.

The County supplements its self-insurance for medical malpractice claims with a \$25 million policy (\$35 million aggregate) with BETA Risk Management Authority, which provides annual coverage on a claims made basis with a SIR of \$1 million for each claim.

Environmental claims are expected to occur infrequently, but have the potential to be expensive when they do occur. The County has experienced only two significant environmental liability claims since it began self-insuring this exposure in 1983. Given that environmental liability is an extremely volatile coverage, which is characterized by low frequency and high severity, the County has taken a conservative stance, as recommended by the actuary, by setting aside minimum of \$10 million to cover future environmental liability claims.

All public officials and County employees are insured under a blanket Comprehensive Disappearance, Destruction, and Dishonesty policy covering County monies and securities, with Berkley Regional Insurance Co. with a \$100 thousand deductible, and excess limits up to \$10 million per occurrence.

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in the Risk Management Department's internal service funds ("Funds"), except for unemployment insurance, and employee dental insurance, which are accounted for in the General Fund. The liabilities recorded in these Funds are based on the results of actuarial studies and include amounts for allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liabilities for these claims are reported using a discounted rate of 0.615% and an actuarially-determined 80% confidence level. It is the County's practice to obtain actuarial studies on an annual basis.

The total claims liability of \$236.70 million reported at June 30, 2016 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 14 - SELF-INSURANCE (CONTINUED)

Changes in the claims liability amounts in fiscal years 2015 and 2016 were:

		Current-Year		
	Beginning of	Claims and		Balance
Fiscal	Fiscal Year	Changes in	Claim	at Fiscal
Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year End
2014-15	\$239,623	\$35,991	(\$43,516)	\$232,098
2015-16	\$232,098	\$50,398	(\$45,801)	\$236,695

During an assessment of the County's self-insured environmental and medical malpractice liability programs, it was determined that an excess net position was being maintained beyond the actuarially recommended amount. Refunds due to all funds or departments that contributed to the build-up of excess net position have been reported in the internal service funds at the end of the fiscal year totaling \$15,973.

NOTE 15 – COLLATERALIZED FACILITIES

The following County Facilities have been pledged as collateral in certain County financing transactions:

Facilities	B	eginning	Add	litions	Del	etions	 Ending
Foothill Law and Justice	\$	42,642	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 42,642
Victorville Law Center		8,644		-		-	8,644
West Valley Detention Center		146,327		-		_	146,327
Courthouse & Annex		9,450		-		_	9,450
West Valley Juvenile Detention Center		5,077		-		_	5,077
Arrowhead Regional Medical Center		490,481		-		_	490,481
Hall of Records (New)		12,666		-		_	12,666
Glen Helen Pavilion Amphitheater		26,174		-		_	26,174
Sheriff's Admin Bldg		13,416		-		_	13,416
County Government Center		25,711					 25,711
	\$	780,588	\$		\$		\$ 780,588

These facilities remain pledged as collateral until the associated County financing transactions become paid in full.

In addition to these facilities, the County entered into a ground lease agreement with the State of California for the property located on 9438 Commerce Way in Adelanto, California, known as the Adelanto Detention Center Expansion, to assist the County in obtaining eligibility for AB900 funding. The State, in turn, has pledged the facility as collateral for lease-revenue bonds it issued to fund the project.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 16 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The County recognized deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are an acquisition of net position by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period.

The balances as of June 30, 2016 of deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

Go	vernment-Wide Activities		
Governmental Activities			
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensio	ns	\$	361,405
Deferred Inflows Related to Bond F			
Flood Control Refunding Bonds	(Series 2016)		252
	Sub-Total		361,657
Business-Type Activities			
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	ns		46,314
	Sub-Total		46,314
	Total Government-Wide Activities	\$	407,971
	Governmental Funds		
Unavailable Revenues:	- Covernmental Funds		
General Fund			
Property Tax Receivable		\$	12,093
Interest Receivable		Ψ	23,206
Due from Governmental Agencies			34,577
_ ac	Sub-Total		69,876
Capital Improvement Fund			
Interest Receivable		222	
	Sub-Total		222
Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
Property Tax Receivable			5,399
Interest Receivable			763
Due from Governmental Agencies			2,793
Due from Other Agencies			2,501
· ·	Sub-Total		11,456
	Total Governmental Funds	\$	81,554
	Proprietary Funds		
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions:			
Enterprise Fund		•	. .
	'Retirement Association (SBCERA)	\$	45,229
California Public Employees Retire			1,085
	Sub-Total		46,314
Internal Service Fund			
	' Retirement Association (SBCERA)		12,777
San Bernaramo County Employees	Sub-Total		12,777
	Oub Total		12,111
	Total Proprietary Funds	\$	59,091
	, , , , , , ,		-,

Refer to Note 19 Retirement Plan, for additional Deferred Inflows of Resources information related to pensions.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 17 - FUND BALANCES DETAIL

Details of Fund Balance Classifications reported in Governmental Funds are as follows:

	General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Nonmajor Permanent Funds	Total
Nonspendable:							
Loan Receivable	\$ 42,215	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,215
Noncurrent Interfund Receivable	2,147	-	-	-	-	-	2,147
Prepaid Items and Inventories	4,137	-	191	-	-	-	4,328
Land Held for Resale	549	-	-	-	-	-	549
Endowments	-	-	-	-	-	1,711	1,711
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	49,048	-	191		-	1,711	50,950
Restricted for:							
Social Services Realignment	82,086	-	-	-	-	-	82,086
Health Services Realignment	111,781	-	-	-	-	-	111,781
Behavioral Health Realignment	63,387	-	-	-	-	-	63,387
Law and Justice Realignment	61,014	-	-	-	-	-	61,014
Family Support Realignment	14,098	-	-	-	-	-	14,098
Support Services Realignment	36,388	-	-	-	-	-	36,388
CalWORKs Maintenance of Effort Realignment	13,658	-	-	-	-	-	13,658
Teeter Plan	13,538	-	-	-	-	-	13,538
Aging Programs	1,549	-	-	-	-	-	1,549
Mental Health Outreach Services	75	-	-	-	-	-	75
Debt Service	-	-	-	29,552	-	-	29,552
Central Courthouse Project	-	-	2,006	-	-	-	2,006
Redemption Restitution Maintenance	-	-	1,609	-	-	-	1,609
Courthouse and Criminal Justice Construction	-	-	8	-	-	-	8
Redevelopment Housing	-	-	994	-	20,051	-	21,045
Capital Improvement Projects	-	35,760	-	-	-	-	35,760
Public Protection and Safety - Other	-	-	148	-	-	-	148
Flood Control	-	-	115,103	-	-	-	115,103
Domestic Violence Programs	-	-	632	-	-	-	632
Crime Prosecution	-	-	5,843	-	-	-	5,843
Probation Programs	-	-	24,825	-	-	-	24,825
Alternate Dispute Resolutions	-	-	20	-	-	-	20
Recorder's Micrographics	-	-	13,991	-	-	-	13,991
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	-	-	2,583	-	-	-	2,583
Sheriff Special Projects	-	-	13,740	-	-	-	13,740
Fire Protection	-	-	58,145	-	1	-	58,146
Chino Agriculture Preserve	-	-	28,732	-	-	-	28,732
Road Operations	-	-	39,102	-	-	-	39,102
Measure I	-	-	22,863	-	-	-	22,863
Regional Development Mitigation Plan	-	-	15,149	-	-	-	15,149
Facilities Development Plans	-	-	3,111	-	-	-	3,111
Airport Operations	-	-	4,312	-	-	-	4,312
Mental Health Services Act	-	-	151,889	-	-	-	151,889
Block Grant Carryover Program	-	-	6,075	_	_	-	6,075
Vector Control Assessments	-	-	3,603	-	-	-	3,603
Public Health - Other	-	-	855	-	-	-	855
Mental Health - Other	-	-	602	-	-	-	602
Inland Counties Emergency Medical Agencies	-	-	978	_	_	-	978
Preschool Services	-	-	18	_	_	-	18
Aging and Adult Services - Other	-	-	1,394	-	-	-	1,394
Job and Employment Services	-	-	980	_	-	-	980
Economic and Community Development	-	-	33,480	-	-	-	33,480
Wraparound Reinvestment	-	-	6,978	_	-	-	6,978
Regional Parks	-	-	1,262	_	-	-	1,262
Park and Recreation Districts	-	_	1,493	-	5,128	_	6,621
County Free Library	-	_	7,816	-	-,	_	7,816
County Service Area	-	_	22,648	-	1,918	_	24,566
Total Restricted Fund Balance	397,574	35,760	592,987	29,552	27,098		1,082,971

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 17 – FUND BALANCES DETAIL (CONTINUED)

	General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Nonmajor Permanent Funds	Total
Committed to:			•	-	-		
Medical Center Debt Service	\$ 32,075	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,075
Glen Helen Rehabilitation Center Jail Upgrade	22,500	-	-	-	-	-	22,500
New Property Tax System	25,000	-	-	-	-	-	25,000
New Financial Accounting System	13,000	-	-	-	-	-	13,000
Earned Leave	16,461	-	-	-	-	-	16,461
Animal Shelter Capital Project	10,000	-	-	-	-	-	10,000
Adelanto Detention Center Jail Upgrade	9,969	-	-	-	-	-	9,969
Retirement	8,500	-	-	-	-	-	8,500
West Valley Detention Center Jail Upgrade	7,000	-	-	-	-	-	7,000
Rim Forest Drainage Project	5,026	-	-	-	-	-	5,026
Land Use Services Plan and Amendments	2,056	-	-	-	-	-	2,056
Glen Helen Parkway Bridge	2,039	-	-	-	-	-	2,039
Cal Fresh Waiver Discontinuance	3,725	-	-	-	-	-	3,725
County Buildings and Acquisition Retrofit Project	44,000	-	-	-	-	-	44,000
Redevelopment Agency Overpayment	3,800	-	-	-	-	-	3,800
Insurance	3,000	-	-	=	-	-	3,000
Permit Systems Upgrade	1,387	-	-	=	-	-	1,387
Lake Gregory Dam	6,713	-	-	-	-	-	6,713
National Trails Highway	7,900	-	-	-	-	-	7,900
Labor	9,642	-	-	-	-	-	9,642
Rock Springs Bridge	2,037	-	-	-	-	-	2,037
Asset Replacement	23,134	-	-	-	-	-	23,134
Restitution	1,546	_	-	-	_	-	1,546
Public Defender - Court Remodel	430	_	-	-	_	-	430
ARMC Jail Ward	22,500	_	-	-	_	-	22,500
Cedar Avenue Interchange	8,175	_	_	_	_	_	8,175
Other Capital Projects	6,700	_	_	_	_	_	6,700
Litigation Expenses	3,000	_	_	_	_	_	3,000
Green Tree Boulevard Connection	841	_	_	_	_	_	841
County Fire - Fire Training Center	820	_	_	_	_	_	820
Stanfield Cutoff Road Repair and Bridge Replacement	405	_	_	_	_	_	405
Litigation	385	_	_	_	_	_	385
Chino Airport Development Plan Reserve	250	_	_	_	_	_	250
Give BIG San Bernardino County	200	-	-	-	-	-	200
Revolving Loan Program	2,000	-	-	-	-	-	2,000
Total Committed Fund Balance	306,216						306,216
Total Committee Lune Balance	300,210	<u> </u>		- · ·	· 		300,210
Assigned to:							
Automated Systems Development	8,862	_	_	_	_	_	8,862
Redemption Restitution Maintenance		_	209	_	_	_	209
Industrial Development Authority	_	_	57	_	_	_	57
800 MHZ Upgrade Project	_	35,103	-	_	_	_	35,103
Sheriff's Crime Lab		642	_			_	642
Needles Fire Station	-	415	-	-	-	-	415
	-		-	-	-	-	
Rancho Court Remodel	-	1,893	-	-	-	-	1,893
Sherrif's Aviation Relocation	-	7,527					7,527
County Buildings Retrofit and Improvements	-	14,345	-	-	-	-	14,345
Maintenance, Upgrades and Other Capital Outlay	-	31,745	-	-	-	-	31,745
High Desert Animal Shelter	-	1,160	-	-	-	-	1,160
High Desert Residential Crisis Center	-	4,331	-	-	-	-	4,331
Training Centrer Lead Mitigation	-	2,414	-	-	-	-	2,414
Indigent Defense Program	-	-	171	-	-	-	171
Disaster Recovery	-	-	3,035	-	-	-	3,035
Flood Control	-	-	2,556	-	-	-	2,556
Sheriff Special Projects	-	-	3	-	-	-	3
Road Operations	-	-	25,927	-	-	-	25,927
Master Settlement Agreement	=	-	2,542	=	-	-	2,542
Mental Health	-	-	2,268	-	-	-	2,268
Human Resources	-	-	1,989	-	-	-	1,989
Economic and Community Development	-	-	24	-	-	-	24
Regional Parks	-	-	1,773	-	-	-	1,773
San Manuel Amphitheater	-	-	856	-	-	-	856
County Service Area	=		1,976	=	=	=	1,976
Total Assigned Fund Balance	8,862	99,575	43,386	-			151,823
Unassigned Fund Balance	294,958						294,958
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,056,658	\$ 135,335	\$ 636,564	\$ 29,552	\$ 27,098	\$ 1,711	\$ 1,886,918

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 18 - MEDICARE AND MEDI-CAL PROGRAMS

The Medical Center provides services to eligible patients under Medi-Cal and Medicare programs. For the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, the Medi-Cal program represented approximately 55% and 61%, and the Medicare program represented approximately 27% and 23%, respectively, of the Medical Center's net patient service revenues. Medi-Cal inpatient services are reimbursed at contractually agreed upon per diem rates and outpatient services are reimbursed under a schedule of maximum allowances. Medicare inpatient services are reimbursed based upon pre-established rates for diagnostic-related groups. Outpatient services are reimbursed based on prospectively determined payments per procedure under a system called Ambulatory Payment Classifications. Certain defined capital and the medical education costs related to Medicare beneficiaries are paid based on a cost-reimbursement methodology. Final reimbursement is determined as a result of audits by the intermediary of annual cost reports submitted by the Medical Center. Reports on the results of such audits have been received through June 30, 2011 for Medicare and June 30, 2014 for Medi-Cal. Adjustments as a result of such audits are recorded in the year the amounts can be determined.

Additional detailed financial information, including separately issued financial statements, can be obtained from the Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector's Office at 268 W. Hospitality Lane, San Bernardino, CA 92415-0018.

NOTE 19 - RETIREMENT PLAN

The County recognized net pension liabilities from the following retirement plans in the government-wide financial statements. The balances as of June 30, 2016 of net pension liabilities are as follows:

					וט	scretely	
					Pr	esented	
	Go	overnmental	Bus	siness-type	Co	mponent	
		Activities	1	Activities		Unit	Total
San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association	\$	1,456,577	\$	161,557	\$	1,672	\$ 1,619,806
California Public Employees Retirement System - HACSB		-		16,833		-	16,833
Total	\$	1,456,577	\$	178,390	\$	1,672	\$ 1,636,639

A. San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The County provides pension benefits to eligible employees through a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (the Plan) administered by the San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA).

The Plan is governed by the SBCERA Board of Retirement (Board) under the provisions of the California County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL), and the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA). The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the CERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the County of San Bernardino Board of Supervisors and/or the SBCERA Board. SBCERA is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

SBCERA publishes its own comprehensive annual financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information, which can be obtained by writing to SBCERA at 348 W. Hospitality Lane, Third Floor, San Bernardino, CA 92415-0014 or visiting the website at www.SBCERA.org.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 19 - RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

SBCERA provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits. SBCERA administers the Plan which provides benefits for two membership classifications, General and Safety, and those benefits are tiered based upon date of SBCERA membership. Safety membership is extended to those involved in active law enforcement and fire suppression. All other members are classified as General members. Generally, those who become members prior to January 1, 2013 are Tier 1 members. All other members are Tier 2. An employee who is appointed to a regular or contract position, whose service is at least fifty percent of the full standard of hours required is a member of SBCERA, and is provided with pension benefits pursuant to Plan requirements.

The CERL and PEPRA establish benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average final compensation and service credit as follows:

	General - Tier 1	General - Tier 2	Safety - Tier 1	Safety - Tier 2
Final Average Compensation	Highest 12 consecutive months	Highest 36 consecutive months	Highest 12 consecutive months	Highest 36 consecutive months
Normal Retirement Age	The later of age 55 or the age at which the member vests in his/her benefits under the CERL, but not later than age 70	The later of age 55 or the age at which the member vests in his/her benefits under the CERL, but not later than age 70	The later of age 50 or the age at which the member vests in his/her benefits under the CERL, but not later than age 70	The later of age 50 or the age at which the member vests in his/her benefits under the CERL, but not later than age 70
Early Retirement: Years of service required and /or age eligible for	Age 70 any years 10 years age 50 30 years any age	Age 70 any years 5 years age 52 N/A	Age 70 any years 10 years age 50 20 years any age	Age 70 any years 5 years age 50 N/A
Benefit	At normal retirement age, 2.00% per year of final average compensation for every year of service credit	At age 67, 2.50% per year of final average compensation for every year of service credit	At normal retirement age, 3.00% per year of final average compensation for every year of service credit	At age 57, 2.70% per year of final average compensation for every year of service credit
Benefit Adjustments	Reduced before age 55, increased after 55 up to age 65	Reduced before age 67	Reduced before age 50	Reduced before age 57
Final Average Compensation Limitation	Internal Revenue Code section 401(a)(17)	Government Code section 7522.10	Internal Revenue Code section 401(a)(17)	Government Code section 7522.10

An automatic cost of living adjustment is provided to benefit recipients based on changes in the local region Consumer Price Index (CPI) up to a maximum of 2% per year. Any increase greater than 2% is banked and may be used in years where the CPI is less than 2%. There is a one-time 7% increase at retirement for members hired before August 19, 1975. The Plan also provides disability and death benefits to eligible members and their beneficiaries, respectively. For retired members, the death benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to benefits based on the members years of service or if the death was caused by employment. General members are also eligible for survivor benefits which are payable upon a member's death.

NOTE 19 – RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Participating employers and active members are required by statute to contribute a percentage of covered salary to the Plan. This requirement is pursuant to Government Code sections 31453.5 and 31454 for participating employers, and Government Code sections 31621.6, 31639.25, and 7522.30 for active members. The contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the SBCERA Board pursuant to Article 1 of the CERL, which is consistent with the Plan's actuarial funding policy. The contribution rates are adopted yearly based on an annual actuarial valuation, which is conducted by an independent actuary, that requires actuarial assumptions with regard to mortality, expected future service (including age at entry into the Plan, if applicable and tier), and compensation increases of the members and beneficiaries. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits for employees that are allocated during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Participating employers may pay a portion of the active members' contributions through negotiations and bargaining agreements.

Employee and employer contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	General - Tier 1	General - Tier 2	Safety - Tier 1	Safety - Tier 2
Employee contribution rates	7.81% to 14.21%	7.70% to 8.40%	10.62% to 16.87%	14.70% to 15.22%
Employer contribution rates	22.49%	19.39%	49.09%	42.25%

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County's employer contributions to the Plan were equal to the actuarially determined required employer contributions as follows:

 Governmental Business-type Activities Activities			•	Total		
\$ 158,578	\$	31,706	\$	328	\$	190,612
95,659		-		-		95,659
\$ 254,237	\$	31,706	\$	328	\$	286,271
	Activities \$ 158,578 95,659	Activities A \$ 158,578 \$ 95,659	Activities Activities \$ 158,578 \$ 31,706 95,659 -	Governmental	Activities Activities Unit \$ 158,578 \$ 31,706 \$ 328 95,659 - -	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Presented Component Unit \$ 158,578 \$ 31,706 \$ 328 \$ 95,659 -

Employer contributions paid by the employee are classified as employer contributions for purposes of allocating the net pension liability and are included as part of the actuarially determined contribution by the Plan starting the year ended June 30, 2015. Previously, these amounts were excluded from the allocation.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 19 - RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of June 30, 2016, the County reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability as follows:

	Gov	vernmental	siness-type	Pre	scretely esented mponent		
		Activities	 ctivities		Unit	 Total	
General Members	\$	804,191	\$ 161,557	\$	1,672	\$ 967,420	
Safety Members		652,386	-		-	652,386	
Total	\$	1,456,577	\$ 161,557	\$	1,672	\$ 1,619,806	

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's FY 2015 actual contributions to the Plan relative to the total employer contributions of all SBCERA's participating employers. The County's proportion in the Plan was 83.55%, which was a decrease of 1.04% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

The allocation of the County's proportion of the net pension liability to governmental activities, business-type activities, and a discretely presented component unit was based on that activity or fund's FY 2015 actual contributions to the County's pension plan relative to the total contributions of the County. The allocation of the County's proportion and its change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Governmental	Business-type	Discretely Presented Component	
	Activities	Activities	Unit	Total
Proportion - June 30, 2015				
General Members	49.65%	9.97%	0.10%	59.72%
Safety Members	40.28%	-	-	40.28%
Total	89.93%	9.97%	0.10%	100.00%
Change - Increase (Decrease)				
General Members	-1.44%	-0.30%	-0.01%	-1.75%
Safety Members	1.75%			1.75%
Total	0.31%	-0.30%	-0.01%	0.00%

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$158,616.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 19 – RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2016, the County reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, from the following sources:

			De	eferred Outflow	ws of Res	ources	
		vernmental Activities		iness-type	Pres Com	cretely sented ponent Jnit	Total
Changes of assumptions	\$	167,347	\$	18,561	\$	192	\$ 186,100
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		37,742		2,784		27	40,553
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		254,237		31,706		328	 286,271
Total	\$	459,326	\$	53,051	\$	547	\$ 512,924
	Governmental Activities		Deferred Inflows of Resources Discretely Presented Business-type Component Activities Unit		cretely sented ponent	 Total	
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	242,035	\$	26,845	\$	278	\$ 269,158
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		85,384		9,472		98	94,954
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		33,986		8,912		93	 42,991
Total	\$	361,405	\$	45,229	\$	469	\$ 407,103
						_	

The total amount of \$286,271 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 vernmental Activities	siness-type Activities	Pre Con	scretely esented nponent Unit	 Total
2017	\$ (82,442)	\$ (10,554)	\$	(107)	\$ (93,103)
2018	(82,442)	(10,554)		(107)	(93,103)
2019	(17,495)	(3,350)		(33)	(20,878)
2020	39,575	2,901		31	42,507
2021	(9,562)	(1,739)		(25)	(11,326)
Thereafter	(3,950)	(588)		(9)	(4,547)
Total	\$ (156,316)	\$ (23,884)	\$	(250)	\$ (180,450)

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 19 – RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The County's proportion of the Plan's total pension liability in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date June 30, 2015

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 7.50% Inflation 3.25%

Projected Salary Increases General: 4.60% to 13.75%; Safety: 4.55% to 13.75%

Cost of Living Adjustments Consumer price index with a 2.00% maximum

Administrative Expenses 0.60% of payroll

Mortality rates used in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table projected 20 years to 2020 using Projection Scale BB. For healthy General members, no adjustments are made. For healthy Safety members, ages are set back two years for males and one year for females. For disabled General members, ages are set forward seven years for males and set forward eight years for females. For disabled Safety members, ages are set forward two years for males and females. Beneficiaries are assumed to have the same mortality as a General member of the opposite sex who is receiving a service (non-disability) retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 were based on the results of the June 30, 2014 Review of Economic Assumptions and Actuarial Experience Study, which covered the period from July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2013. They are the same assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation, and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The June 30, 2015 target allocation (approved by the SBCERA Board) and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before deducting investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Investment Classification	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	Domestic Common and Preferred Stock	5.00%	5.94%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	Domestic Common and Preferred Stock	2.00%	6.50%
Developed International Equity	Foreign Common and Preferred Stock	6.00%	6.87%
Emerging Market Equity	Foreign Common and Preferred Stock	6.00%	8.06%
U.S. Core Fixed Income	U.S. Govedrnment and Agency/Corporate Bonds	2.00%	0.69%
High Yield/Credit Strategies	Corporate Bonds/Foreign Bonds	13.00%	3.10%
Global Core Fixed Income	Foreign Bonds	1.00%	0.30%
Emerging Market Debt	Emergng Market Debt	6.00%	4.16%
Real Estate	Real Estate	9.00%	4.96%
Cash & Equivalents	Short-Term Cash Investment Funds	2.00%	-0.03%
International Credit	Foreign Alternatives	10.00%	6.76%
Absolute Return	Domestic Alternativers/Foreign Alternatives	13.00%	2.88%
Real Assets	Domestic Alternativers/Foreign Alternatives	6.00%	6.85%
Long/Short Equity	Domestic Alternativers/Foreign Alternatives	3.00%	4.86%
Private Equity	Domestic Alternativers/Foreign Alternatives	16.00%	9.64%
Total	3	100.00%	

⁽¹⁾ For actuarial purposes, target allocations only change once every three years based on the triennial actuarial experience study.

NOTE 19 – RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Plan's total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed employer and member contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employee and employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits for current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Plan investments of 7.50% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	G	overnmental	Rus	siness-type	Pre	scretely esented mponent	
		Activities		Activities	001	Unit	Total
County's proportionate share of							
the net pension liability							
1.00% Decrease (6.50%)	\$	2,484,205	\$	300,162	\$	3,107	\$ 2,787,474
Current Discount Rate (7.50%)		1,456,577		161,557		1,672	1,619,806
1.00% Increase (8.50%)		606,125		46,849		485	653,459

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension fund's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SBCERA comprehensive annual financial report.

B. Housing Authority of the County of San Bernardino (HACSB) – California Public Employees Retirement System

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The HACSB provides pension benefits to all qualified permanent and probationary employees through the San Bernardino County Housing Authority Miscellaneous Plan (SBCHAMP), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. SBCHAMP is part of the Public Agency portion of CalPERS. The benefits for the public agencies are established by contract with CalPERS in accordance with the provisions of the Public Employees' Retirement Law. A full description of the pension plan regarding number of employees covered, benefit provisions, assumptions, and membership information are listed in the SBCHAMP's annual actuarial valuation report.

NOTE 19 - RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

CalPERS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of CalPERS' annual financial report and actuarial valuation report may be obtained from its executive office at 400 Q Street, P.O. Box 942701, Sacramento, California 94229 or on its website at www.CalPERS.ca.gov.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The provisions and benefits in effect as of September 30, 2015 are summarized as follows:

Benefit Formula 2.00% at age 55
Benefit Vesting Schedule 5 years of service
Benefit Payments Monthly for life
Retirement Age Age 50 to 55
Monthly Benefits, as percentage of eligible compensation 2.00% to 2.50%

Required Employee Contribution Rate 8.00%
Required Employer Contribution Rate 17.90%

Employees Covered

At September 30, 2015, SBCHAMP had 304 employees covered, including 123 active employees and 181 inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2015, the employee contribution rate is 8.00% of annual pay. The HACSB makes the contributions required of HACSB employees on their behalf and for their account via payroll deductions. The employer's contribution rate is 17.90% of annual payroll. The HACSB's contribution to the SBCHAMP was \$1,449 for the year ended September 30, 2015.

NOTE 19 - RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Net Pension Liability

The HACSB's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2015 using standard update procedures. At September 30, 2015, the HACSB reported a net pension liability of \$16,833.

Actuarial Assumptions

The June 30, 2014 valuation was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2015 total pension liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Valuation Date June 30, 2014

Measurement Date June 30, 2015

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.65%
Inflation 2.75%
Payroll Growth 3.00%

Projected Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.65% Net of Pension Plan Investment Expenses,

includes Inflation

Mortality Rate Table (1) Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until Purchasing Power Protection

Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75% thereafter

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report can be obtained at CalPERS' website at www.CalPERS.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

The discount rate of 7.50 percent used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65 percent used for the June 30, 2015 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

⁽¹⁾ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS' 2014 experience study report.

NOTE 19 - RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11 - 60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration effective on July 1, 2014.

Asset Class	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1-10 (1)	Real Return Years 11+ (2)
Global Equity	51.00%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19.00%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.00%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2.00%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100.00%		

 $^{^{(1)}}$ An expected inflation of 2.50% used for this period

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65%. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the discount rate of 7.65% for the SBCHAMP is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary.

⁽²⁾ An expected inflation of 3.00% used for this period

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 19 – RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Change in the Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability recognized over the measurement period.

	Increase (Decrease)							
		al Pension Liability		lan Net Position		Pension iability		
		(a)		(b)	(c) = (a) - (b)			
Balances at October 1, 2014	\$	53,596	\$	38,461	\$	15,135		
Changes recognized for the measurement period:								
Service cost		1,087		-		1,087		
Interest on total pension liability		3,956		-		3,956		
Changes of assumptions		(927)		-		(927)		
Differences between expected and actual experience		111		-		111		
Contributions from employer		-		1,201		(1,201)		
Contributions from employees		-		518		(518)		
Net invstment income		-		853		(853)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee								
contributions		(3,235)		(3,235)		-		
Administrative expense		-		(43)		43		
Net Changes		992		(706)		1,698		
Balances at September 30, 2015	\$	54,588	\$	37,755	\$	16,833		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the HACSB as of the June 30, 2015 measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the HACSB's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.65%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.65%) than the current rate:

Changes in Discount Rate		Net Pension Liability			
1.00% Decrease (6.65%)	- \$	23,778			
Current Discount Rate (7.65%)		16,833			
1.00% Increase (8.65%)		11,087			

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports. The plan fiduciary net position disclosed per the GASB Statement No. 68 accounting valuation report may differ from the plan assets reported in the funding actuarial valuation report due to several reasons. For the accounting valuations, CalPERS must keep items such as deficiency reserves, fiduciary self-insurance and OPEB expense included as assets. These amounts are excluded for rate setting purposes in the HACSB's funding actuarial valuation. In addition, differences may result from early financial statement closing and final reconciled reserves.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 19 – RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the HACSB recognized a pension expense of \$1,228. At September 30, 2015, the HACSB reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Ouflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes of assumptions	\$ -		\$	695
Difference between expected and actual experiences		84		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		-		390
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		548		-
Total	\$	632	\$	1,085

The \$548 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions to the SBCHAMP subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
September 30	
2016	\$ (468)
2017	(468)
2018	(468)
2019	403
Total	\$ (1,001)

NOTE 20 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - HACSB

Plan Description

In addition to providing pension benefits, the HACSB provides postemployment medical benefits through a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan, which is administered in Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS) OPEB trust by the HACSB, provides post-retirement health benefits to retirees who meet plan eligibility requirements in accordance with the personnel policies and collective bargaining agreements. The benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by the HACSB Board of Governors.

PARS publishes its own annual financial report, which can be obtained by writing to PARS at 4350 Von Karman Ave, Suite 100, Newport Beach, CA 92660 or visiting the website at www.PARS.org.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 20 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - HACSB (CONTINUED)

Eligibility

Active and eligible retired employees can elect to cover themselves and their dependents under any medical plan available through the CalPERS medical program under Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA). Active employees pay 15% of the premiums for themselves and dependents and the HACSB pays the remaining premiums. For retirees who retire with a CalPERS pension (age 50 or older), the HACSB pays retiree and dependent premiums based on the retiree's hire date and years of service as follows, with the remainder paid by the retiree:

Hire date prior to May 14, 2008. Minimum five years of qualified service. HACSB pays 85% of premiums (same as actives).

Hire date on or after May 14, 2008. Minimum ten years of qualified service for benefits. HACSB pays 42.5% of premiums with ten years, plus 4.25% per additional year, reaching 85% with twenty or more years of qualified service.

Benefits continue for the life of the retiree and spouse, and for the life of any surviving spouse after the retiree's death. There were 109 active employees, and 94 retirees and surviving spouses during the latest actuarial valuation at October 1, 2013.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the HACSB are established and may be amended by HACSB Board of Governors. HACSB joined the PARS GASB 45 Program Trust and intends to fully fund each year's annual required contributions. The contribution required to be made is primarily based on a pay-as-you-go basis, paying for retiree benefits as they are due. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the HACSB was required to make contributions of approximately \$583 in healthcare benefits for retired employees.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The HACSB's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the HACSB's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the HACSB's net OPEB obligation:

	9/30/2015	
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	472
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	Net OPEB Obligation	
Adjustment to ARC		(366)
Annual OPEB Cost		423
Contiributions Made		(583)
Decrease in Net OPEB Obligation		(160)
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year		4,202
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$	4,042

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 20 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - HACSB (CONTINUED)

The HACSB's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

			Percentage of			
	Annual OPEB		Annual OPEB	Net OPEB		
Fiscal Year End		Cost	Cost Contributed	Ob	ligation	
9/30/2013	\$	812	107%	\$	4,376	
9/30/2014		385	145%		4,202	
9/30/2015		423	138%		4,042	

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of October 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 83.47% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$10,321, and the actuarial value of plan assets was \$8,615, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,706. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$6,863, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 24.86%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the basic financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for the benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the HACSB's October 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, the actuarial cost method used for determining the benefit obligations is the Projected Unit Credit Cost Method. The actuarial assumptions include a 7.50% investment rate of return, which is the assumed rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.40% in 2015, reduced by decrements of 0.40% per year for the next two years then decrements of 0.30% to an ultimate rate of 5.00% in 2019. Both rates included a 3.00% inflation assumption and assumed the HACSB's payroll will increase 4.50% per year. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll over a closed-period basis using a 25 year amortization period.

NOTE 21 – LEASE/LEASEBACK

In May 1997, the County entered into a lease agreement whereby seven separate County parcels (each a Parcel and together, the Parcels), including related buildings, valued at a total of approximately \$146 million, were leased to a Delaware business trust (Trust) formed for a certain lease-leaseback transaction to act in various capacities for the benefit of the investor (the Investor) as described in the transaction. The County simultaneously entered into a sublease agreement with the Trust to lease the buildings back. With respect to the lease agreement, the County received a prepayment of \$25.6 million from the Trust, which was created by the Investor and the trustee for the Trust. The County transferred \$17.0 million to a sublease guaranty entity (Sublease Guaranty Trust) in order to induce the Sublease Guaranty Trust to provide a guaranty for the County's obligations under the sublease agreement. In order to secure its obligations, the Sublease Guaranty Trust used the monies to cause AIG-FP Special Finance and AIG-Matched Funding Corp to deliver a Letter of Credit (Loan) and a Letter of Credit (Equity), respectively, under the terms of a certain Debt Payment Agreement and a certain Equity Payment Agreement. After transaction expenses were paid, the County retained \$8.8 million.

The Letter of Credit (Loan) and the Letter of Credit (Equity) provide for the payment of the County's obligation under the sublease and exercise of its purchase option. As a result, obligations under the lease-leaseback arrangement are considered to be economically, although not legally defeased. Therefore, the trust assets and the related debt have been excluded from the County's financial statements. The term of the full lease with the financing institution ends in 2034. However, the sublease provides a procedure whereby the sublease with respect to one Parcel was terminated as of January 2010 and, with respect to another Parcel, terminated on July 1, 2014, and with respect to five Parcels on a certain date specified in 2021.

The County plan at this time is to continue to exercise its purchase options rights as available. On September 12, 2008, American International Group, Inc. (AIG), which provided a guarantee with respect to each of the above-mentioned letters of credit, was downgraded by both Moody's and S&P. The downgrade triggered provisions of the lease-leaseback transaction that allows certain parties to demand AIG to collateralize the Letter of Credit (Equity) and allows the replacement of an AIG related entity, AIG-FP Special Finance (Cayman) Limited, as the provider of the Letter of Credit (Loan).

As requested by the investor, in October 2008, AIG posted collateral to secure its obligations under the Letter of Credit (Equity). The County continues to analyze all options relating to this transaction, including the replacement of the provider of the Letter of Credit (Loan). As of June 30, 2016, assuming that the investor would agree to a termination in whole of the lease-leaseback transaction, the County estimated that the cost of termination would be approximately \$16.5 million. If AIG were unable to fulfill its guarantee under the Letter of Credit (Loan), the County estimates that the cost to the County to make the remaining sublease payments and purchase option payments would be approximately \$150.0 million over the next 5 years.

AIG is subject to the informational requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and in accordance therewith files reports, proxy statements and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Such reports, proxy statements and other information can be inspected and copied at public reference facilities maintained by the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549, United States, at prescribed rates. In addition, the SEC maintains a website at http://www.sec.gov, which contains reports, proxy statements and other information regarding registrants that file such information electronically with the SEC. The County takes no responsibility for the accuracy, completeness or timeliness of such reports, proxy statements or other information, and such reports, proxy statements and other information is not incorporated herein by reference.

NOTE 21 - LEASE/LEASEBACK (CONTINUED)

The Tax Increase Prevention and Reconciliation Act of 2005 (TIPRA), enacted on May 17, 2006, included excise taxes and disclosure rules that target certain tax shelter transactions to which a tax exempt entity is a party. In August 2006, the County received notice from the lease/leaseback investor that the transaction is a prohibited tax shelter transaction as defined in the new TIPRA legislation. The U.S. Treasury issued proposed, temporary and final regulations related to TIPRA and they provide that disclosure by a tax-exempt entity is not required for any transaction entered into by the entity on or before May 17, 2006. The County is unable to determine at this time whether and/or to what extent excise taxes would be applicable to this transaction.

NOTE 22 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND CERTAIN SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Lawsuits and Other Claims

The County has been named as a defendant in numerous lawsuits and claims arising in the normal course of operations. In the aggregate, these claims seek monetary damages in significant amounts. To the extent the outcome of such litigation has been determined to result in probable loss to the County, such loss has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements. In the opinion of County management and County Counsel, the ultimate outcome of the remaining claims cannot be determined at this time.

Grants

The County recognizes as revenue, grant monies received as reimbursement for costs incurred in certain Federal and State programs it administers. Although the County's grant programs are being audited through June 30, 2016 in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996, these programs are still subject to financial and compliance audits and resolution of previously identified questioned costs. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Commitments

The County has entered into contractual agreements for various projects. The following encumbered amounts are included within restricted, committed or assigned fund balance for their specific purposes, respectively.

	tstanding ımbrances
Major Governmental Funds:	
General Fund	\$ 43,711
Capital Improvement Fund	14,311
Total Major Governmental Funds	58,022
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	51,375
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 109,397

Agreements/Certain Claims

(a) El Mirage Off-Highway Vehicle Park

The County entered into an Interagency Agreement (Agreement) with the California Off-Highway Motor Vehicle Recreation Commission, the California Department of Parks and Recreation (Parks), the County of Los Angeles, and the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) to create an off-road vehicle park and camping area on November 14, 1988. The County, BLM, and Parks entered into a MOU to further define the roles of each agency in the

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 22 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND CERTAIN SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

development of the El Mirage Off-Highway Vehicle Park (Park) in 1990. In accordance with the Agreement and the MOU, the County is to appraise and acquire land in the Park as an acquisition agent, and then, convey the land to the BLM to operate and manage the Park.

(b) Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the County of San Bernardino

The County entered into a loan agreement between 2005 and 2006 with the former County of San Bernardino Redevelopment Agency (now the "Successor Agency") in the amount of \$10,415 which was subsequently assumed by the Successor Agency. The loan, with interest at 1% over the County investment pool rate, was to be repaid over ten years. The California Department of Finance (the "DOF") alleges that \$9,365 of the amount of the loan held by the Successor Agency should be distributed to the taxing entities within the former Cedar Glen project area, even though the funds were obtained from the County's General Fund and not property tax increment allocated to the former Redevelopment Agency. In 2014, the Successor Agency paid the entire amount of the liability under protest and the County and the Successor Agency sued the DOF in order to maintain the funds to be able to continue with necessary projects.

The County and Successor Agency lost at the trial level and appealed the matter. On November 30, 2015, the Court of Appeal upheld the trial court decision. The Agency has elected not to pursue the issue going forward. Pursuant to the dissolution statutory scheme, the Oversight Board to the Successor Agency made a finding that the original County loan was made for legitimate redevelopment purposes and it adopted a resolution reestablishing the Cedar Glen loan in February 2014. The DOF has recognized the loan as an enforceable obligation of the Successor Agency and repayment of the County loan began in December 2014.

Some enforceable obligations of the Successor Agency represent agreements, contracts or other commitments for the expenditure of monies. They do not constitute an expense or liability for financial statement purposes because these commitments will be honored in subsequent years.

(c) Economic and Community Development

The Economic Development Agency has multiple programs for business and housing loans funded by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) and administered by either the Economic Development Department or the Department of Community Development and Housing. The grant funds are used to develop viable communities by providing decent, safe and sanitary housing, suitable living environments and expanded economic opportunities for low and moderate income persons.

Business loans were issued for low and moderate income job creation and retention. Housing loans were provided for housing rehabilitation, home buyer assistance, and creation of new affordable housing units. Most of these loans contain forgiveness clauses that allow for the forgiveness of the debt and the amounts become grants once certain conditions have been met. Certain loans for multiple-family and housing rehabilitation contain residual receipts clauses in which the County only collects on the loan balance if income generated by the property exceeds certain levels. At the end of the agreement a remaining balance exists because the residual receipts generated were insufficient to defease the loan; the remaining balance may be forgiven as long all affordability conditions have been met.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 22 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND CERTAIN SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

Under HUD regulations any monies received from the repayments of a business loan or a housing loan are considered to be program income and can only be used for programs or projects that primarily benefit low to moderate income persons. The total amount of these various loans at June 30, 2016 is \$51,378. The estimated amount that will probably be collected in future years is substantially lower due to the nature of the funding source of these loans. Due to this contingent nature of the loans, they are not currently recognized in the financial statements.

(d) Inverse Condemnation Case

In August, 2015, Nyenhuis Family Investments, LLC (Family) filed an inverse condemnation case against the County regarding their property immediately adjacent to the Chino Airport. The County extended a runway next to the Family's property (approximately 60 acres of land) which reduced its ability to develop the property and resulted in increased air traffic negatively impacting their dairy operations. In August 2016, the County and Family agreed that the County has the legal authority to acquire the property for public use and the Family is entitled to just compensation for taking of the property at the appraised value, as determined by the independent appraiser. Payment of just compensation from the County to the Family in exchange for the property is due thirty days from the date the independent appraiser announces the ultimate conclusion of the appraised value in accordance with the agreed upon procedure. Potential loss, if any, other than the estimated litigation expenses of \$605 cannot be sufficiently measurable at this time.

(e) Federal Civil Rights/14th Amendment Class Action Case

In February 2016, Federal Civil Rights/14th Amendment Class Action case was filed against the County in alleging inadequate mental and medical health care, failure to protect, excessive force, ADA claims relating to conditions in County jails. The potential loss is not considered to be measurable at this time.

Pollution Remediation

(a) Sanitary Landfills

Volatile Organic Compound Contamination of Ground Water: On November 10, 1998, the County approved a settlement agreement with the San Gabriel Valley Water Company (SGVWC). This agreement settles the claim that a volatile organic compound (PCE) released from the Mid-Valley Sanitary Landfill has negatively impacted some of SGVWC's wells which it operates through its subsidiary, Fontana Water Company (FWC). This agreement requires the County to pay for the annual operation and maintenance cost of the (PCE) treatment system for as long as the specified contaminants continue to be detected at FWC's wells in this area.

As security for each annual payment, the County must annually post a letter of credit for 125% of the year's operations and maintenance costs, based upon an estimated budget submitted by the SGVWC. When the agreement was approved, the then-current estimate for the annual operations and maintenance costs was \$500 per year. The operations and maintenance costs over the life of the agreement have averaged about \$291 per year. In addition to these costs, the County pays \$224 per year for water rights used to run the remediation system. The agreement does not state a specified number of years over which these annual operations and maintenance costs may be incurred; therefore, a reasonable estimate of the contingent liability cannot be determined.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 22 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND CERTAIN SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

On September 16, 2013, SGVWC orally advised the County that it had been sued by several water purveyors in the Rialto-Colton Basin on September 12, 2013, and that it considered this new lawsuit to be within the defense and indemnity obligations of the 1998 settlement agreement. By letter dated September 20, 2013, SGVWC formally tendered the defense and indemnity of the lawsuit. By letter dated October 4, 2013, the County timely rejected SGVWC's tender. On September 24, 2013, the County received from Fontana Union Water Company (FUWC) its tender of the same lawsuit, and on October 8, 2013, the County timely rejected that tender. Lastly, on October 11, 2013, the County received from Cucamonga Valley Water District (CVWD) its tender of the same lawsuit. The County timely rejected that tender on October 25, 2013. In general, the County's rejection of all tenders was based on the apparent purpose of the new lawsuit to challenge the use of water and water rights by SGVWC and FUWC, not on the existence of leachate contamination in groundwater. On April 17, 2014, San Gabriel Valley Water Company DBA Fontana Water Company and Fontana Union Water Company each filed with the County individual claims asserting that each has been damaged by the County's denial of the tenders and Fontana Water Company also claims property damage from contamination from the landfill. No further communications have been received by the County concerning these claims as of the date of this report. At this time, it is not possible to predict the next actions of SGVWC, FUWC and/or CVWD.

Perchlorate Contamination of Ground Water: Commencing in about 2004, numerous lawsuits were filed naming the County concerning perchlorate groundwater contamination in the Rialto-Colton Basin alleged to be emanating from or near the Mid-Valley Sanitary Landfill ("MVSL") operated by the Solid Waste Management Division. As of June 30, 2016, these lawsuits were substantially resolved as to the County, and the other litigants, through various settlements. The County remains obligated to continue remediation of groundwater contamination in compliance with the settlements, court orders and agency orders.

City of Rialto and City of Colton lawsuits involving perchlorate at the MVSL: In 2008, the County entered into a settlement of \$5 million for the federal and state perchlorate lawsuits filed by the City of Rialto and the City of Colton ("independent settlement"). The effectiveness of the independent settlement was initially made subject to certain conditions and required that the federal court make a determination that the proposed independent settlement is in good faith ("County's Motion"). In light of the possibility of a settlement of the federal court perchlorate lawsuits involving all parties ("global settlement"), the County and Cities temporarily deferred further action on their independent settlement starting in mid-2008. Those global settlement discussions failed, resulting in the refiling of the federal court perchlorate lawsuits. In addition to the lawsuits refiled by the Cities, two additional lawsuits were filed by Goodrich Corporation and by Emhart Industries Inc., both of which named the County as a defendant. Since the global settlement discussions were not successful, the County and Cities proceeded again with the independent settlement. The County's Motion was approved by the federal court on December 22, 2011.

USEPA-Emhart settlement: Subsequent global settlement discussions amongst all parties, including the County and the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) resulted in additional settlements that were approved by the federal court in July and August of 2013. Since that time, additional settlements among all other litigants and the USEPA have been finalized.

Pursuant to the terms of the settlement agreement among USEPA, Emhart, the Cities, the County and some others, the County was obligated pay \$2 million towards the USEPA/Emhart remediation work, which was timely paid. Pursuant to the terms of this settlement, the USEPA agreed not to sue the County for groundwater contamination in the Rialto-Colton Basin. Also, this settlement agreement provided that the County, the Cities and Emhart would cooperate to combine Emhart's treatment facility with the facility built by the County in the mid-2000's and to work cooperatively to remediate the contamination. On September 1, 2015, the County approved implementation agreements among these parties to facilitate that cooperative effort. Implementation of the various settlements remains under these continuing jurisdiction of the federal court.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 22 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND CERTAIN SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

These settlements essentially end the County's involvement in the federal perchlorate litigation. A few other parties entered into settlements with USEPA and others, in 2014 and 2015. These required only that the County waive its claims against the settling parties.

San Gabriel Valley Water Company lawsuit involving perchlorate at the MVSL: On July 1, 2008, San Gabriel Valley Water Company filed a claim alleging that perchlorate from the County's MVSL, including the expansion portion of the property where aggregate mining is taking place, has impacted its wells in the Rialto-Colton Basin. It is too early to determine the potential liability of the County. While San Gabriel never pursued that claim in court, as noted above, on April 17, 2014, San Gabriel Valley Water Company DBA Fontana Water Company and Fontana Union Water Company each filed with the County individual claims asserting that each has been damaged by the County's denial of the tenders and Fontana Water Company also claims property damage from contamination from the landfill. No further communications have been received by the County concerning these claims as of the date of this report. It is uncertain how San Gabriel Valley Water Company will proceed on its claim.

Settlement with Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania ("ICSOP") for Investigation Costs Associated with the Inactive Yucaipa Disposal Site ("YDS"): In early 2012, the County filed a lawsuit against ICSOP to obtain recoupment of the costs of investigating and remediating the Chino Airport Plume. During negotiations between the County and ICSOP it was determined that under the same policies and the same legal theory of recovery of investigation costs, that ICSOP would also be responsible to pay the County for its costs of investigation incurred at the YDS. The Solid Waste Management Division coordinates with Risk Management to submit invoices for investigation costs to ICSOP for reimbursement in accordance with the settlement agreement.

(b) Chino Airport

On June 27, 2008, the California Regional Water Quality Control Board issued a Clean-up and Abatement Order (Order No. R8-2008-0064) to the San Bernardino County Department of Airports concerning contaminated groundwater near the Chino Airport. The Order requires the County to conduct an investigation of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) located in groundwater off-site, south, of the Chino Airport and develop a remedial action plan. Trichloroethylene (TCE), which is a VOC, was originally found in wells down gradient of Chino Airport in the 1980s. The County is continuing to comply with the Regional Board's Order through various investigatory plans and processes. The County installed monitoring wells during fiscal year 2012-13 to allow better characterization of the width and depth of the groundwater contamination plume located south of Chino Airport. The characterization of the groundwater plume was completed in mid-2013 and accepted by the Regional Board.

In June 2013, the County submitted to the Regional Board a Work Plan for Additional Site Characterization on the Chino Airport property and that work commenced in late 2013, continuing through calendar year 2014. This site work was completed in early 2015. Reports concerning this Additional Site Characterization work have been submitted to the Regional Board but were not yet approved as of June 30, 2016. Starting in 2015, the County commenced work on an Engineering Feasibility Study (EFS) to analyze various remediation plans to address the groundwater contamination. The draft EFS was submitted to the Regional Board in August 2016, but the County-recommended groundwater remediation plan has not yet been approved by the Regional Board.

The final remediation plan to be prepared pursuant to the Order for the Chino Airport will be subject to review and approval by the Regional Board. The County expects to receive from one of its insurers reimbursements for investigatory costs incurred as of June 30, 2016. However, future costs of remediation and potential liability related to the cleanup of the contamination are not reasonably estimable at this time.

NOTE 23 – SHORT-TERM DEBT

Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes

In July 2015, the County issued Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANS) totaling \$90,000 which were repaid June 30, 2016. This issue followed the prior year issued TRANS of \$130,000 which was repaid on June 30, 2015. The proceeds of the TRANS were intended to provide financing for 2015-16 General Fund expenditures, including current expenditures, capital expenditures and the discharge of other obligations or indebtedness of the County. The TRANS were secured by a pledge of various monthly amounts of property taxes on the secured roll.

Beginning Balance July 1, 2015	Ac	Iditions	Red	ductions	ng Balance e 30, 2016
\$ -		90,000	\$	90,000	\$ - -

NOTE 24 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANS)

In July 2016 the County issued \$30,000 of Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes in the form of Series A Bonds (Bonds) due June 30, 2017. The stated interest for the Bonds is set at 2.00% per annum with a yield of 0.65%. In accordance with California law, the Bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable only out of the taxes, income, revenues, cash receipts, and other monies of the County attributable to fiscal year 2016-17 and legally available for payment thereof. Proceeds from the Bonds will be used for fiscal year 2016-17 General Fund expenditures, including current expenditures, capital expenditures, and the discharge of other obligations or indebtedness of the County.

Change in Operational Banking Services

On September 9, 2016, the Office of the Treasurer (Treasurer) entered into an agreement with Wells Fargo Bank in accordance with California Government Code Section 53649 to provide operational banking services to the County of San Bernardino (County) and Treasury Pool participants. Wells Fargo Bank was selected to replace the current banking service provider, Bank of America.

Effective September 26, 2016, the Treasurer began transitioning all County Treasury Pool participants to Wells Fargo Bank. The current operation bank, Bank of America, will also continue providing banking services concurrently with Wells Fargo Bank until the transition is complete. The full transition is expected to take place over a period of months.

Annexation of Certain City Fire Departments to the San Bernardino County Fire Protection District

Effective July 1, 2016 for the Cities of San Bernardino and Twentynine Palms and August 1, 2016 for the City of Needles, the fire and emergency medical response obligations for these cities were assumed by the San Bernardino County Fire Protection District. This annexation included the transfer of personnel, various capital assets along with certain property tax revenues to fund operations.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 25 – RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the Housing Authority reports a net pension liability along with the related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources due to its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2014. As a result, beginning net position for Business-Type Activities has been decreased by \$17,685 to reflect the change.

In addition, a prior period adjustment of \$2,027 was made to decrease the Business-Type Activities' beginning net position. The Housing Authority discovered errors related to capital assets and depreciation, debt and related accrued interest, and other assets resulted in prior period adjustments of \$2,027 that reduced its net position effective October 1, 2014.

The restatement of beginning net position is summarized as follows:

Restatement to the Government-Wide:

		iness-Type Activities
Beginning Net Position, as previously reported	\$	241.242
Prior Period Adjustments - Pension for HACSB	Ψ	(17,685)
Prior Period Adjustments - Capital Assets for HACSB		(2,423)
Prior Period Adjustments - Other for HACSB		396
Beginning Net Position as restated	\$	221,530

Restatement to the Fund Financials:

	Propi	Proprietary Fund		
	Hous	Housing Authority		
Beginning Fund Balance/Net Position, as previously reported	\$	97,399		
Prior Period Adjustments - Pension		(17,685)		
Prior Period Adjustments - Capital Assets		(2,423)		
Prior Period Adjustments - Other		396		
Beginning Net Position as restated	\$	77,687		

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 25 - RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Pro Forma Basis Restatement to the Government-Wide Financial Statements

Following is the pro-forma effect of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

	2015	Previously				
Business-Type Activities	P	Presented		statement	_201	5 Restated
Statement of Net Position:		_		<u> </u>		_
Net Pension Liability *	\$	-	\$	(15,135)	\$	(15,135)
Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		121		121
Deferred Inflows of Resources *		-		(2,671)		(2,671)
Statement of Activities:						
Expenses:						
Housing Authority expenses		104,759		221		104,980
Change in net position		111,627		(221)		111,406
Net position end of year		241,242	\$	(17,685)		223,557

^{*} Negative amounts represent credit balances.

Pro Forma Basis Restatement to the Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary Funds Financial Statements

	2015	Previously				_
Housing Authority	Pr	Presented		statement	2015 Restated	
Statement of Net Position:						
Net Pension Liability	\$	-	\$	(15,135)	\$	(15,135)
Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		121		121
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		(2,671)		(2,671)
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and						
Changes in Fund Net Position:						
Salaries and Benefits Expense		8,627		221		8,848
Change in net position		3,034		(221)		2,813
Net position end of year		97,399	\$	(17,685)		79,714

NOTE 26 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB 74 – Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74 – Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. The Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.

(Amounts in thousands)

NOTE 26 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (CONTINUED)

GASB 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for OPEB. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45 and No. 57. The Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB 77 - Tax Abatement Disclosures

In August 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 77 – *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. The objective of this Statement is to provide financial statement users with essential information about the nature and magnitude of the reduction in tax revenues through tax abatement programs. The Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB 78 – Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans

In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*. The objective of this Statement is to address a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB 80 – Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14)

In January 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units — an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. The Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB 81 – Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements

In January 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The Statement is effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB 82 – Pension Issues (an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73)

In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 82, Pension Issues. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to GASB 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, GASB 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and GASB 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68*, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASBs 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.

NOTE 26 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (CONTINUED)

GASB 83 – Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

In November 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The County has not determined the effect of this Statement.





REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Costing Sharing Retirement Plan - San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association Last 10 Fiscal Years (1) (Amounts in thousands)

		2016		2015
County's proportion of the net pension liability (2)		83.37%		84.40%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,619,806	\$	1,434,500
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,676,476	\$	1,647,076
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		96.62%		87.09%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		80.98%		82.47%
Measurement date	Jur	ne 30, 2015	Ju	ne 30, 2014

Note to Schedule:

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only two years are shown.

⁽²⁾ Percentage excludes the Consolidated Fire Agencies of the East Valley which is not part of the County of San Bernardino's reporting entity.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Costing Sharing Retirement Plan - San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association Last 10 Fiscal Years (1) (Amounts in thousands)

		2016		2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	286,271	\$	255,377
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	286,271		255,377	
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,746,627	\$	1,676,476
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		16.39%		15.23%

Note to Schedule:

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only two years are shown.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE HOUSING AUTHORITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plan - California Public Employees Retirement System Miscellaneous Plan of the San Bernardino County Housing Authority

Last 10 Fiscal Years ⁽¹⁾ (Amounts in thousands)

	Sept	tember 30, 2015
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Changes of assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$	1,087 3,956 (927) 111 (3,235)
Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	992 53,596 54,588
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions from employer Contributions from employees Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense	\$	1,201 518 853 (3,235) (43)
Net change in fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u></u> \$	(706) 38,461 37,755
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	16,833
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		69.16%
Housing Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,137
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		235.86%
Measurement date	Jun	e 30, 2015

Note to Schedule:

Changes of Assumptions:

The discount rate was changed from 7.50 percent (net of administrative expense to 7.65 percent).

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2015 is the first year of implementation for the Housing Authority due to its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2014, therefore, only one year is shown.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF THE HOUSING AUTHORITY'S CONTRIBUTIONS

Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Plan - California Public Employees Retirement System Miscellaneous Plan of the San Bernardino County Housing Authority

Last 10 Fiscal Years (1) (Amounts in thousands)

	•	ember 30, 2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,449
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		1,449
Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$	-
Housing Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$	7,200
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		20.13%

Note to Schedule:

Valuation Dates June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2013

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method/Period Level percent of payroll

Asset Valuation Method Actuarial value of assets (see CalPERS funding valuation report)

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Payroll Growth 3.00%

Investment Rate of Return 7.50% net of administration expenses; include inflation

Retirement age The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period

1997 to 2007

Mortality The probabilities of Mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period

1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected

mortality improvements using Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries

⁽¹⁾ Fiscal year 2015 is the first year of implementation for the Housing Authority due to its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2014, therefore, only one year is shown.

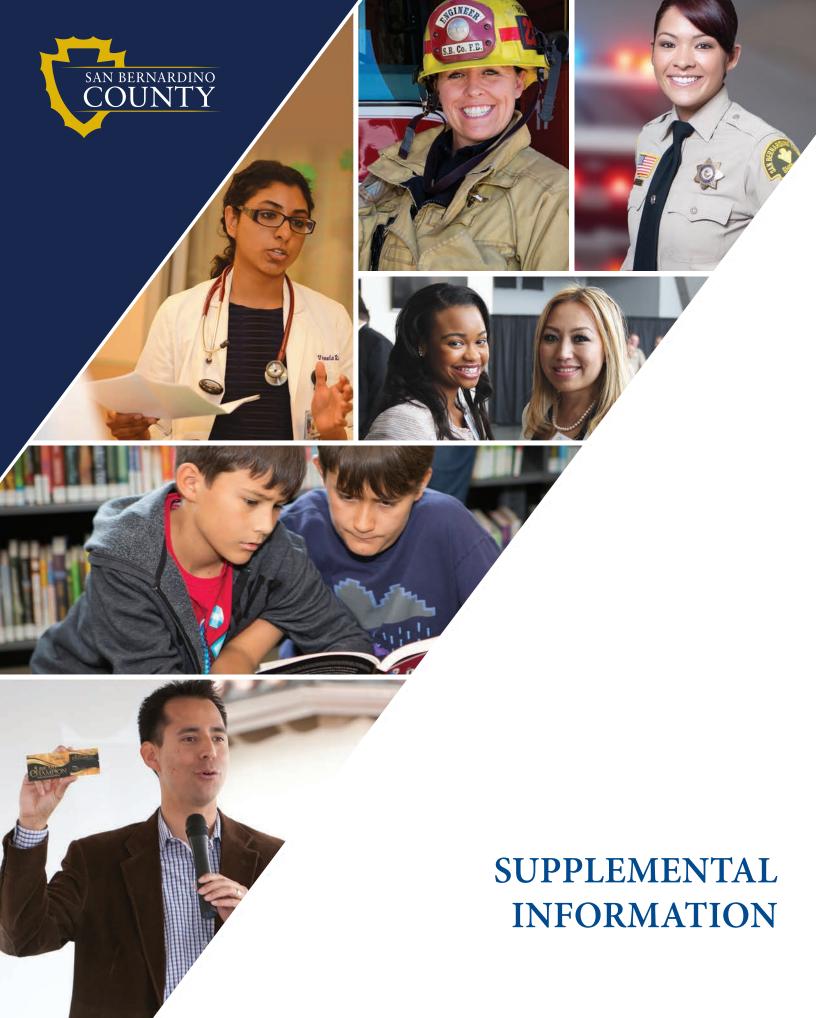
COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - HACSB Single-Employer Defined Benefit Healthcare Plan Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) of the San Bernardino County Housing Authority (Amounts in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	,	tuarial /alue Assets ⁽¹⁾ (a)	Liab	ctuarial Accrued ability ("AAL") - Entry Age (b)		funded AAL ("UAAL") (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a) / (b)	 stimated ered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b) - (a)] / (c)
10/1/2008	\$	-	\$	13,747	\$	13,747	0.00%	\$ 8,022	171.37%
10/1/2010		5,867		10,327		4,460	56.81%	4,351	102.51%
10/1/2013		8,615		10,321		1,706	83.47%	6,863	24.86%

⁽¹⁾ Beginning with the October 1, 2008 valuation, the HACSB did not report any eligible plan assets under GASB 45 but set aside \$4,696 in a reserve account for retiree health benefits.











COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO COMBINED BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

	SPECIAL ENUE FUNDS	T SERVICE FUNDS	PF	CAPITAL ROJECTS FUNDS	RMANENT FUNDS	NC	TOTAL DNMAJOR FUNDS
ASSETS	 						
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 601,518	\$ 34,240	\$	29,200	\$ 1,711	\$	666,669
INVESTMENTS	-	1,926		-	-		1,926
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET	4,059	-		-	-		4,059
TAXES RECEIVABLE	7,377	-		-	-		7,377
INTEREST RECEIVABLE	1,090	36		41	-		1,167
LOAN RECEIVABLE	1,010	-		-	-		1,010
OTHER RECEIVABLES	276	-		-	-		276
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS	14,621	-		178	-		14,799
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS	60,082	-		-	-		60,082
LAND HELD FOR RESALE	361	-		1,301	-		1,662
INVENTORIES	108	-		-	-		108
PREPAID ITEMS	83	-		-	-		83
INTERFUND RECEIVABLE	16,698	-		-	-		16,698
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS	 15,190	 -		-	 		15,190
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 722,473	\$ 36,202	\$	30,720	\$ 1,711	\$	791,106
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES:							
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$ 17,391	\$ -	\$	3,572	\$ -	\$	20,963
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	13,931	-		-	-		13,931
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	22,609	6,616		9	-		29,234
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS	3,223	-		-	-		3,223
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS	14,960	-		-	-		14,960
INTERFUND PAYABLE	 2,414	 					2,414
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 74,528	6,616		3,581	-		84,725
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 11,381	 34		41	 		11,456
FUND BALANCES:							
NONSPENDABLE	191	_		_	1,711		1,902
RESTRICTED	592,987	29,552		27,098	-,		649,637
ASSIGNED	43,386	-		- ,000	_		43,386
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	636,564	29,552		27,098	1,711		694,925
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	_	 _	·	_	 _		_
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 722,473	\$ 36,202	\$	30,720	\$ 1,711	\$	791,106

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		T SERVICE FUNDS	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS		PERMANENT FUNDS		NC	TOTAL DNMAJOR FUNDS
REVENUES			,						
TAXES	\$	119,702	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	119,702
LICENSES, PERMITS, AND FRANCHISES		1,052	-		-		-		1,052
FINES, FORFEITURES, AND PENALTIES		5,661	-		-		-		5,661
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY		9,378	68		226		13		9,685
AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES		307,131	-		10		-		307,141
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES		97,862	-		16		-		97,878
OTHER REVENUES		38,282	 1,157		1		1		39,441
TOTAL REVENUES		579,068	 1,225		253		14		580,560
EXPENDITURES									
CURRENT:									
GENERAL GOVERNMENT		3,455	3		4,080		-		7,538
PUBLIC PROTECTION		195,911	-		-		-		195,911
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES		59,542	-		-		-		59,542
HEALTH AND SANITATION		121,574	-		-		-		121,574
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE		88,811	-		-		-		88,811
EDUCATION		15,236	-		-		-		15,236
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES DEBT SERVICE:		6,380	-		-		-		6,380
PRINCIPAL		21,382	82,995		_		_		104,377
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		3,802	15,425		_		_		19,227
BOND ISSUANCE COSTS		187	10,120		_		_		187
CAPITAL OUTLAY		29,338	 <u> </u>		1,760		<u> </u>		31,098
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		545,618	 98,423		5,840		-		649,881
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)									
EXPENDITURES		33,450	(97,198)		(5,587)		14		(69,321)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
TRANSFERS OUT		(73,974)	(6,616)		(830)		(5)		(81,425)
TRANSFERS IN		49,654	96,338		2,347		-		148,339
PROCEEDS OF REFUNDING BONDS		27,870	-		-		-		27,870
PAYMENT TO REFUND BOND ESCROW AGENT		(27,870)	-		-		-		(27,870)
INSURANCE RECOVERIES		3,916	-		-		-		3,916
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		13,285	 						13,285
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)		(7,119)	 89,722		1,517		(5)		84,115
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		26,331	(7,476)		(4,070)		9		14,794
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		610,233	37,028		31,168		1,702		680,131
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	636,564	\$ 29,552	\$	27,098	\$	1,711	\$	694,925















COMBINING
FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS
NONMAJOR
GOVERNMENTAL
FUNDS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

TRANSPORTATION

The Transportation fund accounts for the administration, planning, design, construction, traffic operations, maintenance, and improvements of approximately 2,550 miles of County roadways. The fund is financed principally from state and federal fuel taxes (Highway User Tax or Gas Tax), voter-approved state transportation infrastructure bond proceeds (Proposition 1B), sales tax revenues, and developer fees.

SPECIAL TRANSPORTATION

The Special Transportation fund accounts for roadway resurfacing, rehabilitation, and widening projects, as well as elderly and handicap transit services. The source of funding is a countywide one-half cent sales tax that was passed by the voters of the County in November, 1989 (Measure I). The Measure I funds received must be spent within the sub-area in which they were collected.

SPECIAL AVIATION

The Special Aviation fund accounts for County airport construction projects financed principally by state and federal grants.

MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ACT

Mental Health Services Act accounts for funds used for reducing the long-term adverse impact on individuals, families, and state and local budgets resulting from untreated serious mental illness. Revenues are derived from a state income tax surcharge of one percent on the portion of taxpayers' annual income that exceeds \$1 million.

PRESCHOOL SERVICES DEPARTMENT

The Preschool Services Department fund administers the Federal Head Start and Early Head Start programs, California Department of Education State Preschool program, as well as the Child and Adult Care Food Program in 43 locations throughout the County. These programs are funded from federal and state sources with no local cost.

AGING AND ADULT SERVICES

The Aging and Adult Services fund accounts for services provided to the County's elderly through senior citizen programs financed primarily by state aid.

JOBS AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

The Jobs and Employment Services fund was established to provide services to job seekers, incumbent workers, entrepreneurs, and employers through Workforce Investment Act (WIA) funding from the Department of Labor.

COURTHOUSE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION

The Courthouse Temporary Construction fund accounts for revenues derived from a surcharge on parking fines, non-parking offenses, and criminal fines used for the acquisition, rehabilitation, construction, and financing of courtrooms and courtroom facilities.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS - Continued

CRIMINAL JUSTICE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION

The Criminal Justice Temporary Construction fund accounts for the monies to be used for improvements to criminal justice facilities. Revenues are derived from a surcharge on parking fines and criminal fines.

CENTRAL COURTHOUSE SURCHARGE

The Central Courthouse Surcharge fund accounts for the monies to be used for the Central Courthouse seismic retrofit/remodel project. Revenue comes from a surcharge on civil filings as authorized by Government Code Section 70624.

MICROGRAPHICS FEES

The Micrographics Fees fund was established to support, maintain, and improve the modernized creation, retention, and retrieval of information in the County's systems of recorded documents, recorder records, electronic recording, social security number (SSN) truncation, and vital records. Revenue includes fees collected pursuant to Government Code Sections 27361 on legal documents, 27397 on electronic recording and 27301 on SSN truncation, and Health and Safety Code Section 10605.3 for certified copies of vital statistics records.

LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant fund accounts for the law enforcement activities to improve the overall criminal justice system and prevent or reduce crime and violence. These activities are funded through federal grants and the Southwest Border Prosecution Initiative reimbursement project.

SHERIFF SPECIAL PROJECTS

The Sheriff Special Projects fund accounts for the following functions: Inland Regional Narcotics Enforcement Team, local detention facility projects, federal and state asset forfeitures, and services provided for public gatherings, contract training, vehicle registration assessments, law enforcement, search and rescue, fire suppression, transportation, and Cal- ID regional crime laboratory for the County and other fire and law enforcement agencies. Revenues are primarily derived from federal and state grants, joint trust contributions by all local contracting municipal agencies, and service fees.

FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICTS

The Fire Protection Districts fund accounts for emergency mitigation and management of fire suppression, emergency medical services, ambulance services, HAZMAT response, arson investigation, technical rescue including water borne, flooding, mudslide and winter rescue operations, terrorism and weapons of mass destruction. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes, federal and state grants, and HAZMAT generator and handler fees.

ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

The Economic and Community Development fund accounts for administration of federal, state, and local grant funds allocated to the County for housing and community development programs. Federal grants comprise a large percentage of the funding.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS - Continued

FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

The Flood Control District fund was established to intercept and convey flood flows through and away from developed areas of the County, as well as to promote water conservation and improved water quality with a very extensive system of flood control and water conservation facilities. District revenue is primarily derived from property taxes, federal and state aid on specific projects, subdivision and permit fees, rents and royalties, and revenue from local water agencies for water spreading services.

COUNTY SERVICE AREAS

The County Service Areas fund accounts for essential programs and municipal services provided to remote geographical areas as well as rapidly growing communities. These funds are primarily financed from property taxes, federal and state grants, rental income, interest income, and service fees.

PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICTS

The Park and Recreation Districts fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of developed parks, undeveloped parks, community buildings, an equestrian arena, and sports fields. Revenues are primarily derived from property taxes, grant funds, park and swim program revenues, concessions, and rent.

COUNTY FREE LIBRARY

The County Free Library fund provides public library services through a network of thirty-two branches to all county unincorporated areas and seventeen cities within the County. The Library is funded primarily through property tax revenues, federal and state funds, service fees, and contributions from local Friends of the Library organizations.

REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR HOUSING

The Redevelopment Successor Housing fund was established to retain the housing functions of the former Redevelopment Agency (RDA) and has all rights, power, duties, and obligations related to building, preserving, and rehabilitating affordable housing for low to moderate income households.

JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The Joint Powers Authorities funds account for cash accumulated to all administrative costs and obligations of the authorities.

OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE

Other Special Revenue funds account for revenues received for various activities and programs including Master Settlement Agreement, Block Grant Carryover Program, Workers' Compensation Insurance Fraud Prosecution, Specialized Prosecutions, San Manuel Ampitheater, Bio-terrorism Preparedness, H1N1 Preparedness, Vital Statistics State Fees, Vector Control Assessments, Chino Agricultural Preserve, Off-Highway Vehicle License Fees, County Trails System, Park Maintenance and Development, Proposition 40 Projects, and Inland Counties Emergency Medical Agency. Revenues are primarily derived from the tobacco lawsuit Master Settlement Agreement, federal and state funds, park admission fees, rents, and service fees.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS - Continued

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The Joint Powers Authorities Debt Service funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest. Long-term lease payments from the General Fund represent the primary source of financing these requirements.

PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS

The Pension Obligation Bond fund administers the debt service payments related to the County's pension obligation bonds.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR HOUSING

The Redevelopment Successor Housing Capital Projects fund was established to account for projects related to building, preserving, and rehabilitating affordable housing for low to moderate income households.

FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICTS

The Fire Protection Districts Capital Projects funds account for the financial resources used to acquire and construct fire protection facilities within certain geographical areas of the County. These funds are primarily financed by transfers from the Fire Protection Districts' special revenue funds and interest income.

PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICTS

The Park and Recreation Districts Capital Projects fund accounts for the financial resources used to acquire and construct recreational facilities within certain geographical areas of the County. These funds are primarily financed by Proposition 40 project funds, transfers from the Park and Recreation Districts' special revenue funds, and interest income.

COUNTY SERVICE AREAS

The County Service Areas Capital Projects fund accounts for the financial resources and acquisition and construction of facilities within certain geographical areas of the County. These funds are primarily financed by state capital grants, transfers from the County Service Areas special revenue funds, and interest income.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS – Continued

PERMANENT FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

LUCERNE VALLEY CEMETERY ENDOWMENT CARE FUND

The Lucerne Valley Cemetery Endowment Care fund accounts for cash deposits collected for grave lots sold, and are used to defray the costs of care and maintenance of the cemetery.

ETIWANDA CSA 120 ENDOWMENT CARE FUND

The Etiwanda CSA 120 Endowment Care fund, previously known as the Etiwanda CSA 70 OS-1, uses all interest earned for operating activities for the North Etiwanda Preserve.

	TOTAL		TRANS	PORTATION	PECIAL SPORTATION	SPECIAL AVIATION	
ASSETS		_			 <u> </u>		,, thort
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	601,518	\$	59,668	\$ 43,595	\$	3,638
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET		4,059		2,357	1		-
TAXES RECEIVABLE		7,377		-	-		-
INTEREST RECEIVABLE		1,090		94	69		6
LOANS RECEIVABLE		1,010		-	-		-
OTHER RECEIVABLES		276		-	-		-
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		14,621		4,468	-		718
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		60,082		7,054	1,844		30
LAND HELD FOR RESALE		361		-	-		-
INVENTORIES		108		108	-		-
PREPAID ITEMS		83		28	-		_
INTERFUND RECEIVABLE		16,698		55	_		-
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		15,190		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	722,473	\$	73,832	\$ 45,509	\$	4,392
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES:							
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	17,391	\$	2,760	\$ 264	\$	73
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE		13,931		1,334	-		-
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		22,609		983	3,613		1
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		3,223		290	-		-
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS		14,960		725	-		-
INTERFUND PAYABLE		2,414		-	55		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		74,528		6,092	3,932		74
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		11,381		2,575	454		6
FUND BALANCES:							
NONSPENDABLE		191		136	-		-
RESTRICTED		592,987		39,102	41,123		4,312
ASSIGNED		43,386		25,927	· <u>-</u>		-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		636,564		65,165	 41,123	-	4,312
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		<u> </u>		· ·	· ·		•
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	722,473	\$	73,832	\$ 45,509	\$	4,392

	MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ACT		PRESCHOOL SERVICES		AGING AND ADULT SERVICES		JOBS AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICES	
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS INTEREST RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS	\$	136,981 219 5,301 20,130	\$	1,185 2 94 2,931	\$	387 1 18 1,117	\$	2,144 3 40 2,285
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	162,631	\$	4,212	\$	1,523	\$	4,472
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES:								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	5,380	\$	1,606	\$	-	\$	2,033
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE		2,051		1,153		125		409
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		2,991		153		3		4
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		101		526		-		665
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS INTERFUND PAYABLE		-		750		-		321
				750				
TOTAL LIABILITIES		10,523		4,188		128		3,432
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		219		6		1		60
FUND BALANCES:								
RESTRICTED		151,889		18		1,394		980
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		151,889		18		1,394		980
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	162,631	\$	4,212	\$	1,523	\$	4,472

	COUR TEMP CONST		CRIMINAL JUSTICE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION		CENTRAL COURTHOUSE SURCHARGE		OGRAPHICS FEES
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET INTEREST RECEIVABLE LOANS RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS	\$	1,360 - - - 4	\$	1,612 - - - 4	\$	- - - - -	\$ 13,140 62 21 1,010
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,364	\$	1,616	\$	-	\$ 14,233
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE DUE TO OTHER FUNDS TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,360 1,360	\$	1,612 1,612	\$	- - -	\$ 167 52 2 221
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		-		<u> </u>	21
FUND BALANCES: RESTRICTED TOTAL FUND BALANCES		4		4		<u>-</u> -	13,991 13,991
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,364	\$	1,616	\$	-	\$ 14,233

	LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT		SHERIFF SPECIAL PROJECTS		FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICTS		ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET TAXES RECEIVABLE	\$	2,672 - -	\$	16,228 - -	\$	64,753 603 2,897	\$	17,111 57
INTEREST RECEIVABLE OTHER RECEIVABLES DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		4 - -		26 - 17 677		190 740 2,059		27 - 122 1,175
INTERFUND RECEIVABLE TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,676	\$	16,948	\$	71,242	\$	16,393 34,885
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE DUE TO OTHER FUNDS DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS ADVANCES FROM OTHERS TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	- - 89 - - - 89	\$	415 - 2,623 141 - 3,179	\$	1,002 6,643 1,296 630 1,346	\$	203 141 535 473 - 1,352
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4		26		2,180		29
FUND BALANCES: RESTRICTED ASSIGNED TOTAL FUND BALANCES		2,583 - 2,583		13,740 3 13,743		58,145 - 58,145		33,480 24 33,504
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,676	\$	16,948	\$	71,242	\$	34,885

	FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT		COUNTY SERVICE AREAS		PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICTS			NTY FREE BRARY
ASSETS		445 400	•	05 570	•	1 = 1 1	•	0.440
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	115,483 590	\$	25,570	\$	1,511	\$	8,118
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET TAXES RECEIVABLE				29		20		118
INTEREST RECEIVABLE		3,172 467		221 4		154		933 13
OTHER RECEIVABLE		407		86		-		13
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		- 1,337		936		35		201
DUE FROM OTHER FONDS DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		2,970		930		-		201
PREPAIDS ITEMS		55		-		_		
INTERFUND RECEIVABLE		-		250		_		_
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS		14,946		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	139,020	\$	27,193	\$	1,720	\$	9,383
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES:								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	2,474	\$	131	\$	2	\$	459
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE		859		487		104		350
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		775		77		-		20
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		335		-		5		38
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS		12,308		-		-		-
INTERFUND PAYABLE		-		1,609		-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		16,751		2,304		111		867
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4,555		265		116		700
FUND BALANCES:								
NONSPENDABLE		55		-		-		-
RESTRICTED		115,103		22,648		1,493		7,816
ASSIGNED		2,556		1,976				-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		117,714		24,624		1,493		7,816
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	139,020	\$	27,193	\$	1,720	\$	9,383

	REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR HOUSING		POWERS	ER SPECIAL EVENUE
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET INTEREST RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS LAND HELD FOR RESALE	\$	633 - 1 - - - 361	\$ 1,762 - - - -	\$ 83,967 222 133 594 17,705
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS TOTAL ASSETS	\$	995	\$ 244	\$ 102,621
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE DUE TO OTHER FUNDS DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS ADVANCES FROM OTHERS TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	- - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ 422 223 6,472 19 260 7,396
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1	 -	 163
FUND BALANCES: RESTRICTED ASSIGNED TOTAL FUND BALANCES		994 - 994	2,006	82,162 12,900 95,062
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	995	\$ 2,006	\$ 102,621

		TOTAL	TRANSPORTATION	SPECIAL TRANSPORTATION		SPECIAL AVIATION	
REVENUES:	_		_				_
TAXES	\$	119,702	\$ -	\$	8,772	\$	-
LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES		1,052	312		-		3
FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES		5,661	-		-		-
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY		9,378	332		331		584
AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES		307,131	44,625		429		434
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES		97,862	1,635		2,701		27
OTHER REVENUES		38,282	172		1_	-	1,526
TOTAL REVENUES		579,068	47,076		12,234		2,574
EXPENDITURES:							
CURRENT:							
GENERAL GOVERNMENT		3,455	-		-		-
PUBLIC PROTECTION		195,911	-		-		-
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES		59,542	46,104		9,777		1,142
HEALTH AND SANITATION		121,574	-		-		-
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE		88,811	-		-		-
EDUCATION		15,236	-		-		-
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES		6,380	-		-		-
DEBT SERVICE:							
PRINCIPAL		21,382	-		-		-
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		3,802	-		-		-
BOND ISSUANCE COSTS		187	-		-		-
CAPITAL OUTLAY		29,338	3,606		-		638
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		545,618	49,710		9,777		1,780
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		33,450	(2,634)		2,457		794
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
TRANSFERS OUT		(73,974)	(1,372)		(104)		(139)
TRANSFERS IN		49,654	18,765		-		718
PROCEEDS OF REFUNDING BONDS		27,870	-		-		-
PAYMENT TO REFUNDED BOND ESCROW AGENT		(27,870)	-		-		-
INSURANCE RECOVERIES		3,916	-		-		_
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		13,285	227		-		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(7,119)	17,620		(104)		579
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		26,331	14,986		2,353		1,373
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		610,233	50,179		38,770		2,939
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	636,564	\$ 65,165	\$	41,123	\$	4,312
	<u> </u>	333,334	- 23,100	-	,.20		.,012

		MENTAL HEALTH PRESCHOOL SERVICES ACT SERVICES		AGING AND ADULT SERVICES	JOBS AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICES	
REVENUES:	•			•	•	
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES	\$	1,111 \$ 107,441	8 49,407	\$ 8 5,769	\$ 6 17,4	
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES		-	19	-	11,4	
OTHER REVENUES		4,824	22		8	
TOTAL REVENUES		113,376	49,456	5,777	18,8	
EXPENDITURES:						
CURRENT:						
HEALTH AND SANITATION PUBLIC ASSISTANCE		102,451	- 47,865	- 5,752	17,7	
DEBT SERVICE:		-	47,000	5,752	17,7	
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		-	1	-		
CAPITAL OUTLAY		184	117	6		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		102,635	47,983	5,758	17,7	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		10,741	1,473	19	1,0	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
TRANSFERS OUT		(3,789)	(1,471)	(1,138)	(3	
TRANSFERS IN SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		12,260	4	1,044	2	
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS			4			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		8,471	(1,467)	(94)	(1	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		19,212	6	(75)	9	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		132,677	12	1,469		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	151,889 \$	18	\$ 1,394	\$ 9	

	COURTHOUSE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION	CRIMINAL JUSTICE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION	CENTRAL COURTHOUSE SURCHARGE	MICROGRAPHICS FEES	
REVENUES: FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES	\$ 1,351 6	\$ 1,602 7 	\$ - 1,583	\$ - 47 3,444	
TOTAL REVENUES	1,357	1,609	1,583	3,491	
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION CAPITAL OUTLAY		<u> </u>	- -	2,041 95	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		<u> </u>		2,136	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,357	1,609	1,583	1,355	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT	(1,360)	(1,612)	(1,583)	(43)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,360)	(1,612)	(1,583)	(43)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(3)	(3)	-	1,312	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	7	7		12,679	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 4	\$ 4	\$ -	\$ 13,991	

AD FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES 582 15,073 8,935 7.4			LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT		SHERIFF SPECIAL PROJECTS		FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICTS		IOMIC AND MMUNITY LOPMENT
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES 582 15,073 8,935 7,4 CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES - 856 69,584 OTHER REVENUES - 157 1376 7 TOTAL REVENUES 604 16,216 123,440 8,4 EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION 893 13,930 128,956 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PUBLIC ASSISTANCE DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES - 145 CAPITAL OUTLAY 79 3,564 5,966 TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (368) 0, 11,278) 0, 11,697) 0, 4,0 OTHER RINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (3,074) 0, 6,216) 0, 2,7 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (3,074) 0, 4,052) 0, 9,196) 0, 6,6 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 6,7,341 40,1		_		_					
AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES 582 15,073 8,935 7.4 CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES - 856 89,584 7.7 TOTAL REVENUES - 1577 1,376 7.7 TOTAL REVENUES 604 16,216 123,440 8,4 EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION 893 13,930 128,956 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE - 2 2.5 DEBT SERVICE: PERNOIPAL - 70 145 CAPITAL OUTLAY 79 3,564 5,966 TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) SAMPLE SERVICES (368) (1,278) (11,697) (4,0) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT - (3,074) (6,216) (2,7) TRANSFERS OUT - (3,074) 2,501 (2,6) SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS - (3,074) 2,501 (2,6) FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1		\$		\$		\$,	\$	-
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES - 856 69,584 7 OTHER REVENUES - 157 1,376 7 TOTAL REVENUES 604 16,216 123,440 8,4 EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: URISED SERVICES URISED SERVICES URISED SERVICES 12,5 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE DEBT SERVICES: 7 7 7 12,5 DEBT SERVICES: PRINCIPAL - - 70 INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES - - 145 CAPITAL OUTLAY 79 3,564 5,966 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 972 17,494 135,137 12,5 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (368) (1,278) (11,697) (4,0 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - - (3,074) (6,216) (2,7 TRANSFERS IN - -									339
OTHER REVENUES - 157 1,376 7 TOTAL REVENUES 604 16,216 123,440 8,4 EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION 893 13,930 128,956 125,50 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE - - - 12,5 DEBT SERVICE: - - - - 12,5 DEBT SERVICE: - - - - - - - 12,5 -			582		-,		,		7,429 12
TOTAL REVENUES 604 16,216 123,440 8,4 EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: TOTAL PUBLIC PROTECTION 893 13,930 128,956 12,5 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE - - - - 12,5 DEBT SERVICE: PINICIPAL - - 70 145 - 145 - 145 - 145 - - 145 - - 145 - - - - 145 -			-				,		717
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION 893 13,930 128,956 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 12,5 DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL 70 INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES 145 CAPITAL OUTLAY 79 3,564 5,966 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 972 17,494 135,137 12,5 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) SEXPENDITURES (368) (1,278) (11,697) (4,0 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT - (3,074) (6,216) (2,7 TRANSFERS OUT - 8,695 1 SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS 22 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (3,074) 2,501 (2,6 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (368) (4,352) (9,196) (6,6 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1	OTHER REVENUES	-		-	157		1,376		717
CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PRINCIPAL P	TOTAL REVENUES		604		16,216		123,440		8,497
PUBLIC PROTECTION 893 13,930 128,956 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE - - - - 12,5 DEBT SERVICE: - - - 70 - 145 - - 145 - - 145 - - - 145 - - - - 145 -	EXPENDITURES:								
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE - - - 12,5 DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL - - 70 145 PRINCIPAL - - - 145 CAPITAL OUTLAY 79 3,564 5,966 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 972 17,494 135,137 12,5 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (368) (1,278) (11,697) (4,0 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT - (3,074) (6,216) (2,7 TRANSFERS IN - - 8,695 1 SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS - - 2 2 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (3,074) 2,501 (2,6 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (368) (4,352) (9,196) (6,6 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1	CURRENT:								
DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL - - 70 PRINCIPAL - - - 145 INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES - - 145 CAPITAL OUTLAY 79 3,564 5,966 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 972 17,494 135,137 12,5 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (368) (1,278) (11,697) (4,0 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - (3,074) (6,216) (2,7 TRANSFERS OUT - - 8,695 1 SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS - - 2 2 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (3,074) 2,501 (2,6 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (368) (4,352) (9,196) (6,6 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1			893		13,930		128,956		-
PRINCIPAL 1			-		-		-		12,514
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES									
CAPITAL OUTLAY 79 3,564 5,966 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 972 17,494 135,137 12,5 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (368) (1,278) (11,697) (4,0 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): - (3,074) (6,216) (2,7 TRANSFERS IN - - 8,695 1 SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS - - 22 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (3,074) 2,501 (2,6 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (368) (4,352) (9,196) (6,6 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1			-		-				-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 972 17,494 135,137 12,5 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (368) (1,278) (11,697) (4,0 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT - (3,074) (6,216) (2,7 TRANSFERS IN 8,695 1 SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS 22 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (3,074) 2,501 (2,6 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (USES) - (3,074) 2,501 (6,66 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1			-		-				-
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES (368) (1,278) (11,697) (4,0 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT - (3,074) (6,216) (2,7 TRANSFERS IN 8,695 1 SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS 22 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (3,074) 2,501 (2,6 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (368) (4,352) (9,196) (6,6 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1	CAPITAL OUTLAY		79	-	3,564		5,966		-
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES (368) (1,278) (11,697) (4,0) OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT - (3,074) (6,216) (2,7) TRANSFERS IN - - 8,695 1 SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS - - 22 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (3,074) 2,501 (2,6 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (368) (4,352) (9,196) (6,6 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		972		17,494		135,137		12,514
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT - (3,074) (6,216) (2,7 TRANSFERS IN - - 8,695 1 SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS - - 22 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (3,074) 2,501 (2,6 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (368) (4,352) (9,196) (6,6 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER								
TRANSFERS OUT - (3,074) (6,216) (2,7 TRANSFERS IN SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS - - - 22 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (3,074) 2,501 (2,6 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1	(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	(368)		(1,278)		(11,697)		(4,017)
TRANSFERS IN SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS - - - 8,695 22 1 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (3,074) 2,501 (2,6 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (368) (4,352) (9,196) (6,6 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1	` ,								
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS - - 22 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (3,074) 2,501 (2,6 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (368) (4,352) (9,196) (6,6 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1			-		(3,074)		, , ,		(2,787)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - (3,074) 2,501 (2,6 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (368) (4,352) (9,196) (6,6 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1			-		-				150
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (368) (4,352) (9,196) (6,6 FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1	SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		-				22		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 2,951 18,095 67,341 40,1	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				(3,074)		2,501		(2,637)
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(368)		(4,352)		(9,196)		(6,654)
ELIND BALANCES ENDING \$ 2.593 \$ 13.743 \$ 59.145 \$ 33.5	FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		2,951		18,095		67,341		40,158
1 OND DECEMBED. LIVERING # 2,363 \$ 13,743 \$ 30,143 \$ 33,3	FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	2,583	\$	13,743	\$	58,145	\$	33,504

		FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT		COUNTY SERVICE AREAS		PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICTS		COUNTY FREE LIBRARY	
REVENUES:	-	<u> </u>	-	-					
TAXES	\$	47,262	\$	3,323	\$	2,326	\$	15,053	
LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES		353		-		-		-	
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY		1,529		325		116		1	
AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES		5,482		75		74		253	
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES		306		5,018		1,269		1,011	
OTHER REVENUES		4,108		463		9		460	
TOTAL REVENUES		59,040		9,204		3,794		16,778	
EXPENDITURES:									
CURRENT:									
GENERAL GOVERNMENT		-		2,938		-		-	
PUBLIC PROTECTION		30,558		809		-		-	
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES		-		2,246		-		-	
HEALTH AND SANITATION		-		82		-		-	
EDUCATION		-		-		-		15,236	
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES		-		1,135		3,398		-	
DEBT SERVICE:									
PRINCIPAL		19,065		92		_		1,325	
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		2,785		10		-		22	
BOND ISSUANCE COSTS		187		_		_		_	
CAPITAL OUTLAY		12,556		1,822		-		421	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		65,151		9,134		3,398		17,004	
EVOCES (DEFICIENCY) OF DEVENIUES OVED									
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(6,111)		70		396		(226)	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(0,111)		70		390	-	(220)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
TRANSFERS OUT		(730)		(2,783)		(118)		(270)	
TRANSFERS IN		2,257		3,762		15		102	
REFUNDING BONDS ISSUED		27,870		-		-		-	
PAYMENT TO REFUNDED BOND ESCROW AGENT		(27,870)		-		-		-	
INSURANCE RECOVERIES		3,916		-		-		-	
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		528		2		-		-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		5,971		981		(103)		(168)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(140)		1,051		293		(394)	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		117,854		23,573		1,200		8,210	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	117,714	\$	24,624	\$	1,493	\$	7,816	

REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY 3 4 AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES - - 4 CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES - - 1 OTHER REVENUES 625 - 2 TOTAL REVENUES 628 4 8 EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: 2 - GENERAL GOVERNMENT - 2 - PUBLIC PROTECTION - - 1 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES - - 1 HEALTH AND SANITATION - - 1 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 3,105 - -	OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE		
LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES - - -			
FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES 625 TOTAL REVENUES 628 4 8 EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT GENERAL GOVERNMENT PUBLIC PROTECTION PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES HEALTH AND SANITATION PUBLIC ASSISTANCE RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES DEBT SERVICE:	34		
REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY 3 4 AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES - - 4 CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES - - 1 OTHER REVENUES 625 - 2 TOTAL REVENUES 628 4 8 EXPENDITURES: - 2 CURRENT: - 2 - GENERAL GOVERNMENT - - 1 PUBLIC PROTECTION - - 1 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES - - 1 HEALTH AND SANITATION - - 1 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 3,105 - - RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES - - - DEBT SERVICE: - - - -	384		
AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES 625 - 2 TOTAL REVENUES 628 4 8 EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT - QUBLIC PROTECTION - PUBLIC PROTECTION - PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES - HEALTH AND SANITATION - PUBLIC ASSISTANCE RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES DEBT SERVICE:	2,708		
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES - - 1 OTHER REVENUES 625 - 2 TOTAL REVENUES 628 4 8 EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: Seneral Government - 2 - PUBLIC PROTECTION - - 1 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES - - 1 HEALTH AND SANITATION - - 1 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 3,105 - - RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES - - - DEBT SERVICE: - - -	3,236		
OTHER REVENUES 625 - 2 TOTAL REVENUES 628 4 8 EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT - 2 PUBLIC PROTECTION - - 1 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES - - 1 HEALTH AND SANITATION - - 1 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 3,105 - - RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES - - - DEBT SERVICE: - - - -	43,702		
TOTAL REVENUES 628 4 8 EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: SEMENAL GOVERNMENT 2 2 PUBLIC PROTECTION - - 1 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES - - - 1 HEALTH AND SANITATION - - - 1 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 3,105 - - RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES - - - DEBT SERVICE: - - -	10,397		
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT - 2 PUBLIC PROTECTION 1 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES 1 HEALTH AND SANITATION 1 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 3,105 - 1 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES 5 DEBT SERVICE:	22,986		
CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT - 2 PUBLIC PROTECTION 1 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES HEALTH AND SANITATION 1 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 3,105 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES DEBT SERVICE:	83,447		
GENERAL GOVERNMENT - 2 PUBLIC PROTECTION - - 1 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES - - - HEALTH AND SANITATION - - 1 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 3,105 - - RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES - - - DEBT SERVICE: - - -			
PUBLIC PROTECTION 1 PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES			
PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES	515		
HEALTH AND SANITATION 1 1 PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 3,105 1 RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES	18,724		
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE 3,105 - RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES DEBT SERVICE: -	273		
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES DEBT SERVICE:	19,041		
DEBT SERVICE:	1,789		
	1,847		
DDINCIDAL 920			
	-		
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES - 839	-		
CAPITAL OUTLAY	284		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES 3,105 1,671 4	42,473		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES (2,477) (1,667) 4	40,974		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
· ·	(45,050)		
TRANSFERS IN - 1,583	89		
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	12,502		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - 1,583 (3	(32,459)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (2,477) (84)	8,515		
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING 3,471 2,090 8	86,547		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING \$ 994 \$ 2,006 \$ 9	95,062		

	1	TOTAL	 T POWERS HORITIES	PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS		
ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS INVESTMENTS INTEREST RECEIVABLE	\$	34,240 1,926 36	\$ 12,975 - 2	\$	21,265 1,926 34	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	36,202	\$ 12,977	\$	23,225	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES: DUE TO OTHER FUNDS TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	6,616 6,616	\$ 6,616 6,616	\$	<u>-</u>	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		34	-		34	
FUND BALANCES: RESTRICTED TOTAL FUND BALANCES		29,552 29,552	6,361 6,361		23,191 23,191	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	36,202	\$ 12,977	\$	23,225	

	TOTAL	JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES	PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS
REVENUES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	\$ 68	\$ 23	\$ 45
OTHER REVENUES	1,157	-	1,157
TOTAL REVENUES	1,225	23	1,202
EXPENDITURES CURRENT:			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT DEBT SERVICE:	3	-	3
PRINCIPAL	82,995	5,950	77,045
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES	15,425	459	14,966
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	98,423	6,409	92,014
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)			
EXPENDITURES	(97,198)	(6,386)	(90,812)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
TRANSFERS OUT	(6,616)	(6,616)	-
TRANSFERS IN	96,338	6,515	89,823
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	89,722	(101)	89,823
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(7,476)	(6,487)	(989)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	37,028	12,848	24,180
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 29,552	\$ 6,361	\$ 23,191

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

	-	TOTAL	SUC	/ELOPMENT CCESSOR OUSING	PROT	RE ECTION RICTS	REC	RK AND REATION STRICTS		OUNTY ICE AREAS
ASSETS	•	00.000	•	00.054	•		•	5.000	•	4.047
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS INTEREST RECEIVABLE	\$	29,200 41	\$	22,254 30	\$	1	\$	5,098 8	\$	1,847 3
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		178		-				100		78
LAND HELD FOR RESALE		1,301		1,301		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	30,720	\$	23,585	\$	1	\$	5,206	\$	1,928
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES:			_		_		_		_	
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	3,572	\$	3,504	\$	-	\$	64	\$	4
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		9						6		3
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,581		3,504		-		70		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		41		30				8		3
FUND BALANCES:										
RESTRICTED		27,098		20,051		1		5,128		1,918
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		27,098		20,051		1		5,128		1,918
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF										
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	30,720	\$	23,585	\$	1	\$	5,206	\$	1,928

	т	TOTAL		REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR HOUSING		FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICTS		PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICTS		COUNTY SERVICE AREAS	
REVENUES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	\$	226	\$	171	\$	3	\$	41	\$	11	
AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES	•	10	Ť	1	•	-	•	-	•	9	
CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES		16 1		-		-		-		16	
		<u> </u>				-					
TOTAL REVENUES		253		173		3		41		36	
EXPENDITURES											
CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT		4,080		4,080		_		_		_	
CAPITAL OUTLAY		1,760		-				873		887	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,840		4,080		_		873		887	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)											
EXPENDITURES		(5,587)		(3,907)		3		(832)		(851)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):											
TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN		(830)		-		(475)		-		(355)	
I RANSFERS IN		2,347				-		604		1,743	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)		1,517		-		(475)		604		1,388	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(4,070)		(3,907)		(472)		(228)		537	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		31,168		23,958		473		5,356		1,381	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	27,098	\$	20,051	\$	1	\$	5,128	\$	1,918	

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET PERMANENT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

ACCETC		120 EN	ANDA CSA DOWMENT RE FUND			
ASSETS	Φ.	4 744	Φ.	0.4	Φ.	4.047
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	1,711	\$	94	\$	1,617
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,711	\$	94	\$	1,617
FUND BALANCES						
NONSPENDABLE	\$	1,711	\$	94	\$	1,617
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	1,711	\$	94	\$	1,617

	т	VA CEM ENDO	EERNE LLEY ETERY WMENT E FUND	ETIWANDA CSA 120 ENDOWMENT CARE FUND		
REVENUES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY OTHER REVENUES	\$	13 1	\$	- 1	\$	13 -
TOTAL REVENUES		14		11		13
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT		(5)				(5)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)		(5)		_		(5)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		9		1		8
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,702		93		1,609
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	1,711	\$	94	\$	1,617















COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

COUNTY SERVICE AREAS

The County Service Areas Enterprise Funds account for water, sewer, and sanitation facilities within certain geographical areas of the County. User fees are the principal source of revenue.

OTHER ENTERPRISE

The Other Enterprise Funds account for the Museum Gift Shop and Regional Parks Snack Bar operations. Sales are the principal source of revenue.

	TOTAL		S	COUNTY ERVICE AREAS		THER RPRISE
ASSETS						
CURRENT ASSETS:						
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	40,437	\$	40,249	\$	188
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET		2,233		2,233		_
TAXES RECEIVABLE		196		196		-
OTHER RECEIVABLES		182		182		-
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS		50		50		-
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		13		13		-
INVENTORIES		36		-		36
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		43,147		42,923		224
NONCURRENT ASSETS:						
CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED OR AMORTIZED:						
LAND		3,763		3,763		-
LAND USE RIGHTS		258		258		-
DEVELOPMENT IN PROGRESS		3,419		3,419		-
CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:						
LAND USE RIGHTS		1,004		1,004		-
STRUCTURES, IMPROVEMENTS, AND INFRASTRUCTURE		86,877		86,877		-
EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE		1,498		1,498		-
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION		(42,442)		(42,442)		
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS		54,377		54,377	-	
TOTAL ASSETS		97,524		97,300		224
LIABILITIES						
CURRENT LIABILITIES:						
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		580		580		-
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE		1		-		1
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS		258		258		-
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		105		105		-
INTEREST PAYABLE		55		55		-
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS		18		18		-
BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE		294		294		
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,311		1,310		1
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:						
INTERFUND PAYABLE		504		504		-
BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE		1,732		1,732		-
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		2,236		2,236		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,547		3,546		1
NET POSITION						
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS		52,351		52,351		_
UNRESTRICTED		41,626		41,403		223
			•		•	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	93,977	\$	93,754	\$	223

	 OTAL		OUNTY	OTHER ENTERPRISE	
OPERATING REVENUES: CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 13,531 2	\$	13,457 2	\$	74 -
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	 13,533		13,459		74
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	3,682		3,677		5
SALARIES AND EMPLOYEES BENEFITS	6,318		6,278		40
SERVICES AND SUPPLIES	4,480		4,458		22
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	2,997		2,997		-
OTHER	 522	-	522		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	 17,999		17,932		67
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (4,466)		(4,473)		7
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
INTEREST REVENUES	326		326		-
INTEREST EXPENSE	(144)		(144)		-
TAX REVENUE	2,981		2,981		-
GRANT REVENUE	72		72		-
GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	7		7		-
OTHER NONOPERATING REVENUES	1,373		1,372		1
OTHER NONOPERATING EXPENSES	 (2,728)		(2,728)		
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	 1,887		1,886		1
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE TRANSFERS	(2,579)		(2,587)		8
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	170		170		-
TRANSFERS OUT	(58)		(58)		-
TRANSFERS IN	 127		127		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(2,340)		(2,348)		8
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING	 96,317		96,102		215
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 93,977	\$	93,754	\$	223

	T	OTAL	s	OUNTY ERVICE AREAS	NON	HER MAJOR RPRISE
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
CASH RECEIVED FROM SERVICES CASH PAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS OF GOODS AND SERVICES CASH PAYMENTS TO EMPLOYEES FOR SERVICES	\$	12,240 (10,896) (6,318)	\$	12,165 (10,858) (6,278)	\$	75 (38) (40)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(4,974)		(4,971)		(3)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
TAXES RECEIVED		2,996		2,996		-
GRANTS RECEIVED		72		72		-
TRANSFERS RECEIVED TRANSFERS PAID		127 (79)		127 (79)		<u>-</u>
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		3,116		3,116		<u>-</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF CAPITAL ASSETS		(1,499)		(1,499)		_
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION		170		170		-
PRINCIPAL PAID ON BONDS AND NOTES		(232)		(232)		-
INTEREST PAID ON BONDS AND NOTES		(214)		(214)		-
PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		7		7		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,768)		(1,768)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		326		326		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		326		326		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(3,300)		(3,297)		(3)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		43,737		43,546		191
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	40,437	\$	40,249	\$	188
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(4,466)	\$	(4,473)	\$	7
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION		2,997		2,997		-
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE) RELATED TO OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(1,355)		(1,356)		1
CHANGES IN ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED						
INFLOWS: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		(119)		(119)		_
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS		190		190		-
INVENTORIES		(11)		-		(11)
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES		(2,010)		(2,010)		-
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS		(191)		(191)		-
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS		(9)		(9)		
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(4,974)	\$	(4,971)	\$	(3)
	RF	REAKDOWN	OF CAS	H AND CASH	EQUIVAL	ENTS
CACH AND CACH FOUNTALENTS						
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	40,437	\$	40,249	\$	188













COMBINING
FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS
INTERNAL SERVICE
FUNDS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

GENERAL SERVICES GROUP

The General Services Fund accounts for the County's Printing Services and Central Mail Services departments. Services which are available to all County departments and special districts are financed by user fees for services provided.

TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES

The Telephone Services Fund accounts for County-wide telephone operations including related hardware, software, communication facilities, and a network of microwave sites.

COMPUTER OPERATIONS

The Computer Operations Fund accounts for 24-hour-per-day, County-wide data processing services including data entry, report distribution, distributed data processing with technical support and application development.

VEHICLE SERVICES

The Vehicle Services Fund includes both the County Garage and Motor Pool. The Fund accounts for vehicle rental services to all County departments, and maintenance and repair services to the County's vehicle and heavy equipment fleet.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Risk Management Fund accounts for the County's self-insured worker's compensation, and public liabilities, including property conservation, safety programs, medical malpractice, environmental liability other than pollution remediation in relation to landfill and other general obligations which are provided to all County departments and special districts.

FLOOD CONTROL EQUIPMENT

The Flood Control Equipment Fund accounts for heavy equipment rental and maintenance services provided to each of the six flood control zones within various geographical regions of the County.

	TOTAL	GENERAL SERVICE GROUP	TELECOMMUNICATION SERVICES	COMPUTER OPERATIONS
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 346,074	\$ 2,612	\$ 17,402	\$ 15,687
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET	77	-	70	7
OTHER RECEIVABLES	37	-	-	-
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS	2,387	170	342	1,025
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS	1,107	48	826	10
INVENTORIES	3,877	44	2,291	-
PREPAID ITEMS	1,560	709	422	-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	355,119	3,583	21,353	16,729
NONCURRENT ASSETS:				
INTERFUND RECEIVABLE	894	-	894	-
CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:				
LAND	396	_	_	_
DEVELOPMENT IN PROGRESS	3,807	_	866	1,504
CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:	0,001		333	.,00.
STRUCTURES AND IMPROVEMENTS	11,539	19	3,717	522
EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE	115,586	1,608	45,079	17,362
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	(83,721)	(680)	(33,273)	(12,892)
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	48,501	947	17,283	6,496
TOTAL ASSETS	403,620	4,530	38,636	23,225
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	19,344	562	2,549	13,317
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	5,138	78	823	625
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	2,609	122	541	1,254
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	18,469	2	57	602
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS	270	24	-	-
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE	3,228	125	846	1,336
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED CLAIMS	50,290	125	040	1,330
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	80,004	351	2,267	3,817
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:				
INTERFUND PAYABLE	894	-	-	894
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE	4,044	179	566	2,331
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED CLAIMS	186,405	-	-	-
NET PENSION LIABILITY	35,625	1,722	7,428	17,474
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	226,968	1,901	7,994	20,699
TOTAL LIABILITIES	306,972	2,252	10,261	24,516
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	12,777	756	2,610	6,011
NET POSITION				
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	47,607	947	16,389	6,496
UNRESTRICTED	55,608	1,137	11,925	(481)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 103,215	\$ 2,084	\$ 28,314	\$ 6,015
	55,210	- 2,001		5,010

	VEHICLE SERVICES		
ASSETS			EQUIPMENT
CURRENT ASSETS:			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 14,647	\$ 289,456	\$ 6,270
OTHER RECEIVABLES	-	37	-
DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS	82	663	105
DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS	159	56	8
INVENTORIES	1,542	-	-
PREPAID ITEMS	-	429	-
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	16,430	290,641	6,383
NONCURRENT ASSETS:			
CAPITAL ASSETS NOT BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:			
LAND	396	-	-
DEVELOPMENT IN PROGRESS	1,437	-	-
CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED AND AMORTIZED:			
STRUCTURES AND IMPROVEMENTS	7,281	-	-
EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE	35,093	660	15,784
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	(25,782)	(538)	(10,556)
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	18,425	122	5,228
TOTAL ASSETS	34,855	290,763	11,611
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,691	1,225	<u>-</u>
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	758	2,778	76
SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE	409	283	_
DUE TO OTHER FUNDS	1,193	16,609	6
ADVANCES FROM OTHERS	-	246	-
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE	560	361	_
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED CLAIMS	-	50,290	_
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	2,920	70,567	82
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:			
COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE	606	362	_
ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED CLAIMS	-	186,405	_
NET PENSION LIABILITY	5,199	3,802	_
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	5,805	190,569	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	8.725	261 126	82
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,725	261,136	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,721	1,679	
NET POSITION			
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	18,425	122	5,228
UNRESTRICTED	7,675	29,051	6,301
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 26,100	\$ 29,173	\$ 11,529

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

	TOTAL GENERAL SERVICES GROUP		MMUNICATION RVICES	COMPUTER OPERATIONS		
OPERATING REVENUES: CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES	\$	215,222	\$ 10,947	\$ 28,753	\$	41,306
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		215,222	10,947	28,753		41,306
OPERATING EXPENSES: PROFESSIONAL SERVICES SALARIES AND EMPLOYEES BENEFITS SELF-INSURED CLAIMS SERVICES AND SUPPLIES DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION		24,566 44,922 50,398 55,438 11,572	794 2,295 - 6,434 95	1,687 9,107 - 11,777 4,101		7,442 20,534 - 7,376 2,485
OTHER TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		187,760	 9,618	 26,672		37,837
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		27,462	 1,329	2,081		3,469
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): INTEREST REVENUES INTEREST EXPENSE GRANT REVENUE GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS OTHER NONOPERATING REVENUES OTHER NONOPERATING EXPENSES		2,699 (9) 4 495 6,450 (7)	17 - - - 25 (7)	125 - - (5) 841		106 (9) - (34) 132
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		9,632	35	961		195
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE TRANSFERS		37,094	1,364	3,042		3,664
TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN		(18,258) 38	 (177)	 (453)		(1,101)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		18,874	1,187	 2,589		2,563
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING		84,341	897	 25,725		3,452
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	103,215	\$ 2,084	\$ 28,314	\$	6,015

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

	VEHICLE SERVICES		RISK MANAGEMENT			CONTROL
OPERATING REVENUES: CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES	\$	\$ 27,898		\$ 103,589		2,729
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		27,898		103,589		2,729
OPERATING EXPENSES: PROFESSIONAL SERVICES SALARIES AND EMPLOYEES BENEFITS SELF-INSURED CLAIMS SERVICES AND SUPPLIES DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION OTHER		2,936 8,624 - 13,989 3,859		11,640 4,362 50,398 14,387 72 864		67 - - 1,475 960
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		29,408		81,723		2,502
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(1,510)		21,866		227
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): INTEREST REVENUES GRANT REVENUE GAIN (LOSS) ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS OTHER NONOPERATING REVENUES		109 - 395 3,877		2,294 4 - 1,529		48 - 139 46
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		4,381		3,827		233
CHANGE IN NET POSITION BEFORE TRANSFERS		2,871		25,693		460
TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN		(313)		(16,214) 38		- -
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		2,558		9,517		460
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING		23,542		19,656		11,069
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	26,100	\$	29,173	\$	11,529

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

	TOTAL		GENERAL SERVICES GROUP	TELE- COMMUNICATION SERVICES	N	COMPUTER OPERATIONS		VEHICLE SERVICES	MAI	RISK NAGEMENT	co	LOOD NTROL JIPMENT
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: CASH RECEIVED FROM OTHER FUNDS FOR INTERNAL SERVICES CASH PAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS OF GOODS AND SERVICES CASH PAYMENTS TO EMPLOYEES FOR SERVICES	\$ 229,928 (127,342 (47,649	2)	11,505 (7,878) (2,503)	\$ 30,48 (13,72 (9,94	22)	\$ 44,733 (15,222) (21,104)	\$	31,951 (16,750) (9,277)	\$	108,451 (72,171) (4,818)	\$	2,790 (1,599)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	54,937	<u> </u>	1,124	6,82	9	8,407		5,924		31,462		1,191
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: INTERFUND LOAN REPAYMENT INTEREST PAID ON INTERFUND LOAN INTERFUND LOAN ADVANCED TRANSFERS RECEIVED TRANSFERS PAID	(895 (9 895 36 (2,285	9) 5 8 5)	(177)	(45	i3)	(895) (9) - (1,101)		(313)		- - - 38 (241)		- - - - -
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2,256	<u> </u>	(177)	44	-2_	(2,005)		(313)		(203)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF CAPITAL ASSETS PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	(17,322		(746)	(4,08	3	(3,968)		(7,364) 452		<u>-</u>		(1,164) 139
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(16,718	3)	(746)	(4,06	57)	(3,968)		(6,912)				(1,025)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	2,699)	17	12	25	106		109		2,294		48
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	2,699	<u> </u>	17	12	25	106		109		2,294		48
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	38,662	2	218	3,32	9	2,540		(1,192)		33,553		214
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	307,412	2	2,394	14,07	'3	13,147		15,839		255,903		6,056
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 346,074	\$	2,612	\$ 17,40	12	\$ 15,687	\$	14,647	\$	289,456	\$	6,270
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	\$ 27,462		1,329	\$ 2,08		\$ 3,469	\$	(1,510)	\$	21,866	\$	227
DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE) RELATED TO OPERATING ACTIVITIES	11,572 6,445		95 18	4,10 84		2,485 132		3,859 3,877		7 <u>2</u> 1,531		960 46
CHANGES IN ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS OTHER RECEIVABLES INVENTORIES PREPAID ITEMS ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES SALARIES AND BENEFITS PAYABLE DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS ADVANCES FROM OTHERS COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE ESTIMATED LIABILITY FOR LITIGATION AND SELF-INSURED CLAIMS OTHER NON-CASH ITEMS	3,866 4,388 (77 11 460 888 (2,00) 277 (11 66 (4,59) (3,000	5 6 6 6 7 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	463 46 - 12 (450) (205) 12 - 24 27 - (247)	1,18 (24 42 84 (1,52	6) -23 -5 -66) -44 	(7) 3,200 102 (404) 144 36 - (750)	\$	179 (3) - 25 - 164 32 (14) - (113) (572) 5,924		3,900 (653) 22 19 - 494 25 47 - 45 66 4,597 (569)		14 1 1 - (57) - - - - - 1,191
	, 2.,50	<u> </u>		3,01	-	-,,		-,7				-
				BREAKDO	WN (OF CASH AND CASH	EQUI	VALENTS				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 346,074	\$	2,612	\$ 17,40	2	\$ 15,687	\$	14,647	\$	289,456	\$	6,270













COMBINING
FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS
TRUST & AGENCY
FUNDS



TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

AGENCY FUNDS

Special Assessment Agency Funds - The special assessment funds are administered by the County Treasurer and account for amounts collected from property owners for the payment of special assessment bond principal and interest. The special assessment bonds include both 1911 and 1915 Act Bonds and Mello-Roos Bonds.

Other Agency Funds - Accounts for other agency funds where the County holds money either in a custodial capacity for other entities, or as a clearing account to accumulate and hold certain monies until disbursement to the ultimate recipient.

TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS	BEGINNING BALANCE	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	ENDING BALANCE
ASSETS: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE TAXES RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 245,583 19,363 158,653 21,201 \$ 444,800	\$ 12,558,147 18,067 222,906 18,197 \$ 12,817,317	\$ 12,528,190 19,363 226,685 22,647 \$ 12,796,885	\$ 275,540 18,067 154,874 16,751 \$ 465,232
LIABILITIES: DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 444,800 \$ 444,800	\$ 324,437 \$ 324,437	\$ 304,005 \$ 304,005	\$ 465,232 \$ 465,232
SPECIAL ASSESSMENT FUNDS				
ASSETS: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,570 \$ 1,570	\$ 144 \$ 144	\$ 231 \$ 231	\$ 1,483 \$ 1,483
LIABILITIES:				
DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS	\$ 1,570	\$ -	\$ 87	\$ 1,483
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1,570	\$ -	\$ 87	\$ 1,483
OTHER AGENCY FUNDS				
ASSETS: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE TAXES RECEIVABLE DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 244,013 19,363 158,653 21,201 \$ 443,230	\$ 12,558,003 18,067 222,906 18,197 \$ 12,817,173	\$ 12,527,959 19,363 226,685 22,647 \$ 12,796,654	\$ 274,057 18,067 154,874 16,751 \$ 463,749
	Ψ 110,200	<u>Ψ 12,011,110</u>	12,100,004	Ψ 400,740
LIABILITIES: DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS	\$ 443,230	\$ 324,437	\$ 303,918	\$ 463,749
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 443,230	\$ 324,437	\$ 303,918	\$ 463,749













COMBINING
SCHEDULE OF
REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND
CHANGES IN FUND
BALANCES (DEFICIT)
BUDGET TO ACTUAL
ON BUDGETARY BASIS

	TOTAL					
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES:						
TAXES LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 110,197 995 5,968 6,491 327,200 94,615 43,390	\$ 119,702 1,052 5,661 9,374 307,131 97,862 	\$ 9,505 57 (307) 2,883 (20,069) 3,247 (5,108)			
TOTAL REVENUES	588,856_	579,064	(9,792)			
EXPENDITURES:						
CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT PUBLIC PROTECTION PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES HEALTH AND SANITATION PUBLIC ASSISTANCE EDUCATION RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES	7,408 254,921 110,455 156,205 115,574 17,170 8,967	3,476 203,032 61,875 119,843 89,596 15,210 6,389	3,932 51,889 48,580 36,362 25,978 1,960 2,578			
DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES BOND ISSUANCE COSTS CAPITAL OUTLAY	18,001 4,495 - 54,019	20,552 2,851 187 	(2,551) 1,644 (187) 25,451			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	747,215	551,579	195,636			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(158,359)	27,485	185,844			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN LONG-TERM DEBT ISSUED REFUNDING BONDS ISSUED PAYMENT TO REFUNDED BOND ESCROW AGENT INSURANCE RECOVERIES SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	(133,302) 69,987 450 - - - 742	(73,974) 48,071 27,870 (27,870) 3,916 13,285	59,328 (21,916) (450) 27,870 (27,870) 3,916 12,543			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(62,123)	(8,702)	53,421			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(220,482)	18,783	239,265			
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	564,820	564,820	-			
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 344,338	\$ 583,603	\$ 239,265			

	TRANSPORTATION						
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET				
REVENUES: LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 425 70 43,700 1,225 38	\$ 312 332 44,625 1,635 172	\$ (113) 262 925 410 134				
TOTAL REVENUES	45,458	47,076	1,618				
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES	75,655	48.013	27,642				
CAPITAL OUTLAY	5,797	2,966	2,831				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	81,452	50,979	30,473				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(35,994)	(3,903)	32,091				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	(1,427) 18,765 511	(1,372) 18,765 227	55 (284)				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	17,849	17,620	(229)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	(18,145) 44,005	13,717 44,005	31,862				
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 25,860	\$ 57,722	\$ 31,862				

	SPECIAL TRANSPORTATION						
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET				
REVENUES: TAXES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 6,406 129 3,945 865	\$ 8,772 331 429 2,701	\$ 2,366 202 (3,516) 1,836				
TOTAL REVENUES	11,345	12,234	889_				
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES CAPITAL OUTLAY	29,263 540_	10,193	19,070 540				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	29,803	10,193	19,610				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(18,458)	2,041	20,499				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(408) 1,310 902	(104) - (104)	304 (1,310) (1,006)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(17,556)	1,937	19,493				
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	38,439	38,439	-				
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 20,883	\$ 40,376	\$ 19,493				

	SPECIAL AVIATION		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 3 798 3,479 10 1,427	\$ 3 584 434 27 	\$ - (214) (3,045) 17 99
TOTAL REVENUES	5,717	2,574	(3,143)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES CAPITAL OUTLAY	2,287 1,048	1,142 531_	1,145 517
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,335	1,673	1,662
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	2,382	901	(1,481)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(4,793) 1,423 (3,370)	(139) 718 579	4,654 (705) 3,949
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(988)	1,480	2,468
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	2,613	2,613	-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 1,625	\$ 4,093	\$ 2,468

	MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES ACT		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 517 112,689 5,400	\$ 1,111 107,441 4,824_	\$ 594 (5,248) (576)
TOTAL REVENUES	118,606	113,376	(5,230)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: HEALTH AND SANITATION CAPITAL OUTLAY	133,307 3,372	100,692 194	32,615 3,178
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	136,679	100,886	35,793
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(18,073)	12,490	30,563
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(13,763) 13,317 (446)	(3,789) 12,260 8,471	9,974 (1,057) 8,917
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(440)	0,471	0,917
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(18,519)	20,961	39,480
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	111,676	111,676	-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 93,157	\$ 132,637	\$ 39,480

	PRESCHOOL SERVICES		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 53,866 20	\$ 8 49,407 19 22	\$ 8 (4,459) (1) 22
TOTAL REVENUES	53,886	49,456	(4,430)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES CAPITAL OUTLAY	50,089 1 618	47,455 1 444	2,634 174
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	50,708	47,900	2,808
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	3,178	1,556	(1,622)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	(3,197) 965 	(1,471)	1,726 (965) 4
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(2,232)	(1,467)	765
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	946 (936)	89 (936)	(857)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), ENDING	\$ 10	\$ (847)	\$ (857)

	AGING AND ADULT SERVICES		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES	\$ 2 6,327	\$ 8 5,769	\$ 6 (558)
TOTAL REVENUES	6,329	5,777	(552)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC ASSISTANCE CAPITAL OUTLAY	6,226 <u>9</u>	5,752 6	474 3
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,235	5,758	477
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	94	19	(75)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(1,137) 1,044 (93)	(1,138) 1,044 (94)	(1) (1)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(93)	(94)	(1)_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1	(75)	(76)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1,469	1,469	-
FUND BALANCES,(DEFICIT) ENDING	\$ 1,470	\$ 1,394	\$ (76)

	JOBS AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICES		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES OTHER REVENUES TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 572 24,011 941 25,524	\$ 626 17,421 836 18,883	\$ 54 (6,590) (105) (6,641)
TOTAL NEVEROLS		10,000	(0,041)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC ASSISTANCE CAPITAL OUTLAY	23,778 50	18,230	5,548 50
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	23,828	18,230	5,598
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,696	653	(1,043)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(335) 212 (123)	(335) 214 (121)	2
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,573	532	(1,041)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	(52)	(52)	-
FUND BALANCES,(DEFICIT) ENDING	\$ 1,521	\$ 480	\$ (1,041)

	COURTHOUSE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	\$ 1,560 1_	\$ 1,351 6	\$ (209) 5
TOTAL REVENUES	1,561_	1,357	(204)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(1,561) (1,561)	(1,360) (1,360)	201 201
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	(3)	(3)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	7	7	-
FUND BALANCES,(DEFICIT) ENDING	\$ 7	\$ 4	\$ (3)

	CRIMINAL JUSTICE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	\$ 1,831 1	\$ 1,602 7	\$ (229) 6
TOTAL REVENUES	1,832	1,609	(223)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT	(1,833)	(1,612)	221_
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(1,833)	(1,612)	221_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1)	(3)	(2)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	7	7	-
FUND BALANCES,(DEFICIT) ENDING	\$ 6	\$ 4	\$ (2)

	CENTRAL COURTHOUSE SURCHARGE		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES	<u>\$ 1,610</u>	\$ 1,583	\$ (27)
TOTAL REVENUES	1,610	1,583	(27)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT	(1,610)	(1,583)	27
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(1,610)	(1,583)	27_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

	MICROGRAPHICS FEES		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 19 3,375 75_	\$ 47 3,444	\$ 28 69 (75)
TOTAL REVENUES	3,469	3,491	22
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION CAPITAL OUTLAY	5,529 157	2,025 135	3,504 22
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,686	2,160	3,526
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,217)	1,331	3,548
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(43) (43)	(43) (43)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(2,260)	1,288	3,548
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	11,293	11,293	-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 9,033	\$ 12,581	\$ 3,548

	LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT BLOCK GRANT		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES	\$ - 847_	\$ 22 582	\$ 22 (265)
TOTAL REVENUES	847	604_	(243)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION CAPITAL OUTLAY	1,468 	893 79	575
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,547	972	575
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(700)	(368)	332_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(700)	(368)	332
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	2,951	2,951	-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 2,251	\$ 2,583	\$ 332

	SHERIFF SPECIAL PROJECTS		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 1 74 10,752 - 2,016	\$ - 130 15,073 856 157	\$ (1) 56 4,321 856 (1,859)
TOTAL REVENUES	12,843	16,216	3,373
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION CAPITAL OUTLAY	17,288 4,660	13,753 2,588	3,535 2,072
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	21,948	16,341	5,607
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(9,105)	(125)	8,980
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT	(3,688)	(3,074)_	614
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(3,688)	(3,074)	614
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(12,793)	(3,199)	9,594
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	15,793	15,793	-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 3,000	\$ 12,594	\$ 9,594

	FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICTS		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: TAXES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 42,314 306 10,639 68,088 1,945	\$ 42,932 613 8,935 69,584 1,376	\$ 618 307 (1,704) 1,496 (569)
TOTAL REVENUES	123,292	123,440	148
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES CAPITAL OUTLAY	134,609 71 45 10,332	129,460 70 33 5,518	5,149 1 12 4,814
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	145,057	135,081	9,976
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(21,765)	(11,641)	10,124
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	(25,835) 17,496 	(6,216) 8,695 22	19,619 (8,801) 22
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(8,339)	2,501	10,840
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(30,104)	(9,140)	20,964
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	64,053	64,053	-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 33,949	\$ 54,913	\$ 20,964

	ECONOMIC AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 245 13,608 - 1,198 15,051	\$ 339 7,429 12 717 8,497	\$ 94 (6,179) 12 (481) (6,554)
TO THE REVERGES			(0,001)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	28,928	13.284	15,644
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	28,928	13,284	15,644
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(13,877)	(4,787)	9,090
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN	(4,517) 150	(2,787) 150	1,730
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(4,367)	(2,637)	1,730
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(18,244)	(7,424)	10,820
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	39,805	39,805	-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 21,561	\$ 32,381	\$ 10,820

	FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: TAXES LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 42,045 163 718 3,187 318 4,056	\$ 47,262 353 1,529 5,482 306 4,108	\$ 5,217 190 811 2,295 (12) 52 8,553
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC PROTECTION DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES BOND ISSUANCE COSTS CAPITAL OUTLAY	68,435 16,250 4,417 - 18,411	37,368 19,065 2,785 187 12,556	31,067 (2,815) 1,632 (187) 5,855
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	107,513	71,961	35,552
		·	<u> </u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(57,026)	(12,921)	44,105
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN REFUNDING BONDS ISSUED PAYMENT TO REFUNDED BOND ESCROW AGENT INSURANCE RECOVERIES SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	(10,104) 11,570 - - - 231	(730) 2,257 27,870 (27,870) 3,916 528	9,374 (9,313) 27,870 (27,870) 3,916 297
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	1,697	5,971	4,274
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(55,329)	(6,950)	48,379
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	111,256	111,256	-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 55,927	\$ 104,306	\$ 48,379

	COUNTY SERVICE AREAS		
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: TAXES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 3,026 179 468 6,380 464	\$ 3,323 325 75 5,018 463	\$ 297 146 (393) (1,362) (1)
TOTAL REVENUES	10,517	9,204	(1,313)
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT PUBLIC PROTECTION PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES HEALTH AND SANITATION RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES DEBT SERVICE:	6,734 1,007 2,909 104 1,506	2,961 809 2,261 82 1,135	3,773 198 648 22 371
PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES CAPITAL OUTLAY	355 10 6,140	92 10 2,703	263 - 3,437
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,765	10,053	8,712
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(8,248)	(849)	7,399
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN LONG-TERM DEBT ISSUED SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	(4,922) 3,440 450	(2,783) 3,762 - 2	2,139 322 (450) 2
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(1,032)	981	2,013
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(9,280)	132	9,412
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	23,189	23,189	-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 13,909	\$ 23,321	\$ 9,412

	PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICTS					
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES: TAXES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 1,951 104 52 1,407 36	\$ 2,326 116 74 1,269	\$ 375 12 22 (138) (27)			
TOTAL REVENUES	3,550	3,794	244			
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES CAPITAL OUTLAY	3,948 120_	3,398 	550 120			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,068	3,398	670			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(518)	396	914			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN	(258) 100	(118) 15	140 (85)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(158)	(103)	55			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(676)	293	969			
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1,200	1,200	-			
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 524	\$ 1,493	\$ 969			

	COUNTY FREE LIBRARY					
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES: TAXES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 14,417 - 261 1,009 154	\$ 15,053 1 253 1,011 460	\$ 636 1 (8) 2 306			
TOTAL REVENUES	15,841	16,778	937			
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: EDUCATION DEBT SERVICE: PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES CAPITAL OUTLAY	17,170 1,325 22 737	15,210 1,325 22 564	1,960 - - 173			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	19,254	17,121	2,133			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,413)	(343)	3,070			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN	(271)	(270) 102	1 102			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(271)	(168)	103			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(3,684)	(511)	3,173			
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	8,148	8,148	-			
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 4,464	\$ 7,637	\$ 3,173			

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS (CONTINUED)
CERTAIN SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

	REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR HOUSING					
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY OTHER REVENUES	\$ 9 626_	\$ 3 625	\$ (6) (1)			
TOTAL REVENUES	635	628	(7)			
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	4,101	3,105	996_			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,101	3,105	996			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,466)	(2,477)	989			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(3,466)	(2,477)	989			
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	3,471	3,471	-			
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 5	\$ 994	\$ 989			

		OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE	
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: TAXES LICENSES, PERMITS AND FRANCHISES FINES, FORFEITURES AND PENALTIES REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 38 404 2,576 2,747 39,369 10,308 25,014	\$ 34 384 2,708 3,236 43,702 10,397 22,986	\$ (4) (20) 132 489 4,333 89 (2,028)
TOTAL REVENUES	80,456	83,447	2,991
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT PUBLIC PROTECTION PUBLIC WAYS AND FACILITIES HEALTH AND SANITATION PUBLIC ASSISTANCE RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES CAPITAL OUTLAY	674 26,585 341 22,794 2,452 3,513 1,949	515 18,724 266 19,069 1,770 1,856 284	159 7,861 75 3,725 682 1,657 1,665
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	58,308	42,484	15,824
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	22,148	40,963	18,815
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	(53,600) 195 	(45,050) 89 12,502	8,550 (106) 12,502
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(53,405)	(32,459)	20,946
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(31,257)	8,504	39,761
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	86,433	86,433	-
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 55,176	\$ 94,937	\$ 39,761

	BUDGETI ORIGINAL	BUDGETED AMOUNTS ORIGINAL FINAL		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ - 3,037 - 40	\$ - 3,367 - 416	\$ 8 250 3,815 422	\$ 8 (3,117) 3,815 6	
TOTAL REVENUES	3,077	3,783	4,495	712	
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT CAPITAL OUTLAY	37 181,933	759 214,024	407 68,975	352 145,049	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	181,970	214,783	69,382	145,401	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(178,893)	(211,000)	(64,887)	146,113	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN	(2,348) 89,648	(50,785) 169,693	(3,298) 97,514	47,487 (72,179)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	87,300	118,908	94,216	(24,692)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(91,593)	(92,092)	29,329	121,421	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	91,695	91,695	91,695	-	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), ENDING	\$ 102	\$ (397)	\$ 121,024	\$ 121,421	

	TOTAL					
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 72 20 - 4,235 4,327	\$ 226 10 16 16 253	\$ 154 (10) 16 (4,234) (4,074)			
TOTAL REVENUES			(4,074)			
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT:						
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	12,181	4,080	8,101			
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE CAPITAL OUTLAY	10,047 14,383	2,163	10,047 12,220			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	36,611	6,243	30,368			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(32,284)	(5,990)	26,294			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN	(963) 3,714	(830) 2,347	133 (1,367)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	2,751	1,517	(1,234)			
` ,	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(29,533)	(4,473)	25,060			
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	31,151	31,151	-			
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 1,618	\$ 26,678	\$ 25,060			

	REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR HOUSING					
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES OTHER REVENUES	\$ 57 - -	\$ 171 1 1	\$ 114 1 1			
TOTAL REVENUES	57	173_	116			
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: GENERAL GOVERNMENT PUBLIC ASSISTANCE	12,181 10,047	4,080	8,101 10,047			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	22,228	4,080	18,148			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(22,171)	(3,907)	18,264			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT	(437)	<u>-</u> _	437			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(437)	<u> </u>	437			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(22,608)	(3,907)	18,701			
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	23,958	23,958	-			
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 1,350	\$ 20,051	\$ 18,701			

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO
COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS (CONTINUED)
CERTAIN CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (IN THOUSANDS)

	FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICTS						
	FINAL BUDGET	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET					
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	_\$ 1_	\$ 3	\$ 2				
TOTAL REVENUES	1	3_	2				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT	(473)	(475)	(2)				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	(473)	(475)	(2)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(472)	(472)	-				
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	473	473	-				
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u> </u>	\$ 1	\$ -				

	PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICTS					
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY OTHER REVENUES	\$ 14 302	\$ 41 	\$ 27 (302)			
TOTAL REVENUES	316	41_	(275)			
EXPENDITURES: CAPITAL OUTLAY	7,632	863	6,769			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,632	863	6,769			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(7,316)	(822)	6,494			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN	(150) 2,132	604	150 (1,528)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	1,982	604	(1,378)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(5,334)	(218)	5,116			
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	5,346	5,346	-			
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 12	\$ 5,128	\$ 5,116			

		COUNTY SERVICE AREAS	EAS			
	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES: REVENUES FROM USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY AID FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES CHARGES FOR CURRENT SERVICES OTHER REVENUES	\$ - 20 - 3,933	\$ 11 9 16 	\$ 11 (11) 16 (3,933)			
TOTAL REVENUES	3,953	36	(3,917)			
EXPENDITURES: CAPITAL OUTLAY	6,751	1,300	5,451			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,751	1,300	5,451			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,798)	(1,264)	1,534			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): TRANSFERS OUT TRANSFERS IN	97 1,582	(355) 1,743	(452) 161			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)	1,679	1,388	(291)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,119)	124	1,243			
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1,374	1,374	-			
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 255	\$ 1,498	\$ 1,243			





STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditors' Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the comprehensive annual financial report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information to understand and assess a governments condition.

CONTENTS

FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

REVENUE CAPACITY

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

DEBT CAPACITY

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

OPERATION INFORMATION

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.



COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10			2012-13			
	as restated	as restated	as restated	as restated	2010-11	2011-12	as restated	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	\$1,095,664	\$1,147,871	\$1,218,294	\$1,318,593	\$ 1,436,162	\$1,598,182	\$1,670,509	\$1,749,238	\$1,809,961	\$1,843,897
RESTRICTED	674,368	688,298	794,489	716,035	783,306	714,879	740,232	776,259	947,882	942,150
UNRESTRICTED	108,424	222,623	150,272	268,299	230,522	265,813	344,912	519,085	(1,508,357)	(1,147,159)
SUBTOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET POSITION	1,878,456	2,058,792	2,163,055	2,302,927	2,449,990	2,578,874	2,755,653	3,044,582	1,249,486	1,638,888
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS RESTRICTED UNRESTRICTED SUBTOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES NET POSITION	(17,138) 47,023 121,734 151,619	(20,021) 48,814 110,023 138,816	35,887 37,283 82,871 156,041	26,837 93,399 34,055 154,291	44,737 108,461 780 153,978	57,487 67,968 31,697 157,152	102,982 63,781 9,209 175,972	110,155 62,286 51,458 223,899	180,714 73,040 (12,512) 241,242	202,941 74,990 39,906 317,837
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS RESTRICTED UNRESTRICTED TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT NET POSITION	1,078,526 721,391 230,158 \$2,030,075	1,127,850 737,112 332,646 \$2,197,608	1,254,181 831,772 233,143 \$2,319,096	1,345,430 809,434 302,354 \$2,457,218	1,480,899 891,767 231,302 \$2,603,968	1,655,669 782,847 297,510 \$2,736,026	1,773,491 804,013 354,121 \$2,931,625	1,859,393 838,545 570,543 \$3,268,481	1,990,675 1,020,922 (1,520,869) \$1,490,728	2,046,838 1,017,140 (1,107,253) \$1,956,725

Notes:

Accounting standards require that net position be reported in three components in the financial statements: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Net position is considered restricted when 1) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In fiscal year 2010-11 the County implemented GASB 54 to report governmental fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. Fiscal year 2009-10 restricted and unrestricted net position were reclassified according to GASB 54 for comparison purpose.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS) (accrual basis of accounting)

(accrual basis of accounting)	2002.27	0007.00	2000 00	0000 40			2010 10			
	2006-07 as restated	2007-08 as restated	2008-09 as restated	2009-10 as restated	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13 as restated	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16
Expenses	uo restatea	us restated	us restated	us restated	201011		us restated	2010-14	2014-10	2010-10
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 153,460	\$ 179,638	\$ 177,438	\$ 177,506	\$ 165,754	\$ 156,960	\$ 195,447	\$ 178,980	\$ 162,261	\$ 158,981
Public Protection	844,036	888,798	921,218	897,257	913,522	957,600	985,004	1,007,434	979,458	1,054,075
Public Ways and Facilities	67,254	85,271	75,704	73,251	72,482	80,200	80,002	91,744	71,614	81,902
Health and Sanitation	273,143	303,533	336,662	326,590	282,684	291,415	311,856	331,551 1.046,447	325,261	338,910
Public Assistance Education	802,043 18,106	854,721 20,788	882,975 21,941	935,205 19,693	1,007,153 18,692	991,174 16,905	1,014,443 16,469	20,923	1,008,353 16,718	1,079,575 19,424
Recreation and Cultural Services	24,899	24,086	24,697	22,677	23,788	26,701	26,672	25,290	24,103	24,505
Interest on Long Term Debt	83,260	77,444	83,770	65,144	64,994	58,449	53,484	50,189	45,233	42,744
Total Governmental Activities	2,266,201	2,434,279	2,524,405	2,517,323	2,549,069	2,579,404	2,683,377	2,752,558	2,633,001	2,800,116
5										
Business-type Activities:	477.044	404 504	466.022	444 700	445.074	475.057	407 570	F12 C00	400 000	E07.000
Medical Center Waste Systems	477,814 53,320	421,531 83,543	466,933 56,389	441,722 56,688	445,874 95,408	475,957 66,571	487,578 53,748	513,609 61,883	488,239 76,160	507,668 60,717
Housing Authority (2)	33,320	-	50,505	50,000	33,400		33,740	01,005	104,759	105,876
Other	31,503	53,305	21,479	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water, Sewer, and Sanitation (1)	-	-	-	32,536	14,316	14,679	15,448	15,204	18,154	20,804
Paramedic and Emergency (1)	-	-	-	240	546	527	-	-	-	-
Others (1)				341	186	71	87	69	131	67
Total Business-type Activities	562,637	558,379	544,801	531,527	556,330	557,805	556,861	590,765	687,443	695,132
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$2,828,838	\$2,992,658	\$3,069,206	\$3,048,850	\$3,105,399	\$3,137,209	\$3,240,238	\$3,343,323	\$3,320,444	\$3,495,248
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General Government	\$ 103,993	\$ 105,052	\$ 110,817	\$ 115,911	\$ 122,048	\$ 152,268	\$ 143,236	\$ 143,368	\$ 138,561	\$ 150,204
Public Protection	198,803	214,252	249,714	231,718	243,283	220,028	228,319	235,102	246,438	251,153
Public Ways and Facilities	6,772	9,005	7,183	5,518	6,610	7,206	10,751	12,856	9,258	9,047
Health and Sanitation	49,020	42,820	56,732	63,613	20,911	23,298	24,075	23,261	23,999	22,304
Public Assistance	2,827	3,646	2,656	2,720	2,993	1,000	984	2,833	3,441	3,034
Education	1,170	1,100	1,240	1,202	1,075	979	1,027	1,046	1,053	1,011
Recreation and Cultural Services Operating Grants/Contributions:	7,695	8,391	8,882	8,992	8,729	9,070	8,446	8,632	8,715	8,773
General Government	19,275	16,687	11,752	8,404	19,262	29,249	7,705	20,832	42,644	7,822
Public Protection	198,710	149,313	140,036	160,938	169,002	190,394	244,678	240,781	227,133	279,206
Public Ways and Facilities	69,247	59,600	48,876	70,501	60,518	61,721	53,063	75,682	62,369	46,838
Health and Sanitation	315,857	300,174	319,212	330,099	303,449	268,409	343,019	372,615	383,128	376,831
Public Assistance	732,626	816,090	826,639	886,533	958,859	951,801	935,079	1,026,267	997,915	1,080,108
Education	1,219	1,215	907	998	1,290	457	253	249	247	254
Recreation and Cultural Services	6,800	1,920	2,652	3,035	3,726	1,117	772	430	481	686
Capital Grants/Contributions:			4 700						00 700	400
General Government Public Protection	- 57	20	4,728	72	-	14	-	-	23,766	182 2
Public Ways and Facilities	475	3,052	3,919	4,796	9,221	59,054	17,755	25,971	1,237	250
Health and Sanitation	-13	5,032	3,313	4,730	1,699	33,034	17,735	25,571	1,237	-
Recreation and Cultural Services	124	277	20	1,708	75	-	-	-	-	50
Subtotal Governmental Activities	1,714,670	1,732,614	1,795,965	1,896,758	1,932,750	1,976,065	2,019,162	2,189,925	2,170,385	2,237,755
B										
Business-type Activities:										
Charges for Services: Medical Center	375,973	335,749	370,464	380,954	380,357	376,004	365,169	398,628	431,606	448,135
Waste System	63,419	67,898	60,755	56,964	57,281	56,014	58,044	59,784	76,303	76,869
Housing Authority (2)	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	18,396	16,300
Other	20,253	19,852	14,814	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water, Sewer, and Sanitation	-	-	-	12,910	10,696	11,590	11,711	14,696	14,222	13,459
Paramedic and Emergency	-	-	-	3,117	3,516	-	-	-	-	-
Others (1)	-	-	-	146	206	118	58	95	89	74
Operating Grants & Contributions:	40.507	40.570	0.040	0.000	00.440	40.004	50.400	40.070	400 740	05.050
Medical Center Waste System	13,527	12,579	8,012	6,968	68,148	46,904	50,132 1,751	46,070	120,742 79	95,250 79
Housing Authority (2)	-	-	-	-	33	928	1,731	2,661	87,965	91,044
Other	833	14	156	_	_	_	_	_	-	51,044
Water, Sewer, and Sanitation (1)	-	-	-	46	53	147	70	101	584	72
Capital Grants & Contributions:										
Medical Center	26,976	24,142	19,554	19,045	19,500	18,820	18,901	21,247	16,501	18,855
Housing Authority (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	541	161
Water, Sewer, and Sanitation (1)		-		70	-	167	-		60	170
Subtotal Business-type Activities	500,981	460,234	473,755	480,220	539,790	510,692	505,836	543,282	767,088	760,468
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$2,215,651	\$2,192,848	\$2,269,720	\$2,376,978	\$2,472,540	\$2,486,757	\$2,524,998	\$2,733,207	\$2,937,473	\$2,998,223
Net (Expense) / Revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$ (551,531)	\$ (701,665)	\$ (728,440)	\$ (620,565)	\$ (616,319)	\$ (603,339)	\$ (664,215)	\$ (562,633)	\$ (462,616)	\$ (562,361)
Business-type Activities	(61,656)	(98,145)	(71,046)	(51,307)	(16,540)	(47,113)	(51,025)	(47,483)	79,645	65,336
Total Primary Government Net Expenses	\$ (613,187)	\$ (799,810)	\$ (799,486)	\$ (671,872)	\$ (632,859)	\$ (650,452)	\$ (715,240)	\$ (610,116)	\$ (382,971)	\$ (497,025)
	-									

(Continued)

Notes:

(1) Starting fiscal year 2009-10 business activities previously reported under Other are reported separately for different identifiable activities, based on the types of goods or services provided.
(2) Housing Authority (HACSB) became a blended component unit effective July 1, 2014.

(2006-07 as restated	2007-08 as restated	2008-09 as restated	2009-10 as restated	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13 as restated	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities:										
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	\$ 477,973	\$ 538,962	\$ 562,625	\$ 524,857	\$ 491,396	\$ 499,002	\$ 523,190	\$ 553,303	\$ 573,482	\$ 617,923
Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service	10,907	15,620	18,528	15,608	14,724	6,324	-	-	-	-
Public Safety Tax	150,903	147,794	126,083	116,963	121,623	133,581	145,097	156,352	160,337	164,993
Sales Taxes	31,846	26,316	21,992	17,894	19,184	24,555	30,158	29,103	28,437	43,595
Other Taxes	58,261	44,381	21,847	12,810	12,086	10,070	11,791	16,099	18,767	20,743
Unrestricted Revenues from Use of Money and Property	76,046	88,878	74,567	52,445	49,081	39,797	46,383	43,603	44,616	42,739
Miscellaneous	74,695	67,409	67,055	52,154	57,878	61,989	71,998	74,416	74,480	69,822
Gains on Sale of Capital Assets	4,182	2,055	1,655	2,968	3,739	1,708	4,998	5,565	3,335	11,676
Special Item - Litigation Settlement	28,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Extraordinary Item- RDA Dissolution	-	-	-	-	-	(3,841)	63,969	10,415	-	-
Transfers	(55,405)	(49,414)	(61,649)	(35,262)	(6,329)	(40,962)	(50,720)	(37,294)	(12,428)	(19,728)
Subtotal Governmental Activities	857,408	882,001	832,703	760,437	763,382	732,223	846,864	851,562	891,026	951,763
Business-type Activities:										
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes	6,453	5,972	4,500	3,641	2,360	2,674	2,627	2,786	2,850	2,981
Unrestricted Revenues from Use of Money and Property	14,628	16,630	10,182	8,803	3,381	4,753	1,674	2,210	2,569	3,155
Miscellaneous	8,063	14,101	13,519	1,840	4,155	1,898	19,264	53,070	13,361	4,536
Gains on Sale of Capital Assets	(83)	-	56	11	2	-	-	50	774	671
Special Item - Gain on Sale of Surplus Land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Item - Eminent Domain Settlement	1,676	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Item - Litigation Settlement	(2,500)	(775)	(1,635)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Extraordinary Item - RDA Dissolution	-	-	-	-	-	-	221	-	-	-
Transfers	55,405	49,414	61,649	35,262	6,329	40,962	50,720	37,294	12,428	19,628
Subtotal Business-type Activities	83,642	85,342	88,271	49,557	16,227	50,287	74,506	95,410	31,982	30,971
Total Primary Government	\$ 941,050	\$ 967,343	\$ 920,974	\$ 809,994	\$ 779,609	\$ 782,510	\$ 921,370	\$ 946,972	\$ 923,008	\$ 982,734
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$ 305,877	\$ 180,336	\$ 104,263	\$ 139,872	\$ 147,063	\$ 128,884	\$ 182,649	\$ 288,929	\$ 428,410	\$ 389,402
Business-type Activities	21,986	(12,803)	17,225	(1,750)	(313)	3,174	23,481	47,927	111,627	96,307
Total Primary Government	\$ 327,863	\$ 167,533	\$ 121,488	\$ 138,122	\$ 146,750	\$ 132,058	\$ 206,130	\$ 336,856	\$ 540,037	\$ 485,709

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS) (modified accrual basis accounting)

(mouniou acoraal sacio accounting)		2007-08	2008-09							
	2006-07	as restated	as restated	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16
General Fund										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances	\$ 18.605	\$ 23.355	\$ 18.803	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Prepaid Items	1,278	2,310	4,145							
Noncurrent Interfund Receivables	20,765	18,511	18,461							
Inventories	435	424	350	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Loans Receivable	35	42,532	54,396							
Teeter	17,720	15,942	22,904	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unreserved:	17,720	13,542	22,504	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Designated	176,451	228,753	183,227						-	-
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undesignated	254,437	213,857	183,971	70.007	75 404	70.007		04.004	-	40.040
Nonspendable	-	-	-	73,667	75,191	72,307	56,256	64,204	55,918	49,048
Restricted	-	-	-	156,619	196,178	240,833	238,552	309,067	352,444	397,574
Committed	-	-	-	146,600	76,999	99,991	106,635	175,620	187,123	306,216
Assigned	-	-	-	.		14,200	11,975	28,680	11,809	8,862
Unassigned				133,718	149,981	122,523	302,616	239,221	322,130	294,958
Subtotal General Fund	489,726	545,684	486,257	510,604	498,349	549,854	716,034	816,792	929,424	1,056,658
Capital Improvement Fund (1)										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances	_	_	16,517	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unreserved:			10,017							
Undesignated, Reported in:										
Capital Projects Fund	_	_	133,778		_	_	_	_	_	
Nonspendable	_	_	155,776	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Restricted	-	-	-	16,837	-	-	1,495	6,774	29,875	25.760
Committed	-	-	-	10,037	27 020	- 22.070	1,495 22,879	0,774	29,875	35,760
	-	-	-	- 04 477	27,820	22,879		400 400	- 00 445	
Assigned	-	-	-	81,477	77,922	109,701	69,685	132,193	82,415	99,575
Unassigned			450 205	- 00.244	105.740	422 500	- 04.050	420.007	110 200	425.225
Subtotal Capital Improvement Fund			150,295	98,314	105,742	132,580	94,059	138,967	112,290	135,335
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances	62,569	61,612	40,964	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Prepaid items	89	100	140	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Noncurrent Interfund Receivables	400	400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Land Held for Resale	9,896	14,657	16,984	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Inventories	80	131	126	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Loans Receivable	_	_	1,470	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Debt Service	28,444	33,323	41,985	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Endowments	20,	-	1,594							
Unreserved:			1,001							
Designated	_	_	11,990	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Undesignated, Reported in:			11,550							
Special Revenue Funds	326,420	326,216	335,589							
				-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects Funds	88,841	105,197	51,848	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Permanent Funds	583	631	561			4 000		-	4.050	-
Nonspendable (2)	-	-	-	3,793	3,302	1,833	2,383	2,938	1,958	1,902
Restricted (2)	-	-	-	540,378	585,435	472,342	525,080	513,859	629,918	649,637
Committed (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Assigned (2)				15,807	16,553	30,582	50,146	52,623	48,255	43,386
Subtotal All Other Governmental Funds	517,322	542,267	503,251	559,978	605,290	504,757	577,609	569,420	680,131	694,925
Total Governmental Fund Balance	\$ 1,007,048	\$ 1,087,951	\$ 1,139,803	\$ 1,168,896	\$ 1,209,381	\$ 1,187,191	\$ 1,387,702	\$ 1,525,179	\$1,721,845	\$1,886,918

Notes:

(1) Capital Improvement Fund became a major fund during fiscal year 2008-09.

(2) In fiscal year 2010-11 the County implemented GASB 54 to report governmental fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. Fiscal year 2009-10 fund balances were reclassified according to GASB 54 for comparison purpose.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS) (modified accrual basis accounting)

(2	007-08																
	2	006-07	as	restated	2	2008-09	2	2009-10		2010-11	2	011-12		2012-13	;	2013-14		2014-15	2	2015-16
Revenues (by Source)																				
Taxes	\$	733,833	\$	778,973	\$	753,320	\$	684,669	\$	664,377	\$	676,218	\$	713,528	\$	749,232	\$	788,712	\$	849,399
Licenses, Permits, and Franchises		25,077		16,641		24,779		16,959		19,208		22,282		22,635		24,919		25,587		25,159
Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties		19.224		23.051		22.373		23.877		17.810		17.970		16.743		14.865		15.704		11.996
Rev from Use of Money and Property		76.046		82.791		69.902		51.635		45,762		33.644		47.841		41.658		42,129		47.632
Aid from Other Governments	1	.344.390	1	.464.970		1.358.743	1	1.464.999		1.525,476	1	.560.692		1.600.825		1.705.488		1.755.929		1.787.474
Charges for Current Services		325,979		336,310		385,423		385,102		365,721		369,715		373,821		382,716		388,092		403,193
Other Revenues		73,956		123,781		66,665		58,864		57,023		61,862		70,078		67,629		61,155		61,320
Total Revenues	\$ 2	2,598,505	\$ 2	,826,517	\$:	2,681,205	\$ 2	2,686,105	\$	2,695,377	\$ 2	,742,383	\$	2,845,471	\$	2,986,507	\$	3,077,308	\$:	3,186,173
Expenditures (by Function)																				
General Government	\$	152,991	\$	187,146	\$	161,448	\$	164,880	s	153,991	S	145,634	\$	172,922	\$	160,755	\$	145,589	\$	149,160
Public Protection		851.946		919,110		892,497		876.602		883,637	•	905,548		927,819		957.832		990,078		1,052,371
Public Ways and Facilities		81,659		67,169		61,814		66.084		83,923		75,144		77.609		103.267		75,559		62,292
Health and Sanitation		277,677		331,793		334,305		324,942		278,157		284,652		303,006		331,830		343,769		352,781
Public Assistance		820.617		945,016		877,345		930,093		994,193		966,485		985.940		1,037,741		1,068,461		1,130,864
Education		18.149		19,247		20,983		18,858		17,827		15,824		15,304		17,295		16,967		18,240
Recreation and Cultural Services		22,086		19,836		20,726		18,697		19,091		21,082		20,941		20,466		20,753		19,720
Debt Service		22,000		19,030		20,720		10,097		19,091		21,002		20,941		20,400		20,755		19,720
Principal		41.445		25.098		49.041		61.637		105.309		124,338		76.938		83.495		91,977		111.752
Interest																				
		62,191		11,509		58,313		40,973		38,614		33,504		25,861		24,156		22,034		20,443
Bond Issuance Costs		2,230		440.040		05.405		440 407		525		135		400.004		04.054		400.044		187
Capital Outlay	-	97,056	•	110,040	_	95,185	_	116,427	_	113,428	_	116,050	_	120,294	_	94,354	_	132,041	_	120,909
Total Expenditures	\$ 2	2,428,047	\$ 2	2,635,964	\$:	2,571,657	\$ 2	2,619,193	\$	2,688,695	\$ 2	,688,396	\$	2,726,634	\$	2,831,191	\$	2,907,228	\$:	3,038,719
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		170,458		190,553		109,548		66,912		6,682		53,987		118,837		155,316		170,080		147,454
Over (Under) Expenditures																				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)																				
Transfer to Other Funds		(300,797)		(285,876)		(444,888)		(316,758)		(276, 144)		(319,341)		(274,470)		(263,941)		(249,063)		(302,893)
Transfer from Other Funds		253,304		246,897		382,918		275,554		269,759		279,257		287,177		227,341		238,802		301,385
Refunding Bonds Issued		23,845		-		-		-		-		51,585		-		-		-		27,870
Premium on Refunding Bonds		1,385		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Payment To Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		(24,709)		-		-		-		-		-		-		_		-		(27,870)
Long-Term Debt Issued		132,851		-		-		-		36,300		-		-		-		-		-
Discount on Debt				-		-		-		(1,141)		-		_		_		-		-
Inception Of Capital Leases Obligations		1,675		1.446		2.619		418		1,290		_		_		_		_		_
Insurance Recoveries		-								-		_		_		_		14,000		3.916
Sale of Capital Assets		4,182		2,968		1,655		2.968		3.739		1.708		4,998		8,346		3,148		15.211
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	S	91,736	\$	(34,565)	\$	(57,696)	\$	(37,818)	\$	33,803	\$	13,209	\$	17,705	\$	(28,254)	\$	6,887	\$	17,619
• • • •	<u> </u>	01,700	<u> </u>	(01,000)	<u> </u>	(07,000)	<u> </u>	(07,010)		00,000	<u> </u>	10,200	Ť	11,100		(20,201)		0,001	<u> </u>	11,010
Special Item																				
Judgement Obligation Bonds Uses		(102,000)														-				
Total Special Items		(102,000)		-		-		-		-						-				
Extraordinary Item		_		_		_		_		_		(89,386)		63,969		10,415		_		_
•				-						-										
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	160,194	\$	155,988	\$	51,852	\$	29,094	\$	40,485	\$	(22,190)	\$	200,511	\$	137,477	\$	176,967	\$	165,073
Debt Service as a Percentage																				
of Noncapital Expenditures:		4.45%		1.45%		4.33%		4.10%		5.69%		6.17%		3.94%		3.99%		4.11%		4.54%

Notes:
Starting as of fiscal year 2010-11, noncapital expenditures used in calculating the debt service ratio equal total governmental fund expeditures less:

a- The amount reported separately in the changes in fund balances schedule as capital expenditures (to extent capitalized for the government-wide statement of net position), and

b- Any expenditures for capitalized assets contained within the functional expenditure categories.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS)

FISCAL	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	TOTAL	TOTAL
YEAR	SECURED	UNSECURED	UNITARY	EXEMPT	ASSESSED	TAX RATE
2006-2007	142,703,331	7,590,432	3,538,535	(1,790,813)	152,041,485	1.00%
2007-2008	165,009,379	8,910,772	3,779,487	(1,803,535)	175,896,103	1.00%
2008-2009	172,978,860	9,766,061	4,156,938	(1,831,986)	185,069,873	1.00%
2009-2010	160,789,645	10,313,477	4,087,163	(1,842,083)	173,348,202	1.00%
2010-2011	153,693,818	10,073,682	4,346,267	(1,859,053)	166,254,714	1.00%
2011-2012	152,756,444	9,533,571	5,034,449	(1,842,311)	165,482,153	1.00%
2012-2013	153,740,135	9,765,041	5,062,258	(1,806,750)	166,760,684	1.00%
2013-2014	158,228,018	10,042,150	5,426,075	(1,770,329)	171,925,914	1.00%
2014-2015	168,228,346	10,389,487	5,625,640	(1,734,191)	182,509,282	1.00%
2015-2016	176,866,857	10,805,367	6,132,273	(1,704,541)	192,099,956	1.00%

Notes:

Due to the 1978 passage of the property tax initiative Proposition 13 (Prop 13) the County does not track the estimated actual value of all County properties. Under Prop 13 property is assessed at the 1978 market value with an annual increase limited to the lesser of 2% or the CPI on properties not involved in a change of ownership or properties that did not undergo new construction. Newly acquired property is assessed at its new market value (usually the purchase price) and the value of any new construction is added to the existing base value of a parcel. As a result, similar properties can have substantially different assessed values based on the date purchase. Additionally, Prop 13 limits the property tax rate to 1% of assessed value plus the rate necessary to fund local voter-approved bonds and special assessments.

- (1) Secured property is generally real property, defined as land, mines, minerals, timber and improvements such as buildings, structures, crops, trees and vines.
- (2) Unsecured property is generally personal property including machinery, equipment, office tools and supplies.
- (3) Unitary properties are railroads and utilities crossing the county and are assessed by the State Board of Equalization.
- (4) Exempt properties include numerous full and partial exclusions/exemptions provided by the State Constitution and the legislature that relieve certain taxpayers from the burden of paying property taxes.

Source:

FISCAL YEAR	SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY GENERAL	SCHOOLS	SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER	TOTAL
ILAN	CENERAL	00110020	WATER	TOTAL
2006-07	1.0000	0.0902	0.1550	1.2452
2007-08	1.0000	0.0788	0.1650	1.2438
2008-09	1.0000	0.1071	0.1650	1.2721
2009-10	1.0000	0.1027	0.1650	1.2677
2010-11	1.0000	0.1351	0.1650	1.3001
2011-12 (2)	1.0000	0.1351	0.1650	1.3001
2012-13	1.0000	0.1457	0.1625	1.3082
2013-14	1.0000	0.1769	0.1625	1.3394
2014-15	1.0000	0.1474	0.1625	1.3099
2015-16	1.0000	0.1585	0.1625	1.3210

Notes:

- The tax rate for Tax Rate Area 7000, which applies to most of the property within the City of San Bernardino, is used to illustrate the breakdown of a tax rate within the County.
 FY 2011-12 rates for Schools and San Bernardino Municipal Water were restated due to
- a recording error.

Source:

		FISCAL YEAR 2016		FISCAL	YEAR 2007
TAXPAYERS	TYPE OF BUSINESS	TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL COUNTY TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE	TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL COUNTY TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON	UTILITY	\$ 3,839,452,792	2.00%	\$ 1,357,580,339	0.89%
PROLOGIS CALIFORNIA I LLC	LOGISTICS/REAL ESTATE	961,601,412	0.50%	438,116,613	0.28%
RARE EARTH ACQUISITIONS LLC/MOLYCORP	MANUFACTURING	673,109,571	0.35%	11,000,000	0.01%
MAJESTIC REALTY CO	REAL ESTATE	563,393,728	0.29%	352,391,353	0.23%
CALIFORNIA STEEL INDUSTRIES INC	MANUFACTURING	540,316,973	0.28%	378,207,702	0.25%
TEACHERS INSURANCE & ANNUITY ASSN	FINANCIAL SERVICES	515,280,805	0.27%	61,255,805	0.04%
TARGET/DAYTON HUDSON CORPORATION	RETAIL	459,678,378	0.24%	291,404,586	0.19%
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS COMPANY	UTILITY	442,759,849	0.23%	252,265,999	0.17%
CATELLUS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	REAL ESTATE	434,712,821	0.23%	303,535,727	0.20%
VERIZON CALIFORNIA, INC.	COMMUNICATIONS	421,539,853	0.22%	613,304,851	0.40%
TOTAL	- -	\$ 8,851,846,182	4.61%	\$ 4,059,062,975	2.66%

Source:

(2) COLLECTED WITHIN THE FISCAL YEAR OF THE LEVY

TOTAL COLLECTIONS TO DATE

FISCAL YEAR	(1) T	AXES LEVIED	AMOUNT	PERCENTAGE OF LEVY	IN SUE	LECTIONS BSEQUENT EARS	 AMOUNT	PERCENTAGE OF LEVY
2016	\$	2,473,896	\$ 2,413,149	97.54%	\$	-	\$ 2,413,149	97.54%
2015 (3)		2,337,923	2,277,885	97.43%		60,440	2,338,325	100.02%
2014		2,222,023	2,151,777	96.84%		63,180	2,214,957	99.68%
2013		2,146,261	2,038,622	94.98%		65,476	2,104,098	98.04%
2012		2,132,085	1,954,521	91.67%		73,210	2,027,731	95.11%
2011		2,134,012	2,029,684	95.11%		76,553	2,106,237	98.70%
2010		2,189,390	2,070,936	94.58%		91,131	2,162,067	98.75%
2009		2,320,100	2,167,576	93.43%		123,019	2,290,595	98.73%
2008		2,187,535	2,025,529	92.50%		141,715	2,167,244	99.07%
2007		1,908,390	1,799,062	94.30%		88,273	1,887,335	98.90%

Notes:

- (1) Secured and Unitary tax levy for the County itself, school districts, cities and special districts under the supervision of their own governing boards.
- (2) Included are amounts collected by the County on behalf of itself, school districts, cities and special districts under the supervision of their own governing boards.
- (3) Total collections to date exceed taxes levied due to subsequent levied amounts that apply to fiscal year 2015.

Source:

_	GENE	ERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTAND				
FISCAL YEAR	GENERAL BONDED DEBT	LESS: AMOUNTS RESTRICTED FOR DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL	PERCENTAGE OF PERSONAL INCOME (1)	PERCENTAGE OF ACTUAL TAXABLE VALUE OF PROPERTY (2)	PER CAPITA (1)
2006-07	1,107,915	(27,363)	1,080,552	1.96%	0.71%	532.82
2007-08	1,092,710	(32,746)	1,059,964	1.90%	0.60%	515.80
2008-09	1,087,894	(34,825)	1,053,069	1.87%	0.57%	510.95
2009-10	1,068,643	(50,548)	1,018,095	1.62%	0.59%	500.29
2010-11	1,079,393	(52,063)	1,027,330	1.69%	0.62%	500.65
2011-12	1,009,684	(41,443)	968,241	1.58%	0.59%	469.11
2012-13 (3)	967,552	(34,179)	933,373	1.50%	0.56%	449.60
2013-14	917,961	(32,624)	885,337	1.32%	0.51%	424.42
2014-15	860,067	(32,286)	827,781	1.20%	0.45%	393.25

Notes:

2015-16 (4)

(27,847)

See the "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for the personal income and the population figures.
 See the "Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property" table for total taxable assessed value. Assessed value does not include tax exempt property.

754,060

1.07%

0.39%

352.36

- (3) FY 2012-13 Amounts Restricted for Debt Service was restated due to a calculation error.
- (4) As of FY 2015-16 Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources are excluded from the General Bonded Debt.

Source:

Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector, County of San Bernardino

781,907

2015-16 ASSESSED VALUATION: \$ 192,099,956,000 (includes unitary utility valuation)

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	PERCENT APPLICABL	<u>.E_</u>	DEBT 06/30/16		
METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT	3.854 %		\$	3,561,373	
CHAFFEY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT	100.000			149,080,324	
SAN BERNARDINO VALLEY JOINT COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT	98.811			458,402,706	
OTHER COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICTS	VARIOUS			163,264,753	
APPLE VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000			27,748,758	
CHINO VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000			125,701,735	
COLTON JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	98.720			176,049,364	
FONTANA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000			206,850,234	
REDLANDS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000			92,311,062	
RIALTO UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000			99,471,263	
SAN BERNARDINO CITY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000			212,092,114	
UPLAND UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000			100,523,399	
OTHER UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICTS	VARIOUS			101,538,439	
UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICTS	100.000			425,730,460	
ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICTS	100.000			178,164,558	
COUNTY SERVICE AREAS	100.000			205,000	
MOJAVE WATER AGENCY	100.000			10,405,000	
MOJAVE WATER AGENCY, I.D. M	100.000			18,160,000	
COUNTY WATER DISTRICTS	100.000			228,000	
ETIWANDA SCHOOL DISTRICT COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS	100.000			90,825,000	
CITY OF CHINO COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS	100.000			136,080,000	
CITY OF CHINO HILLS COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS	100.000			46,240,000	
CITY OF FONTANA COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS	100.000			95,740,000	
CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS	100.000			74,577,000	
CITY OF UPLAND COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS	100.000			43,565,000	
OTHER COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS	49.775-100			253,291,264	
CITY, COUNTY AND SPECIAL DISTRICT 1915 ACT BONDS (Estimate)	100.000			15,533,000	
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			\$	3,305,339,806	

RATIO TO 2015-16 ASSESSED VALUATION:
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT.......1.72%

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT:	PERCENT APPLICABLE		DEBT 6/30/16	-
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY GENERAL OBLIGATIONS	100.000 %	\$	46.244.000	(2)
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY PENSION OBLIGATIONS	100.000	•	662,694,000	(-/
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY FLOOD DISTRICT GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	100.000		78,659,000	
COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	Various		15,299,223	
CHINO VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000		14,500,000	
FONTANA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT	100.000		36,045,000	
HESPERIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000		96,945,000	
SAN BERNARDINO CITY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000		47,750,000	
SNOWLINE JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	98.105		65,043,615	
OTHER UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	Various		37,185,830	
UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000		26,895,000	
CUCAMONGA SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000		7,710,000	
ORO GRANDE SCHOOL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000		39,665,000	
OTHER SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	100.000		15,655,000	
CITY OF COLTON GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS AND PENSION OBLIGATION BONDS	100.000		35,039,400	
CITY OF FONTANA CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000		41,755,000	
CITY OF HESPERIA GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	100.000		37,140,000	
CITY OF MONTCLAIR GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	100.000		44,260,000	
CITY OF ONTARIO GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	100.000		69,145,000	
CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	100.000		57,046,201	
OTHER CITY GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS	100.000		29,613,844	
WATER DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000		4,440,000	
WEST VALLEY VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICT CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION	100.000		3,040,000	_
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT		\$	1,511,770,113	=
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT		\$	787,597,000	
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT (1)		\$	4,029,512,919	
COMBINED DEBT		\$	4,817,109,919	(3)

RATIOS TO 2015-16 ASSESSED VALUATION

TOTAL DIRECT DEBT (\$787,597,000)	0.41%
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT	2.51%

STATE SCHOOL BUILDING AID REPAYABLE AS OF 6/30/16:

\$

Notes

- (1) The method used to calculate the overlapping debt is based on the percentage of the overlapping agency's assessed valuation located within boundaries of the county.
- (2) Includes COPs (Justice Center/Airport Improvement), revenue bonds (Courthouse Project Bonds), and certain notes and loans related to the County's governmental activities (CSA 70 Zone G Wrightwood Loan, Fire Protection District Installment Loan, and West Valley Detention Center Refinancing Notes. (Note 11, Page 91).
- (3) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations. Qualified Zone Academy Bonds are included based on principal due at maturity.

Source:

California Municipal Statistics.

FISCAL YEAR	(1) ASSESSED VALUE	(2) LEGAL DEBT LIMIT	(3) BONDED DEBT	(4) LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	RATIO OF BONDED DEBT TO DEBT LIMIT
2006-07	152,041,485	1,900,519	1,815	1,898,704	0.10%
2007-08	175,896,103	2,198,701	1,695	2,197,006	0.08%
2008-09	185,069,873	2,313,373	1,570	2,311,803	0.07%
2009-10	173,348,202	2,166,853	1,440	2,165,413	0.07%
2010-11	166,254,714	2,078,184	1,300	2,076,884	0.06%
2011-12	165,482,153	2,068,527	1,155	2,067,372	0.06%
2012-13	166,760,684	2,084,509	1,005	2,083,504	0.05%
2013-14	171,925,914	2,149,074	845	2,148,229	0.04%
2014-15	182,509,282	2,281,366	685	2,280,681	0.03%
2015-16	192,099,956	2,401,249	515	2,400,734	0.02%

Notes:

- (1) Assessed Value does not include tax exempt property. Property value data can be found in the "Assessed Value and Actual Value of Property" schedule.
 (2) The legal debt limit is 1.25% of assessed value.
- (3) Bonded debt subject to limitation; amount includes only general obligation bonds.
- (4) The legal debt margin is the County's available borrowing authority under state finance statutes and is calculated by subtracting the debt applicable to the legal debt limit.

		GOVERN	IMENTAL ACTIV	ITIES				BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIV		ACTIVITIES			_					
FISCAL YEAR	RTIFICATES OF TICIPATION	REVENUE BONDS	BONDS AND NOTES	ı	APITAL LEASE LIGATION	LO	OTHER NG-TERM BILITIES		RTIFICATES OF TICIPATION	OBI	ENERAL LIGATION BONDS	NOTES	L	APITAL .EASE .IGATION	TOTAL OUTSTANDING DEBT	PERCENTAGE OF ASSESSED VALUE (1)	PERCENTAGE OF PERSONAL INCOME (2)	PER PITA (2)
2006-07	\$ 186,959	\$ 457,038	\$ 649,062	\$	4,010	\$	9,290	\$	589,367	\$	1,815	\$ 6,399	\$	4,136	\$ 1,908,076	1.25%	3.47%	\$ 942
2007-08	172,024	451,137	639,878		1,627		8,554		563,741		1,695	2,971		2,751	1,844,378	1.05%	3.31%	898
2008-09	155,801	448,874	637,450		3,231		5,230		530,325		1,570	2,823		1,359	1,786,663	0.97%	3.20%	869
2009-10	140,708	441,447	625,756		2,591		4,549		537,969		1,440	1,872		530	1,756,862	1.01%	2.80%	847
2010-11	91,343	431,526	646,567		2,696		4,000		516,672		1,300	1,811		1,449	1,697,364	1.02%	2.79%	827
2011-12	28,120	418,810	589,719		1,615		4,000		494,830		1,155	1,748		4,709	1,544,706	0.93%	2.53%	748
2012-13	23,047	401,404	565,143		743		4,000		433,822		1,005	1,691		6,091	1,436,946	0.86%	2.31%	692
2013-14	18,006	380,119	541,030		314		3,000		443,979		845	1,633		8,434	1,397,360	0.81%	2.09%	670
2014-15	12,299	353,978	508,815		-		-		423,980		685	38,605		5,292	1,343,654	0.74%	1.95%	638
2015-16	6,205	323,169	458,223		-		-		402,936		515	35,131		4,192	1,230,371	0.64%	1.75%	575

Notes:

- (1) See the "Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property" table for total taxable assessed value. Assessed value does not include tax exempt property.

 (2) See the "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for the personal income and the population figures.

Source:

GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION: The County of San Bernardino is located in the southern portion of California and is

bordered on the east by the State of Arizona and the State of Nevada, on the north by Inyo County, on the west by Kern and Los Angeles Counties, and on the south by Orange and

Riverside Counties.

Highest elevation, Mt. San Gorgonio 11,502 feet. **ELEVATION:**

AREA OF COUNTY: Approximately 20,160 square miles (Largest area in the contiguous United States).

San Bernardino, California COUNTY SEAT:

FORM OF GOVERNMENT: Chartered County, governed by five-member Board of Supervisors

April 7, 1913 DATE CHARTER ADOPTED:

786,337 (Not Rounded) as of June 30, 2016 **REGISTERED VOTERS:**

CALENDAR YEAR	(1), (2) POPULATION	(2) PERSONAL INCOME	PEF PEI	2), (6) R CAPITA RSONAL ICOME	(3) SCHOOL ENROLLMENT	(4) UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		
2007	2,028	\$ 55,020,000	\$	27.13	428	5.70%		
2008	2,055 (5)	55,752,000		27.13	428	8.50%		
2009	2,061 (5)	56,203,000		27.27	420	13.90%		
2010	2,035 (5)	62,790,000		30.86	416	14.80%		
2011	2,052 (6)	60,739,000		29.60	417	12.90%		
2012	2,064 (6)	61,094,000		29.60	414	12.60%		
2013	2,076 (6)	62,259,000		29.99	412	10.30%		
2014	2,086 (6)	66,902,000		32.07	412	8.40%		
2015	2,105 (6)	68,939,000		32.75	411	6.90%		
2016	2,140 (6)	70,385,000		32.89	409	6.70%		

ESTIMATED POPULATION OF THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO AS OF JANUARY 1, 2016 (whole numbers):

INCORPORATED CITIES

Adelanto	33,497	Montclair	38,686
Apple Valley	74,656	Needles	5,035
Barstow	24,360	Ontario	169,869
Big Bear Lake	4,905	Rancho Cucamonga	175,251
Chino	85,934	Redlands	68,368
Chino Hills	78,866	Rialto	107,330
Colton	53,351	San Bernardino	215,491
Fontana	209,895	Twentynine Palms	26,138
Grand Terrace	12,315	Upland	75,774
Hesperia	93,226	Victorville	123,510
Highland	53,645	Yucaipa	53,779
Loma Linda	24,649	Yucca Valley	21,281
		Total	1,829,811
		Unincorporated Areas:	309,759
		Total Population	2,139,570

Sources:

- California Department of Finance. (1)
- (2) (3) Bureau of Economic Analysis U.S. Department of Commerce
- Superintendent of Schools
- California Employment Development Department (4)
- (5) 2008 and 2009 data were estimates while 2010 data was from the 2010 Census
- (6) County of San Bernardino 2016-17 Adopted Budget

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2016 (4)					
Employer	Employees (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment	Employer	Employees (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total Employment
County of San Bernardino (2) (3)	19,000	1	2.00%	County of San Bernardino (3)	18,382	1	2.13%
Stater Bros. Market	18,221	2	1.92%	Loma Linda University Adventist Health Sciences Center	13,000	2	1.51%
U.S. Army, Fort Irwin & National Training Center	13,805	3	1.45%	San Bernardino City Unified School District	8,574	3	0.99%
Loma Linda University	13,805	4	1.45%	Stater Brothers	7,600	4	0.88%
U.S. Marine Corps Air Ground Combat Center	12,486	5	1.31%	Ontario International Airport	7,510	5	0.87%
United Parcel Service	8,600	6	0.91%	Kaiser Permanente	5,682	6	0.66%
San Bernardino City Unified School District	8,574	7	0.90%	Fontana Unified School District	3,953	7	0.46%
Ontario International Airport	7,695	8	0.81%	San Manuel Band of Mission Indians	3,261	8	0.38%
Loma Linda University Medical Center	6,147	9	0.65%	Chino Valley Unified School District	3,200	9	0.37%
Kaiser Permanente (Fontana only)	6,000	10	0.63%	California State University San Bernardino	3,012	10	0.35%
Total	114,333		12.03%	Total	74,174		8.60%

- Notes:

 (1) Data represents estimated number of employees.
 (2) Starting fiscal year 2009, Court employees are excluded from County of San Bernardino total employees.
 (3) San Bernardino County payroll records as of June 30, 2007
 (4) Due to the unavailability of fiscal year 2016, 2015 and 2014 data, fiscal year 2013 data was used instead.

Sources:
The Book of Lists 2007 & 2013 editions (2016 edition not available)

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FUNCTION/PROGRAM	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General	1,699	1,790	1,728	1,612	1,550	1,432	1,332	1,417	1,456	1,491
Public Protection	7,777	7,672	6,679	6,501	6,175	6,147	6,186	6,355	6,362	6,526
Public Ways & Facilities	465	501	522	486	450	433	429	412	411	407
Health and Sanitation	4,139	4,339	4,285	4,086	3,919	4,163	4,302	4,407	4,431	4,594
Public Assistance	3,799	4,214	4,163	4,744	4,920	4,898	4,946	5,051	5,132	5,249
Education	235	261	246	229	191	149	155	144	130	150
Recreation & Cultural	268	386	347	337	317	317	292	270	261	216
Total	18,382	19,163	17,970	17,995	17,522	17,539	17,642	18,056	18,183	18,633

Notes:

A full-time employee is scheduled to work 260 days per year. At eight hours per day, 2080 hours are scheduled per year (including vacation and sick leave), and full-time equivalent employment (FTE) is calculated by dividing all paid hours by 2080.

Starting fiscal year 2009, Court total FTE, reported previously under Public Protection function, is no longer included as part of the County FTE.

Source:

San Bernardino County payroll records as of June 30.

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16

LAST TEN YEARS	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16
Function/Program General Government Legal Documents Recorded (W) Percentage of payments process within 10 days (P) (2)	838,333 86%	628,866 93%	564,379 86%	556,429 92%	556,196 60%	547,996 66%	583,461 62%	503,126 73%	540,267	554,691
Public Protection Criminal Felonies Filed - District Attorney (W) Criminal Mischenaenor Filed - District Attorney (W) Criminal Mischenaenor Filed - District Attorney (W) Average Cases Supervised-Probation (W) Percentage of new adults cases assessed with a valid risk instrument- Probation (P) Sherriff's calls for Service (W) Number of immate-on-immate assaults per 1,000 per month. (P) Percent of autopsises performed per reportable deaths - Coroner (P) Fire Protection - No. of Fire calls (W)	20,511 44,035 25,690 77% 1,193,961 1,193,861 19% 86,915	24,099 49,223 29,205 79% 1,247,993 77 89,106	22,409 45,700 25,120 78% 1,157,568 6% 17% 89,061	21,712 44,208 24,570 87% 1,102,208 1,308 95,635	21,090 43,680 24,130 90% 1,023,360 4,8 19% 83,540	20,551 40,250 23,961 87% 1,009,40 1,50,953	19,687 37,222 24,155 95% 1,076,383 0% 153,975	20,556 35,926 27,72 95% 1,066,770 0% 19%	16,476 37,835 25,574 96% 1,103,136 0% 17% 180,125	12,246 35,467 25,295 99% 1,117,717 0% 17% 186,021
Public Way & Facilities Solid Waste Total Tonnage Landfilled (W) Pounds of trash per cubic yard of capacity-High Volume Sites (P) Maintained Road Milles (W) Average Pavement Condition index (PC) of county maintained roads (P) (1)	1,757,436 1,120 2,780 76	1,665,566 1,130 2,774 77	1,267,447 1,125 2,775	1,162,672 1,356 2,765	1,156,231 1,287 2,769 76	1,130,770 1,250 2,770 76	1,094,433 1,259 2,769 Good	1,257,365 1,348 2,554 Good	1,655,332 1,522 2,550 Good	1,689,413 1,328 2,550 Good
Health and Sanitation Direct Billable hours: Clinic - Behavioral Health (W) Patient Visits - Public Health (W) Arrowhead Regional Medical Center - Emergency Room Visits (W)	201,247 130,073 106,298	236,285 76,786 113,537	267,560 89,110 124,156	261,014 69,474 130,640	242,862 75,572 125,710	230,201 75,664 117,616	233,673 72,920 113,307	237,996 61,831 106,335	243,731 50,832 97,108	264,769 67,393 92,028
Public Assistance Annual Paid Cases - CalWORKS-All Other Families (W) Percentage of successful placements of people in Work Participation Rate (P) Annual Paid Cases - CalWORKS-2 Parent Families (W) Average child support collections per month (W) Percentage of current support collected - Child Support (W) Education	307,742 19% 18,748 12,619,615 49%	333,096 23% 26,322 12,792,980 51%	384,946 23% 42,284 12,809,690	425,331 32% 48,652 12,740,128	460,817 40% 56,435 13,538,777 55%	464,196 47% 58,296 14,396,490 59%	465,804 49% 57,402 13,939,034 61%	471,285 45% 60,122 14,158,216	469,097 60% 65,022 14,516,145 65%	441,741 45% 61,519 14,969,848 66%
County Library Crotalation (W) Total Patron Visits (W) Total Fatron Visits (W) Total feet of space available at branch libraries (P)	2,520,000 3,374,000 222,231	2,638,000 3,846,000 326,015	3,033,418 4,597,787 368,795	3,112,735 4,728,093 379,511	2,906,315 4,246,432 379,511	2,515,202 3,579,262 379,511	2,425,711 4,091,200 383,511	3,026,943 3,375,816 383,511	3,825,935 3,366,474 383,511	4,490,819 3,008,349 388,511
Recreation and Cultural Services County Museum Total Paid Attendance (W) Total Paid Attendance (W) Collected Lots, Objects, and Specimens (W) Regional Parks Total Attendance (W) Number of miles of open and usable trails maintained by Regional Parks (P)	71,000 1,601,000 2,200,000	90,810 1,800,000 2,200,205	64,708 2,300,000 1,898,960 24	63,838 2,300,000 2,012,647 46	49,955 2,300,410 2,121,921	69,348 2,400,125 1,915,278	34,110 2,400,125 1,867,264	28,299 2,409,050 1,594,916	30,682 2,410,000 1,364,500 28	34,398 2,410,200 1,364,500

Sources:
San Bernardino County Budget
San Bernardino County Departments
Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector, County of San Bernardino

Notes:

(1) As of FY 12-13. PCI numbers are no longer used for measurement, instead the pavement condition is rated as failed, poor, fair, good or excellent.

(2) As of FY 14-15, this performance measure is no longer available.

(w) Work Indicator

(P) Performance Measures

(*) Information not available

COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16
unction/Program										
General Government										
Recorder's Data Processing Equipment	60	58	59	65	63	42	47	52	46	51
Public Protection										
Major Correction & Detention Facilities	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8
Sheriff Stations	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10
Sheriff Vehicles	1,809	1,658	1,658	1,764	1,788	1,698	1,687	1787	1747	1769
Fire Department Equipment	361	432	429	461	497	457	495	503	558	598
Public Way & Facilities										
Solid Waste Heavy Equipment	18	16	12	11	10	10	10	3	3	3
Transportation: Trucks, Trailers, and Other Vehicles	274	264	274	288	283	281	277	277	281	291
Airports	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Bridges	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	318	318
Traffic Signal (1)	252	265	329	334	358	365	381	83	83	90
Health and Sanitation										
Major Health Administration Buildings	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Animal Shelter and Insecticide Buildings	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Health Laboratory/Science/Engineering Equipment	51	99	134	140	157	158	162	163	163	182
Medical Center: Number of Hospitals	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Assistance										
Administrative & Office Equipment	452	441	495	515	571	631	640	657	668	678
Education										
Library Branches	30	30	30	31	31	31	32	32	32	32
Bookmobiles	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	0	0	0
Recreation and Cultural Services										
County Museum: Main Facility	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County Regional Parks	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
County Regional Parks	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

Notes:

(1) In FY 2013-14 the unit count for traffic signals was changed from 1 per controller to 1 per maintained intersection.

Source:

San Bernardino County Budget
San Bernardino County Departments
Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector, County of San Bernardino



OSCAR VALDEZ
Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector
268 West Hospitality Lane, San Bernardino, CA 92415-0018

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS



James C. Ramos Chairman, Third District Supervisor



Robert A. LovingoodVice Chairman,
First District Supervisor



Janice Rutherford Second District Supervisor



Curt HagmanFourth District Supervisor



Josie GonzalesFifth District Supervisor

Gregory C. DevereauxChief Executive Officer